



**Governor's Workforce Investment Division** 



Annual Report

TO THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Program Year 2002







#### Message from the Governor

During the 2002-2003 program year, the Governor's Workforce Investment Division made great progress in designing a comprehensive, fully integrated workforce development system.

System improvements would not be possible without the dedication and collaboration of government agencies, service providers, state and local boards, elected officials, and others involved in workforce development. These individuals and groups coordinated their resources to assure that every employee, job seeker, and employer has access to customerfocused programs and services in the state.

By working with business, education, and other professionals, the Governor's Workforce Investment Division ensures that state economic development initiatives and goals match ongoing activities, which result in a truly skilled, employable workforce.

On behalf of the citizens of West Virginia, I extend my thanks to the division and its partners for working together and making job opportunities available for those who want to work and for providing training to those who need education to reach their goals.

Very truly yours,

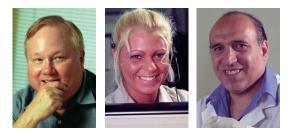
Gov. Bob Wise

- Region Two: Boone, Cabell, Lincoln, Logan, Mingo, Putnam, and Wayne counties form this region in the southwestern portion of the state. Approximately 300,000 West Virginians reside in the Region Two area, which features both mountainous, rural terrain and larger cities such as Huntington in Cabell County. Region Three: The only single county region in the state, Region Three serves the citizens of Kanawha County. With slightly more than 200,000 citizens, Kanawha County houses the capital city of Charleston. Region Four: Stretching from the Ohio River to the central interior of the state, Region Four is composed of the nine counties of Calhoun, Clay, Jackson, Mason, Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Wirt, and Wood. More than 190,000 residents make their home in Region Four. Region Five: This six-county region is in the Northern Panhandle portion of the state. Region Five provides services to the citizens of Brooke, Hancock, Marshall, Ohio, Tyler, and Wetzel counties, which combine to create a population of more than 168,000. Thirteen counties in the north central portion of West Virginia comprise Region Six. Barbour, Region Six:
- Region Six: Thirteen counties in the north central portion of West Virginia comprise Region Six. Barbour, Braxton, Doddridge, Gilmer, Harrison, Lewis, Marion, Monongalia, Preston, Randolph, Taylor, Tucker, and Upshur counties can be found in this area of primarily mountainous terrain that has approximately 370,000 residents.
- **Region Seven:** This region of eight counties encompasses two distinct, yet closely linked, regions of the state. The 'Potomac Highlands' area of Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Mineral, and Pendleton counties join with the Eastern Panhandle counties of Berkeley, Jefferson, and Morgan to create an area with more than 218,000 citizens.

The Governor's Workforce Investment Division worked closely with all seven local boards and local board staff over the past year. Some of the highlights include:

- Working closely with the regions on partnerships and blending of state Governor's Guaranteed Workforce Program dollars with federal Workforce Investment Act funds for customized training projects
- Working in concert with local boards to refine the delivery of rapid response services, which often result in the local board taking the lead role in the delivery of services to these customers
- Continuing monthly meetings between local board staff and the Governor's Workforce Investment Division, which allows a forum to address issues from a variety of areas of workforce investment administration
- Meetings held every other month between Governor's Workforce Investment Division staff and local youth coordinators to focus on issues surrounding the delivery of services to young people in West Virginia





State and local leaders must continue to meet the challenges of a changing economy to ensure growth and economic prosperity for the state and its workforce. Much of the focus will to be on the following issues:

- Improving the literacy and education levels of our citizens, which only enhances the opportunities for economic success and advancement
- Providing workers with the skill sets necessary to compete for opportunities created in emerging industries
- Addressing the challenges unique to a rural state, such as ensuring transportation and convenient access to available services
- Examining methods for retaining West Virginia's young people by providing quality employment opportunities

All of these issues can only be met and conquered with the aid of West Virginia's workforce investment system. For instance, education and training resources are vital to providing the skill sets necessary for workers to enhance their opportunities for economic success. Improved technology can aid in providing access to services, as well as improve the ability to manage information and data.

Unfortunately, as need remains high, the state is faced with declining resources for workforce services. For the past several years, West Virginia has endured significant cuts in funding made available to the state under the federal Workforce Investment Act. As a result, those providing workforce services must work together to ensure the most effective and efficient application of available resources. Achievements of the past year confirm that such collaboration is possible, as advances were achieved and West Virginia's workforce development system was improved.

