

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION MILK LABORATORY EVALUATION FORM	LABORATORY	
	LOCATION	LAB #
	DATE	X = DEVIATION U = UNDETERMINED O = NOT USED NA = NOT APPLICABLE

ELECTRONIC SOMATIC CELL COUNT
Foss 90/215

[Unless otherwise stated all tolerances are ±5%]

- 1. Laboratory Requirements (see CP, items 33 and 34)**
- a. Unpreserved samples run from 24 to 72 hours after initial collection
 - b. Samples may be run from 8 hours to 7 days after initial collection if preserved with 0.02% 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1, 3-diol (Bronopol™) or 0.05% potassium dichromate (K₂Cr₂O₇)
 - c. Comparative test with DMSCC
 - 1. Performed by each analyst performing ESCC test
 - 2. Test 4 samples (100K - 200K; 300K - 500K; 600K - 800K and 900K - 1.2M) in triplicate for both DMSCC (three separate smears each) and ESCC (three separate sub-samples each, do not read same sample three times)
 - 3. Results must be shown to be acceptable prior to official testing by analyst performing comparison, i.e. analyst can not be certified until found acceptable (**co-requisite for certification**)
 - 4. Copy of comparison and results in QC record (or easily accessible file in laboratory) - d. Analysts certified for DMSCC

APPARATUS

- 2. See Cultural Procedures, items 1 - 5**
- 3. Electronic Somatic Cell Counter**
- a. Automated: Fossomatic 215
 - b. Semi-Automated: Fossomatic 90
- 4. Pipettor, fixed volume (Foss 90) ()**
- a. Calibrated to deliver 500 µL milk (see CP item 6e)
 - b. Records maintained
- 5. Pipettor Tips**
- a. Disposable, replace for each sample
 - b. Reusable
 - 1. Rinse in 40C MS water
 - 2. Rinse in sample more than 1 time
 - 3. Do not use for more than 25 samples
- 6. Water Bath**
- a. Circulating and thermostatically controlled to 37 - 42C

REAGENTS

- 7. Stock Dye Solution, 0.1% Ethidium Bromide (caution TOXIC, use gloves when handling and do not breath dust)**
- a. Dissolve 1.0g ethidium bromide (C₂₁H₂₀BrN₃) in 1 liter MS water by heating to 40 - 60C
 - b. Store in light-proof, air-tight bottle no more than 60 days
 - c. Date prepared _____ Exp. Date
- 8. Stock Rinsing Solution, 1% Triton X-100**
- a. Dissolve 10 mL Triton X-100 in 1 liter MS water by heating to 60C

- b. Store in air-tight container no more than 25 days
 - c. Date prepared _____ Exp. Date
- 9. Stock Buffer Solution, 0.025 M Potassium Hydrogen Phthalate**
- a. **Automated: Fossomatic 215**
 - 1. Dissolve 51.0g KH phthalate and 13.75g KOH in 10 L MS water by heating to 40 - 60C
 - 2. Add 10 mL 1% Triton X-100 (item 8), store less than 7 days in airtight container
 - 3. Date prep. _____ Exp. Date - b. **Semi-automated: Fossomatic 90**
 - 1. Dissolve 51.0g KH phthalate and 13.75g KOH in 10 L MS water by heating to 40 - 60C
 - 2. Add 150 mL 1% Triton X-100 (item 8), store less than 7 days in airtight container
 - 3 Date prep. _____ Exp. Date
- 10. Ammonium Hydroxide (NH₄OH) Solution, Reagent Grade, 25%**
- 11. All stock dye/buffer/rinsing solutions labeled with date prepared and expiration date**

WORKING SOLUTIONS

- 12. Working Dye Solution/Zero Control (used within 7 days)**
- a. **Foss 215:** Dilute 20 mL stock dye solution (item 7a) to 1 liter with stock buffer solution (item 9a2)
 - b. **Foss 90:** Dilute 26 mL stock dye solution (item 7a) to 2.5 liters with stock buffer solution (item 9b2)
 - c. Date prepared _____ Exp. Date
- 13. Working Rinsing Solution (used within 7 days)**
- a. Add 10 mL stock rinsing solution (item 8) to 25 mL of 25% NH₄OH and dilute to 10 liters with MS water
 - b. Date prepared _____ Exp. Date
- 14. Optionally use manufacturer's reagent kits and instructions specific for each instrument**
- 15. All working dye and rinsing solutions labeled with date prepared and expiration date**

START UP

- 16. Cell Counter**
- a. Assure adequate volume of working solutions, not used beyond expiration date(s)
 - b. Turn on power and cycle at least six times
 - c. Blind count:
 - 1. **Foss 90:** ≤5
 - 2. **Foss 215:** <10
 - d. **Foss 215** sample-reagent mixture temperature 50 - 60C
 - e. **Foss 90** additional checks:
 - 1. Vacuum pressure setting minimum of -40 KPa
 - 2. Dispenser filling time 4 - 5 seconds

