

MONTANA 2005

Partnership Booklet

Dear Montana Business Taxpayer:

Your Montana Department of Revenue is committed to providing the best possible tax services to the citizens and businesses of our great state. We promise to do the best we can

- to provide you with the most accurate and timely assistance to help your business file its tax returns, and
- to ensure that all citizens and businesses pay their fair share of Montana taxes no more and no less

By paying taxes, your business supports public services that help make Montana a great place to live, work and conduct commerce. Quality education at all levels, modern infrastructure, community health and safety, public order and a system of commercial law that guarantees trust in the marketplace are just some of the goals that business tax dollars help achieve.

We recognize that businesses like yours help make Montana a great state not simply through the taxes they generate, but through their support for a wide range of community projects and services. Businesses of all sizes and types contribute greatly to the life of our state.

Finally, we continue to work for you. Please let us know how we are doing—so that we can do an even better job for you. You may contact the Department of Revenue by e-mail with any questions, requests, comments or suggestions at jpurcell@mt.gov. In addition you may download our forms and instructions at jpurcell@mt.gov. In addition you may download our forms

Thank you for helping make our tax system work for all Montanans and for all the businesses that participate in our economy!

Best regards.

Dan Bucks
Director, Montana Department of Revenue

Montana Department of Revenue Post Office Box 8021 Helena, MT 59604-8021

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No Return

For forms and instructions, call us at (406) 444-6900 or you can download them from our website at www.mt.gov/revenue.

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Additional forms that are not included in this booklet and that may be required to be filed with your Montana Form PR-1 include:

PT-AGR Montana Pass-Through Entity Owner Tax Agreement

PT-STM Montana Second-Tier Pass-Through Entity Owner Statement

Fiscal Year Filers - Please Note:

These are your Montana Partnership Information and Composite Return forms for tax year beginning in 2005. Retain this booklet for your 2005 filing purposes.

Important Numbers			
Assistance and Help Line	(406) 444-6900		
Forms Request	(406) 444-6900		
Fax	(406) 444-6642		

General Information

Who Has To File Form PR-1?

A partnership that is engaged in business in Montana and has Montana source income has to file an annual Montana Partnership Information Return (Form PR-1). When you file Form PR-1, please attach a copy of your federal Form 1065, including all federal Schedule K-1(s).

Period Covered by the Return

The 2005 Form PR-1 has to be filed for the calendar year 2005 or fiscal year beginning in 2005. If you are reporting for a fiscal year or filing a short-period return, enter the beginning and ending dates of the taxable year in the spaces provided at the top of this form.

The taxable year for Montana has to be the same year that you used for federal income tax purposes. If your partnership changes its federal taxable year, you will need to change the Montana taxable year accordingly. With the first return that you send us reflecting that change you will need to send us a copy of the approval from the Internal Revenue Service that reflects that you have changed your accounting period.

Montana Source Income

Montana source income includes the separately and nonseparately stated income, gain, loss, deduction or credit, or items of income, gain, loss, deduction or credit that you have derived from a trade, business, occupation or profession carried on in Montana or that was derived from the sale or other transfer, or the rental, lease, or other commercial exploitation of property located in Montana.

What Has to be Filed?

If your partnership is made up of only Montana resident partners, we don't require you to complete Schedules IV and V, or Forms PT-AGR and PT-STM.

Additional filing requirements are listed below for those partnerships that have a partner who is a nonresident individual, a foreign C. corporation or a pass-through entity at any time during the tax year. A nonresident individual is a person who is not a resident of Montana. A foreign C. corporation is a C. corporation that is not engaged in or doing business in Montana. A pass-through entity is an S. corporation, partnership, or disregarded entity. These requirements are:

- Form PT-AGR (Montana Pass-Through Entity Owner Tax Agreement) executed by the nonresident individual or foreign C. corporation that agrees to timely file, pay and be subject to personal jurisdiction of the State of Montana. The partnership is not required to attach a new Form PT-AGR each year but it has to attach currently effective agreements for each new nonresident individual or foreign C. corporation partner. It also needs to retain these agreements along with its tax records.
- Schedule IV (Montana Composite Income Tax Schedule) for eligible partners who elect to participate in a composite filing.
- Schedule V (Pass-through Entity Backup Withholding Schedule) for a partner who is not participating in the

partnership's composite return or who has not provided the partnership with a signed Form PT-AGR.

A partnership that has a partner who is a pass-through entity (partnership, S. corporation, or disregarded entity) that itself has a nonresident individual, foreign C. corporation or another pass-through entity as a partner at any time during the tax year has to include with its filing:

Form PT-STM (Montana Second-Tier Pass-Through Entity Owner Statement) executed by the second-tier passthrough entity that identifies the owners of the second-tier pass-through entity and establishes that its Montana source income will be fully accounted for in Montana individual or corporation tax returns that are filed by the owners of the second tier pass-through entity. We require the form PT-STM to be filed each year that the partnership has a partner that is a pass-through entity that has a nonresident individual or foreign C. corporation as partner.

When and Where to File

The Montana filing period is the same as your federal filing period. For a calendar year partnership, Form PR-1 is due on or before April 15 following the close of the taxable year. For a fiscal year partnership, Form PR-1 is due on or before the 15th day of the 4th month following the close of the tax year.

A partnership is allowed an automatic six-month extension of time to file. This extends the time for filing Form PR-1 and its supporting schedules and, where applicable, Forms PT-AGR and PT-STM. Please note that an extension of time to file Montana Form PR-1 is not an extension of time for payment of any composite tax.

Please mail your Partnership Information and Composite Tax Return to:

Montana Department of Revenue P.O. Box 8021 Helena, MT 59604-8021

Who Has To Sign the Return?

Form PR-1 has to be signed and dated by a general partner or limited liability company member. Form PR-1 is not considered to be complete unless it is signed and we will return it to you to be completed if your return is not signed. If your partnership has an outside accounting firm or individual prepare Form PR-1, the name, address and telephone number of the tax preparer has to be included on your return.

Tax Preparer Contact

To streamline questions related to the partnership's information return and its supporting schedules, the partnership can authorize the Department of Revenue to contact the tax preparer. Just place an "X" in the box authorizing us to discuss your return with the tax preparer.

Amended Return

Use Form PR-1 to amend an original return. Indicate at the top of the form that this represents an amended filing and check the box indicating the reason(s) for amending your return. Attach the applicable forms and statements that will explain all of your adjustments in detail. Complete the entire

Form PR-1 and its applicable schedules using the corrected amounts. If your amended return results in a change to income or a change in the distribution of any income or other information provided to any partner, you will also need to file an amended federal Schedule K-1 along with your amended Form PR-1. You will need to give a copy of the amended return to each partner.

If the Internal Revenue Service changes or makes corrections to your federal Form 1065 or if your partnership amends its federal return, you will need to amend your Form PR-1 and file it within 90 days of receiving the Internal Revenue Service's notification of the corrections made to your federal Form 1065.