#### The Local Workforce Investment Boards

At the heart of the state's workforce investment efforts are the local workforce investment boards. The federal Workforce Investment Act calls for an emphasis on local control and decision making, which is an excellent approach for a state with the diverse geographic and economic regions of West Virginia. A capsule summary of each local area follows:

**Region One:** Eleven counties in the southeastern portion of the state are part of the Region One area. Fayette, Greenbrier, McDowell, Nicholas, Mercer, Monroe, Pocahontas, Raleigh, Summers, Webster, and Wyoming counties contain a total population of more than 350,000 people in primarily mountainous, rural settings.



The Governor's Workforce Investment Division will continue to promote the full realization of this vision. To do so, we must work to meet the goals set forth for the state's workforce development system under the leadership of Governor Wise:

- To design and implement a comprehensive, fully integrated workforce development system that appropriately balances state and local roles, responsibilities, and accountability, and fosters true local partnering and ownership for regional workforce development
- To assure that every employee, job seeker, and employer is aware of and has universal access to the full continuum of available workforce development programs and services in West Virginia
- To leverage collaboration, public and private, at all levels and among all stakeholders that builds system capacity, optimizes resources, and sustains measurable high performance throughout the system
- To ensure connectivity between West Virginia economic development initiatives and goals and workforce development activities so as to match career opportunities and programs to well defined and documented workforce needs that result in a truly skilled workforce
- To advance a system-wide, customer-focused, quality culture that is continuously improved
- To demonstrate appropriate accountability of organizations, individuals, and processes throughout the system.

#### Background: West Virginia's Workforce Investment System

West Virginia is in many ways a unique state, from its scenic terrain to the spirit of its people. However, the state's evolving economic base poses numerous challenges. The state has an industrial heritage, having long relied on activities related to manufacturing, mining, and timbering to help fuel its economy. Thus, the national economic shift away from traditional industries has had a profound impact on West Virginia. Although the traditional industries continue to play a major role in the state, many of its workers now find that their opportunities for employment lie more in fields such as information technology, tourism/hospitality, and other service industries.









#### Improvement Comes from Working Together

July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003 was a significant year for workforce investment in West Virginia. This report outlines major improvements in the delivery of workforce services across the state that will benefit West Virginians now and in the future. Reviewing the events of the year catalogs challenges faced, goals obtained, and work that must still be completed. In addition, reviewing the year also reinforces that continued improvement can only be achieved by working together.

The federal Workforce Investment Act of 1998 significantly altered the framework of workforce investment in the United States. The Act espouses core principles such as streamlined service delivery through "one-stop shop" service locations and business-led boards at the state and local level with the authority to engage in meaningful planning. As a result, a new regionally focused system has emerged that requires balancing service delivery through the state's one-stop career centers with strategic administration of state and local workforce investment resources.

The Workforce Investment Act makes possible the crafting of a flexible workforce investment system that is responsive to the needs of employers and workers alike. Of course, the development of such a system requires the collaboration of state and local boards, elected officials, government agencies, service providers and others. Great strides were made in workforce development in West Virginia this year thanks to the many that worked together to take advantage of the opportunities afforded under the Workforce Investment Act.

#### The Governor's Workforce Investment Division

As the lead state entity for workforce investment matters, the Governor's Workforce Investment Division plays a central role in constructing West Virginia's workforce development system. The division's ultimate goal is to facilitate the implementation of a fully integrated system that delivers the services needed by West Virginia employers and citizens. The vision for achieving this aim is set forth in the state's Strategic Workforce Investment Plan:

In West Virginia, we will create a more vibrant and diverse economy based on the strengths of our heritage, our culture, and our most valuable resource - our citizens.

We will build easily accessible pathways to connect our human capital, and education/training resources with the current and future needs of the general economy.

We will aggressively compete to retrain and expand our workforce and industry.

By working together, we will strengthen our citizens, our communities, our economy, and our quality of life.

This vision will be realized through the one stop career center system as part of a workforce development system that is flexible and responsive to the needs of our citizens and businesses.



