STANDARD WAGES FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2009 (Table 1)

(May use health benefits to meet the ETP minimum wage requirement.)

COUNTIES	NEW HIRE MINIMUM WAGE	RETRAINEE MINIMUM WAGE
Alameda, Contra Costa, Los Angeles, Marin, Orange, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz	\$11.82	\$14.18
Sacramento	\$11.41	\$13.69
San Diego	\$11.24	\$13.48
Ventura	\$11.23	\$13.48
All Other Counties	\$ 10.64	\$13.00

- ➤ <u>Trainees in High Unemployment Area</u> training projects funded under Section 10201.5 must meet the minimum wage standards as shown in Table 1, unless they are approved for a wage waiver by the Panel as identified below, in which case they may meet the wage requirements in Table 2 below.
- ➤ <u>Welfare to Work</u>: On a case-by-case basis, the Panel may waive the ETP minimum wage requirement up to 25 percent below the ETP minimum, as long as it meets or exceeds the Federal and State minimum wage requirements (wage may include health benefits).

WORKING POOR WAGES FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2009 (Table 2)

(May use health benefits to meet the ETP minimum wage requirement.)

COUNTIES	NEW HIRE WAGE AFTER RETENTION	RETRAINEE WAGE AT START OF TRAINING	INCREASED RETRAINEE WAGE AFTER RETENTION
Alameda, Contra Costa, Los Angeles, Marin, Orange, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz	\$8.87	\$10.64	After retention, base wage (base wage does not
Sacramento	\$8.56	\$10.27	include health benefits) must be
San Diego	\$8.43	\$10.11	increased. Increase must be
Ventura	\$8.42	\$10.11	at least 7% higher than trainee <u>base</u> wage was at the start of training.
All Other Counties	\$8.00	\$9.75	

- For "working poor" new-hires: On a case-by-case basis, the ETP minimum wage requirement may be waived up to 25 percent below the ETP minimum, after training and employment retention, as long as it meets or exceeds the Federal and State minimum wage requirements. No post-retention wage increase is required.
- For "working poor" retrainees: On a case-by-case basis, the Panel may waive the minimum wage requirements for trainees at the start of training (up to 25 percent below the ETP minimum wage requirement). However, trainee's post-retention base wage must be increased. (Base wage does not include health benefits.) The increase must be at least 7% higher than trainee base wage was at the start of training -except in cases precluded by existing collective bargaining agreement. For example:

At start of training, a trainee earns \$8.00 hr. base wage + \$1.13 health benefits = \$9.13 hr. (WAGE AT START OF TRAINING).

After retention, the trainee's *base* wage must increase by at least 7% of the trainee's *base* wage (\$8.00) at start of training. Calculate the necessary increase as follows:

\$8.00 (base wage without health benefit's at start of training) x 7% (minimum required increase) = 56 c

\$8.00 + 56¢ = \$8.56 (required base wage after retention)

\$9.13 (base wage + health benefits at start of training) + 56ϕ (minimum required base wage increase of 7%) =

\$9.69 (REQUIRED WAGE AFTER RETENTION – INCLUDES HEALTH BENEFITS)

SET WAGES FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2009 (Table 3)

TERM BEGINNING DATE Jan. 1, 2009 – Dec. 31, 2009	SET MINIMUM WAGE
Frontline Workers Earning at Least the State Average Hourly Wage	\$23.64
Frontline Workers with Multiple Barriers to Full-Time Employment	See Table 1
Frontline Workers in High Unemployment Areas	See Table 1or 2 ETP standard minimum wage may be waived for "working poor" retrainees only, if post-retention wage is 7% higher than wage ay the start of training. ETP standard minimum wage for "working poor" new hires may be waived up to 25%, on a case-by-case basis - no post-retention wage increase requirement.
Frontline Workers Small Business Owners	No wage requirement
Seasonal Worker Training	ETP standard minimum wage may be waived for seasonal worker retrainees only, if post-retention wage is 3% higher than wage ay the start of training.

For Projects funded under U.I. Code Section 10214.5:

(As provided below, the dollar value of health benefits voluntarily paid for by an employer for a trainee may be used to calculate wages for SET.)

- Frontline Workers Earning at Least the State Average Hourly Wage: SET Frontline workers must earn wages at least equal to the state average hourly wage of \$23.64 per hour. May use health benefits to meet minimum wage requirement.
- Multiple Barriers: For SET frontline workers with multiple barriers to full-time employment, the standard ETP minimum wages apply (See Table 1). May use health benefits to meet minimum wage requirement.
- ➤ <u>High Unemployment Areas</u>: For Set frontline workers in areas of high unemployment, the standard ETP minimum wages on Table 1 apply. However, the ETP minimum wage requirement may be waived for "working poor" trainees as stipulated on Table 2. See Table 2.
- > Small Business Owners: For SET Small Business Owners, there is no wage requirement.
- ➤ Seasonal Industry Training: For SET frontline workers in seasonal industry training projects funded under Section 10214.5(d), effective January 1, 2007, the standard ETP retrainee minimum wages apply. However, on a case-by-case basis, the Panel may waive the minimum wage requirements for these trainees at the start of training (up to 25 percent below the ETP minimum wage requirement). The trainee's post retention base wage must be increased. The increase must be at least 3% higher than the trainee base wage at the start of training except in cases precluded by existing collective bargaining agreement. (See above methodology for calculating wages for "working poor" retrainees, using 3% for seasonal industry trainees, instead of 7%).