Instructions for Montana Form PR-1

Lines 1 through 11 – Enter the amounts reported on your federal Form 1065, Schedule K, Partners' Distributive Share Items, lines 1 through 11.

Bonus Depreciation: The Montana tax provisions incorporate Section 167, IRC, the depreciation allowance section, which is in effect with respect to the allowance of the 50% bonus depreciation for certain property. Therefore, the bonus depreciation allowed on a partnership's federal tax return is an allowable deduction in determining the ordinary income (loss) for Montana.

Ordinary Dividends: Enter the total amount of ordinary dividends that you reported on your federal Form 1065, Schedule K, line 6a. Montana taxes dividends as ordinary income and does not recognize the federal qualified dividend tax rate.

Lines 13 and 14 - Enter the amount of deductions that you reported on your federal Form 1065, Schedule K, lines 12 and 13, Partners' Distributive Share Items.

Line 16 -Partnerships' Distributive Share of Montana Additions to Income. To compute Montana income taxable to partners, certain items have to be added to income. You will need to attach a detailed schedule to your return. Examples are:

- a. State, county, and municipal interest and dividends not taxable under the Internal Revenue Code. Interest and dividends from Montana bonds are not taxable. You should report this amount on line 16a.
- b. State, local, and foreign income taxes have to be added back to income. These taxes based on income or profits should be reported on line 16b. 15-31-114(1)(e), MCA.
- Report all other additions on line 16c and attach a detailed schedule reconciling the amount of other additions. NEW Expenditures used to compute the film production credit have to be included in the income of the year that the expenditure was incurred.

Line 17 – Partners' Distributive Share of Montana Exclusions and Deductions to Income. To compute Montana income taxable to partners, certain items are excluded or deducted from income. A detailed schedule has to be attached to the return. Examples are:

a. Interest on United States government obligations and mutual fund dividends attributable to that interest are exempt from Montana income tax. In addition, interest on 2

obligations from U.S. territory or government agency obligations that are specifically exempt by federal law and any mutual fund dividends attributable to this interest are exempt from Montana income tax.

Obligations that are guaranteed by the United States government are not tax exempt. If you have received interest or mutual fund dividends attributable to Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) bonds, Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) bonds, or Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMAC) securities, you cannot subtract this interest or mutual fund dividends since they are not exempt under federal law.

United States obligations that are exempt include:

- Series E, F. G, and H savings bonds;
- U.S. treasury bills;
- U.S. government notes; and
- U.S. government certificates.

Please refer to your federal Form 1099-DIV to determine what percentage of your dividends qualifies for this exemption.

- b. An additional 10% deduction for the purchase of recycled material as computed on Form RCYL, part IV. A copy of Form RCYL has to be attached to your return. Report this amount on line 17b. 15-32-610, MCA.
- Report other deductions on line 17c and attach a detailed schedule reconciling the amount of other deductions including the following:
 - The amount of contributions made by a small business to its independent liability fund. 15-31-117, MCA.
 - A portion of an investment made in a building for the purpose of conserving energy. To qualify, the building has to be used in the entity's business and the result of the investment has to be a substantial reduction in the amount of energy needed to render the building usable.
 - Current year capital losses have to be deducted in the year incurred. Attach a copy of federal Schedule D to Form PR-1. 15-31-114(1)(b)(i), MCA.
 - Documented expenses for the donation of mineral exploration information to the Montana Tech Foundation. 15-32-510, MCA.

Line 19 - Income Apportioned to Montana. For a multistate partnership, multiply the amount that is reported on line 18 by the apportionment percentage that you reported on line 5 of your Schedule I, multi-state partnership apportionment factor. Enter the Montana apportioned income on line 19.

Line 20 - Income Allocated Directly to Montana. For a multi-state partnership, any income that is determined to be Montana allocable income should be reported on line 20.

Line 21 - Partnership Information Return Late Filing Penalty. A partnership is charged a late filing penalty if Form PR-1 is filed after the due date, including the automatic sixmonth extension, unless the entity can show reasonable cause for not filing on time. The penalty is \$10 multiplied by

the number of partners at the close of the tax year for each month or fraction of a month that the entity does not file the information return. This penalty is calculated for up to five months. A late filing penalty is not imposed on an entity that has ten or fewer partners if the partners have filed the required tax returns or other required reports timely and have paid all taxes when due.

Line 22 – Total Montana Composite Income Tax. Enter the total amount of composite tax reported on Schedule IV, column J.

Line 23 – Payments.

- a. 2004 overpayment applied to 2005 Enter any overpayments from 2004 that were credited to 2005.
- b. 2005 extension payment Enter any Montana extension payment that you made for 2005.
- c. 2005 estimated tax payments Enter the total Montana estimated tax payments that you made for 2005.
- d. Other payments Include any of your payments that you did not report above.
- e. Refunds previously issued (for amended returns only). If you received a refund when you filed your original return or a previously amended return, include the amount of the refund on line 23e.

Line 25 – Underpayment Interest. If your partnership was required to make estimated composite tax payments and it did not remit the required amounts, you will have to pay interest on any underpayments. Calculate the amount of your underpayment interest using Worksheet I below.

Worksheet I - Participant's Calculation of Underpayment Interest for Failure to Make Estimated Payments

In 2005 your partnership was required to have paid through estimated installments the smaller of 1) 90% of your current year's total composite tax liability, after payments, or 2) an amount equal to 100% of your previous year's total composite tax liability. Payments made with extensions are not considered estimated payments. If your partnership does not meet one of the above two requirements, the composite tax is subject to an underpayment interest.

Short Method

1.	Enter your total 2005 composite tax reported on Form PR-1, line 22.	
2.	Enter 90% of line 1 above.	
3.	Enter the amount credited from previous year and reported on Form PR-1, line 23a.	
4.	Subtract line 3 from line 1. If the result is \$500 or less, you do not need to complete the rest of the form. You do not owe interest on your underpayment.	
5.	Enter your 2004 composite tax.	
6.	Enter the smaller of line 2 or line 5.	
7.	Enter the amount from line 3 plus any estimated payments made and reported on Form PR-1, line 23c.	

8.	Subtract line 7 from line 6. This is your
	total underpayment for the year. If zero
	or less, stop here. You do not owe interest
	on your underpayment.

9. Multiply line 8 by .07980 and enter the result.

10. If the amount on line 8 was paid on or after	
the due date of your PR-1, enter	
zero. If the amount on line 8 was paid before	
the due date your PR-1, multiply	
the amount on line 8 times number of days	
paid before the due date of the information	
return x .0003288.	

11. Subtract line 10 from line 9. This is your underpayment interest. Enter the result here and on Form PR-1, line 25.

Line 26 – Late Filing Penalty. If you are late in filing your Partnership Information and Composite Tax Return (Form PR-1), a late filing penalty of \$50 or the amount of composite tax owing (line 24), whichever is smaller, will be charged. There is no late filing penalty for the composite return if there was an overpayment of composite tax (line 24) and you are receiving a refund.

