

Appendix B GGNRA Special Status Species

APPENDIX B
SPECIES OF CONCERN

Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence Known in FMU/ Project Unit from FMP Actions*	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMP Actions*	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range	Comments	
PLANTS											
<i>Abronia umbellata</i> ssp. <i>breviflora</i>	Pink sand-verbena	FSLC 1B			Coastal dunes and coastal strand.	X		X	X	X	Foredune habitat at Corte Madera State Park for Coastal Plants of the Northern San Francisco Peninsula. USFWS, 2003). It is anticipated that coastal foredune habitat would be unaffected by FMP actions
<i>Acanthomintha diffutior</i>	San Mateo thomomint	FE	IB	E	Chaparral, valley and foothill grassland; coastal scrub.				X		Only occurs in the San Francisco Bay Area District. Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report GGNRA 2001.
<i>Agrostis bisulca</i>	Blasdale's bentgrass	FSC	IB		Coastal dunes, coastal bluff scrub, coastal prairie.	X	X		X		For communication with Marin CNPS (2004) Marin state-listed rare sandy or gravelly soil close to rocks; often in nutrient poor soil with sparse vegetation. 5-150m.
<i>Allium peninsulare</i> var. <i>franciscanum</i>	Franciscan onion	FSLC 1B			Cismontane woodland, valley and foothill grassland.				X		Four occurrences of this species are currently known on the Point Reyes peninsula, all occurring within pastures on agricultural permit lands (Point Reyes FMP, 2004). No populations exist in the GGNRA (CNDB, 2004)
<i>Alpestris acqualia</i> var. <i>sonomensis</i>	Sonoma slopeemics	FE	IB		Freshwater marshes and swamps, riparian scrub.	X	X		X		
<i>Amorpha californica</i> var. <i>nudipes</i>	Napa false indigo	FSLC 1B			Broadleaved upland forest, chaparral, cismontane woodland.				X		
<i>Anisocoma laevis</i>	Ben-flowered fiddle-neck	FSLC 1B			Openings in forest or woodland or in chaparral. 150-2000m				X		
<i>Arabis blraphorophylla</i>	Coast rock-cress	FSLC 4	X		Disturbed areas, areas with low vegetation cover in grasslands and open-canopied woodlands. 50-500m.			X	X		Inner North Coast Ranges, west-central Great Central Valley, San Francisco Bay Area. Heterosetos on anthers in upper and lower group. Flower size variable.
<i>Arctostaphylos anderssonii</i>	Santa Cruz manzanita	FSLC 1B			Cismontane woodland, valley and foothill grassland.	X	X	X	X		Outer North Coast Ranges, San Francisco Bay Area. Sonoma (Main Co.)
<i>Arctostaphylos hookeri</i> ssp. <i>Franciscana</i>	San Francisco manzanita	FSC	IA		Broadleaved upland forest, coastal prairie, coastal scrub.				X		Inner North Coast Ranges, west-central Great Central Valley, San Francisco Bay Area. Heterosetos on anthers in upper and lower group. Flower size variable.
<i>Arctostaphylos hookeri</i> ssp. <i>montana</i>	Tamalpais manzanita	FSC	IB	X	Broadleaved upland forest, chaparral, north coast coniferous forest.				X		Outer North Coast Ranges, west-central Great Central Valley, San Francisco Bay Area (Santa Cruz Mtns)
					Known only from the Santa Cruz Mts open sites, redwood forest. 180-800m.				X		
					Formerly Endemic To San Francisco Area. Now Exists Only In Cultivation. Coastal Hillsides, Serpentine Outcrops In Chaparral. 60-300m.	X	X		X		Species is extinct in the wild. Recovery Plan for Coastal Plants of the Northern San Francisco Peninsula. USFWS, 2003).
					Known from fewer than 20 occurrences in the Mt. Tamalpais area, Marin County. Serpentine slopes in chaparral and grassland. 600-760m.				X		n Central Coast, nw San Francisco Bay Monitoring Report GGRRA 2001. Population monitored at Mill Valley Air Force Base.

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<i>Arctostaphylos hookeri</i> spp. <i>ravenii</i>	Presidio (Raven's) manzanita	FE IB	E	Chaparral, coastal prairie, coastal scrub.	X	WUI Mtn Woods None	San Mateo Francisco Santa Barbara Monterey No effect Negative Beneficial	w San Bruno Mtn	The USFWS Recovery Plan suggests that seed germination could be stimulated by burns (Kelley, 1997). The limited population would also be enhanced by invasive species control and management. Recovery Plan for Coastal Presidio (San Francisco and Northern San Francisco Peninsula, USFWS, 2003). The fuel reduction actions for San Francisco lands may need further USFWS consultation to reduce direct effects during vegetation removal and to maximize long-term benefits.
<i>Arctostaphylos imbricata</i>	San Bruno Mountain manzanita	? CA 1B	E	Chaparral, coastal scrub.	X	WUI Mtn Woods None	San Mateo Francisco Santa Barbara Monterey No effect Negative Beneficial	w San Bruno Mtn	Only occurs in the SFWD Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report GGNRA 2001.
<i>Arctostaphylos montanae</i>	Montara manzanita	FSC 1B	X	Chaparral, coastal scrub.	X	WUI Mtn Woods None	San Mateo Francisco Santa Barbara Monterey No effect Negative Beneficial	w San Bruno Mtn	Only occurs in the SFWD Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report GGNRA 2001.
<i>Arctostaphylos montanae</i>	King's Mountain manzanita	FSLC 1B	X	Chaparral, coastal scrub.	X	WUI Mtn Woods None	San Mateo Francisco Santa Barbara Monterey No effect Negative Beneficial	w San Bruno Mtn	Only occurs in the SFWD Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report GGNRA 2001.
<i>Arctostaphylos regismontana</i>	Marin manzanita	FSLC	X	Broadleaved upland forest, closed-cone coniferous forest.	X	WUI Mtn Woods None	San Mateo Francisco Santa Barbara Monterey No effect Negative Beneficial	w San Bruno Mtn	Known populations occur along Bolinas Ridge. Threatened by fire suppression. GGNRA fire managers should make an assessment of this potential threat from fire suppression and include this with any future FMP Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report GGNRA 2001.
<i>Arctostaphylos virgata</i>				Broadleaved upland forest, closed-cone coniferous forest, chaparral, north coast coniferous forest.	X	WUI Mtn Woods None	San Mateo Francisco Santa Barbara Monterey No effect Negative Beneficial	w San Bruno Mtn	Only known from about 20 locations in Marin County. On sandstone or granite soil. 60-700m.
<i>Arenaria paludicola</i>	Marsh sandwort	FE 1B	E	Hist. From scattered coll. In ca. and in wet; now known from one site in sls & appear. Also in meadow growing up through dense mats of lypha, junipers, scrubs, etc. In freshwater marsh. 10-170m.	X	WUI Mtn Woods None	San Mateo Francisco Santa Barbara Monterey No effect Negative Beneficial	w San Bruno Mtn	In Central Coast, nw San Francisco Bay Area (Marin Co.)
<i>Astragalus nuttallii</i> var. <i>virginicus</i>	Nuttall's milk-vetch	FSLC 4		Coastal bluff scrub, coastal dunes, coastal dunes, coastal salt marshes.	X	WUI Mtn Woods None	San Mateo Francisco Santa Barbara Monterey No effect Negative Beneficial	w San Bruno Mtn	Only known from one site in sls & appear. Also in meadow growing up through dense mats of lypha, junipers, scrubs, etc. In freshwater marsh. 10-170m.
<i>Astragalus pycnostachys</i> var. <i>dynamitae</i>	Marsh milkvetch	FSLC 1B		Mesic sites in dunes or along streams or coastal salt marshes, 0-20m.	X	WUI Mtn Woods None	San Mateo Francisco Santa Barbara Monterey No effect Negative Beneficial	w San Bruno Mtn	Low ground, alkali flats, and flooded lands, in annual grassland, phrynos, and vernal pools. 1-170m.
<i>Astragalus tener</i> var. <i>tenuer</i>	Alkali milk-vetch	FSC 1B		Alkali playas, valley and foothill grassland, vernal pools.	X	WUI Mtn Woods None	San Mateo Francisco Santa Barbara Monterey No effect Negative Beneficial	w San Bruno Mtn	Coastal strand, coastal salt marsh, coastal sage scrub, sea bluffs.
<i>Artemesia californica</i>	California saltbush	FSLC		North of Monterey this species generally occurs on the upper edges of sandy salt marshes and on coastal sandstone bluffs.	X	WUI Mtn Woods None	San Mateo Francisco Santa Barbara Monterey No effect Negative Beneficial	w San Bruno Mtn	North Coast, Central Coast, South Coast, Channel Islands

