## U.S. Census Bureau News

U.S. Department of Commerce • Washington, D.C. 20233

## THIRD QUARTER 2006 ADVANCE DATA FROM THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL REPORT U.S. MANUFACTURING, MINING, AND WHOLESALE TRADE CORPORATIONS



## Seasonally Adjusted After-Tax Profits and Sales

## Manufacturing Corporations

Seasonally adjusted after-tax profits of U.S. manufacturing corporations totaled $\$ 124.3$ billion in the third quarter 2006, the U.S. Census Bureau reported. Third quarter 2006 after-tax profits were up $\$ 7.3( \pm 0.6)$ billion from the $\$ 117.1$ billion recorded in the previous quarter. Third quarter 2006 after-tax profits were up $\$ 15.3$ ( $\pm 1.2$ ) billion from the $\$ 109.0$ billion recorded in the same quarter a year ago.

Seasonally adjusted sales for these manufacturers totaled \$1,455.2 billion for the quarter, up $\$ 15.2( \pm 5.7)$ billion from the $\$ 1,440.0$ billion recorded in the second quarter 2006, and up $\$ 73.6( \pm 18.9)$ billion from the $\$ 1,381.6$ billion recorded in the third quarter 2005.

After-tax profits averaged 8.5 cents per dollar of sales for the quarter, 8.1 cents last quarter, and 7.9 cents a year earlier.

## Nondurable Goods Manufacturers

Nondurable goods manufacturers' after-tax profits in the third quarter 2006 were $\$ 72.5$ billion, up $\$ 2.4( \pm 0.3)$ billion from the $\$ 70.1$ billion recorded in the previous quarter, and up $\$ 9.6( \pm 0.5)$ billion from the $\$ 62.9$ billion in the third quarter 2005.

Seasonally adjusted sales for the quarter were $\$ 723.0$ billion, up $\$ 3.5( \pm 2.8)$ billion from the $\$ 719.5$ billion recorded in the prior quarter, and up $\$ 31.5( \pm 7.9)$ billion from the $\$ 691.5$ billion in the third quarter 2005.

After-tax profits averaged 10.0 cents per dollar of sales for the quarter, 9.7 cents last quarter, and 9.1 cents a year earlier.

## Durable Goods Manufacturers

Second quarter 2006 seasonally adjusted after-tax profits for durable goods manufacturers were $\$ 51.8$ billion, up $\$ 4.9$ ( $\pm 0.5$ ) billion from the $\$ 47.0$ billion recorded in the previous quarter, and up $\$ 5.7( \pm 0.9)$ billion from the $\$ 46.2$ billion in the third quarter 2005.

Seasonally adjusted sales for the quarter were $\$ 732.2$ billion, up $\$ 11.7$ ( $\pm 5.2$ ) billion from the $\$ 720.5$ billion recorded in the previous quarter, and up $\$ 42.1$ ( $\pm 12.6$ ) billion from the $\$ 690.1$ billion recorded in the third quarter 2005.

After-tax profits averaged 7.1 cents per dollar of sales for the quarter, 6.5 cents last quarter, and 6.7 cents a year earlier.

## Unadjusted After-Tax Profits and Sales

## Manufacturing Corporations

Third quarter 2006 unadjusted after-tax profits for U.S. manufacturing corporations were $\$ 123.8$ billion, up $\$ 15.3$ ( $\pm 1.2$ ) billion over the $\$ 108.5$ billion recorded in the same quarter a year ago. This overall improvement was mainly due to higher domestic operating profits and equity earnings. When compared to the second quarter 2006 after-tax profits of $\$ 120.4$ billion, the third quarter 2006 after-tax profits were up $\$ 3.4$ ( $\pm 0.6$ ) billion.

Unadjusted sales for the third quarter 2006 were $\$ 1,456.7$ billion, up $\$ 72.4$ ( $\pm 18.9$ ) billion from $\$ 1,384.2$ billion in the same quarter a year ago, but down $\$ 13.1( \pm 5.7)$ billion from the prior quarter sales of $\$ 1,469.7$ billion.