Line 27 – Late Payment Penalty. If you haven't paid your tax liability (line 24) by the due date of your partnership return, you will have to pay a late payment penalty. This penalty is 1.5% per month or fraction of a month on the composite tax that was not paid by the original due date of the return. This penalty cannot exceed 18% of your composite tax on line 24.

Line 28 – Interest. Interest will be charged on any composite tax (line 24) that you have not paid by the due date of your partnership return. Interest is 12% per year, accrued daily.

Line 29 – Net Composite Amount Due (Refund). Combine the amounts on lines 24 through 28.

Line 30 – Total Tax and Penalty Due (Refund). Add lines 21 and 29 and enter the total.

Line 31 – 2006 Estimated Tax Payments. All or part of the refund that you reported on line 30 can be refunded or all or part of your refund can be carried over as your 2006 estimated tax payment. On line 31 enter the amount of the refund reported on line 30 that you want to be applied to your 2006 estimated tax.

Line 32 – Net Composite Tax and Penalty Due (Refund). Add lines 30 and 31 and enter the total here. If you did not withhold tax payments from your partners, skip lines 33 through 36 and enter this amount on line 37.

Line 33 – Montana Corporation License Tax Withheld. If a partner is a foreign C. corporation and did not sign an agreement to file a Montana return and did not give the partnership permission to pay composite tax on its Montana source income, the partnership has to withhold tax at the rate of 6.75% on the corporation's Montana source income. Enter the amounts withheld for each partner and reported on Schedule V.

Line 34 - Montana Individual Income Tax Withheld. If a

partner is a nonresident individual who did not sign an agreement to file a Montana return and did not give the partnership permission to pay composite tax on the individual's Montana source income, the partnership has to withhold tax at the rate of 6.9% on that individual's Montana source income.

If a partner is a pass-through entity (referred to as a secondtier pass-through entity) and did not sign a statement that the owners of the second-tier pass-through entity will file a Montana return or give the partnership permission to pay composite tax on the partner's Montana source income, the partnership has to withhold tax at the rate of 6.9% on the partner's Montana source income. Enter the amounts withheld for each partner and reported on Schedule V.

Line 35 – Payments Previously Made for Tax Withheld. Include on this line any payments that you previously submitted for taxes withheld from the partners' Montana source income. If this is an amended return, you should include withholding payments that were made on the partners' behalf when you filed the original return.

Line 36 – Total Partnership Backup Withholding Due. Add lines 33 and 34 and subtract line 35 from the result. Enter the result here.

Line 37 – Net Amount Due. Add lines 32 and 36. This is the total amount that you should remit with your return or the amount that you want to be refunded.

Form PR-1 Page 3 Reporting of Special Transactions

Check the appropriate boxes indicating which forms were required to be filed with your federal income tax return. If any questions are answered "yes", you will have to attach a copy of the applicable form.

Instructions for Montana Schedule I

Schedule I applies only to multi-state partnerships. All multi-state partnerships have to complete and attach the Schedule I to their Montana PR-1.

In most cases, multi-state partnerships have to compute their income taxable to partners by means of the apportionment factor calculated on Schedule I. The apportionment factor is the standard UDITPA (Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act) three-factor formula of property, payroll, and sales.

When a partnership is engaged in a unitary business within and without the State of Montana, the net income assignable to Montana has to be determined using the apportionment factor. A partnership is unitary when the operations of that business within the state depend on or contribute to the operations of that business outside the state. Schedule I has to be completed fully by every partnership that carries on a unitary business within and without the state.

If you have determined the income that you attribute to Montana on some basis other than the apportionment method, you will need to include a full and detailed description of your business operation along with an explanation of the method that you proposed. Even though you may use an alternative method of determining your income taxable to

partners, you will still need to complete and submit Schedule I.

Following is a detailed explanation of how to calculate the apportionment factor. To calculate each of the factors, use the following formula: Column B divided by column A, times 100. Round out to the fourth decimal (Example: 25.5555%).

Property Factor (Line 1, Schedule I) - 15-31-306, MCA. The property factor is a fraction. The numerator is the average value of the partnership's real and tangible personal property owned, leased or rented and used in Montana in the production of business income during the tax period. Enter the numerator values in column B of Schedule I. The denominator is the average value of all the partnership's real and tangible personal property owned, leased or rented and used in the production of business income during the tax period. Enter the denominator values in column A of Schedule I.

Property owned by the partnership is valued at its original cost. Real and tangible personal property that is used in that business includes land, building, machinery, equipment, stocks of goods, inventories, and other tangible property actually used in connection with the production of the business income to be apportioned. It does not include money, accounts receivable, or other intangible property, real property that is held for investment or non-business purposes or idle property of any nature.

To the extent that it is utilized in Montana, migratory property has to be included in the numerator.

Unless we otherwise require it, the average value of owned property has to be determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the tax period.

All property that you rent has to be valued at eight times the net annual rental rate. Rental expense cannot be averaged. You have to use your rental expense for the current year in this property factor.

Payroll Factor (Line 2, Schedule I) - 15-31-308, MCA. The payroll factor is a fraction. The numerator is the total amount that you paid for compensation attributable to the production of business income during the tax period in Montana. Enter the numerator values in column B of Schedule I. The denominator is the total amount that you paid for compensation attributable to the production of business income during the tax period. Enter the denominator values in column A of Schedule I. 15-31-309. MCA.

Payroll is considered to be paid in Montana if:

- the base of operations is in Montana.
- there is no base of operations and the place from which the service is directed or controlled is in Montana.
- the base of operations or the place from which the service is directed or controlled is not in a state where some part of the service is performed but the person who provides the service is located in Montana.

Sales Factor (Line 3, Schedule I) - 15-31-310, MCA. Sales means all gross receipts of the partnership exclusive of non-business income and inter-company transactions. The sales factor is a fraction. The numerator is the partnership's total sales in Montana during the tax period. Enter the numerator values in column B of Schedule I. The denominator is the partnership's total sales everywhere during the tax period. Enter the denominator values in column A of Schedule I.

Sales of tangible personal property are in the state if:

- the property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser, other than the United States Government; or
- the partnership is not taxable in the state of the purchaser.

Sales other than sales of tangible personal property are in the state if:

- the income-producing activity is performed in this state; or
- the income-producing activity is performed both in and outside this state and a greater proportion of the incomeproducing activity is performed in this state than in any other state, based on costs of performance.

Sum of Factors (Line 4, Schedule I) - Add lines 1, 2 and 3 in column C. Enter the result on line 4 in column C.

