- □ Discuss the benefits of using salmeterol for the treatment of asthma in patients not adequately controlled on other asthma-controller medications (eg, low- to medium-dose inhaled corticosteroids) or whose disease severity clearly warrants initiation of treatment with two maintenance therapies, in each of the following age groups:
 - In adults [≥18 years of age]
 - In adolescents [12-17 years of age]
 - In children [4-11 years of age]

- □ Discuss the benefits of using formoterol for the treatment of asthma in patients not adequately controlled on other asthma-controller medications (eg, low- to medium-dose inhaled corticosteroids) or whose disease severity clearly warrants initiation of treatment with two maintenance therapies, in each of the following age groups:
 - In adults [≥18 years of age]
 - In adolescents [12-17 years of age]
 - In children [5-11 years of age]

- □ Discuss the risks of using salmeterol for the treatment of asthma in patients not adequately controlled on other asthma-controller medications (eg, low- to medium-dose inhaled corticosteroids) or whose disease severity clearly warrants initiation of treatment with two maintenance therapies, in each of the following age groups:
 - In adults [≥18 years of age]
 - In adolescents [12-17 years of age]
 - In children [4-11 years of age]

- □ Discuss the risks of using formoterol for the treatment of asthma in patients not adequately controlled on other asthma-controller medications (eg, low- to medium-dose inhaled corticosteroids) or whose disease severity clearly warrants initiation of treatment with two maintenance therapies, in each of the following age groups:
 - In adults [≥18 years of age]
 - In adolescents [12-17 years of age]
 - In children [5-11 years of age] (Note that Symbicort is not indicated in this age group)

- □ Do the benefits of Serevent (salmeterol xinafoate) outweigh its risks for the maintenance treatment of asthma in patients not adequately controlled on other asthma-controller medications (eg, low- to medium-dose inhaled corticosteroids) or whose disease severity clearly warrants initiation of treatment with two maintenance therapies, in the following age groups:
 - In adults [≥18 years of age] (Voting question)
 - In adolescents [12-17 years of age] (Voting question)
 - In children [4-11 years of age] (Voting question)

- □ Do the benefits of Foradil (formoterol fumarate) outweigh its risks for the maintenance treatment of asthma in patients not adequately controlled on other asthmacontroller medications (eg, low- to medium-dose inhaled corticosteroids) or whose disease severity clearly warrants initiation of treatment with two maintenance therapies, in the following age groups:
 - In adults [≥18 years of age] (Voting question)
 - In adolescents [12-17 years of age] (Voting question)
 - In children [5-11 years of age] (Voting question)

- □ Do the benefits of Advair (fluticasone propionate; salmeterol xinafoate) outweigh its risks for the maintenance treatment of asthma in patients not adequately controlled on other asthma-controller medications (eg, low- to medium-dose inhaled corticosteroids) or whose disease severity clearly warrants initiation of treatment with two maintenance therapies, in the following age groups:
 - In adults [≥18 years of age] (Voting question)
 - In adolescents [12-17 years of age] (Voting question)
 - In children [4-11 years of age] (Voting question)

- Do the benefits of Symbicort (budesonide and formoterol fumarate dihydrate) outweigh its risks for the maintenance treatment of asthma in patients not adequately controlled on other asthma-controller medications (eg, low- to medium-dose inhaled corticosteroids) or whose disease severity clearly warrants initiation of treatment with two maintenance therapies, in the following age groups:
 - In adults [≥18 years of age] (Voting question)
 - In adolescents [12-17 years of age] (Voting question)

■ Based on your discussion and votes above, are there further labeling changes or risk mitigation strategies for individual LABA products, or the class as a whole, that would be advisable?

■ What further studies, if any, would clarify important unanswered questions of safety and efficacy for individual LABA products or the class as a whole?