

Small Business Profile: NEW MEXICO

Small businesses make a significant contribution to the U.S. economy, and in 2003, they were the engine of New Mexico's economic performance. Nationally, half of U.S. non-farm private output and employment is generated by small firms with 500 or fewer employees; in New Mexico, small business owners—including women, minorities, and home based individuals—were leaders in the state's economy in 2003. The Office of Advocacy's *Small Business Profile* reports on small businesses in the state using the most currently available data.

Number of Businesses. The estimated total number of small businesses in New Mexico in 2003 was 140,600.¹ Of the 41,731 employer firms in 2003, 96.1 percent or an estimated 40,100 were small firms. The estimated number of employer businesses decreased by 0.8 percent in 2003. The most recent data available show that non-employer businesses numbered 100,502 in 2001. Self-employment increased by 7.1 percent, from 73,243 in 2002 to 78,447 in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau; U.S. Dept of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.)

Women-Owned Businesses. Self-employment by women increased by 14.1 percent, from 31,370 in 2002 to 35,781 in 2003 and represented 43.9 percent of self-employed persons in the state. Women-owned businesses generated \$4.4 billion in revenues, employed 48,236 workers, and constituted 38,700 firms or 29.4 percent of all firms in 1997. (Sources: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Minority-Owned Businesses. In 1997, 22.1 percent or 8,300 of the minority-owned businesses in the state were employer firms, and they generated 86.2 percent of the total minority-owned business revenue of \$4.9 billion. There were 28,300 Hispanic-owned businesses; 1,100 Black-owned businesses; 2,500 Asian and Pacific Islander-owned businesses; and 6,800 American Indian and Alaskan Native-owned businesses in 1997. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Business Turnover. The estimated number of new employer businesses was 5,508 in 2003, which is 4.3 percent more than

the previous year. Business bankruptcies increased by 11.7 percent, and totaled 774 in 2003. Business terminations decreased by 27.4 percent and numbered 5,770 in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Employment. Small businesses with fewer than 500 employees numbered 33,940 in 2001 and employed 320,440 people or 57.9 percent of the state's non-farm private workforce (Table 1).² Total net employment gain in the state amounted to 3,763 between 2000 and 2001. Of that number, 936 are attributable to MSAs (metropolitan statistical areas). During the same time period, firms with fewer than 20 employees gained 6,317 jobs. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau, Statistics of U.S. Businesses. Note: Urban (MSA) and rural (non-MSA) employment data is available at: www.sba.gov/advo/stats/data.html.)

Small Business Income. Small business proprietors' income in 2003 increased by 6.3 percent, from \$3.9 billion in 2002 to \$4.1 billion in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce.)

Finance. Small firms typically use commercial bank lenders and rely on local bank services. Over the last five years there has been a gradual decline in the number of banks in New Mexico (Table 3). The Office of Advocacy has identified banks in each state that make the most loans to small businesses. This information is available in its banking studies available at www.sba.gov/advo/stats.

To learn more about the Office of Advocacy's research, data, and analyses of small businesses, visit <u>www.sba.gov/advo</u>, call (202) 205-6533 or email <u>advocacy@sba.gov</u>.

Sign up at <u>http://web.sba.gov/list</u> for email delivery of:

- Advocacy Communications
- Advocacy Newsletter
- Advocacy Press
- Advocacy Research

¹ The Office of Advocacy's estimate of the total number of state small businesses is based on the percent of small businesses (2001 Census Bureau firm size data) multiplied by the total number of employer businesses in 2003 (Dept. of Labor). To this total, we add the 2001 number of non-employer firms (Census Bureau).

² The number of employers listed in Table 1 is not directly comparable to the figures listed in the *Number of Businesses* section due to different data sources.

Industry	Non-employer	Em	Employer Firms			Employment		
industry	Firms	Total	< 100	< 500	Total	< 100	< 500	
Total	100.5	35.33	33.15	33.94	553.36	235.97	320.44	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	1.2	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.41	*	*	
Mining	1.35	0.52	0.45	0.47	14.12	4.06	5.37	
Utilities	0.09	0.14	0.12	0.13	5.59	1.06	1.24	
Construction	9.51	4.77	4.68	4.74	45.73	31.51	41.25	
Manufacturing	3.31	1.54	1.41	1.47	36.93	12.87	18.56	
Wholesale trade	4.38	1.83	1.52	1.62	21.52	1.52	14.63	
Retail trade	10.62	5.06	4.65	4.76	88.85	4.65	42.13	
Transportation and warehousing	3.21	0.98	0.88	0.9	13.29	0.88	6.84	
Information	1.2	0.5	0.42	0.43	15.31	3.38	4.7	
Finance and insurance	3.28	1.47	1.28	1.33	24.65	7.63	11.36	
Real estate; rental and leasing	9.39	1.71	1.62	1.65	9.76	5.67	9.76	
Professional, scientific, and technical services	13.72	4.01	3.82	3.89	30.55	18.28	22.74	
Management of companies and enterprises	N/A	0.17	0.07	0.11	8.28	*	1.35	
Admin., support, waste mngt., and remed., services	5.09	1.67	1.51	1.56	35.46	1.51	15.5	
Educational services	2.19	0.47	0.43	0.45	9.14	4.13	7.28	
Health care and social assistance	11.06	3.19	3.01	3.09	81.11	24.61	38.12	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	6.17	0.58	0.55	0.57	13.85	4.68	7.8	
Accommodation and food services	1.43	2.86	2.64	2.74	69.85	35.06	49.36	
Other services	13.32	3.93	3.81	3.85	26.87	22.18	24.18	
Auxilary, except corp, subsidiary, and regional								
managing offices	N/A	0.05	0.01	0.02	1.66	*	*	
Unclassified	N/A	0.36	0.36	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	

Table 1. Firms and Employment in New Mexico by Industry and Firm Size, 2001 (Thousands)

*Data suppressed to protect the confidentially of individual firms. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Census Bureau.

Table 2. Non-farm Establishment Job Gains and Losses by Firm Size, 2000–2001 (Thousands)

	•	Firm Size (N	rees)	
	Total	1–19	1-499	500+
Job Gains:				
New establishments	36.35	12.08	21.16	15.18
Expanding establishments	59.25	18.55	39.23	20.02
Job Losses:				
Downsized establishments	-56.6	-12.94	-30.59	-26.01
Closed establishments	-35.23	-11.38	-20.15	-15.08
Net change in employment	3.76	6.32	9.66	-5.89

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2001.

Table 3. Number	of Banks in	New Mexico I	by Asset Size,	1995 - 2003
-----------------	-------------	--------------	----------------	-------------

	Number of Banks Per Year				Number of Banks by Asset Size, 2003					
19	995	2000	2001	2002	2003	Below \$100M	\$100M-\$500M	\$500 - \$1B	\$1B - \$10B	Over \$10B
	68	52	52	52	51	28	18	1	4	0

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, from data collected by the Federal Reserve Board. The full list of small-business-friendly banks can be found on the Office of Advocacy's website at <u>mmn.sba.gov/advo/lending</u>.