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## Nondurable Goods Manufacturers

Third quarter 2006 nondurable goods manufacturers' unadjusted after-tax profits of $\$ 74.2$ billion were up $\$ 9.6( \pm 0.5)$ billion from the $\$ 64.7$ billion recorded in the third quarter 2005. When compared to the third quarter last year, results were mixed within the industry categories. Petroleum and coal products' increase of $\$ 7.2$ ( $\pm 0.2$ ) billion came from domestic and foreign operating income as well as non-recurring domestic gains in the current quarter. Chemical products had an overall increase of $\$ 1.3( \pm 0.2)$ billion. The chemical products industries reported after-tax increases except for the pharmaceuticals and medicines industry, which reported improved domestic operations and equity earnings offset by declines in nonoperating earnings. Food, and beverage and tobacco products reported small improvements in domestic and equity earnings. The other underlying industries reported changes in after-tax profits that were minimal or not statistically significant.

Unadjusted sales for the third quarter 2006 were $\$ 732.2$ billion, up $\$ 32.1( \pm 7.9)$ billion from the $\$ 700.1$ billion in the same quarter a year ago, and not statistically different from the prior quarter sales of $\$ 730.0$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales averaged 10.1 cents this quarter, 9.2 cents in the third quarter 2005, and 9.8 cents last quarter.

When compared to the second quarter 2006 after-tax profits of $\$ 71.4$ billion, the third quarter 2006 after-tax profits were up $\$ 2.8$ $( \pm 0.3)$ billion. When compared to the last quarter, results were mixed within the industry categories. Non-operating domestic earnings in the pharmaceuticals and medicines industry, and equity earnings in the 'all other chemicals' category resulted in the overall increase of $\$ 1.9( \pm 0.2)$ billion in the chemical products industries. Food products reported an increase of $\$ 1.4( \pm 0.1)$ billion mainly due to the absence of the non-recurring charges reported last quarter, as well as an increase in domestic operating earnings. Paper products reported domestic and equity earnings this quarter that resulted in a decline of $\$ 0.5( \pm 0.1)$ billion. Petroleum and coal products' decrease of $\$ 0.4$ ( $\pm 0.1$ ) billion was a result of declining domestic and equity earnings and non-recurring gains. The other underlying industries reported changes in after-tax profits that were minimal or not statistically significant.

## Durable Goods Manufacturers

Third quarter 2006 durable goods manufacturers' unadjusted aftertax profits of $\$ 49.6$ billion were up $\$ 5.8( \pm 0.9)$ billion from the $\$ 43.8$ billion recorded in the third quarter 2005. Most durable goods manufacturers posted improved results over the same quarter last year. Primary metals overall increase in domestic and equity earnings contributed to the $\$ 2.6( \pm 0.5)$ billion increase. Machinery products reported an increase of $\$ 2.3$ ( $\pm 0.6$ ) billion, also due to domestic and equity earnings. Fabricated metals reported an overall increase in domestic earnings and relatively level equity earnings resulting in an increase of $\$ 1.4( \pm 0.6)$ billion. Transportation equipment's earnings declined $\$ 2.9$ ( $\pm 0.2$ ) billion, mainly due to motor vehicles and parts' nonrecurring charges in this quarter. The other underlying industries reported changes in after-tax profits that were minimal or not statistically significant.

Unadjusted sales for the third quarter 2006 were $\$ 724.5$ billion, up $\$ 40.3( \pm 12.6)$ billion from the $\$ 684.2$ billion in the same quarter a year ago, but down $\$ 15.2( \pm 5.2)$ billion from the prior quarter sales of $\$ 739.7$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales averaged 6.8 cents this quarter, 6.4 cents in the third quarter 2005, and 6.6 cents last quarter.

When compared to the second quarter 2006 after-tax profits of $\$ 49.0$ billion, the third quarter 2006 after-tax profits were up $\$ 0.6$ $( \pm 0.5)$ billion. Many durable goods manufacturers posted
improved results over the last quarter. Miscellaneous manufacturing reported an increase in earnings of $\$ 4.3( \pm 0.1)$ billion, rebounding from the poor showing last quarter in the domestic and equity operations. Transportation equipment's overall decrease of $\$ 2.9$ ( $\pm 0.2$ ) billion in the current quarter, generally came from domestic and equity nonrecurring charges in the motor vehicles and parts industry. The other underlying industries reported changes in after-tax profits that were minimal or not statistically significant.