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<i>Blechnum nanum</i> var. <i>nubium</i>	Point Reyes stickseed	FSC	IB	Coastal prairie, coastal scrub.	None	None	None	Marin		
<i>Calanopsis crassiglumis</i>	Thunber's reed grass	FSC	2	Coastal scrub freshwater marsh.	WUI	WUI	Unknown	X	Central North Coast (Fort Bragg, Mendocino Co.), North Central Coast (Point Reyes peninsula, Marin Co.). Fls late spring. Some populations on Point Reyes peninsula are intermediate to var. <i>nanum</i> in fruit length, pollen color.	
<i>Calochortus tiburonensis</i>	Thiburon mariposa lily	FT	IB	Valley and foothill grassland.	Muir Woods	San Mateo	Unknown	X	Central North Coast (Point Reyes peninsula, Marin Co.)	
<i>Calostoma purpurea</i> sp. <i>Saxicola</i>	Coastal bluett morning-glory	FSLC	IB	Coastal dunes, coastal scrub.	IB	IB	No Effect	X	Marin	
<i>Campanula californica</i>	Swamp bellflower	FSC	IB	Bogs and lens, closed-cone coniferous forest, coastal prairie, meadows, freshwater marsh, n coast coniferous forest.	IB	IB	Beneficial	X	North Coast (Point Reyes)	
<i>Castilleja affinis</i> sp. <i>neglecta</i>	Thiburon paintbrush	FE	IB	X	Valley and foothill grassland.	IB	Unknown	X	North Coast (Point Reyes)	
<i>Castilleja affinis</i> var. <i>affinis</i>	Coast Indian paintbrush	FSLC		Chaparral, coastal scrub.	<100m.	<100m.	Unknown	X	North Coast (Mendocino Co.), Outer North Coast Ranges (Humboldt Co.), s Outer North Coast Ranges, Cascade Range, Foothills, Sierra Nevada Foothills, Central Western California, Southwestern California	
<i>Castilleja ambigua</i> sp. <i>ambigua</i>	Salt marsh owl's-clover	FSLC		Coastal bluffs, grassland.	<100m.	<100m.	Unknown	X	North Coast (Humboldt Bay), n & Central Coast (Point Reyes)	
<i>Castilleja ambigua</i> sp. <i>Humboldtiensis</i>	Humboldt Bay owl's-clover	FSC	IB	Coastal salt marsh.	0-3m.	-	Unknown	X	North Coast, n & Central Coast (Point Reyes)	
<i>Castilleja exserta</i> sp. <i>Latifolia</i>	Purple owl's-clover	FSLC		Coastal bluffs, dunes.	<200m.	<200m.	Unknown	X	North Coast, n & Central Coast (Point Reyes)	
<i>Castilleja subinclusa</i> sp. <i>franciscana</i>	Indian paintbrush	4	X	Coastal scrub	<100m.	<100m.	Unknown	X	South North Coast (s Mendocino Sonoma co.), n Central Coast (Santa Cruz Co.), w San Francisco Bay Area	Per communication with Marin CNPS (2004). Populations occur within Marin Headlands (including Woldrick Ridge)

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GGNRA Rarities Notes in GGNRA Records on LSPW's List of GGNRA management actions									
<i>Ceanothus gloriosus</i> var. <i>porrectus</i>	Mount Vision ceanothus	FSC 1B			Low shrub in a variety of habitats on Pt. Reyes; sandy soils, 25-305m.				
<i>Ceanothus masonii</i>	Mason's ceanothus	FSC 1B	R	Chaparral.	Eudemic to Marin County, Serpentine Ridges Or Slopes in Chaparral Or Transition Zone. 180-460m.	X	X	X	San Francisco Bay Area (Bolinas Ridge, sw Marin Co.). Closely related Rides (Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report, GGNRA 2002).
<i>Chenopodium californicum</i>	California goosefoot	FSLC			Occurs in a wide range of plant communities in relatively dry and open conditions. In San Francisco it typically occurs in stabilized rare dune systems.	X	X	X	X North Coast, Outer North Coast Ranges, e&s Sierra Nevada Foothills, Tehachapi Mountain Area, Central Western California, Southwestern California, Mojave Desert
<i>Chorizanthe cuspidata</i> var. <i>cuspidata</i>	San Francisco Bay spineflower	FSC 1B	X	Coastal bluff scrub, coastal dunes, coastal prairie, coastal scrub	Closely related to c. Pungens. Coastal strands & coastal scrub communities. Sandy soil on terraces and slopes. 5-550m.	X	X	X	Occurs within rare dune systems at the Presidio and Fort Funston. Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report GGNRA 2001. Colonizes areas that have been recently disturbed, and spreads in dynamic dune systems.
<i>Chorizanthe cuspidata</i> var. <i>vittata</i>	Woolly-headed spineflower	FSC 1B		Coastal scrub, coastal dunes, coastal prairie.	Endemic to coastline from Bolinas Bay to Pt. Reyes. Sandy places near the beach. 3-60m.			X	not found in Lepson
<i>Chorizanthe robusta</i> var. <i>robusta</i>	Robust spineflower	FE 1B		Citriodora woodland, coastal dunes, coastal scrub.	Sandy terraces and bluffs or in loose sand. 3-120m.			X	not found in Lepson
<i>Chorizanthe valida</i>	Sonoma spineflower	FE 1B	E	Coastal prairie.	Known only from Marin and Sonoma Counties; extinc in Sonoma County sandy soil. 10-50m.			X	Bay region south to Monterey
<i>Cirsium andrewsii</i>	Franciscan thistle	FSC 1B	X			X	X	X	
<i>Cirsium fontinale</i> var. <i>fontinale</i>	Fountain thistle	FE 1B	E	Coastal bluff scrub, broadleafed upland forest, coastal scrub.	Sometimes serpentine seeps. 0-135m.	X	X	X	Central Coast (Point Reyes Peninsula, Marin Co.). One extinc population known, threatened by cattle. Closely related to <i>C. purgans</i>
<i>Cirsium hydrophilum</i> var. <i>variegatum</i>	Mount Tamalpais thistle	FSC 1B						X	Only occurs in the Marin Headlands and Fort Point. Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report, GGNRA 2001. It is not anticipated that this species would be directly affected by FMP actions as populations occur primarily in steep and wetland habitat
<i>Cirsium occidentale</i> var. <i>compactum</i>	Compact cobweb thistle	FSC 1B						X	
<i>Clarkia concinna</i> ssp. <i>nauiae</i>	Tomales clarkia	FSC 1B		Coastal bluff scrub.	On dunes and on clay in chaparral; also in grassland. 5-155m.			X	Central Coast (San Luis Obispo, Monterey Co., formerly San Francisco). Some inland plants suggest weak separation from var. <i>occidentale</i>
								X	In Central Coast (known only from locality near Tomales, Marin Co.).

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GGNRA Fire Management Plan

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		Federal	CNPS								
<i>Clarkia davyi</i>	Davy's clarkia	FSLC		Coastal grassland, bluffs.					X	North Coast, n Central Coast, n Channel Islands (Santa Rosa Island).	
<i>Clarkia franciscana</i>	Presidio clarkia	FE	IB	Coastal scrub, valley and foothill grassland.		X			X	San Francisco Bay Area (Presidio, San Francisco, Oakland hills)	Occurs in the interior area of the Presidio, not San Frnp Study Area. Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report, GGNRA 2001.
<i>Collomia corniculosa</i>	Round-headed Chinese houses	FSC	IB	Coastal dunes, coastal prairie.					X	North Coast (scattered) formerly n <i>boursifolia</i> .	
<i>Cordylanthus maritimus</i> sp. <i>palustris</i>	North Coast bird's-beak	FSC	IB			X			X	n North Coast (Humboldt Co.), n Central Coast (Marin, Sonoma cos.)	Occurs at Crissy Field (pers. commun Ling He (NPS), 2006). Occurs west of Hwy 1 bw Hamlet & Nick's Cove. Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report, GGNRA 2001. It is anticipated that coastal marsh habitat would be unaffected by FMF actions
<i>Cordylanthus mollis</i> sp. <i>mollis</i>	Soft bird's-beak	FE	IB	R	Coastal salt marsh	In coastal salt marsh with distichlis, salicornia, frankenia, etc. 0-5m.			X	n Central Coast.	
<i>Cration californicus</i>	California croton	FSLC		Coastal sage scrub, chaparral.	Dry sandy soils, dunes, washes to 4000ft.		X		X	Central Coast, South Coast, Channel Islands (Santa Catalina Island), Desert	Documented on the Presidio (NPS 2004)
<i>Cupressus abramsiana</i>	Santa Cruz cypress	FE	IB	E	Closed-cone coniferous forest, lower montane coniferous forest.	Narrow endemic from Santa Cruz and Santa Clara Cos. Restricted to the Santa Cruz mountains, on sandstone & granitic derived soils often w/p. Atemaria, redwoods, 300-800m.			X	San Francisco Bay Area (Santa Cruz Mtns)	Threatened by development, agriculture.
<i>Cypripedium fasciculatum</i>	Clustered lady's-slipper orchid	FSC	4		North coast coniferous forest, lower montane coniferous forest.	In serpentine seeps and moist streambanks, 100-1980m.			X	Northwestern California, Cascade Range, n Sierra Nevada, sw San Francisco Bay Area	
<i>Delphinium bakeri</i>	Baker's larkspur	FE, PCH	IB	R	Coastal scrub, grasslands.	Only site occurs on nw facing slope, on decomposed shale. Hst. Known from grassy areas along fencelines 100-900m.			X	n San Francisco Bay Area, n Central Coast, (Sonoma Co.)	
<i>Delphinium luteum</i>	Yellow larkspur	FE, PCH	IB	R	Chaparral, coastal prairie, coastal scrub.	Endemic to a couple of occurrences hanging on Sonoma County, North-facing rocky slopes. 0-100m.			X	n Central Coast (Marin, Sonoma cos.)	
<i>Dreca occidentalis</i>	Western leatherwood	FSLC	IB	X	Broadleaved upland forest, chaparral, closed-cone conifers	On brushy slopes, mesic sites; mostly in mixed evergreen/foothill woodland communities. 30-550m.			X	Hybrids with <i>D. decorum</i> - <i>D. madecassae</i> .	
<i>Eriogonum spp.</i>	Supply daisy	FSC	IB		Coastal bluff scrub, coastal prairie.	Usually in grassy sites, 5-50m.			X	North Coast. Threatened by coastal development.	
<i>Eriogonum latocanum</i>	Tributary buckwheat	FSLC	X			Known from the greater bay area as serpentine soils, 10-500m.			X	c. Inner North Coast Ranges (Catalina Co.), n Central Coast, n San Francisco Bay Area (Marin, formerly Ano Nuevo cos.)	Occurs only at MVAFB. Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report, GGNRA 2001.
<i>Eriophyllum latifolium</i>	San Mateo woolly sunflower	FE	IB	E		Endemic to San Mateo County often on roadsides, found on and off of serpentine. 45-150m.			X	Low San Francisco Bay Area (San Mateo Co.) Probable derivative of <i>E. latifolium</i> var. <i>arachnoidium</i> X <i>E. latifolium</i> var. <i>confertiflorum</i> . Threatened by development	Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report, GGNRA 2001.