Apportionment Factor (Line 5, Schedule I) - Divide line 4 by the number of factors present. A factor is present if you have a value in column A for property, payroll, or sales. Enter the apportionment factor on line 5 of Schedule I and also insert it on line 19, page 1 of Form PR-1, rounding it out to the fourth decimal (Example: 25.5555%).

Instructions for Montana Schedule II

Montana Partnership Tax Credits. A tax credit claimed by a partnership has to be attributable to its partners using the same proportion that was used to report the partnership's income or loss for Montana income tax purposes. Provide a detailed breakdown to each partner that shows how the credit is proportioned. Provide each partner with a copy of the credit form and/or schedule that was used to calculate this credit.

The tax credits listed below cannot be taken as a credit against your composite tax reported on this form PR-1.

1. Montana Dependent Care Assistance Credit. Employers can claim a credit for the amount that they paid or incurred during the tax year for dependent care assistance provided to employees.

This assistance can be in the form of:

- acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, renovating, or improving real property for primary use as a day care facility.
- providing dependent care assistance to employees that meet the requirements of IRS code 26 U.S.C. 129(d)(2) through (d)(6).
- providing information and referral services to assist employees within the state in obtaining dependent care.

See Form DCAC for detailed instructions. Complete Form DCAC and attach it to your return.

2. Montana College Contribution Credit. Partners in a partnership are allowed a credit for deductible contributions that they made during the tax year to the general endowment funds of the Montana University System foundations or to the general endowment funds of a private Montana college or its foundation. This credit is 10% of the contribution with a maximum credit of \$500. It is non-refundable. The college must offer a baccalaureate degree level education program. Complete Form CC and attach it to your return.

3. Health Insurance for Uninsured Montanans Credit. Employers are allowed a credit for a percentage of premium payments that they made in providing health insurance for

their employees. See Form HI for detailed instructions. Complete Form HI and attach it to your return.

- 4. Montana Recycle Credit. A business is entitled to a credit for investments in depreciable equipment or machinery that it used to collect, process or manufacture a product from reclaimed material. See Form RCYL for detailed instructions. Complete Form RCYL and attach it to your return.
- 5. Alternative Energy Production Credit. A credit is allowed for a qualified investment of \$5,000 or more. The alternative energy system has to be located in Montana. See Form AEPC for detailed instructions. Complete Form AEPC and attach it to your return.
- 6. Contractor's Gross Receipt Tax Credit. A business is allowed a credit for a public contractor's gross receipts tax paid. If the business reports its income on a percentage-ofcompletion basis, this credit has to be prorated accordingly. Attach a schedule to your return showing the contractor's name, date and amount of contract, primary contractor, subcontractor and location of the job. NEW This credit can be carried forward by your partners for five succeeding tax years.
- 7. Alternative Fuel Credit. There is a credit for conversion of a motor vehicle to an alternative fuel. See Form AFCR for detailed instructions. Complete Form AFCR and attach it to vour return.
- 8. Infrastructure Users Fee Credit. A business located in Montana can qualify for a credit for creating at least 15 jobs in the basic sector of the economy of a local community. This credit is calculated based on the infrastructure fees that are paid to the local government by that new business.
- 9. Qualified Endowment Credit. A business is entitled to a credit for 40% of the present value of a planned gift made during the tax year to a qualified Montana endowment or for 20% of a direct contribution to a qualified endowment. See Form QEC for detailed instructions. To learn more about the endowments state-wide visit the Governor's Task Force on Endowed Philanthropy website at www.endowmontana.org. Complete Form QEC and attach it to your return. NEW If a charitable gift is recovered in the current year by the partnership, the partners may have to recapture in the current year the amount of the credit that they claimed in the year that the credit was taken on their Montana return.
- 10. Historic Building Preservation Credit. A credit equal to 25% of the federal rehabilitation credit provided for in IRS Code 26 U.S.C. 47(a)(2) is allowed on qualifying historic buildings located in Montana. Attach federal Form 3468.
- 11. Increasing Research Activities Credit. A credit is available for increasing qualified research expenses and basic research payments for research conducted in Montana. This credit is determined in accordance with IRS Code 26 U.S.C. 41. However, the application percentage rate is 5% for Montana purposes. Complete Form RSCH and attach it to your return.

- 12. Mineral Exploration Incentive Credit. A credit can be claimed for certified expenditures of mining exploration activities 15-32-501, MCA. Certified expenditures represent costs that were incurred for activities in direct support of exploration activity conducted at a specific exploration site. This credit applies to activities associated with both new mines and mines that are being reopened. A completed Form MINE-CRED has to be attached to your return. To obtain this credit, you will first have to submit a request that details the work done and the expenses incurred. This has to be done within 60 days following the end of the calendar year and reported on a form provided by the Department of Revenue. The department has until September 30 to certify whether expenses qualify for the credit.
- 13. Developmental Disability Account Contribution Credit. There is a credit equal to 30% of any contribution made during the year to the Montana Developmental Disability Service Account established under 53-20-171, MCA. If this credit is claimed, the contribution cannot be deducted as a reduction to taxable income on your return.
- **14.** Empowerment Zone Credit. An employer who has a business in an empowerment zone as described in 15-30-182, MCA is entitled to a credit for each new employee at this business. The Montana Department of Labor and Industry has to certify the business before that business can qualify for this credit.
- 15. Film Production Credit. (An application has to be made and a fee has to be paid by the time your return is filed) A credit can be claimed for the employment of residents of this state or qualified expenditures made in this state in connection with a state-certified film production in Montana. Expenditures used to calculate the credit cannot be taken as deductions that are used to calculate Montana taxable income. You can elect to have this credit refunded or you can carry the credit forward for three years.
- 16. Biodiesel Blending and Storage Credit. A qualified taxpayer can claim a credit for the cost of installing depreciable storage and blending equipment used to blend biodiesel made from Montana products with petroleum diesel. This credit cannot be carried over to other tax years. If the facility for which the credit is claimed ceases operations within five years of claiming the credit, the credit is subject to recapture.
- **17. Oilseed Crushing and Biodiesel Production Credit.** Effective July 1, 2005, a taxpayer can claim a credit for the cost of investments in qualifying depreciable property:
 1) used to crush oilseed crops for the purpose of making biodiesel fuel, or 2) used in constructing or equipping a facility in Montana to be used for biodiesel production. This credit cannot be carried over to other tax years. If the facility for which the credit is claimed ceases operations within 5 years of receiving the credit, the credit is subject to recapture.

Instructions for Montana Schedule III

Montana Partnership Information

Include all partners on this form. If you need additional space, you can make copies of Schedule III, or you can create your

own schedule as long as you use exactly the same format shown on the schedule. We cannot accept copies of federal Schedule K-1 in place of a completed Schedule III. If Schedule III is not completed, we will return Form PR-1 for you to complete.

Partner Information. The partner information on Schedule III, columns A through D, has to be completed for all partners of the partnership. Complete columns E through H for any partner who is a nonresident individual, a foreign C. corporation or a second-tier pass-through entity.