## Mining Corporations

Third quarter 2006 unadjusted after-tax profits for mining corporations with assets of $\$ 50$ million and over, at $\$ 12.2$ billion, were up $\$ 1.9( \pm 0.2)$ billion from the $\$ 10.2$ billion recorded in the third quarter 2005.

Unadjusted sales for the third quarter 2006 were $\$ 43.6$ billion, up $\$ 4.4( \pm 0.7)$ billion from the $\$ 39.2$ billion in the same quarter a year earlier.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales averaged 27.9 cents this quarter, compared to the 26.1 cents in the third quarter 2005.

## Wholesale Trade Corporations

Third quarter 2006 unadjusted after-tax profits for wholesale trade corporations with assets of $\$ 50$ million and over, at $\$ 11.0$ billion, were up $\$ 1.5( \pm 0.3)$ billion from the $\$ 9.5$ billion recorded in the third quarter 2005.

Unadjusted sales for the third quarter 2006 were $\$ 442.7$ billion, up $\$ 28.9( \pm 10.2)$ billion from the $\$ 413.9$ billion in the same quarter a year earlier.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales averaged 2.5 cents this quarter, compared to the 2.3 cents in the third quarter 2005.

## NOTE

These advance data, based on quarterly financial reports from approximately 8,100 corporations, were released today from the Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations - Third quarter 2006 (QFR-06-3).

## SAMPLING

The data presented in this report are estimated from a sample survey and therefore are subject to sampling variability as well as nonsampling variability such as response error, nonreporting, and coverage errors. Estimates of sampling variability are presented in the publication. A statement such as "up $2.5( \pm 0.2)$ cents", appearing in the text, indicates the range ( +2.3 to +2.7 cents) in which the actual change is likely to have occurred. The range given for the change is a $90 \%$ confidence interval that accounts only for sampling variability. If the range had contained zero ( 0 ), it would have been uncertain whether there was an increase or decrease; that is, the change would not have been statistically significant. For any comparison cited without a confidence interval, the change is statistically significant at the $90 \%$ confidence level. The quarterly publication includes more detailed explanations of confidence intervals and sampling variability, along with additional measures of sampling variability. Beginning with the 3Q2006 publication, the methodology for calculating the sample variance has changed. See the Survey Methodology section of the Introduction text in the publication release for information on this change in methodology for calculating the sample variance.

## DATA AVAILABILITY

This press release can be viewed today in page image format (.pdf) at the internet website http://www.census.gov/csd/qfr. More detailed information on U.S. Manufacturing, Mining, and Wholesale and Retail Trade Corporations is available for downloading at our website under "QFR Products: Publication". The publication includes statements of income and retained earnings, balance sheets, and related financial and operating ratios. Data presented are classified by industry and asset size.

[^1]Table 1. U.S. Manufacturing Corporations \#

| + | Seasonally adjusted |  |  | Unadjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 3 Q \\ 2006 \end{array}$ | 2 Q $2006^{1}$ | 3 Q $2005{ }^{1}$ | $3 Q$ 2006 | 2 Q $2006^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3 \mathrm{Q} \\ 2005{ }^{1} \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Rate of return (after taxes): <br> Cents per dollar of sales <br> Percent on equity (annual rate) | $\begin{array}{r} 8.5 \\ \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8.1 \\ \text { N/A } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.9 \\ \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8.5 \\ 18.4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 8.2 18.2 | $\begin{array}{r}7.8 \\ 17.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  | (million dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales.. | 1,455,168 | 1,440,009 | 1,381,563 | 1,456,668 | 1,469,734 | 1,384,246 |
| Income after income taxes .................................... | 124,325 | 117,059 | 109,045 | 123,820 | 120,409 | 108,479 |
| Dividends paid (cash) ......................................... | N/A | N/A | N/A | 38,199 | 42,309 | 51,826 |