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<i>Erysimum ammophilum</i>	Coast wallflower	FSC 1B	Chaparral (maritime), coastal dunes, coastal scrub.	None	Marin	
<i>Erysimum franciscanum</i>	San Francisco wallflower	FSC 4	X	Coastal dunes, coastal scrub, valley and foothill grassland.	X X X X	North Coast, n/kc Central Coast, San Francisco Bay Area. Fleshy, coastal plants threatened by development. Plants have been called var. <i>rossae</i> . Special status Vascular Plant. Species Monitoring Report, GGNRA 2001.
<i>Fissidens pauperculus</i>	Fissidens moss	FSLC 1B		North coast coniferous forest.	X	
<i>Fritillaria agrestis</i>	Stinkbells	FSLC 4		Cismontane woodland, chaparral, valley and foothill grassland.	X	Outer North Coast Ranges (Mendocino Co.), Sierra Nevada, Great Central Valley, Central Western California
<i>Fritillaria biflora</i> var. <i>inecina</i>	Hillsborough chocolate lily	FSC 1B		Cismontane woodland, valley and foothill grassland.	X	San Francisco Bay Area (Hillsborough, San Mateo Co.).
<i>Fritillaria lanceolata</i> var. <i>tristis</i>	Marin checker lily	FSC 1B	X	Coastal bluff scrub, coastal scrub, coastal prairie.	X X X	Endemic to Marin County. Occurrences reported from canyons and riparian areas as well as rock outcrops; often on serpentine; most recent site in serpentine grassland, 90-160m. Probable on serpentine; most recent site in serpentine grassland, 90-160m.
<i>Fritillaria affinis</i>	Fragrant fritillary	FSC 1B	X	Coastal scrub, valley and foothill grassland, coastal prairie.	X X X	Occurs at Nicasio Ridge and in the SWWD Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report, GGNRA 2001.
<i>Gilia capitata</i> ssp. <i>Chamissonis</i>	San Francisco dune gilia	FSC 1B	X	Coastal dunes, coastal scrub.	X X X	Located in rare dune habitat on the Presidio (Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report, GGNRA 2001). Colonies that have been recently disturbed, and spreads in dynamic dune systems.
<i>Gilia capitata</i> ssp. <i>Tomentosa</i>		FSC 1B		Rocky outcrops on the coast, 1.5-15m.	X	
<i>Gilia multifolia</i>	Yarrow-leaf gilia	FSLC 1B		Coastal dunes, 2-20m.	X X X X	North Coast, n Central Coast
<i>Grindelia hirsutula</i>	San Francisco gumplant	FSC 1B	X	Coastal scrub, coastal bluff scrub, valley and foothill grassland.	Ocean bluffs and coastal hill sides, sandy or serpentine slopes, sea bluffs, 15-40m.	Occurs on Presidio coastal area. *Special status Vascular Plant. Species Monitoring Report, GGNRA 2001. Forest Service indicates that <i>G. squarrosa</i> although it may be top-killed by fire, it may respond and seedlings colonize and increase after a fire (www.fs.fed.us/database/feis)
<i>Helianthella costacea</i>	Diablo helianthella	FSC		Broadleaved upland forest, chaparral, cismontane woodland, coastal scrub, riparian woodland, valley & foothill grassland.	X X X	In San Francisco Bay Area

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GGNRA Fire Management Plan

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		Federal	State	CNPS								
<i>Hesperolinon congestum</i>	Marin dwarf-flax "Marin Western Flax"	FT	1B	T	X	Chaparral, valley and foothill grassland.	X	X	X	X	Marin	Its decline is attributable to invasive by species, especially nonnative vegetation; the population would be enhanced by invasive species control and management. The fuel reduction actions for San Francisco lands may need further USFS consultation to reduce fuel loadings in grassland habitat with limited brush and open soil on crop's effects during vegetation removal and to maximize long-term benefits.
<i>Holocarphus macradenia</i>	Santa Cruz tarplant	FT	1B	E		Coastal prairie, valley and foothill grassland.					San Mateo	San Francisco
<i>Horkelia campestris var. sericea</i>	Kellogg's horkelia	FSLC	1B	X		Closed-cone coniferous forest, coastal scrub, chaparral.	X	X	X	X	Marin	Marin
<i>Horkelia marinensis</i>	Point Reyes horkelia	FSC	1B			Coastal dunes, coastal prairie, coastal scrub.					Marin	Marin
<i>Horkelia tenellula</i>	Thin-leaved horkelia	FSLC	1B			Sandy soils, mesic openings, 10-20m.					Marin	Marin
<i>Lasthenia macrantha</i> ssp. <i>bakeri</i>	Baker's goldfields	FSLC	1B			Closed-cone coniferous forest, coastal scrub.					Marin	Marin
<i>Lasthenia macrantha</i> ssp. <i>macrantha</i>	Perennial goldfields	FSLC	1B			Grasslands, woods near coast. Openings in forests and scrublands, 60-520m.					Marin	Marin
<i>Lathyrus japonicus</i> var. <i>japonii</i>	Delta tul-pea	FSC	1B			Coastal bluff scrub, coastal dunes, coastal scrub.	X	X		X	North Coast (Mendocino, Sonoma cos.)	North Coast (Fort Bragg), n. Central Coast (Point Reyes to Santa Cruz)
<i>Leptosiphon parviflorus</i>	Beach layia	FE	1B	E		Freshwater and brackish marshes.					North Coast, Central Coast (2 stations)	North Coast, Central Coast (2 stations)
<i>Legenere limosa</i>	Legenere	FSC	1B			On sparsely vegetated semi-stabilized dunes, usually behind foredunes, 0-75m.	X	X			North Coast, Central Coast	No occurrences present in GGNRA (Papers Comm. Ling He (NPS), 2004). Seeds of species was re-introduced to Crissy Field in 1998-9, however did not establish
<i>Leptosiphon parviflorus</i> var. <i>rosaceus</i> (<i>linanthus</i> <i>rosaceus</i>)	Rose linanthus	FSC				Usually on marsh and dough edges.					North Coast Ranges, s. Sacramento Valley, n. San Joaquin Valley, San Francisco Bay Area (Santa Cruz Mts, Mount Hamilton Range).	Per communication with Marin-CNPS (2004), no populations have been observed outside of PORE & near Dillon Beach.

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<i>Lessertia arachnoidaea</i>	Crystal Springs lessertia	FSC	IB	X	Coastal sage scrub, valley and foothill grassland, cismontane woodland.	Known only from Santa Clara & Sonoma Counties. Grassy slopes, on serpentine; sometimes on roadsides, 60-200m.	No effect	sw San Francisco Bay Area (San Simeon Reservoir, Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report GGNRA 2001)	Ocurs only in San Mateo Co, near Crystal Springs Reservoir. Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report GGNRA 2001.
<i>Lessertia germanorum</i>	San Francisco lessertia	FE	IB	X	Coastal scrub.	Known only from San Francisco and San Mateo counties. From remnant dunes. Open sandy soils relatively free of competing plants. 20-125m.	Beneficial	sw San Francisco Bay Area (Presidio Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report GGNRA 2001).	It is anticipated that the year dune population located at Crissy Field would be unaffected by FMP actions. Species colonizes areas that have been recently disturbed, resulting in enhanced by FMP actions. The limited Presidio Special Status Vascular population would also be enhanced by invasive species control and management. The heel reduction actions for San Francisco lands may need further USFWS consultation to reduce direct effects during vegetation removal and to maximize long-term benefits.
<i>Lessertia micradenia var. micradenia</i>	Tamalpais lessertia	FSC	IB		Chaparral, valley and foothill grassland.	Eudemic to Marin County. Usually on serpentine, in serpentine grassland or serpentine chaparral. Often on roadsides, 100-350m.		X	In San Francisco Bay Area (Marin Tamalpais, Marin Co.)
<i>Liatocopsis masonii</i>	Mason's lilacopsis	FSC	IB	R	Freshwater and brackish marshes, riparian scrub.	Tidal zones in muddy or silty soil formed through river deposition or river bank erosion. 0-10m.	X	X	S Sacramento Valley, ne San Francisco (CNDBB 2004) - Closest occurrence in Marin Bay Area - Locally abundant/Invasive. Populations unknown to central threatened by development, flood and southern Marin pers. comm. with Marin CPGS (2004).
<i>Lilium maritimum</i>	Coast lily	FSC	IB		Closed-cone coniferous forest, coastal prairie, coastal scrub, broadleaf upland forest, north coast coniferous forest.	Historically in sandy soil, often on raised hummocks or bogs; today mostly in roadside ditches, 10-35m.		X	s North Coast (extruded in Central Coast) - Hybrids with <i>L. pardalinum</i> .
<i>Limnanthes douglasii</i> ssp. <i>staphylaea</i>	Point Reyes meadowfoam	FSC	IB	E	Fresh Marsh, vernal pools, coastal prairie, meadows & eeps, cismontane woodland.	Only known from San Mateo and Marin Counties. Vertically wet depressions in open rolling coastal prairies & meadows; typically in dark clay soil, 10-120m.		X	North Coast (Marin Co.), Central Coast (San Mateo Co.)
<i>Limnanthes douglasii</i>	Large-flowered Indianthus	FSC			Open, grassy flats, generally in sandy soil.		X	X	North Coast (Sonoma Co.), nCo
<i>Lapinus arboreus</i> var. <i>texensis</i>	San Mateo tree lupine	FSLC		X	Coastal bluffs, dunes, or more inland.	<100m.		X	Known from San Mateo County and Sonoma County.
<i>Lapinus tidestromii</i>	Tidestrom's lupine	FE	IB	E	Coastal dunes.	Includes lupinus tidestromii var. tidestromii, state-listed endangered. Partially stabilized dunes, immediately near the ocean. 0-25m.		X	s North Coast (Sonoma Co.), nCo
<i>Malacothamnus arcuatus</i>	Acuteleaf bush mallow	FSLC	IB			Prefers rocky soils, openings in scrub, gravelly alluvium. 80-35cm.		X	INNER No. Coast range, Mendocino years ago. Occurs in San Mateo Co. Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report GGNRA 2001. Seeds respond to fire.
<i>Microseris paludosa</i> (silverleaf)	Marsh microseris	FSLC	IB					X	Central Coast, San Francisco Bay Area (Tamilpais and Point Reyes, communication with Marin-CNPS 2004).