#### Greetings from the Director

The Governor's Workforce Investment Division made major changes in the delivery of services in West Virginia during the 2002 program year. These changes simplify the workforce investment system; more closely link workforce development professionals with employers, job seekers, and training providers; and improve performance measurement.

Division staff worked with many individuals and organizations from the fields of business, education, and government to streamline the state's regionally focused system of WORKFORCE WV career centers.

State and local resources were leveraged to create a flexible system that is responsive to the needs of employers and workers alike.

The WORKFORCE WV management information system was implemented, facilitating case management and data collection.

A new statewide customer satisfaction data collection project assesses program performance.

Local boards refined the delivery of rapid response services.

Division staff worked with the United States Department of Labor, the West Virginia Youth Development State team, and local youth coordinators to enhance service delivery to our future workforce.

I want to thank the many professionals whose hard work and dedication strengthened our workforce development system, thereby improving the economy and the quality of life in West Virginia.

Sincerely,

David Lieving



- Working in concert with the United States Department of Labor to provide focused training for state and local staff on Workforce Investment Act performance measures, particularly those associated with youth programs, in an effort to address and improve performance in that area
- Providing representation from both the Governor's Workforce Investment Division and the local boards on the West Virginia Youth Development State Team, an initiative to examine services available to young people across the state and discuss methods for collaboration and streamlining

#### Working Together - Improved Technology and Management Information

The Governor's Workforce Investment Division made much progress during the last program year in the area of technology. The past program year saw the implementation of the WORKFORCE WV management information system. This Internet-based, real time computer system is derived from work done by the states of West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Maryland, and Virginia, along with the United States Department of Labor Regional Office in Philadelphia, in developing the Mid Atlantic Career Consortium (MACC) system. Division staff customized the MACC system to meet West Virginia's needs and implemented a comprehensive case management and data system for Workforce Investment Act activities in the state. The WORKFORCE WV system allows for case management and data collection that is essential to providing state-level required reporting to the federal government and real time management reporting for daily administration of programs at the local level.

The Governor's Workforce Investment Division looks forward to the continued growth of the system as partner agencies are tied into its use and more customers utilize the self-service aspects of the system. This will allow for increased efficiency in tracking participants across partner programs, enable agencies to streamline services, avoid duplication of efforts, and provide a wealth of new data to workforce development professionals.

#### Working Together on Performance

Improved technology certainly plays a role in measuring and improving program performance. However, other achievements and activities have played a role. The Governor's Workforce Investment Division provides leadership in a number of areas in an effort to assess and improve program performance.

The Governor's Workforce Investment Division worked with the local workforce investment boards to implement a statewide customer satisfaction project. A telephone survey system not only collects customer satisfaction data required by the federal government but also captures additional information that may be used at both the state and local level to assess program performance. The required data is in the tables that accompany this report. However, the additional data being captured is of at least equal value in providing for opportunities to assess the delivery of workforce services in the state.

The division also implemented a new, comprehensive monitoring process. State staff visited each of the local boards during the year to review operations, policies, and other aspects of the local system. This allowed staff to provide technical assistance as needed, as well as provide information that state and the local areas can use to examine and enhance its system for the delivery of workforce services. That the Governor's Workforce Investment Division also worked closely with local board staff in the negotiation of local area performance standards for Program Years 2003 and 2004. The work done allowed the state to successfully negotiate performance standards with the United States Department of Labor. As a result of West Virginia's Strategic Workforce Investment Plan was amended to reflect these new measures. Based on economic trends and other available data, the Governor's Workforce Investment Division will continue to evaluate the need for a renegotiation of these performance measures.

#### Working Together - The State Council, Work Groups, and Other Collaborative Efforts

Workforce development received a great deal of attention in West Virginia during the past program year. Many individuals and agencies at state and local levels collaborated to make system improvements that would better meet the needs of West Virginians.

The West Virginia Workforce Investment Council serves as the state-level workforce investment board. Comprised of a majority of private sector business leaders, with other members coming from state government organizations, the state Legislature, and other walks of life, the council made great strides in the previous program year. The formation of committees to address areas such as performance, marketing, and the provision of services to special populations allows council members to focus on particular aspects of the workforce investment system. In addition, the council was involved in projects such as the review, revision, and approval of existing workforce investment policies. The leadership provided by this group, as well as that provided by the State Legislative Oversight Commission for workforce investment issues, will continue to enhance the service delivery system in the state.

