# With Modest Support Solar Photovoltaics Can Be Competitive with Conventional Electrical Generation Costs This Decade



## The US Has Lost Its Leadership

- Solar Photovoltaics were invented by Bell Labs50 years ago
- Since then the US has gone from 100% market share to less than 10%
- Japan and Germany dramatically lead the US in solar installations, despite their lack of abundant sunshine
- Thin-film solar technologies will enable the US to regain worldwide solar energy leadership



# Thin-Film Photovoltaics The Potential for Disruptive Change

- 94% of the solar cell market is based on crystalline silicon wafers; a 50 year old technology
- Silicon is in short supply and is expensive. Silicon based PV cells and modules are going up in costs, not down!
- Thin-film solar cells based on copper-indium-gallium-selenium (CIGS) have the potential for dramatic cost reductions
- CIGS films have been heavily researched with the DOE achieving 19.5% conversion efficiencies, comparable to polycrystalline silicon
- Several established companies and new startups are pursuing high volume deposition technologies for producing CIGS solar cells
- The key breakthrough is manufacturing technologies that realize the demonstrated potential of CIGS



# 80% Cost Reduction is Possible CIGS vs. Crystalline Silicon

## Solar Cell Cost per Peak Watt Output

1/ /	2006	2007	2008	2009
Silicon*	\$1.57	\$1.49	\$1.42	\$1.32
CIGS**	\$0.57	\$0.35	\$0.30	\$0.27

<sup>\*\*</sup> Miasolé internal cost projections



<sup>\*</sup> CLSA global price forecast assuming 35% gross margin

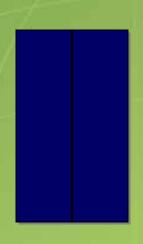
# Process Advantages CIGS Thin-film Solar Cells

- Continuous roll-to-roll processing: leading to fewer process steps, less capital intensity and lower labor costs
- CIGS solar cells require a low energy input compared to crystalline silicon
- CIGS cells have 1% the semiconductor material of silicon cells



#### **CIGS Paradigm Shift**







# Silicon Cells to CIGS Cells

Market Price \$2.00/Wp to \$0.50/Wp

Benefits Cost & Simplified Assembly

# Glass to Flexible Modules

\$3.50/Wp to \$1.00/Wp

Cost, Lightweight & New Applications

# **Building Integrated Installation**

\$7.00/Wp to \$2.30/Wp

Reduced Installation Costs Electricity Competitive with Conventional Power Sources



MAKING AFFORDABLE THIN-FILM SOLAR CELLS A REALITY

## **Solar System Costs**

- System costs are measured in cost per peak Watt
- > 1 Wp generates approximately 1.7kwh/year

System components costs	<u>Today</u>	CIGS-2010
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	PV Modules	\$3.50/Wp	\$1.00/Wp
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- Balance of system hardware 1.00/Wp 0.50/Wp
- Installation 1.00/Wp 0.30/Wp
- OH & Profit 1.50/Wp 0.50/Wp

Total \$7.00/Wp \$2.30/Wp



# Electrical Generation Costs Projected Cost per kwh

Combined Cycle Gas Turbine at \$550,000 / MW

Capital cost (25-year amortization; 6% Cost of Capital)

Fuel @\$10/MMBTU 7.2¢

O&M 0.2¢

Trans. & Dist. 2.9¢

Total 10.8¢

Distributed CIGS PV System at \$2,300,000 / MWp

Capital cost 10.6¢ (25-year amortization; 6% Cost of Capital)

Fuel 0.0¢

O&M 0.2¢

Trans. & Dist. 0.0¢

Total 10.8¢



#### Intangible Benefits of Solar Electricity

- Energy independence
- The sun is a sustainable free energy source
- Energy costs locked in for 25+ years
- Environmentally friendly
- Distributed power generation
- Job creation



# Miasolé's 5MW Production System

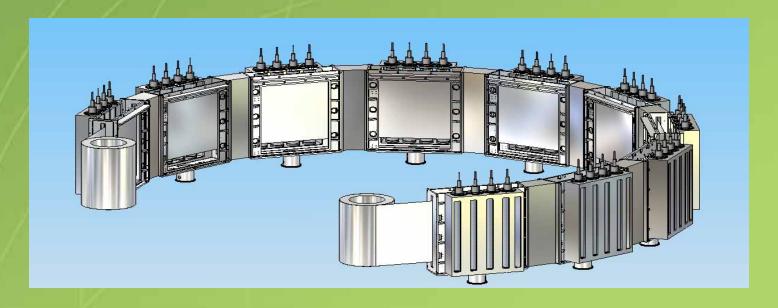




MAKING AFFORDABLE THIN-FILM SOLAR CELLS A REALITY

#### Miasolé's 2<sup>nd</sup> Generation Roll-to-Roll System

# 25MW Annual Capacity per System 5-6 Systems Operational in 2006





## **How Can the Government Help?**

- Increase DOE funding of thin-film <u>manufacturing</u> technologies (Most research emphasizes materials research)
- Provide more direct support of manufacturing technologies
  - Increased grants focused on the most promising technologies
  - Low cost long-term loans to fund capacity expansion
  - Increased solar purchases for Government buildings
  - Extend recent 2-year 30% ITC benefit to 6 years; eliminate \$2K residential cap
  - Support at least one major solar farm showcasing multiple technologies
- Encourage state, local and private sector utility support



## Summary

- CIGS thin-film solar technology will be competitive with conventional electrical generation sources this decade
- New manufacturing technology is the key to exploiting the demonstrated potential of CIGS
- The Government can help with increased grants, low cost financing, expanded incentives and more PV installations on Government facilities
- With modest support the US will reclaim its founding leadership in solar technology