Column A – Name and Address of Partner. Enter the name and complete address of each partner. Include the street name, city, state, and zip code.

Column B – Identification Number. If the partner is an individual, enter the social security number (SSN) of the individual as it appears on the federal Schedule K-1 in the top box in column B. If the partner is a corporation, partnership, disregarded entity, trust or estate, enter the federal employer identification number (FEIN) of the partner as it appears on the federal Schedule K-1 in the bottom box in column B.

Column C – Percentage of Ownership. Enter each partner's percentage of ownership in the partnership that is used to calculate the partner's share of Montana source income. The total of column C should be 100%.

Column D – Montana Source Income. Enter each partner's share of the partnership's Montana source income. Montana source income is the aggregate of the partner's share of income, gain, losses, or deductions or other expenses of the partnership, which are deductible only by the partnership and which are attributable to Montana.

Column E – Federal Income. Enter the partner's share of the partnership's total federal income from all sources. This includes the aggregate of the partner's federal share of income, gain, losses, deductions or other expenses of the partnership for federal tax purposes.

Column F – Composite Income Tax. Enter the amount of composite income tax for each partner that you calculated on Schedule IV, column J.

Column G – Partner Withholding. You will have to withhold tax for those nonresident partners who did not file a consent agreement or statement and did not elect to have the partnership pay composite tax. Fill in the amount of backup withholding that you reported to us on your Schedule V, column E or F.

Column H – Consent Agreement or Statement. The information supplied in this column is for nonresident partners who will be filing a Montana return. A partner is considered a nonresident if the individual partner is not a Montana resident or if the partner is a C. corporation not engaged in or doing business in Montana. We have to receive an up-to-date Form PT-AGR on file for that partner. For tax year 2005 and subsequent years, a partnership is not required to complete and attach a new agreement each year as long as we have an up-to-date Form PT-AGR for that owner. You only need to provide Form PT-STM for a second-tier pass-through entity

that has a nonresident owner. If the partner is a second-tier pass-through entity, we have to receive a new Form PT-STM each year. In column H, enter the year that the form was provided to us or attach copies of up-to-date, signed agreements and statements and enter "2005" in column H.

Instructions for Montana Schedule IV

Montana Partnership Composite Income Tax Schedule

If you need additional space, you can make copies of Schedule IV, or you can create your own schedule as long as you use exactly the same format shown on the state's schedule.

A partnership can elect to file a composite return and pay a composite tax on behalf of a participating eligible partner. The tax credits from Schedule I cannot be applied to reduce your composite tax. The tax credits may be used only to offset income tax that was reported on the partner's Montana individual income tax return or Montana corporation license tax return.

To be eligible to file a composite return, a partner has to:

- · be a nonresident individual or
- be a foreign C. corporation that is a corporation not engaged in or doing business in Montana as provided in 15-31-101, MCA, or
- be a pass-through entity, also referred to as a second-tier pass-through entity
- have only Montana source income from the partnership or from other partnerships or S. corporations in which an election has been made to participate in the filing of a composite return.

A partnership can include a partner in filing a composite return only upon receipt of a power of attorney executed and signed by an eligible partner. The power of attorney authorizes the partnership to act on behalf of the participating partner. Do not submit the power of attorney with the return but retain it as authorization from the partner and for use in subsequent years.

Upon receipt of a signed power of attorney and filing of the composite return, the partnership is responsible for:

- · remitting the composite tax to the department,
- paying any additional tax, penalty and interest associated with the composite return,
- representing the participants in any appeals, claims for refunds, hearing or court proceeding, and
- making quarterly estimated payments.

Column A – Name of Eligible Participating Partner. List the name of the participating partner or member as this appears on your Form PR-1, Schedule III.

Column B – Social Security Number or Federal Employer Identification Number. Enter the social security number or federal employer identification number of the participating partner as this appears on your Form PR-1, Schedule III.

Column C – Federal Income from Entity. Enter the participating partner's share of the partnership's total federal

income from all sources that you reported on your federal Schedule K-1. This includes the aggregate of the partner's share of income, gain, losses, deductions or other expenses of the partnership for federal income tax purposes.

Column D – Standard Deduction. Each eligible participating partner is allowed one standard deduction equal to 20% of column C, but not less than \$1,580 or more than \$3,560. An individual partner who has filed a joint federal return with a spouse is entitled to only one standard deduction.

Column E – Exemption. Each participating partner is allowed one exemption of \$1,900. An individual partner who has filed a joint federal return with a spouse is entitled to only one exemption.

Column F – Taxable Income. Subtract column D from column C, then subtract column E from the result. Enter this amount in column F.

Tax Rates – For tax year 2005 you will find new individual income tax rates. The 10 tax brackets ranging from 2% to 11% that you have used in the past are now replaced with 7 tax brackets ranging from 1% to 6.9%.

2005 Tax Brackets and Table				
If yo	If your taxable income on Schedule IV, Column F is:			
At least	But less than	Then your tax is	Less:	
0	\$2,300	1% of your taxable income		
\$2,300	\$4,100	2% of your taxable income	(\$23)	
\$4,100	\$6,200	3% of your taxable income	(\$64)	
\$6,200	\$8,400	4% of your taxable income	(\$126)	
\$8,400	\$10,800	5% of your taxable income	(\$210)	
\$10,800	\$13,900	6% of your taxable income	(\$318)	
\$13,900		6.9% of your taxable income	(\$443)	

For Example: Taxable income \$4,000 X .02(2%) = \$80. \$80 minus \$23 = \$57 tax.

Column G – Tax from Tax Table. Use the tax table at the bottom of Schedule IV to calculate the tax on the amount in column F. Enter the result in column G. This amount cannot be less than \$0.

Column H – Montana Source Income. Enter the participating partner's share of the partnership's Montana source income. The share of Montana source income is the aggregate of the partner's share of income, gain, losses, deductions or other expenses of the partnership, which are deductible only by the partnership and which are attributable to Montana.

Column I – Ratio. Divide Montana source income in column H by the federal income from the partnership reported in column C. Carry to four decimal places. Do not enter more than 1.0000.

Column J – Montana Composite Income Tax Liability. Multiply the amount in column G, tax from tax table, by the ratio in column I and enter the result. This is the participant's Montana composite tax liability. The tax liability cannot be a negative number. A net operating loss is not created when you compute composite tax.

Instructions for Montana Schedule V

Pass-Through Entity Backup Withholding Schedule

You no longer need to submit Form PT-WH with Schedule V. Form PT-WH has to be completed and sent to the partner listed in column A of Schedule V. You should keep a copy for your records.

Column A – Name and Address of Partner. List the name and address of the partner as it appears on your Form PR-1, Schedule III.

Columns B and C – Social Security Number or Federal Employer Identification Number. Enter the social security number or federal employer identification number of the partner as this appears on your Form PR-1, Schedule III.