The Governor's Workforce Investment Division provides staff assistance to the West Virginia Workforce Investment Council and reports regularly to the State Legislative Oversight Commission. In addition, staff from the Governor's Workforce Investment Division is part of collaborative efforts and work groups such as the following:

- The Interagency Collaborative Team is a group of agency heads or designees from across state government that meets monthly to improve delivery of workforce investment services. Program year tasks included drafting language for a memorandum of understanding between state-level agencies, implementing case manager focus groups to discuss local level issues, addressing violent offender workforce reentry issues, improving assessment processes, and handling referral issues.
- WORKFORCEWV Computer System Implementation is a group of state and local representatives that meets regularly to discuss concerns related to the implementation of the WORKFORCEWV system.
- The Common Measures work group is comprised of state and local representatives that address
  the upcoming common measures to be implemented across a number of federal programs,
  including workforce investment. The group examines these proposed performance measures
  and assesses the work that must be done before their implementation.







Local workforce boards also worked to increase the use of the one-stop systems in their respective regions. Job fairs, youth days, and other special outreach events promote use of the one-stop system. Efforts will be made in the next program year to continue such activities, including holding special outreach sessions for veterans and other specific populations.

#### Conclusion

Work continues on the improvement of the workforce investment system in West Virginia. As this report shows, the Governor's Workforce Investment Division is but one part of a vast system that must be in place to provide the full array of services needed by West Virginia's employers and workers. The Governor's Workforce Investment Division and a host of other state and local entities made great strides during the previous program year in improving services provided. We look forward to continuing the collaborative effort into the next program year and beyond.

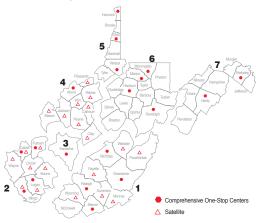




• The credentialing work group addresses credentialing issues in West Virginia.

#### Working Together - The One-Stop Career Center System

Among the seven local workforce investment boards in the state, 19 comprehensive one-stop centers have been established, along with a number of smaller satellite sites. State and local entities worked together to refine the various facets of the state's



one-stop system for the delivery of workforce services. With emphasis being placed on the continued evolution and development of the One-Stop system by everyone from the State Legislative Oversight Commission on workforce investment matters to the West Virginia Workforce Investment Council and the local workforce boards, a number of initiatives have been dedicated to the continued improvement of the one-stop system.

The West Virginia Workforce Investment Council has focused a great deal of attention on the one-stop concept. Council committees addressed issues such as access to services provided by the one-stops to special populations, and the transition of the brand name of the one-stop centers from WORK4WV to the WORKFORCE WV career centers. Efforts by the Interagency Collaborative Team relating to case management, violent offender re-entry, assessment testing, and referrals also contributed to the enhancement of one-stop services. The state agencies on the Interagency Collaborative Team, as well as local board staff, were instrumental in the acqui-

sition of information related to the State of the One-Stop System report released by the Governor's Workforce Investment Division in October 2003. This report was the first of what is to be an annual assessment of the one-stop system in West Virginia.

Many projects related to the one-stop system involve the collaboration of individuals at all levels of the workforce development system. No better example of that exists than the Building Inclusive One-Stop Systems (BIOSS) project. This federally funded effort, supported by numerous state and local agencies and boards, examines ways to improve accessibility to the one-stop system for all West Virginia citizens. Activities included physical accessibility reviews and assistive technology assessments for those needing specialized computer hardware and software.

#### Cost Relative To Effort

West Virginia has made numerous gains in terms of performance and direction of the Workforce Investment Act (WIA) in our state. The failure to meet performance goals in our youth program has been corrected, primarily due to the implementation of the Mid-Atlantic Career Consortium (MACC), our management information system. Wage gain and wage replacement measures continue to be a concern because of the ailing state economy. The state is losing high paying chemical, steel, and coal mining jobs that are being replaced with lower paying service-related jobs.