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Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMU/Project Unit	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMP Actions ^a	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range		Comments
									None	Marin	
<i>Monardella undulata</i>	Curly-leaved monardella	FSC	Chaparral, coastal dunes, coastal scrub, lower montane coniferous forest.	Ponderosa pine sandhills; sandy soils. 0-300m.				X	X	X	Central Coast, San Francisco Bay Area
<i>Monardella villosa</i> ssp. <i>glabrosa</i>	Robust monardella	FSLC	Broadleaved upland forest, chaparral, cismontane woodland, valley and foothill grassland.	Openings, 30-300m.				X			Outer North Coast, San Francisco Bay Area
<i>Navarretia leucocephala</i> ssp. <i>bakeri</i>	Baker's navarretia	FSC	Cismontane woodland, meadows and seeps, vernal pools, valley and foothill grassland, lower montane coniferous forest.	Vernal pools and swales; adobe or alkaline soils. 5-950m.				X	Intra North Coast Ranges, w Sacramento Valley	W. Intermediate between subsp. <i>leucocephala</i> and <i>pileantha</i>	
<i>Navarretia insulata</i>	Marin County navarretia	FSLC	Closed-cone coniferous forest, chaparral.	Known only from Marin and Napa counties. Dry, open rocky places; can occur on serpentine. 200-635m.	X	X		X	Intra North Coast Ranges (Napa Co.), n San Francisco Bay Area (Marin Co.)	Rare in San Francisco area, with one site located in the interior of the Pescadero (Area B) Recovery Plan for Coastal Plants of the Northern San Francisco Peninsula, USFWS 2003.	
<i>Navarretia squarrosa</i>	Skunkbush	FSLC	Sandy alluvium, roadsides, dryer winter pools, open wet gravelly flats, slopes.	Dunes, sandy soils				X	North Coast Ranges, n Sierra Nevada Foothills (Sacramento, Amador cos.)	Per communication with Marin CNPS (2004), "not known except on PORE growing in association with Grindelia". NO CNDB occurrences	
<i>Orobanchis californica</i> ssp. <i>californica</i>	California broomrape	FSLC	Coastal bluff grassland, and occasionally in dunes.	Numerous forested habitats, California floristic province sandy or heavy soils, locally on serpentine substrate. Plant is root parasite generally on grindelia species <150m	X	X		X	North Coast, n&c Central Coast		
<i>Pedicularis sudetica</i>	Dudley's lousewort	FSC	Chaparral, north coast coniferous forest, valley and foothill grassland, coast redwood forests.	Deep shade woods of older coast redwood forests; also in maritime chaparral. 100-490m.				X	Central Western California (except Outer South Coast Ranges). Widely scattered. Plants from c Co. Arroyo de la Cruz, San Luis, Ojai Co.) warrant further study (smaller, leaves < inflorescence, anthers often exerted with bases somewhat acuminate); also like <i>P. semibarbata</i> but filaments glabrous	Per communication with Marin CNPS (2004), "not known except on PORE growing in association with Grindelia". NO CNDB occurrences	
<i>Pentachaeta bellidiflora</i>	White-rayed pentachaeta	FE	E	Valley and foothill grassland.	Open dry rocky slopes and grassy areas, often on soils derived from serpentine bedrock. 35-620m			X	San Francisco Bay Area	Occurs in the SFWD, Special Status Vascular Plant Species Monitoring Report GGNRA 2001.	
<i>Pteridella gaudichieri</i>	Gardner's yampah	FSC	Broadleaved upland forest, chaparral, coastal prairie, valley and foothill grassland, vernal pools.	Aloha flats or grasslands, wet meadows and vernal pools, under pines/radula along the coast; mesic sites. 0-350m.				X	North Coast (Sonoma Co.), Central Coast (s of Monterey Co.)	Per communication with Marin CNPS (2004), Main populations found in PORE only CNDB (2004) - Closest occurrence in Marin Pt Reyes & Inverness.	
<i>Phacelia insularis</i> var. <i>continensis</i>	North Coast phacelia	FSC	Coastal bluff scrub, coastal dunes, coastal flats.	Known only from Mendocino and Marin counties. Open maritime bluffs, sandy soil. 10-160m.	X	X		X	North Coast	North Coast, w Klamath Ranges (but trashland and scrub in the Pescadero, and gum eucalyptus groves in remnant dunes, near Baker Beach (GGNRA unpub data)	
<i>Piperia elegans</i>	Coast rein-oridch	FSLC	Coniferous forests, scrub, coastal bluffs, headlands.	Numerous habitats, prefers moist soils, shade in forested and scrub habitat.	X	X		X			

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<i>Piperia elegans</i> sp. <i>Decurtata</i>	Point Reyes rein orchid	FSC	IB	Coastal bluff scrub.	15-185m.				
<i>Plagiobothrys chorisianus</i> var. <i>chorisianus</i>	Choris's popcornflower	FSLC	IB	X	Chaparral, coastal scrub, coastal prairie.		X		
<i>Plagiobothrys glaber</i>	Hairyless allocarya	FSC	IA	Valley and foothill grassland, coastal prairie.		X	X		
<i>Plagiobothrys diffusus</i> **	San Francisco popcornflower	FSLC	E	Historically from grassy slopes with marine influence. 60-485m.		X	X		
<i>Plagiobothrys reticulatus</i>	Greene's popcorn flower	FSC		Meadows and seeps, marshes and swamps.	Coastal salt marshes and alkali meadows. 5-180m.	X	X		
<i>Plagiobothrys rosarium</i>	North Coast semaphore grass	FSC	T	Forests, grasslands, wet meadows and seeps, north coast coniferous forest.	gen <300m.	X	X		
<i>Pleurozium schreberianum</i>	Main knottedweed	FSLC	3	Meadows and swamps.	Broadleaved upland forest, sometimes freshwater marsh; associated with forest environments; 10-1150m.	X	X		
<i>Polygonum marinense</i>	Hickman's potentilla = Hickman's cinquefoil	FE	IB	Coastal salt marshes and brackish marshes. 0-10m.		X	X		
<i>Potentilla hickmanii</i>	California beaked-rush	FSC	IB	Freshwater marshes, seeps, and small streams in open or forested areas along the coast. 5-125m.		X	X		
<i>Rhynchospora californica</i>	Pine rose	FSLC		Bogs and fens, marshes and swamps, lower montane coniferous forest, meadows and swamps.	Freshwater seeps and open marshy areas. 45-1000m.	X	X		
<i>Rosa pinetorum</i>				Closed-cone coniferous forest.	2-30m.				

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Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMU/Project Unit that Could Result from FMF Actions ⁵	County Distribution	Comments	Species Distribution / Range									
									CNPS State	Federal State	No effect Beneficial WUL	Muir Woods Zone	No effect Beneficial WUL	San Mateo Francisco SAC	No effect Beneficial WUL	No effect Beneficial WUL	No effect Beneficial WUL	
<i>Sagittaria trifolia</i>	Valley sagittaria (Sanford's arrowhead)	FSC	IB	Marshes and swamps.	In standing or slow-moving freshwater ponds, marshes, and ditches, 0-610m.			X										
<i>Sarcococca maritima</i>	Adobe sanicle	FSC	IB R	Meadows and seeps, valley and foothill grassland, chaparral, coastal prairie.	Coastal grassy areas, wet meadows, plays, prefers moist clay or ultramafic soils, 30-240m.													
<i>Sidalcea calycosa</i> ssp. <i>Rhizomatosa</i>	Point Reyes checkerbloom	FSLC	IB	Marshes and swamps.	Freshwater marshes near the coast, 5-75/245m.									X	c&s. North Coast (Mendocino, Sonoma cos.), Central Coast (Marin Co.)			
<i>Sidalcea hickmanii</i>	Marin checkermallow (checkerbloom)	FSLC	IB	Chaparral.	Serpentine Or Volcanic Soils; Sometimes Appears After Burns, 0-430m.	X								X	X			
<i>Sidalcea purpurea</i>	Purple-stemmed checkerbloom	FSLC	IB	Broadleafed upland forest, coastal prairie.	15-65m.									X	X			
<i>Silene verecunda</i> ssp. <i>verecunda</i>	Mission Delores (San Francisco) campion	FSC	IB	X	Coastal scrub, valley and foothill grassland, coastal bluff scrub, chaparral, coastal prairie.	Often on mudstone or shale; one site on serpentine, 30-645m.	X							X	X			
<i>Spartina foliosa</i>	Pacific cordgrass	FSLC		Coastal salt marsh	Baja to northern California	X								X	X			
<i>Stebbinsia decipiens</i>	Santa Cruz microseris (silverpuff)	FSC	IB	X	Broadleaved upland forest, closed-coniferous forest, chaparral, coastal prairie, coastal scrub.	Open areas in loose or disturbed soil, derived from sandstone, shale or serp., on seaward slopes, 10-500m.	X							X				
<i>Stellaria littoralis</i>	Seashore starwort	FSC	4		Bogs and fens, coastal bluff scrub, coastal dunes, coastal scrub, marshes and swamps, 5-40m.									X				
<i>Streptanthus glandulosus</i> "Tamilpais jewel-flower"	Tamilpais jewel-flower	FSC	IB	X	Closed-cone coniferous forest, chaparral.	Endemic to Marin County, Talus serpentine outcrops, 410-650m.	X							X				
<i>Streptanthus glandulosus</i> ssp. <i>Palchellae</i>	Mount Tamalpais jewelflower	FSC	IB		Chamarral, valley and foothill grassland.	Endemic to Marin County, Serpentine slopes, 150-800m.								X				
<i>Streptanthus niger</i>	Tiburon jewelflower	FE	IB E		Valley and foothill grassland.	Endemic to Marin County, Serpentine outcrops in grasslands/savannas, rocky serpentine slopes, 30-120m.								X				
<i>Stuckenia californica</i>	California seablite	FT			Coastal salt marshes.		X							X				
<i>Tanacetum camphoratum</i>	Dune tansy	FSC					X							X				