Column D – Total Montana Source Income. Enter the partner's share of the partnership's Montana source income that you reported on your Form PT-WH, line 1. The share of Montana source income is the aggregate of the partner's share of income, gain, losses, deductions or other expenses of the partnership, which are deductible only by the partnership and which are attributable to Montana.

Column E – Montana Corporation Tax Withheld. If the partnership is a foreign C. corporation, multiply the amount in column D by 6.75% and enter the result in column E.

Column F – Montana Individual Tax Withheld. If the partner is a nonresident individual or a second-tier pass-through entity, multiply the amount in column D by 6.9% and enter the result in column F.



2005 Montana Partnership Information and Composite Tax Return Attach a copy of federal Form 1065 and Schedule K-1(s)

PR-1

For calendar year 2005 or tax year beginning (MM-DD)	- <u>05</u> and ending (MM-DD-YY)	Rev. 9-05
Name	Check box if this is	FEIN:
	a change of address. \square	Federal Business Code:
Address		
City State	Zip + 4	Date Registered
		in Montana:
Check here, if you do not need the Montana Partnership Information		ext year.
Check here, if you are filing Schedule V, Backup Withholding Payme		
☐ Check if this an initial return ☐ Check here if this is an al ☐ Check if this is a final return ☐ If you check the box abov	mended return ve, check all that apply below:	
Reason for final return Reason for final return Reason for final return	e Agent Report (a complete copy of th	is report is required) a.
a. Withdrawn a. 🔲 b. Apportionment f	actor changes (attach a statement exp	olaining adjustments) b. 🔲
b. Dissolved b c. Amended federa c. Merged c. d. Amended compo		c. □ d. □
	statement explaining all adjustments in	
Partners' Shares of Income (Loss) (Form 1065, Sched	ule K)	
Partner's Distributive Share Items	4.5 1.7	
Enter ordinary business income (loss)		1
Enter net rental real estate income (loss) (attach federal Form 88)		
a. Enter other gross rental income (loss)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.
b. Enter expenses from other rental activities (attach schedule)		
c. Subtract line 3b from line 3a. This is your other net rental i		3c
4. Enter guaranteed payment		
Enter interest income		
Enter ordinary dividends		
7. Enter royalties		
8. Enter net short-term capital gain (loss) (attach federal Schedule I		
9. Enter net long-term capital gain (loss) (attach federal Schedule D		
10. Enter net section 1231 gain (loss) (attach federal Form 4797)		
11. Enter other income (loss)		
12. Add lines 1 through 11 and enter result. This is your total share		
Partners' Shares of Deduction (Form 1065, Schedule		
13. Enter section 179 deduction (attach federal Form 4562)		13.
14. a. Enter contributions		
b. Enter investment interest expense	1	14b.
c. Enter section 59(e)(2) expenditures Type		
d. Enter other deductions (attach schedule)		
15. Add lines 13 through 14d and enter result. This is your total sh	are of deductions.	15.
Partners' Distributive Shares of Montana Additions an		
16. a. Enter interest and dividends not taxable under the Internal Re	venue	
Code (non-Montana)	16a.	
b. Enter taxes based on income or profits.	16b.	
c. Enter other additions (attach detailed breakdown)	16c.	
Add lines 16a, 16b, and 16c and enter result. This is your total	Montana additions to income.	16.
17. a. Enter interest on U.S. Government obligations (attach schedu	ıle.)17a.	
b. Enter deduction for purchasing recycled material (attach Forn	າ RCYL.) 17b.	
c. Enter other deductions (attach detailed breakdown.)	17c.	
Add lines 17a, 17b, and 17c and enter result. This is your total	Montana deductions to income	17.
18. Subtract line 15 from line 12. Add the result to line 16, then subtract	tract line 17 from that result	18.
Partners' Distributive Shares of Multi-state Apportionr	nent and Allocation	
19. Multi-state taxpayers: Enter line 18 X % from Monta		19.
20. Multi state toypovers should enter here their income or less that	thay allocate directly to Montana	20

Calculation of Net Amount Due	
Partnership Information Return Late Filing Penalty Payment	
21. Enter your partnership late filing penalty (see instructions)	21.
Partnership Composite Income Tax Calculation	
22. Enter your Montana total composite tax (from Schedule IV, column J)22.	
Payments	
23. a. Enter your 2004 overpayment applied to 2005	
b. Enter your 2005 extension payment	
c. Enter your 2005 estimated tax payments	
d. Enter other payments	
e. Enter previously issued refunds)
Add lines 23a through 23e and enter result. This is the total of your payments 23.	
Refund or Amount Owed	
24. Subtract line 23 from line 22 and enter result. This is your net Montana	
composite tax due (refund)24.	
25. Enter your underpayment interest (see instructions.)	
26. Enter your late filing penalty	
27. Enter your late payment penalty	
28. Enter your interest from due date at 12% per year, accrued daily	
29. Add lines 24 through 28 and enter result. This is your net Montana composite amount	due (refund). 29.
	·
Partnership Combined Payment Due (Refund)	
30. Add lines 21 and 29 and enter result. This is your total tax and penalties due (refundational description)	d) 30.
31. Enter the amount on line 30 to be applied to 2006 estimate31.	
32. Add lines 30 and 31 and enter result. This is your total net composite tax and penalty	due (refund) 32.
Partnership Backup Withholding Payment from Schedule V	
33. Enter Montana corporation license tax withheld (from Schedule V, column E)33.	
34. Enter Montana individual income tax withheld (from Schedule V, column F) 34.	
35. Enter payments previously made for tax withheld)
36. Add lines 33 and 34, then subtract line 35 from the result. This is your total partnersh	nip backup
withholding due.	
37. Add lines 32 and 36 and enter result. This is your net amount due.	37.
This return has to be signed by a general partner or limited liability company member.	
Declaration	
I, the undersigned general partner or limited liability company member of the partnership for v	vhich this return is made, hereby declare tha
this return, including all accompanying schedules and statements, is to the best of my knowl	
return, made in good faith for the income period stated, pursuant to the Montana statutes ar	
Totalli, made in good faith for the moonle poned cated, paredant to the montand citatates at	ra regulatione.
Signature of partner	Date
- · ·	
Print name Title	Telephone number, ext.
i init name	
Name of person or firm preparing return	Date

Telephone number

Preparer's identification number

[☐] Check here to authorize the Montana Department of Revenue to discuss your return with the individual/preparer listed above.