The total number of WIA participants served during Program Year 2002 (PY02) was 11,590. The total WIA funds expended during PY02 were \$42,447,897. The average cost per participant served was \$3,662. Listed below is pertinent data relating information by funding stream:

#### PY02 ANALYSIS

#### Adults

Number Served	5,489
Number Received ITA	2,186
Number Received Occupational Skills Training	2,215
Number Received Intensive Services	2,365
Average Monthly Income Prior to Registration	\$1,635 /mo.
Average Monthly Income After Exit	\$2,184 /mo.
Dislocated Workers	
Number Served	2,718
Number Received ITA	1,583
Number Received Occupational Skills Training	1,675
Number Received Intensive Services	783
Average Monthly Income Prior to Registration	\$5,503 /mo.
Average Monthly Income After Exit	\$3,176 /mo.
Younger Youth	
Number Served	2,936
Number Received Intensive Services	2,903
Number Received Occupational Skills Training	816
Number Received GED or High School Diploma	1,387
Older Youth	
Number Served	447
Number Received Intensive Services	437
Number Received ITA	39
Number Received Occupational Skills Training	186
Average Monthly Income Prior to Registration	\$ 928 /mo.
Average Monthly Income After Exit	\$1,051 /mo.

### State Name: WV Program Year: 2002

#### Table A: Workforce Investment Act Customer Satisfaction Results

Customer Satisfaction	Negotiated Performance Level	Actual Performance - Level - American Customer Satisfaction Index	Number of Surveys Completed	Number of Customers Eligible for the Survey	Number of Customers Included in the Sample	Response Rate
Participants	70	73.8	746	1,928	1,407	53
Employers	68	66.48	152	510	338	45

#### Table B: Adult Program Results At-A-Glan

	Negotiated Performance Level	Actual Performar	nce Level
Entered Employment Rate	64	70.1	1,843
			2,629
Employment Detention Dete	81	77.9	1,841
Employment Ratention Rate			2,362
	2,837	2,065	4,321,601
Earnings Change in Six Month			2,093
E-mail and Cradential Data	<b>C</b> 2	50.0	1,055
Employment and Credential Rate	62	58.3	1,811

#### Table C: Outcomes for Adult Special Populations

Reported Information	Public Assistance Recipients Receiving Intensive or Training Services					ividuals With Disabilities	Older Individuals	
Entered		348		82		67		18
Employment Rate	67.4	516	68.9	119	66.3	101	64.3	28
Employment Retention	70.0	278	70.0	75	70.0	66	63.6	14
Retention 73.9 Rate	73.9	376	70.8	106	78.6	84		22
Earnings Change in Six		729,175	729,175         149,083         2,037           324         1,537         97         2,037	150,704		-25,088		
Change in Six 2,251 Months	2,251	324		97	2,037	74	-1,254	20
Employment	40.0	154	<b>CO 7</b>	37		53	75	9
and Credential Rate	48.9	48.9     60.7     54.1       315     61     54.1		98	75	12		

### Table D: Other Outcome Information for the Adult Program

Reported Information	Individuals Who Received Training Services			als Who Only Received nd Intensive Services
Fatured Employment Date	76.7	990	<b>60 7</b>	853
Entered Employment Rate	76.7	1,290	63.7	1,339
Employment Detention Date	85.3	1,246	- 66	595
Employment Retention Rate		1,461		901
Formings Change in Six Mantha	2,618	3,217,152	4 970	1,104,449
Earnings Change in Six Months		1,229	1,278	864

### Table E: Dislocated Worker Program Results At-A-Glance

	Negotiated Performance Level	Actual Per	formance Level
Entered Employment Rate	66	88.2	1,230
			1,395
Fundament Detention Data	84	89.6	1,102
Employment Retention Rate			1,230
Forming a Depleterment in Six Martha	94	102	9,575,133
Earnings Replacement in Six Months			9,384,746
	62	CE 0	808
Employment and Credential Rate		65.8	1,228

#### Table F: Outcomes for Dislocated Worker Special Populations

Reported Information	Vet	erans	Individuals With Disabilities		Older Individuals		Displaced Homemakers	
Entered Employment	87	100	76.7	23	81.5	66		6
Rate	•	115		30	•	81	75	8
Employment Retention	86 -	86		20	95.5	63		5
Rate		100	87	23		66	83.3	6
Earnings Replacement	91.8	858,122		116,145	71.6	580,915		28,335
Rate		934,314	106.7	108,807		811,149	592.7	4,781
Employmemt And Credential Rate		68		14	56.9	37	- 25	2
	66	103	51.9	27		65		8

