## Worksheet IX - Tax Benefit Rule for Recoveries of Itemized Deductions

If you recovered amounts from more than one year, such as a federal income tax refund from 2004 and a casualty loss reimbursement from 2003, complete a separate worksheet for each year. Use the information from Form 2, Itemized Deductions, for the year the expense was deducted.

For example: You claimed a casualty loss as an itemized deduction on your 2004 Montana income tax return. In 2008 your insurance company reimbursed you for the casualty loss. In order for you to determine if any of this reimbursement is taxable in 2008, you will need to use your 2004 Montana income tax return and Table 4 "Standard Deduction" on page 2 of this worksheet. A recovery is included in income only to the extent the deduction reduced your Montana tax liability in the year deducted.
$\begin{array}{l|l|l|l|}\hline\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Column A (for } \\ \text { single, joint, } \\ \text { separate, or head } \\ \text { of household) }\end{array}$ ( $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Column B (for } \\ \text { spouse when filing } \\ \text { separately using } \\ \text { filing status 3a) }\end{array}\right]$.

- If line 11 is zero or more, enter the amount from line 10.
- If line 11 is a negative amount, add lines 10 and 11 and enter the result, but not less than zero.
- If line 12 equals line 3 :
- Enter the amount from line 1 on Form 2, Schedule I, line 3.
- Enter the amount from line 2 on Form 2, Schedule I, line 4.
- If line 12 is less than line 3 , and either line 1 or line 2 is zero:
- If there is an amount on line 1, enter the amount from line 12 on Form 2, Schedule I, line 3.
- If there is an amount on line 2, enter the amount from line 12 on Form 2, Schedule I, line 4.
- If line 12 is less than line 3 and there are amounts on both lines 1 and 2, complete lines A, B and C below.
A. Divide the amount on line 1 by the amount on line 3. Enter the percentage here........ A on Form 2, Schedule I, line 3 $\qquad$
C. Subtract the amount on line B from the amount on line 12. Enter the result here and on Form 2, Schedule I, line 4



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Standard Deduction Rates
Multiply the amount on Worksheet IX, line 7 by $.20(20 \%)$ and enter this amount on Worksheet IX, line 8, but not more than the maximum amount reported below, or at least the minimum amount reported below that corresponds with the tax year that you are calculating your tax benefit rule recovery amount.

|  | Filing Status | Montana Adjusted Gross Income | Minimum | Maximum |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Table 1: 2007 Standard Deduction | Single, married filing separately | 20\% | \$1,690 | \$3,810 |
|  | Married filing a joint return, head of household | 20\% | \$3,380 | \$7,620 |
| Table 2: 2006 Standard Deduction | Single, married filing separately | 20\% | \$1,650 | \$3,710 |
|  | Married filing a joint return, head of household | 20\% | \$3,300 | \$7,420 |
| Table 3: 2005 Standard Deduction | Single, married filing separately | 20\% | \$1,580 | \$3,560 |
|  | Married filing a joint return, head of household | 20\% | \$3,160 | \$7,120 |
| Table 4: 2004 Standard Deduction | Single, married filing separately | 20\% | \$1,530 | \$3,440 |
|  | Married filing a joint return, head of household | 20\% | \$3,060 | \$6,880 |
| Table 5: 2003 Standard Deduction | Single, married filing separately | 20\% | \$1,480 | \$3,330 |
|  | Married filing a joint return, head of household | 20\% | \$2,960 | \$6,660 |
| Table 6: 2002 Standard Deduction | Single, married filing separately | 20\% | \$1,450 | \$3,260 |
|  | Married filing a joint return, head of household | 20\% | \$2,900 | \$6,520 |

