Rockville MD 20857





Food and Drug Administration

WARNING LETTER

DEC 5 2005

Certified Mail Return Receipt Requested

Reference No: 05-HFD-45-1201

David L. McCormick., Ph.D., D.A.B.T. Vice-President and Director, Life Sciences Group IIT Research Institute 10 West 35th Street Chicago, Illinois 60616

Dear Dr. McCormick:

Between January 3-7, 2005, James W. Plucinski and Charles A. Snipes, Ph.D., representing the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), inspected several nonclinical laboratory studies conducted by your firm including the following:

•	Protocol entitled "Two-Year Carcinogenicity Study of	
	Administered Subcutaneously in Rats" performed for	
•:	Protocol entitled "A Developmental Toxicity Study of Orall	ly Administered
	in Rabbits" performed for	_
٠	Protocol #]entitled "A Reproductive Toxicity Study	of
	Orally Administered in Rats" performed for	. 7
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	Administeredin Rats" performed for	7

These inspections are a part of FDA's Bioresearch Monitoring Program, which includes inspections designed to verify compliance with Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 58-Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) regulations. The regulation at 21 CFR 58 applies to nonclinical laboratory studies of products regulated by FDA.

At the conclusion of the inspection, our investigators presented and discussed with you the items listed on Form FDA 483, Inspectional Observations. Following our review of the establishment inspection reports and related documents, including your letter dated February 4, 2005, we conclude that you violated FDA regulations governing the conduct of nonclinical laboratory studies. This letter provides you with written notice of the matters under complaint. The applicable provisions of the CFR are cited for each violation.

1. Failure of testing facility management to assure that test articles or mixtures were appropriately tested for identity, strength, purity, stability, and uniformity, as applicable [21 CFR 58.31(d)].

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Your testing facility management failed to assure that the dose formulations of prepared by the sponsor and administered in study were tested for of the test article in the mixture, uniformity of the mixture, and stability of the test article under the conditions of the study. The protocol stated that the sponsor would test the dose formulations prior to shipment, and samples of the dose formulation would be sent to the sponsor for analysis during study weeks 5, 13, 26, 52, 78 and 103. You subsequently amended the protocol, approximately one year after dosing ended and two weeks before the final report was signed by the study director, to indicate that the dose formulation results would be submitted separately by the sponsor. Although the sponsor did submit the results to the agency after the inspection, the testing facility failed to assure that the appropriate testing was conducted in order for the study director to include the necessary information in the final report. (See violation #2 below) 2. Failure to include a description of all circumstances that may have affected the quality or integrity of the data in final study reports [21 CFR 58.185(a)(9)]. As detailed in item 1 above, the study director lacked critical information regarding the dose formulation administered to animals in study Characteristics of the dose formulation administered to animals in study Ontomes, and the absence of this information limits the quality and the integrity of the data for study While your final report stated that the sponsor would submit the results separately, it did not describe the impact of the missing information. Specifically, in your summary and conclusions sections of the final report you did not communicate that you lacked the critical data, or that you had reservations about drawing study conclusions without knowing the actual doses of the final report using the data that were available at the time. Since your attempts to obtain required information from the sponsor were unsuccessful, your final report conclus	
As detailed in item 1 above, the study director lacked critical information regarding the dose formulation administered to animals in study	prepared by the sponsor and administered in study were tested for of the test article in the mixture, uniformity of the mixture, and stability of the test article under the conditions of the study. The protocol stated that the sponsor would test the dose formulations prior to shipment, and samples of the dose formulation would be sent to the sponsor for analysis during study weeks 5, 13, 26, 52, 78 and 103. You subsequently amended the protocol, approximately one year after dosing ended and two weeks before the final report was signed by the study director, to indicate that the dose formulation results would be submitted separately by the sponsor. Although the sponsor did submit the results to the agency after the inspection, the testing facility failed to assure that the appropriate testing was conducted in order for the study director to include the necessary information in the final report. (See violation #2
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appropriate characteristics.	

4.	Not all nonclinical laboratory studies were conducted in accordance with the protocol [21 CFR 58.130(a)].
pri	e protocol for study required the consent of the study director or study pathologist or to sacrificing moribund animals (protocol section 12d). Five study animals (146, 405, 263, 8, and 369) were sacrificed without documentation of the required consent.
5.	Failure to indicate the reason for change in automated data entries [21 CFR 58.130(e)].
rea ob Fei dei	several instances, entries in the collection/notes and audit trails failed to provide the son for changing raw data. For example, audit trail entries for study demonstrate that servations of "normal" were removed without an explanation. In your response dated bruary 4, 2005, you agreed that the reasons used by study personnel did not provide sufficient ail regarding the reason for the change. We acknowledge your proposal to provide study resonnel additional training in this regard.
6.	Failure to have an approved written protocol for each study [21 CFR 58.120(a)].
appdated applead apple	u conducted study-specific activities for studies before the protocol was proved. Protocols must contain the date of approval of the protocol by the sponsor and the ed signature of the study director. 21 CFR 58.120(a)(11). Because the study initiation date CFR 58.3(o) represents the date on which the study director signs the protocol and the study gins, conduct on the study should not commence before that date. In particular, animals were domized into study specific dosing groups before the study was initiated. In your response ed February 4, 2005, you suggested that animal randomization is considered "pre-start" data lection, similar to the acquisition of a test article's certificate of analysis. Because animal domization depends upon a protocol-defined group number and size, FDA considers such ivities to be part of conducting the study. Thus, you conducted specific study-related ivities without an approved protocol.
7.	The protocol did not indicate all methods for the conduct of the study [21 CFR 58.120(a)].
the 20 Inc tha	various instances, the protocols for studies did not identify automated systems that were used for data collection. In your response dated February 4, 05, you stated that the raw data and final report documented use of the automated systems. Iusion of the information in those documents, however, does not meet the GLP requirement the protocol clearly indicate all methods for the conduct of the study. We acknowledge your posal to revise the content of active and future protocols to include the required information.

This letter is not intended to be an all-inclusive list of deficiencies at your facility. As described above, your conduct of nonclinical laboratory studies is deficient. Your response dated February 4, 2005 addressed some of these deficiencies; however, your response did not provide adequate assurance that you have established policies and procedures to prevent recurrence of the

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violations cited above. For example, you did not adequately address the issue concerning final report content, nor include details of the SOP revision you proposed regarding animal randomization. You must correct the deficiencies noted above and establish procedures to ensure that any on-going or future studies will be conducted in compliance with FDA regulations.

Within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of this letter, please notify this office in writing of the specific corrective actions you will take to address all of the deficiencies noted above and to achieve compliance with the FDA regulations. If corrective actions cannot be completed within 15 working days, you may request an extension of time in which to respond by stating the reason for the delay and the time within which the corrections will be completed. We will review your response and determine whether it is adequate. Failure to provide adequate assurances of compliance with FDA regulations may result in further regulatory action without further notice.

Your reply should be sent to: C.T. Viswanathan, Ph.D. Associate Director, Bioequivalence Chief, GLP & Bioequivalence Investigations Branch Division of Scientific Investigations Office of Medical Policy Center for Drug Evaluation and Research 7520 Standish Place, Room 116 Rockville, MD 20855 (301) 594-0020

Sincerely,

Goanne L. Rhoads, M.D., M.P.H.

Director

Division of Scientific Investigations

Joanne L Chands, M.D.

Office of Medical Policy

Center for Drug Evaluation and Research