### Table G: Other Outcome Information for the Dislocated Worker Program

Reported Information	Individuals Who Re	eceived Training Services	Individuals Who Received Core and Intensive Services		
Entered Employment Rate		1,088		142	
	88.6	1,228	85	167	
Employment Retention Rate	90.2	981		121	
		1,088	85.2	142	
Earnings Replacement Rate	103.2	8,463,652	94.1	1,111,481	
	105.2	8,203,629		1,181,117	

### Table H: Older Youth Results At-A-Glance

	Negotiated Performance Level	Actual Pe	rformance Level
	60	82.4	70
Entered Employment Rate	60	02.4	85
Employment Detention Date	79	85.2 -	75
Employment Retention Rate	19	03.2	88
Earnings Change in Six Months	2,311	1,900	104,473
	,		55
Credential Rate	52	60.4	64
			106

### Table I: Outcomes for Older Youth Special Populations

Reported Information	on Public Assistance Recipients		Veterans		Individuals With Disabilities		Out-of-School Youth		
Entered Employment		8		0		11		63	
Rate	100	8	0	1	78.6	14	81.8	77	
Employment Retention	75 -	6	_	0	91.7 -	11		67	
Rate		8	0	1		12	84.8	79	
Earnings Change in		16,287	_	0		7,214		103,255	
Six Months	4,072	4	0	1	1,202	6	1,986	52	
Credential Rate	62.5	5			68.8		11		58
		8	0	1		16	60.4	96	

### Table J: Younger Youth Results At-A-Glance

	Negotiated Performance Level	Actual Performance Level	
Skill Attainment Rate	74	98.8	1,825
	/4	90.0	1,847
Diplome of Equivelent Attainment Data		56.7	262
Diploma or Equivalent Attainment Rate	57	56.7	462
Retention Rate		64.0	153
	56	61.2	250

### Table K: Outcomes for Younger Youth Special Populations

Reported Information	Public Assistance Recipients		Individu	uals Disabilities	Out-of-School Youth	
Skill Attainment Rate		263		274		512
	99.2	265	98.6	278	99	517
Diploma or Equivalent Attainment Rate	59.1 -	26	63.6	42	60.4	110
		44		66		182
Retention Rate	52.6	10	72.7	16	55.0	74
		19		22	- 55.2	134

### Table L: Other Reported Information

	Emplo	lonth oyment on Rate	12 Mo. Ear (Adults and 0 0 12 Mo. Ear Replaceme (Dislocated V	r nings ent	Parti Non	ements for icipants in traditional ployment	Empl Those Ir Entered Uns	At Entry Into oyment For idividuals Who Employment subsidized ployment	Employm the Trainin Those W	Unsubsidized ent Related to ng Received of ho Completed ng Services	
		657	0.004	2,061,063		9	2,398		4,009,959		456
Adults	63.8	1,029	2,221	928	0.5	1,843		1,672	46.4	983	
Dislocated		402	100 -	3,844,713		8	4	5,088,858		556	
Workers	70.8	568	103.7	3,707,913	0.7	1,230	4,589	1,109	51.7	1,075	
Older	68	34		126,017		0		93,256			
Youth		50	2,681	47	0	70	1,793	52			

### Table M:Participation Levels

	Total Participants Served	Total Exiters
Adults	4,567	1,610
Dislocated Workers	3,766	1,459
Older Youth	621	148
Younger Youth	4,029	807

### Table N:Cost of Program Activities

	Program Activity		Total Federal Spending
Local Adult	Local Adults		\$9,899,130.00
Local Dislo	cated	Workers	\$11,736,987.00
Local Youth	ì		\$10,527,663.00
Rapid Resp	onse	(up to 25%) 134 (a) (2) (A)	\$4,706,628.00
Statewide R	equi	red Activities (up to 25%) 134 (a) (2) (B)	\$3,930,094.00
Statewide		Incentives	\$155,000.00
Allowable	E	HOPE-youth	\$115,100.00
Activities	ity Description	SWVCTC	\$300,000.00
134 (a) (3)		Small Bus. Dev.	\$100,000.00
		Marshall Univ.	\$42,215.00
		Unlimited Futuires	\$70,080.00
	Activity	Dept. of Ed.	\$115,000.00
	M A	WV JAG - youth	\$750,000.00
	Program		
		Total of All Federal Spending Listed Above	\$42,447,897.00