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Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association		Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMU/Project Unit	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMP Actions ¹	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range	Comments
<i>Trifolium americanum</i>	Showy Indian clover	FE	WUI Federally Sensitive CNPS State	Valley and foothill grassland, coastal bluff scrub.	X	X	None	Marin San Mateo Francisco Lukewarm Seaside Beneath WUI Muir Woods Native Mosses	X	North Coast Ranges, n Central Coast. Per communication with CNPS-Marin (2004) San Francisco Bay Area. Probably Marin population located on private land. Belongs to <i>T. depauperatum</i> near Dillon Beach. CNDDB (2004). Occurrences in Marin, Valley Ford Quad.
<i>Trifolium depauperatum</i>	Saltine clover	FSC	IB	Mashes and swamps, valley and foothill grassland, vernal pools.					X	Sacramento Valley, Central Western California
<i>Trifolium depauperatum</i> var. <i>hydroleptum</i>		FSC	IB	Coastal prairie, valley and foothill grassland.					X	
<i>Triphysaria floribunda</i>	San Francisco owl's-clover	FSC	IB	On serpentine and nonserpentine substrate (such as at Pt. Reyes), 10-160m.	X	X			X	
<i>Triquetrella californica</i>	California triquetella moss	FSLC	IB	Known in Calif. From about 10 small occ., and in Oregon from one occurrence. Moss growing on soil. 10-100m.					X	Occurs in San Diego, Contra Costa, San Francisco, Marin, Mendocino, & Del Norte Counties.
INVERTEBRATES										
<i>Acleris oparella</i>	Opler's longhorn moth	FSC	n/a	X	Coastal grassland and serpentine grasslands.	X		X	X	Main County & the Oakland area on the inner coast ranges south to Santa Clara Co. One record from Santa Cruz Co.
<i>Calicina diminua</i>	Marin blind harvestman	FSC	n/a	Serpentine rock outcrops, serpentine grasslands.		X		X	X	Known only from Burdell Mountain in Marin County (occurrences).
<i>Calicina minor</i>	Edgewood blind harvestman	FSC	n/a	Open grassland in areas of serpentine bedrock.		X		X	X	Found in coastal mountains near Sausalito, Marin Co. Potential temporary impacts would be minimized to be insignificant.
<i>Callaphrys mossii</i> <i>bayensis</i>	San Bruno elfin butterfly	FE	n/a	Rocky outcrops and cliffs in coastal scrub habitat.		X		X	X	The larval host plant for san bruno elfins is <i>Sedum spathulifolium</i> , a succulent that grows on rocky, north-facing slopes along the coast.
<i>Cartwrightia</i> <i>palaearctica magus</i>	Sonoran arctic skipper	FSC	n/a	Redwood forest.		X		X	X	Most specimens collected in deep shade or at the edge of forested clearings.
<i>Cicindela hirticollis</i> <i>gravidula</i>	Sandy beach tiger beetle	FSC	n/a	Inhabits areas adjacent to non-brackish water along the coast of California from San Francisco Bay to northern Mexico.	X			X	X	Clean, dry, light-colored sand in the upper zone. Subterranean larvae prefer moist sand not affected by wave action.
<i>Cicindela ohione</i>	Ohione tiger beetle	FE	n/a	Coastal terraces supporting remnant patches of native grasslands.		X		X	X	Known only from San Mateo and Santa Clara counties.
<i>Cocculus glabrosus</i>	Globe-dune beetle	FSC	n/a	Inhabitant of coastal sand dune habitat, from Bolinas Head in Sonoma County south to Ensenada, Mexico.	X			X	X	Monterey, Santa Cruz, Ventura, Santa Barbara, San Diego, & Los Angeles, & Santa Barbara, San Diego, Los Angeles, & Los Angeles Counties (occurrences).
<i>Euphydryas editha</i> <i>havenensis</i>	Bay checkerspot butterfly	FT, CH	n/a	X				X	X	Known only from San Mateo and Santa Clara counties.
<i>Haliotis cracherodii</i>	Black abalone	FC	n/a					X	X	Known only from San Barbara & Ventura Counties (occurrences).

Notes to GGNRA Records

1. USFWS has no records in GGNRA management documents concerning this species.

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Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMU/Project Unit or LSP/WS Unit	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMF Actions*	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range	Comments								
<i>Haliotis sorenseni</i>	White abalone	FE	n/a	Subtidal marine habitat		X	X	X	X	X								
<i>Hedningioglypta arrosa williamsi</i>	William's bronze shoulderband snail	FSC	n/a		Known only from Hog Island, a small islet in Tomales Bay, Marin County.		X									X		
<i>Hedningioglypta nickliniana evania</i>	Nicklin's Peninsula Coast Range snail	FSC	n/a		Known only from exposed granite headlands of the Point Reyes Peninsula, Marin County.		X	X								X		
<i>Hydrochara ricksckeri</i>	Rickscher's water scavenger beetle	FSC	n/a	X	Various water bodies.											X	X	
<i>Hydropsyche leechii</i>	Leech's skyline diving beetle	FSC	n/a		Aquatic; known from the San Francisco Bay area.		X	X							X	X		
					Known to inhabit permanent ponds in northern San Mateo County.												X	

Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Potential Effect that Could Result from FM/P Actions ¹	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range	Comments
<i>Icaricia icarioides</i> ssp. <i>missionensis</i>		CNPRCA Recorders Note in GGNRA Records	CNPRCA management concern on LSPWS is	Micro habitat					
<i>Icaricia icarioides</i> ssp. <i>Parapheres</i>	Mission blue butterfly	FIE n/a	X	Mission blue butterflies are closely tied to three lupine larval host plants— <i>Lupinus arboreus</i> , <i>L. varicolor</i> , and <i>L. formosus</i> . These host plants tend to occur on grasslands on thin, rocky soils within broader coastal scrub habitats.	X		X	X	Found in Tennessee Valley, Marin Headlands, Main Headlands, the coastal ridges in Milagra, and Sweeney Ridges (NPS, 2004). San Bruno, County, San Bruno Mountain, and possibly Twin Peaks in San Francisco
<i>Incilius massii</i> <i>marinensis</i>	Marin eftn butterfly	FSC n/a	X	Stabilized sand dunes with the common bush lupines arboreus & <i>L. varicolor</i> . <i>L. varicolor</i> is the likely foodplant.	X		X	X	Not observed in GGNRA, not likely to be present in study area (NPS, 2004)
<i>Lichanura trivittata</i>	Bumblebee scarab beetle	FSC n/a	X	Marin eftn butterfly are closely tied to a single larval host plant—broadleaf stonecrop (<i>Sedum spathulifolium</i>) which occurs in coastal grasslands on thin rocky soils within coastal scrub grassland habitats.	X		X	X	San Bruno mtn., Montara mtn., Mt. Diablo, and Alpine lake, Sleep North Not observed in GGNRA, not likely to be found in slopes, and coastal mountain present in study area (NPS, 2004) of SF Bay Area.
<i>Microtia elisabethae</i>	Edgewood microblind harvesterman	FSC n/a		Inhabits coastal sand dunes from Sonoma County south to San Mateo County.	X		X	X	Confined to the Pt. Reyes Peninsula from Pt. Reyes proper north to Tomales Pt.
<i>Microtia tiburonana</i>	Tiburon microblind harvesterman	FSC n/a		Coastal grassland, coastal scrub.	X		X	X	San Bruno mtn., Montara mtn., Mt. Diablo, and Alpine lake, Sleep North Not observed in GGNRA, not likely to be found in slopes, and coastal mountain present in study area (NPS, 2004) of SF Bay Area.
<i>Speyeria adiaste adiaste</i>	Unsilvered fritillary butterfly	FSC n/a		Usually flies close to sand surface near the crest of the dunes.	X		X	X	Not observed in GGNRA, not likely to be present in study area (NPS, 2004)
<i>Speyeria calippe</i> ssp. <i>calippe</i>	Calippe silverspot butterfly	FIE n/a		Serpentine grassland, serpentine scrub.	X		X	X	Edgewood County Park and a site west of Interstate Highway 280 in San Mateo County, California
<i>Speyeria zerene myrtleae</i>	Myrtle's silverspot butterfly	FIE n/a		Open hilly grassland habitat in areas of serpentine bedrock.	X		X	X	CNDBB.
<i>Synecards pacifica</i>	Californian fresh water shrimp	FIE n/a	SE	Very local, restricted range in California: San Luis Obispo County north to San Mateo County east to north Los Angeles County and Kern County.	X		X	X	Santa Cruz & Santa Clara counties CNDBB
<i>Acipenser medirostris</i>	Green sturgeon	FC n/a	X	Native grassland and adjacent habitats that support the larval foodplant, Johnny-jump-up (<i>Viola pedunculata</i>)	X		X	X	Sonoma, Alameda, Solano & San Mateo counties
<i>Acipenser medirostris</i>				Closely associated with larval and food plants violet (<i>Viola adunca</i>) in areas sheltered from the wind below \$20 feet within 3 miles of the coast.	X		X	X	Western Marin & southwest Sonoma Not observed in GGNRA, not likely to be present in study area (NPS, 2004)
<i>FISH</i>				Streams of 12-36 inches in depth along with exposed live roots of trees along under cut banks > with over hanging woody debris	X		X	X	Tributary streams in the lower Russian River drainage westward to the Pacific Ocean
					X		X	X	Aleutian Islands and the Gulf of California
					X		X	X	A mostly marine-sustained species that is only known to spawn in large CA rivers
					X		X	X	Alaska to Ensenada, Mexico
					X		X	X	Considered vulnerable in Canada.