${ }^{1}$ Revised.
Table 2. U.S. Manufacturing Corporations' Seasonally Adjusted Sales And Net Income After-Tax ${ }^{1}$

| Industry group and year | Sales ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  | After-tax profits ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 |
|  | (million dollars) |  |  |  | (million dollars) |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996... | 914,288 | 932,459 | 948,129 | 961,785 | 51,104 | 54,086 | 61,196 | 58,747 |
| 1997. | 965,899 | 971,787 | 986,643 | 995,751 | 60,517 | 62,054 | 61,891 | 60,337 |
| 1998. | 989,910 | 981,268 | 986,002 | 993,421 | 74,314 | 49,394 | 61,293 | 49,731 |
| 1999. | 1,003,572 | 1,026,683 | 1,047,652 | 1,070,958 | 59,239 | 63,882 | 67,380 | 67,511 |
| 2000. | 1,120,769 | 1,129,016 | 1,144,635 | 1,119,785 | 76,477 | 71,651 | 74,905 | 47,272 |
| 2001. | 1,115,827 | 1,095,040 | 1,058,992 | 1,026,715 | $(1,077)$ | 17,194 | 12,157 | 7,861 |
| 2002. | 1,024,953 | 1,050,277 | 1,064,816 | 1,075,269 | 23,753 | 39,641 | 42,265 | 34,416 |
| 2003. | 1,102,088 | 1,074,856 | 1,105,596 | 1,111,087 | 57,073 | 52,021 | 54,239 | 73,429 |
| 2004. | 1,182,318 | 1,223,639 | 1,247,427 | 1,278,723 | 74,131 | 89,767 | 90,829 | 93,141 |
| 2005. | 1,298,549 | 1,324,106 | 1,381,563 | 1,393,786 | 88,624 | 102,528 | 109,045 | 99,395 |
| 2006..................................................... | 1,431,906 | 1,440,009 | 1,455,168 |  | 116,190 | 117,059 | 124,325 |  |
| All nondurable manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996..................................................... | 442,210 | 452,223 | 457,619 | 463,426 | 28,019 | 28,296 | 32,105 | 30,507 |
| 1997. | 463,240 | 456,018 | 461,349 | 463,965 | 33,367 | 30,657 | 30,518 | 28,766 |
| 1998..................................................... | 452,328 | 445,717 | 443,769 | 439,492 | 29,748 | 28,430 | 30,908 | 17,663 |
| 1999.................................................... | 446,199 | 452,980 | 460,973 | 474,392 | 26,491 | 28,692 | 31,566 | 30,806 |
| 2000. | 507,856 | 515,686 | 527,522 | 502,301 | 37,589 | 38,226 | 37,406 | 29,193 |
| 2001. | 509,013 | 507,321 | 488,762 | 469,334 | 31,841 | 33,614 | 27,311 | 19,504 |
| 2002. | 464,452 | 479,849 | 497,400 | 513,102 | 27,043 | 28,396 | 30,947 | 32,224 |
| 2003..................................................... | 541,971 | 515,261 | 532,951 | 523,659 | 43,979 | 33,525 | 29,558 | 41,761 |
| 2004. | 572,534 | 594,634 | 604,280 | 624,362 | 41,377 | 46,762 | 51,127 | 52,282 |
| 2005. | 637,967 | 649,268 | 691,452 | 692,880 | 55,745 | 57,540 | 62,895 | 62,718 |
| 2006...................................................... | 710,429 | 719,520 | 722,987 |  | 67,493 | 70,104 | 72,476 |  |
| All durable manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996... | 472,078 | 480,236 | 490,510 | 498,359 | 23,085 | 25,790 | 29,091 | 28,240 |
| 1997. | 502,659 | 515,769 | 525,294 | 531,786 | 27,150 | 31,397 | 31,373 | 31,571 |
| 1998...................................................... | 537,582 | 535,551 | 542,233 | 553,929 | 44,566 | 20,964 | 30,385 | 32,068 |
| 1999...................................................... | 557,373 | 573,703 | 586,679 | 596,566 | 32,748 | 35,190 | 35,814 | 36,705 |
| 2000..................................................... | 612,913 | 613,330 | 617,113 | 617,484 | 38,888 | 33,425 | 37,499 | 18,079 |
| 2001................................................... | 606,814 | 587,719 | 570,230 | 557,381 | $(32,918)$ | $(16,420)$ | $(15,154)$ | $(11,643)$ |
| 2002..................................................... | 560,501 | 570,428 | 567,416 | 562,167 | $(3,290)$ | 11,245 | 11,318 | 2,192 |
| 2003...................................................... | 560,117 | 559,595 | 572,645 | 587,428 | 13,094 | 18,496 | 24,681 | 31,668 |
| 2004......................................................... | 609,784 | 629,005 | 643,147 | 654,361 | 32,754 | 43,005 | 39,702 | 40,859 |
| 2005..................................................... | 660,582 | 674,838 | 690,111 | 700,906 | 32,879 | 44,988 | 46,150 | 36,677 |
| 2006....................................................... | 721,477 | 720,489 | 732,181 |  | 48,697 | 46,955 | 51,849 |  |