Entity Name _____ Tax period ending _____ FEIN _____

	Reporting of Special Transactions	Transaction
	Complete this section only if you were required to complete for federal income tax purposes any of the federal forms described below. Check the appropriate box indicating which form(s) were required to be filed with your federal income tax return. If your answer is "yes" to any of these questions, you will need to attach a copy of the applicable federal form.	Check "yes" if you are required to file any of the following forms with the Internal Revenue Service.
1.	I am required to file federal Form 8264 – Application for Registration of a Tax Shelter with the Internal Revenue Service. Form 8264 is required to be filed to register a tax shelter. Upon filing Form 8264, you receive	1. YES
	a tax shelter registration number from the Internal Revenue Service. This tax shelter number is provided to investors in the tax shelter.	
2.	I am required to file federal Form 8271 – Investor Reporting of Tax Shelter Registration Number with the Internal Revenue Service.	
	Form 8271 is used to report the tax shelter registration number that the Internal Revenue Service assigns to certain tax shelters required to be registered under 26 USC 6111 and to report the name and identifying number of the tax shelter.	2. YES
3.	I am required to file federal Form 8824 – Like-Kind Exchanges with the Internal Revenue Service.	
	NOTE: Check "yes" if your like-kind exchange includes Montana property. Nonresidents do not have to report a like-kind exchange if the properties involved do not include Montana property.	3. YES
	Form 8824 is used to report each exchange of business or investment property for property of a like kind.	
4.	I am required to file federal Form 8865 – Return of U.S. Persons With Respect to Certain Foreign Partnerships with the Internal Revenue Service.	
	Form 8865 is used to report the information required under 26 USC 6038 (reporting with respect to controlled foreign partnerships), section 6038B (reporting of transfers to foreign partnerships), or section 6046A (reporting of acquisitions, dispositions, and changes in foreign partnership interest).	4. YES
5.	I am required to file federal Form 8886 – Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement with the Internal Revenue Service.	5. YES
	Form 8886 is used to disclose information for each reportable transaction in which you participated	0
6.	I am required to file federal Form 13586 – Additional Information and Documentation for Announcement 2004-46, Settlement Initiative – 60-Day Response with the Internal Revenue Service.	6. YES
	Form 13586 is required for each year that you derive a benefit from a Notice 2000-44 (or substantially similar) transaction.	

blank

tity Name	_ Tax period ending		Λ
Apportionment Factors	for Multi-state Partnersh		
	Enter amounts in column		
	A. Everywhere	B. Montana	C. Factor
Property Factor: Use average value for real and tangible pers		T	_
a. Land			
b. Buildings			
c. Machinery			
d. Equipment			
e. Furniture and fixtures			
f. Leased property			
g. Inventories			
h. Supplies and other			
i. Property of foreign subsidiaries included in			
combined unitary group.			
j. Property of unconsolidated subsidiaries included			
in combined unitary group.			
k. Property of pass-through entities included in			
combined unitary group.		+	\dashv
I. Multiply amount of rents by 8 and enter result Total Property Value add lines 1a through 11			\dashv
		1	
Take the total in column B and divide it by the total in column A			%
This is your property factor			7
Payroll Factor:		1	\neg
a. Compensation of officers			
b. Salaries and wages			
Payroll included in:			
c. Costs of goods sold			
d. Repairs			
e. Other deductions			
f. Payroll of foreign subsidiaries included in combined			
unitary group.			
g. Payroll of unconsolidated subsidiaries included in			
combined unitary grouph. Payroll of pass-through entities included in combined			
unitary group Total Payroll Value add lines 2a through 2h			
•		1	
Take the total in column B and divide it by the total in column A			0
This is your payroll factor			%
a. Gross sales, less returns and allowances			
b. Sales delivered or shipped to Montana purchasers:		-	
Shipped from outside Montana			
Shipped from within Montana			
c. Sales shipped from Montana to:			
the United States Government			
Purchasers in a state where the taxpayer is not taxable			_
d. Sales other than sales of tangible personal property (i.e. se			
e. Less: Intercompany Sales		1	\
f. Net gains reported on federal Schedule D and	(\	/
federal Form 4797			
g. Other gross receipts (rents, royalties, interest, etc.)			\dashv
			\dashv
h. Sales (receipts) of foreign subsidiaries included in			
combined unitary group			\dashv
i Color (receipts) of unconcelled a subsidiaries			
i. Sales (receipts) of unconsolidated subsidiaries			
i. Sales (receipts) of unconsolidated subsidiaries included in combined unitary group.j. Sales (receipts) of pass-through entities included in			

This is your sales factor.

4. Add the percentages on lines 1, 2, and 3 in column C. This is the sum of your factors. 5. Divide the total percentage on line 4, column C, by the number of factors that can be included in the calculation. If there is a value in column A for a factor category (Property, Payroll, or Sales) you

should include this factor as part of the calculation (see instructions). Enter the results here and also insert it in page 1, line 19 of Form PR-1. This is your apportionment factor.

Take the total in column B and divide it by the total in column A. Multiply the result by 100.

k. Less: Other intercompany transactions....... Total Sales Value add lines 3a through 3k

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Entity Name	Tax period ending	FEIN	

Montana Partnership Tax Credits

	Type of Credit	Amount Credit	
	Enter Montana Dependent Care Assistance Credit attach Form DCAC		
	2. Enter Montana College Contribution Credit		
	3. Enter Health Insurance for Uninsured Montanans Credit attach Form HI		
	4. Enter Montana Recycle Credit		
	5. Enter Alternative Energy Production Credit attach Form AEPC		
	6. Enter Contractor's Gross Receipts Tax Credit attach supporting schedule		
	7. Enter Alternative Fuel Credit		
	8. Enter Infrastructure Users Fee Credit		
	9. Enter Qualified Endowment Credit		
IEW	9a. Enter Qualified Endowment Credit Recapture	()
	10. Enter Historical Buildings Preservation Credit attach federal Form 3468		
	11. Enter Increase Research and Development Activities Credit attach Form RSCH		
	12. Enter Mineral Exploration Incentive Credit attach Form MINE-CRED		
	13. Enter Developmental Disability Account Contribution Credit		
	14. Enter Empowerment Zone Credit		
IEW	15. Enter Film Production Credit		
IEW	16. Enter Biodiesel Blending and Storage Credit attach Form BBSC		
IEW	17. Enter Oilseed Crushing and Biodiesel Production Credit attach Form OSC		
	Add lines 1 through 17 and enter result. This is the amount of your total credits.		

Any credit allowed to a partnership has to be attributable to its partners using the same proportion that is used when it reported that partnership's income or loss for Montana income tax purposes. Please provide a detailed breakdown that shows each partner's share of the credit.

In order to receive these credits, all partners will have to attach their applicable credit forms to their individual income or corporation license tax returns.