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Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence Known in FMU/Project Unit	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range	Comments
<i>Encylogobius newberryi</i>	Tidewater goby	FE	X	Brackish water habitats along the CA coast from Agua Hedionda Lagoon, San Diego Co. to the mouth of the Smith River.	X	X X	X X	Eastern Pacific: Del Norte County in northern California, USA to Del Mar in southern California.	Found in Redwood GGNRA-managed areas unlikely. If it is anticipated that this tidewater goby habitat would be unaffected by FMP actions, Potential impacts would be minimized to be insignificant.
<i>Hypomesus transpacificus</i>	Delta smelt	FT	n/a	Spawning and rearing mostly in Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta.			X X	North America: Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta region in central California, USA.	
<i>Lampris ater</i>	River lamprey	FSC	n/a	Lower Sacramento River, San Joaquin River & Russian River. May occur in coastal streams north of San Francisco Bay.			X X	Eastern Pacific: Tee Harbor, Alaska to Sacramento-San Joaquin drainage in California, USA. Freshwater resident population in Morrison Creek, Vancouver Island, British Columbia	
<i>Lampris tridentata</i>	Pacific lamprey	FSC	n/a	Freshwater streams.	X	X	X X	Range in California, Oregon, Washington and Idaho with the most precipitous declines in the upper Columbia, Snake and North Umpqua River basins.	No occurrences of this anadromous species have been observed in GGNRA-managed streams documented in Lagunitas Watershed (NPS, 2004)
<i>Oncorhynchus kisutch</i>	Coho salmon—Central California coast	FT,SE, CH	n/a	Coastal streams draining to ocean (including those to S.F. Bay) with spawning, juvenile rearing habitat, and migratory corridor	X	X X	X X	Present in Muir Woods, Redwood Creek, Point Hope, Alaska south to Chamaula, Mexico.	Present in Muir Woods, Redwood Creek (NPS, 2004)
<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	Steelhead — Central California Coast	FT	n/a	Coastal streams draining to ocean (including those to S.F. bay) with spawning, juvenile rearing habitat, and migratory corridor	X	X X	X X	California streams from the Russian River to Abates Creek, and the drainages of San Francisco and San Pablo Bays eastward to the Napa River (inclusive).	Present in Muir Woods, Redwood Creek (NPS, 2004)
<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	Steelhead — Central Valley	FT	n/a	Spawning and juvenile rearing habitat in Sacramento and San Joaquin Rivers and their tributaries	X*	X X	X X	Sacramento and San Joaquin Rivers and their tributaries.	Adult and juvenile migratory corridor along S.F. Bay portion of GGNRA lands. It is anticipated that the habitat supporting this species would be unaffected by FMP actions (Daren Fong (NPS), pers. comm. 2004). Potential temporary impacts would be minimized to be insignificant and long-term effects would be beneficial.
<i>Oncorhynchus tshawytscha</i>	Chinook salmon — Sacramento River winter run	FE, CH	n/a	Spawning and juvenile rearing habitat in Sacramento River and tributaries	X*	X X	X X	*Adult and juvenile migratory corridor along S.F. Bay portion of GGNRA lands. Critical habitat includes Bay waters to the Golden Gate Bridge. It is anticipated that the habitat supporting this species would be unaffected by FMP actions (Daren Fong (NPS), pers. comm. 2004). Potential temporary impacts would be minimized to be insignificant and long-term effects would be beneficial.	
<i>Oncorhynchus tshawytscha</i>	Chinook salmon — California coastal	FT	n/a	Spawning and juvenile rearing in large coastal stream and rivers draining to ocean.			X	Arctic and Pacific: drainages from Point Hope, Alaska to Ventura River, California, USA; occasionally strays south to San Diego in California, USA.	Spawning, juvenile rearing habitat, and Arctic and Pacific: drainages from Point Hope, Alaska to Ventura River, California, USA; occasionally strays south to San Diego in California, USA.

APPENDIX B
SPECIES OF CONCERN

Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMU / Project Unit	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMP Actions*	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range	Comments
<i>Oncorhynchus tshawytscha</i>	Chinook salmon — Central Valley spring run	FT n/a	FT X		X*					
<i>Oncorhynchus tshawytscha</i>	Chinook salmon — Central Valley fall/run	CH, FC n/a	X	Population spawning in the Sacramento & San Joaquin Rivers and their tributaries.						
<i>Pogonichthys macrolepidotus</i>	Sacramento splittail	FT n/a								
<i>Spirinchus thaleichthys</i>	longfin smelt	FSC n/a								
REPTILES/AMPHIBIANS										
<i>Ambystoma californiense</i>	California tiger salamander	FPT n/a		Vernal pool grasslands,		X				
<i>Crotaphytus cerastes</i>	Loggerhead turtle	FT n/a		Continental shelves, bays, estuaries, and lagoons in temperate, tropical, and subtropical climates.	X	X				
<i>Chelonia mydas</i>	Green turtle	FT n/a		Continental shelves, bays, estuaries, and lagoons in temperate, tropical, and subtropical climates.	X	X				
<i>Clemmys marmorata marmorata</i>	Northwestern pond turtle	FSC n/a	X	Aquatic turtle; requires ponds, slow-moving waterways such as creeks, and irrigation ditches where water ponds. Prefers habitats with basking sites, aquatic vegetation, and suitable upland habitats for egg-laying.	X	X				
<i>Clemmys marmorata pallidula</i>	Southwestern pond turtle	FSC n/a	X	Aquatic turtle; requires ponds, slow-moving waterways such as creeks, and irrigation ditches where water ponds. Prefers habitats with basking sites, aquatic vegetation, and suitable upland habitats for egg-laying.	X	X				

Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrences known in FMU / Project Unit	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMP Actions ¹	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range		Comments	
									Site	CNPS	SPW's Site	
<i>Dermochelys coriacea</i>	Leatherback turtle	FE	n/a	Offshore marine	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Marine migratory species, unlikely to be affected by FMP actions (NPS, 2004)
<i>Lepidochelys olivacea</i>	Olive ridley sea turtle	FT	n/a	Offshore marine	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Marine migratory species, unlikely to be affected by FMP actions (NPS, 2004)
<i>Phrynosoma coronatum frontale</i>	California horned lizard	FSC	n/a	X	Frequents a wide variety of habitats, most common in lowlands along sandy washes with scattered low bushes.	X	X	X	X	X	X	Shasta County, Southwest along the Sacramento valley south Coast Ranges, San Joaquin Valley, and Sierra Nevada foothills.
<i>Rana aurora aurora</i>	Northern red-legged frog	FSC	n/a	X	Found in humid forests, woodlands, grasslands, and streambeds in northwestern California.	X	X	X	X	X	X	Mendocino Co., Oregon, and Washington. Range overlaps with <i>Rana draytonii</i> in Pt. Arena, Mendocino Co.
<i>Rana aurora draytonii</i>	California red-legged frog	FT	n/a	X	Ponds and other permanent slow-moving reservoirs; lakes, reservoirs, slow streams, marshes, and bogs.	X	X	X	X	X	X	California red-legged frogs are still locally abundant within portions of the San Francisco Bay area (including Marin County) and the central coast (San Mateo Counties (NPS, 2004). Within the remaining distribution of temporary impacts would be minimized to the species, only isolated populations insignificant, and long-term effects would have been documented in the Sierra Nevada, northern California, and Transverse ranges.
<i>Rana boylii</i>	Foothill yellow-legged frog	FSC	n/a	X	Partly-shaded, shallow streams & riffles with a rocky substrate in a variety of habitats.	X	X	X	X	X	X	West of crest of Cascade mts. Of CA to San Gabriel River, Los Angeles County, Sierra Nevada foothills to about 6000'; Baja California.
<i>Spea hammondi</i>	Western spadefoot toad	FSC	n/a		Occurs primarily in grassland habitats, but can be found in valley-foothill hardwood woodlands.	X	X	X	X	X	X	Historically San Francisco Peninsula currently known from South San Francisco near Abbott and Mori Point minimized to be insignificant and long-term impacts would be beneficial.
<i>Thamnophis sirtalis tetrataenia</i>	San Francisco garter snake	FE	n/a	SE	Freshwater habitats are primary foraging sites. Adjacent uplands for basking and hibernaculae.	X	X	X	X	X	X	Historically San Francisco Peninsula in S.F. Bay coastal areas.
BIRDS²												
<i>Aegithalos tricolor</i>	Tricolored blackbird	FSC	n/a	X	(Nesting colony) highly colonial species, most numerous in Central Valley & vicinity. Large endemic to California.	Requires open water, protected nesting substrate, & foraging area with insect prey within a few km of the colony.	X	X	X	X	X	Gregarious; found year-round in large flocks in open country and dairy therefore it is anticipated that the effects on populations of these species would be minor, with potential impacts from invasive species control and restoration of ecosystem processes.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMU/Project Unit	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMF Actions ^a	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range	Comments
GGNRA management concern for USFS/WSI										
<i>Amphispiza belli belli</i>	Bell's sage sparrow	FSC n/a	X	(Nesting) nest in chaparral dominated by fairly dense stands of chamise. Found in coastal sage scrub in south of range.	X			San Mateo Palo Alto Santa Clara Marin	Western U.S. to N. Mexico	Mechanical removal and other FMP action would occur outside of nesting season, and limited number of acres burned each year therefore it is anticipated that the effects on populations of these species would be minor, with potential beneficial impacts from invasive species control and restoration of ecosystem processes.
<i>Arenaria melanocephala</i>	Black turnstone	FSC n/a		Breeds in coastal Alaska. Winters on rocky coasts.	X					Breeds in western Alaska and winters along the entire stretch of Pacific Coast from southern Alaska to Baja California..
<i>Athene cunicularia hypnorum</i>	Western burrowing owl	FSC n/a	X	(Burrow sites) open, dry annual or semiannual grasslands, deserts & scrublands characterized by low-growing vegetation.	X					Species such as raptors and some owl species (burrowing, western screech) have been shown to increase in numbers after fires (USDA, 2000), and could be beneficially affected because raptors in general are unaffected or respond favorably to burned habitat (Smith, 2000).
<i>Botaurus lentiginosus</i>	American bittern	FSC n/a	X	Freshwater and slightly brackish marshes. Also in coastal saltmarshes.	X					
<i>Brachyurus plus</i> <i>marmoratus marmoratus</i>	Marbled murrelet	FT, CH n/a	SE	Old growth forest for breeding and sheltered waters/open coast for foraging	X	X				Habitat present in Muir Woods, but no detections in 2 years of surveys (NPS, 2004). Common in breeding range; rare in winter habitat. Impacts would be minimized to be insignificant and long-term effects would be beneficial to habitat.
<i>Buteo regalis</i>	Ferruginous hawk	FSC n/a	X	(Wintering) open grasslands, sagebrush flats, desert scrub, low foothills & fringe of pinyon-juniper habitats.	X					Species such as raptors and some owl species (burrowing, western screech) have been shown to increase in numbers after fires (USDA, 2000), and could be beneficially affected because raptors in general are unaffected or respond favorably to burned habitat (Smith, 2000).
<i>Calidris canutus</i>	Red knot	FSC n/a		Breeds on tundra; during migration, on tidal flats, rocky shores, and sandy beaches.	X					
				Often breeds with dowichens.						Breeds on islands in High Arctic of Canada. Winters along coasts from California and Massachusetts southward to southern South America by FMP actions Also in Eurasia.