[^2]Table 3. U.S. Manufacturing, Mining, And Trade Corporations' Unadjusted Sales And Profits

| Industry group | Sales |  |  | Operating profits ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | After-tax profits |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 3 Q \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \mathrm{Q} \\ 2006^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3 Q \\ 2005^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3 Q \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \mathrm{Q} \\ 2006^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3 Q \\ 2005^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3 Q \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2 Q \\ 2006^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3 Q \\ 2005^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | (million dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing ${ }^{3}$................................... | 1,456,668 | 1,469,734 | 1,384,246 | 111,622 | 110,084 | 93,090 | 123,820 | 120,409 | 108,479 |
| All nondurable manufacturing. | 732,208 | 730,034 | 700,095 | 64,635 | 67,661 | 55,068 | 74,235 | 71,440 | 64,655 |
| Food.. | 113,021 | 109,197 | 106,849 | 7,058 | 5,930 | 6,742 | 6,001 | 4,609 | 5,144 |
| Beverage and tobacco products ............... | 36,836 | 37,908 | 36,888 | 6,560 | 7,103 | 5,949 | 7,226 | 7,494 | 6,388 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills ...... | 12,127 | 12,291 | 12,666 | 774 | 813 | 837 | 427 | 445 | 556 |
| Apparel and leather products .................. | 21,936 | 19,803 | 23,315 | 2,245 | 1,733 | 2,479 | 1,770 | 1,178 | 1,977 |
| Paper................................................... | 36,209 | 35,900 | 39,095 | 2,166 | 2,420 | 3,209 | 1,089 | 1,618 | 1,794 |
| Printing and related support activities ...... | 18,484 | 18,495 | 17,224 | 1,496 | 1,587 | 1,269 | 936 | 785 | 612 |
| Petroleum and coal products ................... | 279,985 | 279,034 | 267,795 | 23,303 | 24,512 | 17,961 | 31,749 | 32,166 | 24,506 |
| Chemicals ........................................... | 171,049 | 173,736 | 155,744 | 18,065 | 20,329 | 14,151 | 23,124 | 21,271 | 21,837 |
| Basic chemicals, resins, and synthetics ${ }^{4}$ | 56,547 | 56,350 | 50,864 | 3,526 | 4,226 | 2,047 | 3,369 | 4,257 | 1,614 |
| Pharmaceuticals and medicines ${ }^{4}$......... | 69,034 | 68,316 | 61,744 | 9,540 | 9,522 | 7,985 | 14,488 | 11,893 | 16,774 |
| All other chemicals ${ }^{4} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 45,468 | 49,070 | 43,136 | 4,999 | 6,580 | 4,119 | 5,267 | 5,122 | 3,450 |
| Plastics and rubber products ................... | 42,559 | 43,671 | 40,519 | 2,969 | 3,234 | 2,472 | 1,915 | 1,873 | 1,841 |
| All durable manufacturing .......................... | 724,460 | 739,700 | 684,151 | 46,987 | 42,423 | 38,022 | 49,585 | 48,969 | 43,824 |
| Wood products ...................................... | 20,215 | 21,086 | 20,557 | 1,325 | 1,742 | 1,495 | 1,337 | 1,170 | 925 |
| Nonmetallic mineral products................. | 34,652 | 35,152 | 33,976 | 4,314 | 4,364 | 4,207 | 3,225 | 3,057 | 2,407 |
| Primary metals ..................................... | 61,126 | 60,302 | 47,390 | 6,926 | 6,595 | 3,786 | 5,820 | 5,444 | 3,182 |
| Iron, steel, and ferroalloys ${ }^{4}$............... | 29,165 | 28,711 | 23,273 | 3,607 | 3,416 | 1,922 | 2,838 | 2,782 | 1,619 |