2002

# State Name: WV Progam Year:

Local Area Name:	Total Participants Served	Adults	303
Northern Panhandle WIB Region 5		Dislocated Workers	320
		Older Youth	64
		Younger Youth	321
	Total Exiters	Adults	125
		Dislocated Workers	137
		Older Youth	13
		Younger Youth	32

		Negotiated Perfor Level	mance	Actual	Performance Level	
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants		70		84.2	
Customer Satisfaction	Employers		68	75		
	Adults		64		87	
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Workers		66		82.5	
	Older Youth		60		50	
	Adults		81		85	
	Dislocated Workers		84		80.8	
Retention Rate	Older Youth		79		100	
	Younger Youth		56		20	
	Adults(\$)		2,837	2,3		
Earnings Change / Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Workers		94	85.6		
	Older Youth (\$)		2,311		686	
	Adults		62	71		
	Dislocated Workers		62		63.5	
Credential / Diploma Rate	Older Youth		52		33.3	
	Younger Youth		57	50		
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth		74		99.4	
Description of Other State Ind	licators of Performance					
		Not Met	Met	•	Exceeded	
Overall Status of Local Perfor	3	5	•	9		

### State Name: WV

Progam Year:

### 2002

Local Area Name:		Adults	251
Workforce Investment Board of Kanawha County, Inc.	Total Participants	Dislocated Workers	480
Kanawna Oounty, me.	Served	Older Youth	31
		Younger Youth	379
		Adults	94
	Total Exiters	Dislocated Workers	221
		Older Youth	11
		Younger Youth	124

		Negotiated Perfor Level	mance	Actual Performance Level
Customer Setisfaction	Program Participants		70	72.6
Customer Satisfaction	Employers		68	52
	Adults		64	82.2
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Workers		66	
	Older Youth		60	88.9
	Adults		81	90.7
	Dislocated Workers		84	88.4
Retention Rate	Older Youth		79	87.5
	Younger Youth		56	
	Adults(\$)		2,837	
Earnings Change / Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Workers		94	
	Older Youth (\$)		2,311	
	Adults		62	
	Dislocated Workers		62	
Credential / Diploma Rate	Older Youth		52	
	Younger Youth		57	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth		74	
Description of Other State Inc	licators of Performance			
		Not Met	Ме	t Exceeded
Overall Status of Local Perfor	mance	3	3	11

### State Name: WV

Progam Year:

2002

Local Area Name:		Adults	1,533
WORK4WV Region I Workforce Investment Board, Inc.	Total Participants	Dislocated Workers	873
	Served	Older Youth	186
		Younger Youth	848
	Total Exiters	Adults	511
		Dislocated Workers	280
		Older Youth	41
		Younger Youth	245

		Negotiated Perform Level	nance	Actual	Performance Level	
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants		70		73.2	
Customer Satisfaction	Employers		68	65.		
	Adults		64		68.1	
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Workers		66		87.1	
	Older Youth		60		100	
	Adults		81		71.6	
	Dislocated Workers		84		81.2	
Retention Rate	Older Youth		79		84.6	
	Younger Youth		56	77.4		
	Adults(\$)		2,837	1,75		
Earnings Change / Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Workers		94		107.4	
	Older Youth (\$)		2,311		4,418	
	Adults		62	54.2		
	Dislocated Workers		62		68.1	
Credential / Diploma Rate	Older Youth		52	92.3		
	Younger Youth		57	85.3		
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth		74		98.5	
Description of Other State Inc	licators of Performance					
		Not Met	Met	t	Exceeded	
Overall Status of Local Perfor	Overall Status of Local Performance		4		12	

### State Name: WV

Progam Year:

2002

Local Area Name:		Adults	1,009
Southern West Virginia Workforce Investment Board - Region II	Total Participants	Dislocated Workers	598
	Served	Older Youth	140
		Younger Youth	1,037
	Total Exiters	Adults	340
		Dislocated Workers	181
		Older Youth	13
		Younger Youth	69