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Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMU/Project Unit	Potential Effect from FMP Actions*	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range	Comments
<i>Calypte costae</i>	Costa's hummingbird	FSC	n/a	GNNRA Resources Note: GNNRA management concerns do not affect SPSWS listed species.	X					
<i>Carduelis lawrencei</i>	Lawrence's goldfinch	FSC	n/a			X				
<i>Chalcostura vauxi</i>	Vaux's swift	FSC	n/a			X				
<i>Charadrius alexandrinus nivosus</i>	Western snowy plover	FT, CHI	n/a	X	Coastal beaches, sand spits, dune-backed beaches, beaches at river mouths, salt pans at lagoons and estuaries, mud flats, and man-made salt ponds.	X	X	X		
<i>Coccyzus americanus occidentalis</i>	Western yellow-billed cuckoo	FC	n/a	SE	(Nesting) riparian forest nests along the broad, lower flood-bottoms of larger river systems.	X	X			
<i>Contopus cooperi</i>	Olive-sided flycatcher	FSC	n/a		(Nesting) nesting habitats are mixed conifer, monilane laurelwood, Douglas-fir, redwood, red fir & bigpole pine.	X				
<i>Cypseloides niger</i>	Black swift	FSC	n/a		(Nesting) coastal belt of Santa Cruz & Monterey Co., central & southern Sierra Nevada; San Bernardino & San Jacinto Mts.	X				

Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMP/ Project Unit Zone	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMP Actions*	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range	Comments
<i>Diamedea albatrossus</i>	Short-tailed albatross	FE n/a	Marine and near shore habitats for foraging. Breeds in south pacific		X	X				
<i>Diamedea nigripes</i>	Black-footed albatross	FSC n/a	Seen year-round off west coast; most common in spring, summer. Chiefly breeds on hawaiian islands					X	X	Breeds on Bonin Island off Japan. Formerly ranged from Bering Sea to by Baja California, may again do so.
<i>Elaenia leucura</i>	White-tailed kite	FSC n/a	(Nesting) rolling foothills, valley margins w/elevated oaks & river bottomlands or marshes next to deciduous woodland		X	X		X	X	Ranges west offshore from Bering Sea and Aleutians to Baja California.
<i>Empidonax traillii brewsteri</i>	Little willow flycatcher	n/a SE	Breeds in shrubby vegetation in meadows and riparian woodlands, typically where there are mature, dense stands of willows, cottonwoods, or alders.		X	X		X	X	Resident in coastal and interior unburned or burned California, Arizona, and southern Texas. Also in American tropics.
<i>Falco peregrinus anatum</i>	American peregrine falcon	DM n/a SE	(Nesting) near wetlands, lakes, rivers, or other water; on cliffs, banks, dunes, mounds; also, human-made structures.		X	X		X	X	Breeds in wet meadows, & montane. It is anticipated that the riparian and other upland habitats from 2,000-3,000 feet elevation supporting this species would not be affected by FMP actions
<i>Grallidopsis trichas sinuoxia</i>	Saltmarsh common yellowthroat	ESC n/a	Requires thick, continuous cover down to water surface for foraging; tall grasses, tide patches, willows for nesting.		X	X		X	X	The endangered American peregrine falcon (<i>Falco peregrinus anatum</i>) historically breed in GGNRA (Walton pers. GGNRA management concern on LSPWS list)
<i>Haematopus bachmani</i>	Black oystercatcher	FSC n/a	Resident on rocks, shores and islands along the Pacific Coast from the Aleutians to Baja California		X			X	X	Breeds from w. Aleutians, east and south along coast to Morro Bay, CA. It is anticipated that the wetland coastal habitat supporting this species would not be affected by FMP actions
<i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i>	Bald eagle	FT n/a SE	Resident of the San Francisco Bay region, in fresh and salt water marshes.		X			X	X	It is anticipated that the coastal habitat supporting this species would no be affected by FMP actions
<i>Histrionicus histrionicus</i>	Harlequin duck	FSC n/a	(Nesting) built in a recess, sheltered overhanging rock, woody debris, usually within 7 ft of water		X			X	X	It is anticipated that the wetland habitat supporting this species would not be affected by FMP actions

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Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Occurrence known in FMU / Project Unit	County Distribution	Comments	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMP Actions ¹											
								CNPS	Federal	State	None	WUI	Interior	No effect	Negative	Beneficial	No effect	San Martín	Species Distribution / Range
<i>Lanius ludovicianus</i>	Loggerhead shrike	FSC	n/a	X	(Nesting) broken woodlands, savannah, pinyon-juniper, Joshua tree, & riparian woodlands, desert oases, scrub & washes.	X												Per comm. with PRBO, species occurs within the GGNRA.	
<i>Lanius ludovicianus</i> <i>coturniculus</i>				ST	Mainly inhabits salt marshes bordering larger bays.	X													It is anticipated that the salt marsh and coastal habitat supporting this species would be relatively unaffected by FMP actions.
<i>Limosa fedoa</i>	Marbled godwit	FSC	n/a		Common on west coast in winter, fairly common on Texas gulf coast and in Florida; rare but regular in the east.	X													It is anticipated that the salt marsh habitat supporting this species would be relatively unaffected by FMP actions. Per comm. with PRBO species occurs at Crissy Field in the GGNRA. Fairly common on Alameda/Redwood Shores, San Mateo.
<i>Melospiza melodia pusilla</i>	Alameda (South Bay) song sparrow	FSC	n/a		Resident of salt marshes bordering Grindelia Butcher Thigh enough to escape high tides and in Salicornia.	X													It is anticipated that the salt marsh habitat supporting this species would be relatively unaffected by FMP actions. Per comm. with PRBO species only occurs in the localized San Pablo Bay area.
<i>Melospiza melodia samudicus</i>	San Pablo song sparrow	FSC	n/a		Resident of salt marshes along the north side of San Francisco and San Pablo Bays.	X													It is anticipated that the salt marsh habitat supporting this species would be relatively unaffected by FMP actions. Per comm. with PRBO species occurs in the GGNRA particularly Crissy Field.
<i>Numenius americanus</i>	Long-billed curlew	FSC	n/a	X	(Nesting) breeds in upland shortgrass prairies & wet meadows in northeastern California.	X													It is anticipated that the salt marsh habitat supporting this species would be relatively unaffected by FMP actions. Per comm. with PRBO, species occurs at Crissy Field in the GGNRA.
<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>	Whimbrel	FSC	n/a		Habitats on gravelly soils and gently rolling terrain are favored over others.	X													It is anticipated that the coastal habitat supporting this species would not be affected by FMP actions.
<i>Oceanodroma homochroa</i>	Ashy storm-petrel	FSC	n/a		Breeds on arctic tundra, especially near coasts; coastal salt meadows, mudflats, and grassy shoreline slopes during migration.	X												At sea from n. California (Pt. Reyes) to Baja California.	
<i>Otus flammeolus</i>	Flammulated owl	FSC	n/a		(Rookery site) colonial nester on off-shore islands. Usually nests on drift part of island. Forages over open ocean.	X												Southern British Columbia, w. U.S. to Southern Guatemala.	

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Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMU/Project Unit	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMF Actions ¹	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range		Comments
									Federal CNP's	State CNP's	
<i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i> <i>californicus</i>	California Brown pelican	FF	n/a	SE	X	GNRRA management concern for USFWS listed species					The endangered California brown pelican has significant roost areas in GGNRA (NPS 1992). Pelicans have been observed roosting at Seal Rocks, Alcatraz Island, and Kent Island in Street Pier, Bird Island, and Kent Island in Bullards Lagoon. (GGNRA RMP 1999) This species does not breed within the Study Area and it is anticipated that coastal habitats used for roosting would not be affected by FMF actions. Potential impacts would be either be discountable or minimized to be insignificant.
<i>Phalaropus aleuticus</i>	Cassin's auklet	FSC	n/a		X						It is anticipated that the coastal habitat supporting this species would not be affected by FMF actions.
<i>Rallus longirostris</i> <i>obsoletus</i>	California clapper rail	FE	n/a	SE							It is anticipated that the salt marsh supporting this species would not be affected by FMF actions.
<i>Riparia riparia</i>	Bank swallow	CA	n/a	X		(Nesting) colonial nests; nests primarily in riparian and other lowland habitats west of the desert.					Species nest in the Fort Funston cliffs. It is anticipated that this cliff habitat would not be affected by FMF actions.
<i>Rynchops niger</i>	Black skimmer	FSC	n/a			Requires vertical bank/cliffs with fine-textured/sandy soil near streams, rivers, lakes, ocean to dig nesting hole.					Widespread in N. Hemisphere, anticipated that this species would not be affected by FMF actions.
<i>Setophaga ruticilla</i>	Rufous hummingbird	FSC	n/a	X		Nests on gravel bars, low islets, and sandy beaches, in unvegetated sites. Nesting colonies usually less than 200 pairs.					Species nest in S. California, south to S. America. A recently established resident of S. California, nesting at this site. Occasional elsewhere on California coast, casual, Arizona, New Mexico.
<i>Setophaga townsendi</i>	Allen's hummingbird	FSC	n/a	X		(Nesting) breeds in transition life zone of northwest coastal area from Oregon border to southern Sonoma County.					Breeds in nw. N. America; winters in Mexico.
<i>Sphyrapicus ruber</i>	Red-breasted sapsucker	FSC	n/a			Nests in berry tangles, shrubs, and conifers. Favors habitats rich in nectar-producing flowers.					Breeds in coastal California; winters in nw. Mexico
											Per communication with PRBO, species may pass through the GGNRA during migration.
											Mechanical removal and other FMF actions would occur outside much of nesting season and limited number of acres burned each year; therefore it is anticipated that the effects on populations of these species would be minor with potential beneficial impacts from invasive species control and restoration of ecosystem processes.
											Sc., Alaska to Baja California