| Nonferrous metals ${ }^{4}$. | 24,853 | 24,281 | 18,706 | 2,572 | 2,445 | 1,509 | 2,500 | 2,157 | 1,321 |
| Foundries ${ }^{4}$ | 7,109 | 7,310 | 5,411 | 747 | 733 | 355 | 481 | 505 | 242 |
| Fabricated metal products ....................... | 64,693 | 64,067 | 56,855 | 6,552 | 6,713 | 5,352 | 5,367 | 5,482 | 3,988 |
| Machinery ........................................... | 88,604 | 91,132 | 81,794 | 7,878 | 8,590 | 6,019 | 7,214 | 7,614 | 4,915 |
| Computer and electronic products ........... | 146,400 | 142,311 | 139,365 | 7,981 | 8,914 | 7,841 | 15,322 | 16,716 | 15,618 |
| Computer and peripheral equipment ${ }^{4}$. | 46,451 | 44,639 | 42,030 | 761 | 1,587 | 1,511 | 5,344 | 5,637 | 4,427 |
| Communications equipment ${ }^{4}$............ | 28,917 | 28,189 | 28,325 | 1,332 | 1,893 | 1,501 | 3,370 | 3,556 | 4,879 |
| All other electronic products ${ }^{4}$........... | 71,032 | 69,483 | 69,009 | 5,888 | 5,434 | 4,829 | 6,608 | 7,524 | 6,313 |
| Electrical equipment, appliances, and components | 50,813 | 49,112 | 49,265 | 4,506 | 3,980 | 3,540 | 7,064 | 6,730 | 6,736 |
| Transportation equipment ....................... | 202,035 | 220,374 | 202,074 | 1,118 | $(1,049)$ | (252) | $(1,186)$ | 1,699 | 1,762 |
| Motor vehicles and parts ${ }^{4}$................. | 137,022 | 154,957 | 142,993 | $(5,238)$ | $(6,524)$ | $(5,178)$ | $(6,443)$ | $(2,610)$ | $(2,495)$ |
| Aerospace products and parts ${ }^{4}$........... | 51,635 | 52,155 | 46,896 | 4,496 | 3,724 | 3,476 | 3,793 | 2,823 | 3,225 |
| Furniture and related products ................ | 21,407 | 22,197 | 21,256 | 2,216 | 2,190 | 2,048 | 1,484 | 1,403 | 1,209 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ................. | 34,515 | 33,968 | 31,618 | 4,172 | 385 | 3,985 | 3,939 | (346) | 3,082 |
| All mining ${ }^{3}$............................................. | 43,628 | 42,012 | 39,186 | 13,586 | 12,242 | 11,460 | 12,153 | 10,868 | 10,210 |
| All wholesale trade ${ }^{3}$.................................................................... | 442,747 | 436,453 | 413,886 | 14,728 | 13,243 | 11,738 | 10,985 | 10,868 9,734 | 10,210 |
| All retail trade ${ }^{3}$......................................... | N/A | 484,101 | 446,121 | N/A | 22,805 | 19,147 | N/A | 13,510 | 12,807 |

[^3]
[^0]:    After-tax profits per dollar of sales averaged 8.5 cents this quarter, 7.8 cents in the third quarter 2005, and 8.2 cents last quarter.

[^1]:    Third quarter 2006 advance data for U.S. Retail Corporations are scheduled for release on January 9, 2007.

    Fourth quarter 2006 advance data for U.S Manufacturing, Mining, Wholesale and Retail Trade Corporations are scheduled for release on April 3, 2007.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Data prior to and including third quarter 2000 are on a Standard Industrial Classification basis. Data subsequent are presented on a North American Industry Classification System basis.
    ${ }^{2}$ Revised.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Operating profits are profits before nonoperating income and expense items and income taxes.
    ${ }^{2}$ Revised.
    ${ }^{3}$ Manufacturing data are the quarterly results of companies within that division with assets over $\$ 250,000$; data for mining and trade corporations represent the quarterly results of companies with assets over $\$ 50$ million.
    ${ }^{4}$ Included in major industry above.