Schedule III

Entity name		Tax period ending	ng			FEIN		
		Montana	Partnersl	Montana Partnership Information	ion			
Enter the total number of partners that own this partnership.		Colur foreig	nns E throug yn C. corpora	gh H have to be f ation, and eligible	filled out for all no second-tier entity	Columns E through H have to be filled out for all nonresident individual, foreign C. corporation, and eligible second-tier entity partners.	l,	
	All F	All Partners			Nonre	Nonresident Partner Additional Information	Additional Infor	mation
4		В	O	۵	Ш	Ш	9	I
Name and address of partner Name Street Address City State Zip Code	ther	Social Security Number OR Federal Employer Identification Number	Ownership %	Montana source income	Federal income from entity (from federal Schedule K-1)	Composite income tax (from Schedule IV, column J)	Partner withholding (from Schedule V, column E or F)	Consent agreement or statement (enter year signed)
+		SSN						
		PEIN						
2.		SSN						
		FEIN						
3.		SSN						
		FEIN						
4.		SSN						
		FEIN						
5.		SSN						
		PEIN						
6.		SSN						
		FEIN						
7.		SSN						
		FEIN						
Column Totals								

Use additional sheets if necessary or you may create your own schedule if you use the exact same format used here.

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Montana Partnership Composite Income Tax Schedule

Tax period ending

FEIN

income for the tax year is from this entity and from other pass-through entities who have elected to file a composite return and pay a composite tax on behalf of the eligible participating partner, authorizing the partnership to file a composite return and act on the partner's behalf. Eligible Participating Partners: An eligible participant is a partner who is a nonresident individual, a foreign C. corporation, or a pass-through entity whose only Montana source

on the painter's penali.									
Enter the number of participating partners.	Enter below ir	Enter below in columns A through J the required information and amounts for each eligible participating partner.	ugh J the re	equired inforr	nation and amou	unts for each	eligible participa	ating partne	
A	В	၁		Ш	Ь	9	H		Ŋ
Name	Social Security Number OR Federal Employer Identification Number	Federal income from entity	Standard	Exemption \$1,900	Calculate Montana taxable income. Subtract column D from column C then subtract column E from the result.	Enter the appropriate tax from the tax table below.	Montana source income	Ratio. Divide column H by column C and enter result.	Montana composite income tax. Multiply G times I and enter result.
-									
2.									
3.									
4.									
5.									
6.									
7.									
8.									
9.									
10.									
11.									
13.									
14.									
Column J Total									

Use additional sheets if necessary or you may create your own schedule if you use the exact same format used here.

Transfer the total from column J to PR-1, page 2, line 22.

Тах

f Taxable	But not					If Taxable	But not				
come is Over	Over	Multiply by	and	Subtract =	Tax	Income is Over	Over	Multiply by	and	Subtract	ш
0	\$ 2,300			0		\$ 8,400	\$ 10,800	× 2%		\$ 210	
2,300	\$ 4,100	X 2%		\$ 23		\$ 10,800	\$ 13,900	%9 X		\$ 318	
4,100	\$ 6,200			\$ 64		\$ 13,900		%6.9 X		\$ 443	
6,200	\$ 8,400			\$ 126							

Schedule V Entity name	Ta:	x period ending		FEIN _		
Pass-Thro		Entity Backup V the appropriate inform		nedule		
Total number of partners subject to Schedule V						
Nonresident individual, foreign C. corporation second-tier pass-through entity	n and	Identification	on number	Income a	and backup w	ithholding
A		В	С	D	Е	F
Name and address		Social Security Number	Federal Employer Identification Number	Montana source income reported on Form PT- WH, line 1	Montana corporation tax withheld Multiply column D by 6.75% and enter result.	withheld Multiply column D b 6.9% and
1.						
2.		-				
3.		-				
4.						
5.						
G		İ		1		1

Column totals (transfer to Form PR-1, page 2, lines 33 and 34)

Add totals from column E and column F and enter the result here. This is your total backup withholding.

Use additional sheets if necessary or you can create your own schedule if you use the exact format used here.



Rev. 9-05 2005 Montana Income Tax Withheld for a Nonresident Individual, Foreign C. Corporation, or Second-Tier Pass-Through Entity

Owner Information	Entity Information Enter the information below as it appears on your most			
	recent return filed with the Internal Revenue Service.			
Name	Name			
Street or Other Mailing Address	Street or Other Mailing Address			
City State Zip Code	City State Zip Code			
Social Security Number or Federal Employer ID Number	Federal Employer ID Number			
Owner's Montana source income reflected on the pass-through entity's information return\$	Check the box that describes the type of return that you filed. S. Corporation Partnership Disregarded Entity			
2. Enter the amount of Montana tax withheld.	G. Corporation Transfersing Disregarded Entity			
If the owner is a nonresident individual or a second-tier pass-through entity, multiply line 1 by 6.9%. If the owner is a foreign C. corporation, multiply line 1 by 6.75% \$	Enter the beginning and ending dates of your taxable year. Tax year beginning (mm/dd)//05, and ending (mm/dd/yy)//			

This form is to be completed when the owner does not participate in submitting a composite return and does not submit a signed Montana Form PT-AGR or PT-STM.

Owner or Partner Instructions

What does a nonresident individual need to do with this What is the purpose of Form PT-WH? form?

We consider the amount of Montana income tax that is withheld as an estimated payment against your Montana individual income tax liability. When you complete your Montana Individual Income Tax Return, Form 2, you should claim the amount in box 2 above as an estimated payment on line 59 of your 2005 Montana Form 2. Form PT-WH has to be attached to your Montana Form 2 when you claim this estimated payment.

What does a foreign C. corporation need to do with this form?

We consider the amount of Montana income tax that is withheld as an estimated payment against your Montana corporation license tax liability. When you complete your Montana Corporation License Tax Return, Form CLT-4, you should claim the amount in box 2 above as an estimated payment on line 11(b) for your 2005 Montana Form CLT-4. You will have to attach your Form PT-WH to your Montana Form CLT-4 when you claim this estimated

What does a second-tier pass-through entity need to do with this form?

We consider the amount of Montana income tax that is withheld as an estimated payment on the account of the individual, estate, trust or C. corporation in which the Montana source income of the first-tier pass-through entity's income is directly or indirectly passed through. The amount withheld can be claimed as an estimated tax payment on the Montana return filed by the owners of the second-tier pass-through entity. This amount has to be allocated to the owners' based on the owners share of income or loss from the second-tier pass-through entity.

Entity Instructions

A pass-through entity that has a nonresident individual, foreign C. corporation, or second-tier pass through entity owner at any time during the tax year has to remit amounts to the Department of Revenue on behalf of the owner as provided in 15-30-1113, Montana Code Annotated, if (1) the entity does not have a valid, currently effective tax agreement or statement from the owner and (2) the owner does not participate in filing a composite return with the entity.

How much should the pass-through entity withhold?

For a nonresident individual and a second-tier pass-through entity. the amount withheld is 6.9% of the Montana source income as reflected on your Montana information return. For a foreign C. corporation, the amount withheld is 6.75% of the Montana source income as reflected on your Montana information return.

Where does a pass-through entity report the amount that was withheld?

Transfer the amounts that you reported on lines 1 and 2 above to Form CLT-4S or PR-1, Schedule V. Send Form PT-WH to your owners. We do not require you to submit Form PT-WH to us with your information return.