ELECTRONIC SOMATIC CELL COUNT

Foss 90/215

[Unless otherwise stated all tolerances are ±5%]

- 3. Intake filling time 3 - 4 seconds
- f. **IF ANY ABOVE PARAMETERS ARE WRONG, CORRECT BEFORE PROCEEDING**
- g. Records maintained on all parameters
- 17. Milk Standards**
- a. Commercially prepared: _____
Lot # _____ Date Rcd. _____
1. Four samples in ranges 100K - 200K, 300K - 500K, 600K - 800K and 900K - 1.2M
- 2. Do DMSCC in triplicate on each standard in set and average counts, records maintained
- 3. DMSCC check performed in rotation by all certified analysts
- 4. Standards used within one week
- b. Certified provider: _____
Lot # _____ Exp. Date _____
Date Rcd. _____
1. Four samples in ranges 100K - 200K, 300K - 500K, 600K - 800K and 900K - 1.2M
- 2. Maintain copies of all provided DMSCC values
- 3. Measure and maintain records of temperature (0 - 7.2C) of standards as received
- 4. Maintain copies of all correspondence regarding problems
- c. Laboratory prepared (weekly)
- 1. Prepare from raw milk > 18 hours old preserved with 0.05% potassium dichromate (K₂Cr₂O₇)
- 2. Or, preserved with 0.02% 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol (Bronopol™)
- 3. Standards *cannot* be preserved with formalin
- 4. Prepare 4 standards in ranges 100K - 200K, 300K - 500K, 600K - 800K and 900K - 1.2M, used within one week
- Date prep. _____ Exp. Date _____
- 5. Do DMSCC in triplicate on each standard prepared and average counts, records maintained
- 6. DMSCC check performed in rotation by all certified analysts
- d. Hourly Control Sample (instrument drift check)
- 1. Use one of the standards (items 17a or b) in the 500-800K range, run in triplicate and determine average
- 2. Optionally, prepare sufficient control/sample 500-800K range, run in triplicate and determine average

PROCEDURE

- 18. Testing Standards (each time instrument used)**
- a. Heat standards to 37 - 42C (using a temperature control) and read within 30 minutes of reaching temperature, used once and then discarded, i.e., do not re-use
- b. Mixing
- 1. **Foss 215:** Invert at least twice, place in rack and put on automatic track; run within 10 min

- 2. **Foss 90:** Invert 10 times, pipet 500 µL into intake chamber within 3 min
- c. Run standards in triplicate (**Foss 90**) or 6 times (**Foss 215**) and average the counts for each level, records maintained
- d. Each standard's average must be within 10% of the DMSCC (item 17) for that level, except within 15% for 100 - 200K standard, records maintained
- e. Repeatability — a standard in the 300K to 800K range must have a coefficient of variation (C_v) of 5% or less on 10 replicates (**Refer to Operating Manual**), records maintained
- f. **THESE PARAMETERS MUST BE ACHIEVED BEFORE PROCEEDING**
- 19. Testing Samples**
- a. Heat samples to 37 - 42C (using a temperature control) and read within 30 minutes of reaching temperature, samples *must not* be re-used and must be discarded after use
- b. Mixing
- 1. **Foss 215:** Invert at least twice, place in rack and put on automatic track; run within 10 min
- 2. **Foss 90:** Invert 10 times, pipet 500 µL into intake chamber within 3 min
- c. Record number of cells counted for each sample
- 20. With continuous operation:**
- a. Run a standard or optionally a control/sample (item 17d) in the 500K to 800K range hourly, must be within 5% of the original established instrument average value (optionally, within 10% of original DMSCC average)
- b. Run standard/control 3x (**Foss 90**) or 6x (**Foss 215**)
- c. Run zero control (as in item 12)
- d. Maintain records
- 21. Routine maintenance**
- a. Perform as described in operating manual
- b. Maintain records

REPORTS

- 22. Computing and Reporting Counts**
- a. Count obtained x 1000 is the cell count/mL milk
- b. In reporting optical somatic cell counts (ESCC/mL), record only first two left hand digits, raising second digit to next higher number when third digit is 6 or more
- c. Report the two left hand digits (rounded)
- 1. If the third digit is 5 the second digit is rounded by the following rule
- a. When the second digit is odd round up, raise the second digit by 1 (odd up, 235 to 240)
- b. When the second digit is even round down, delete the 5 and report the second digit as is (even down, 225 to 220)
- d. If count on instrument is < 100 report as < 100,000 ESCC/mL