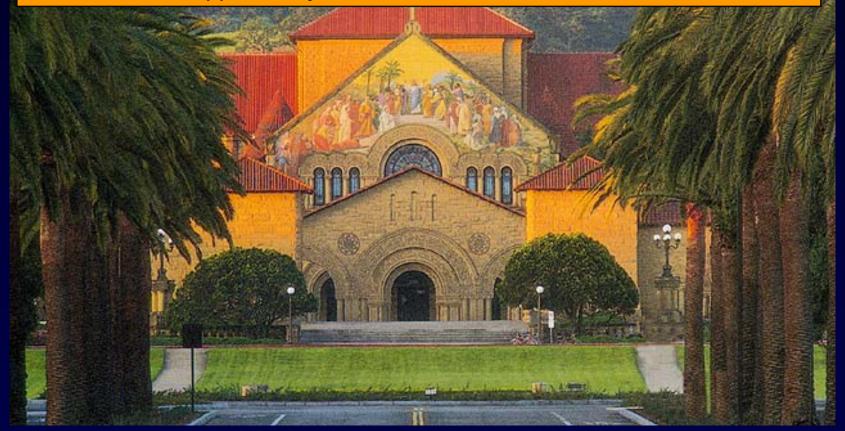


PI: John M. Pauly, Ph.D.

Co-PI: Michael V. McConnell, MD, MSEE

Electrical Engineering & Cardiovascular Medicine, Stanford University Supported by NIBIB Grant R01 EB002992-01



# IGI Applications ⇒ Clinical Need

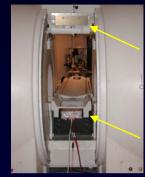
- Vascular Interventions
  - Total occlusions x-ray works poorly (no contrast)



Need to image within the occluded segment and guide the intervention to improve safety/efficacy

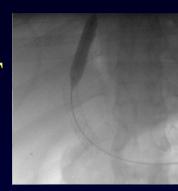
- Electrophysiology
  - Cardiac Ablation benefits from imaging the device location and the affected tissue

### Interventional MR Platforms



 $\Rightarrow$  0.5T - Open MRT

- True XMR system





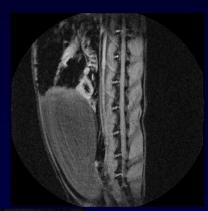
 $\Rightarrow$  1.5T - Main clinical platform

- Wide range of sequences
- Broad compatibility



 $\Rightarrow$  3.0T - Future platform?

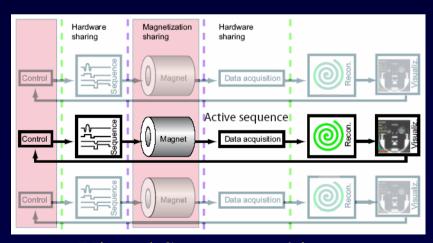
- SNR, resolution
- Off-resonance, heating





#### Real-Time MR Interface

- Dynamic "Virtual Scanner" software architecture
  - Rapid switching between sequences/coils
  - Multi-channel imaging/display (now up to 4)
  - Real-time and hi-res Spiral, SSFP, Spin Echo, etc.
  - Integrated features: catheter tracking, color flow imaging



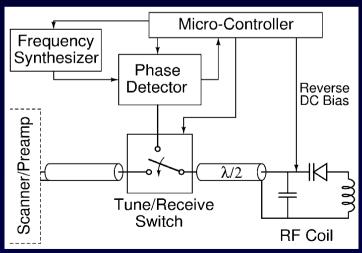
Virtual Scanner architecture

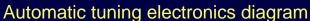


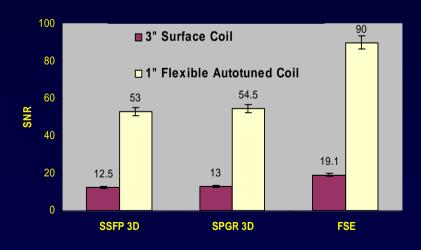
Multi-sequence/Multi-coil UI

#### MR Catheter Coils

- Active "guidewire" for visualization, tracking, safety
  - Multiple channels visualize body/tip, track tip/direction
  - Autotuning system flexible geometry
  - Optically coupled electronics safety







Ex vivo SNR of flexible autotuned interventional coil

#### MRI of Vascular Occlusions

- Occlusive model
  - Acute  $\Rightarrow$  Chronic
  - Rabbit  $\Rightarrow$  Pig ( $\Rightarrow$  Human)
  - Peripheral  $\Rightarrow$  Coronary
- Real-time imaging
  - Spatial vs. temporal resolution
  - Multi-channel imaging/tracking
- MR guidewire
  - Body and tip visualization
  - Safety
  - Mechanical features

Rabbit Model - Total Occlusion

## MRI of Myocardial Cryo Ablation

- Freezing ("cryo") is alternative to RF ablation
  - ? fewer complications
  - Less MR interference
- Real-time imaging
  - Signal void from "ice ball"
  - Gradient vs. spin echo
- MR-compatible cryo
  - Device artifact
  - Optimize for EP