		Negotiated Perfor Level	mance	Actua	al Performance Level	
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants		70		75.7	
Customer Satisfaction	Employers		68		64.5	
	Adults		64		62.4	
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Workers		66		82.6	
	Older Youth		60		70	
	Adults		81		78.7	
	Dislocated Workers		84		91.7	
Retention Rate	Older Youth		79		73.3	
	Younger Youth		56		54.5	
Earnings Change / Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Adults(\$)		2,837		2,237	
	Dislocated Workers		94		113.8	
	Older Youth (\$)		2,311		558	
	Adults		62		56.1	
	Dislocated Workers		62		53.2	
Credential / Diploma Rate	Older Youth		52		57.1	
	Younger Youth		57		66.7	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth		74		100	
Description of Other State Inc	licators of Performance					
		Not Met	Me	t	Exceeded	
Overall Status of Local Perfor	mance	2	7		8	

2002

# State Name: WV Progam Year:

Local Area Name:		Adults	695
Region 4 Workforce Investment Board	Total Participants	Dislocated Workers	794
	Served	Older Youth	94
		Younger Youth	648
	Total Exiters	Adults	141
		Dislocated Workers	233
		Older Youth	22
		Younger Youth	171

		Negotiated Perform Level	nance	Actual Performance Level	
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants		70	68	
	Employers		68	79.6	
Entered Employment Rate	Adults		64	89.9	
	Dislocated Workers		66	91.4	
	Older Youth		60	100	
	Adults		81	92.6	
Defenden Defe	Dislocated Workers		84	98.4	
Retention Rate	Older Youth		79	100	
	Younger Youth		56	33.3	
	Adults(\$)		2,837		
Earnings Change / Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Workers		94	96.7	
	Older Youth (\$)		2,311	3,752	
	Adults		62		
	Dislocated Workers		62		
Credential / Diploma Rate	Older Youth		52		
	Younger Youth		57		
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth		74	99	
Description of Other State Inc	licators of Performance				
		Not Met         Met           2         1		Exceeded	
Overall Status of Local Perfor	mance			14	

2002

# State Name: WV Progam Year:

Local Area Name: Region VI Workforce Investment Board	Total Participants Served	Adults	692
		Dislocated Workers	599
		Older Youth	98
		Younger Youth	688
	Total Exiters	Adults	359
		Dislocated Workers	362
		Older Youth	43
		Younger Youth	151

		Negotiated Perform	mance	Actua	l Performance Level	
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants		70		74.8	
Customer Satisfaction	Employers		68		68	
Entered Employment Rate	Adults		64		76.8	
	Dislocated Workers		66		91.4	
	Older Youth		60	82.9		
	Adults		81		85.8	
	Dislocated Workers		84		90.3	
Retention Rate	Older Youth		79		87	
	Younger Youth		56		57.3	
	Adults(\$)		2,837		2,211	
Earnings Change / Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Workers		94		106.4	
Replacement in Six Months	Older Youth (\$)		2,311		1,423	
	Adults		62		59.2	
	Dislocated Workers		62		74.4	
Credential / Diploma Rate	Older Youth		52		61.8	
	Younger Youth		57		60	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth		74	98		
Description of Other State Inc	licators of Performance					
		Not Met     Met     I       2     2		t	Exceeded	
Overall Status of Local Perfor	mance			13		

2002

# State Name: WV Progam Year:

Local Area Name:	Total Participants Served	Adults	84
Region 7 Workforce Investment Board		Dislocated Workers	102
		Older Youth	8
		Younger Youth	108
	Total Exiters	Adults	40
		Dislocated Workers	45
		Older Youth	5
		Younger Youth	15

		Negotiated Perfor	mance	Actua	al Performance Level	
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants		70		67.1	
	Employers		68		78.3	
Entered Employment Rate	Adults		64		92.9	
	Dislocated Workers		66		91.7	
	Older Youth		60	100		
	Adults		81		80	
	Dislocated Workers		84	84		
Retention Rate	Older Youth		79		100	
	Younger Youth		56		82.6	
Earnings Change / Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Adults(\$)		2,837		3,889	
	Dislocated Workers		94		100.9	
	Older Youth (\$)		2,311		0	
	Adults		62		52.9	
	Dislocated Workers		62		78.3	
Credential / Diploma Rate	Older Youth		52		100	
	Younger Youth		57		83.3	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth		74	100		
Description of Other State Inc	licators of Performance					
		Not Met	Met		Exceeded	
Overall Status of Local Perfor	mance	1 3		13		