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Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMU/ Project Unit	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMP Actions ^a	Comments		
								Species Distribution / Range	Comments	
<i>Sterna antillarum browni</i>	California least tern	FE na	SE		X					
		Federal NPS State		Diked ponds or ditches along shorelines.						
<i>Sterna elegans</i>	Elegant tern	FSC	n/a	X	(Nesting colony) only known breeding colony in u.s. located in the salt work dikes at the south end of San Diego Bay.	Nests on dikes between salt ponds in association with caspian tern.	X			
<i>Strix occidentalis caurina</i>	Northern spotted owl	FT	na	X			X	X	X	
<i>Synthliboramphus hypoleucus</i>	Xantus's murrelet	FSC	na	ST		Nests in rock crevices, under bushes, in old burrows and among man-made debris.	X	X	X	
<i>Toxostoma redivivum</i>	California thrasher	FSC	na	X		Forages over most terrains & habitats but shows a preference for foraging over rivers and lakes.	X	X	X	
MAMMALS^b										
<i>Aplidomonia rufa phaea</i>	Point Reyes Mountain Beaver	FSC	na		Coastal area of Point Reyes in areas of springs or seepages.	North facing slopes of hills & gullies in areas overgrown with sword ferns and thimbleberries.	X		X	
<i>Arotocephalus townsendii</i>	Guadalupe fur seal	FT	na	ST			X	X	X	

Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Potential Effect from FMU Actions ⁵	Potential Result that Could Result from FMU Actions ⁵	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range	Comments
<i>Balaenoptera borealis</i>	Sei whale	FE n/a	Offshore marine		X					Offshore marine species (e.g., whales, pelagic birds) are expected to receive little to no impact from fire management activities
<i>Balaenoptera musculus</i>	Blue whale	FE n/a	Offshore marine		X					Worldwide and highly migratory. Offshore marine species (e.g., whales, pelagic birds) are expected to receive little to no impact from fire management activities
<i>Balaenoptera physalus</i>	Finback whale	FE n/a	Offshore marine		X					Worldwide. Migrates to Bering Sea (e.g., whales, pelagic summer and winters south to the Gulfbirds) are expected to receive little to no impact from fire management activities
<i>Corynorhinus townsendii</i> <i>Corynorhinus townsendii</i>	Pacific western big-eared bat	FSC n/a	X	Humid coastal regions of northern California. Ross in limestone caves, lava tubes, mines, buildings etc.	Will only roost in the open, hanging from walls & ceilings. Roosting sites limiting. Extremely sensitive to disturbance	X	X	X	Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Idaho, and Montana (southwestern Montana)	Minor short-term impacts could be both beneficial (creates food sources) and adverse (some mortality may occur in roosting sites).
<i>Enhydra lutris neoreia</i>	Southern sea otter	FT n/a	X			X		X	Central California coast from Pigeon Point near Santa Cruz to Point Conception in Santa Barbara County. Individuals sometimes observed farther north (e.g. Tomales Bay).	
<i>Eschrichtius robustus</i>	Gray whale	DM n/a		Near shore marine			X	X	North Pacific: summers far north (e.g., whales, pelagic birds) are expected to receive little to no impact from fire management activities	
<i>Eubalaena glacialis</i>	Right whale	FE n/a	Offshore marine			X		X	Summer in Gulf of Alaska and Aleutians. Winter range not well known, but observations in Baja and Hawaiian Islands. Right whales prefer coastlines and sometimes large bays, but may spend a lot of time on the open sea. Northern and Southern hemispheres right whale sub-species are separated by the "tropical belt" roughly between the latitudes of 20°N and 20°S.	
<i>Lametopodus julianus</i>	Steller sea lion	FT, CH n/a						X	X	Breeds from northern Channel Islands to Baja, Mexico and Pribilof Islands. Breeding colony on Am Nieuw Island, they are more likely to use rocky shorelines as haulouts.

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<i>Eumops perotis californicus</i>	Greater western mastiff bat	FSC n/a	GCRNA Records Noted in GCRNA Records of the USFS/CDF as being managed as a Species of Concern	X	Many open, semi-arid to arid habitats, including conifer & deciduous woodlands, coastal scrub, grasslands, chaparral etc	Roosts in crevices in cliff faces, high buildings, trees & tunnels.	X		X X	central California, southward to central Mexico. In California, they have been recorded from Butte County southward in the western foothills through the southern California coastal basins and the western portions of the southeastern desert region	Martin
<i>Megaptera novaeangliae</i>	Humpback whale	FE n/a	CNPS Federal State Slate	X	Offshore marine		X		X X	Worldwide. Migrates to Bering Sea and Gulf of Alaska in summer and winters south to California and Hawaii.	San Diego San Francisco Unknown No affective Beneficial WUI Muir Woods Zone
<i>Myotis evotis</i>	Long-eared myotis	FSC n/a		X	Found in al brush, woodland & forest habitats from sea level to about 9000 ft. Prefers coniferous woodlands & forests.	Nursery colonies in buildings, crevices, spaces under bark, & snags. Caves used primarily as night roosts.	X		X X	Southwestern Canada, south through California into Baja, eastward through northern Arizona and New Mexico and north into the Dakotas.	Chiapas, Mexico and from Santa Cruz Island in California, east to the Black Hills of South Dakota.
<i>Myotis thysanodes</i>	Fringed myotis bat	FSC n/a		X	In a wide variety of habitats, optimal habitats are pinyon-juniper, valley foothill hardwood & hardwood-conifer.	Uses caves, mines, buildings or crevices for maternity colonies and roosts.	X		X X	western North America from southern British Columbia, Canada, south through all of the Sierra Madre Occidental in Mexico.	Chileans, Mexico and from Santa Cruz Island in California, east to the Black Hills of South Dakota.
<i>Myotis volans</i>	Long-legged myotis bat	FSC n/a		X	Most common in woodland & forest habitats above 4000 ft. Trees are important day roosts, caves & mines are night roosts.	Nursery colonies usually under bark or in hollow trees, but occasionally in crevices or buildings.	X		X X	found from the Tongass National Forest in Alaska, south through the western U.S. and into the Baja Peninsula, and also along the Sierra Madre Occidental in Mexico.	Alaska, south through the western U.S. and into the Baja Peninsula, and also along the Sierra Madre Occidental in Mexico.
<i>Myotis yumanensis</i>	Yuma myotis bat	FSC n/a		X	Optimal habitats are open forests and woodlands with sources of water over which to feed.	Distribution is closely tied to bodies of water. Maternity colonies in caves, mines, buildings or crevices.	X		X X	Throughout western North America, from British Columbia through Washington, Idaho, and western Montana, southern Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, West Texas and into Mexico.	
<i>Neotoma flavipes amoenus</i>	San Francisco dusky-footed woodrat	FSC n/a		X	Forest habitats of moderate canopy & moderate to dense under-story. Also in chaparral habitats.	Constructs nests of shredded grass, leaves & other material. May be limited by availability of nest-building materials.	X		X X	Inhabits forest and chaparral throughout the SF Bay Area. Prefers a moderate canopy and brushy under-story.	
<i>Phycosetes canodon</i>	Sperm whale	FE n/a			Offshore marine				X X	Worldwide, but favors warm waters. Females avoid polar waters.	Offshore marine species (e.g., whales, pelagic birds) are expected to receive little to no impact from fire management activities.
<i>Rattus rattus</i> <i>raviventris</i>	San marsh harvest mouse	FE n/a	SE	X			X		X X	Found in inventory at Rodeo Lagoon (USGS)	There are two known subspecies although this identification is in question. Not divided in two ranges; Northern found in Marin, Sonoma, Napa, Solano and northern Contra Costa counties; Southern. Found in San Mateo, Alameda and Santa Clara counties. Some isolated populations occur in Marin and Contra Costa.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMU/Project Unit	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMU Actions ¹	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range	Comments
<i>Sorex vagrans haliceutes</i>	Salt marsh vigrant shrew	FSC	n/a		Medium high marsh 6-8 ft above sea level where abundant driftwood is scattered among salicornia.	X				It is anticipated that the salt marsh habitat supporting this species would be relatively unaffected by FMU actions.
<i>Zapus trinotatus orinus</i>	Point Reyes Jumping Mouse	FSC	n/a	X	Eats mainly grass seeds w/ some insects & fruit taken. Builds trashy nests on uplands of Point Reyes in areas safe from continuous inundation.	X	X	X	Confined to a small area on the Point Reyes Peninsula.	

KEY: FE (federally endangered), FC (federally threatened), FSC (federal candidate), FSC (federal species of concern), CH (designated critical habitat)

¹ "Potential Affect" was determined considering the full implementation of all proposed conservation measures. Although habitat may be present in vicinity of project actions for certain species, marine and estuarine species were considered to have "no effect" from fire management activities as the proposed activities are not planned adjacent to coastal resources.

² For bird and mammal species found within the GGNRA, FMU/Project Unit Occurrence were not noted. Birds and mammals occurring in the GGNRA are assumed to migrate throughout the FMU/Project Unit.

APPENDIX B SPECIES OF CONCERN

GGNRA Fire Management Plan

Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMU / Project Unit	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMP Actions ¹	County Distribution	Comments
<i>Calidris alpina californica</i>	California quail	X	Primarily inhabits chaparral, coastal scrub, and grassland/rak habitats; however, adaptable to riparian, woodlands, and some agricultural lands. Often forage on open or disturbed lands.	X	X	X	X	Marin San Mateo Francisco San Francisco Larkspur No effect Negative Beneficial Inferior WUI Multi Woods None	A common breeder in Marin and San Mateo Counties that will be protected by breeding season restrictions on FMP actions. The Presidio supports the largest known remaining breeding population in San Francisco County, currently estimated to be 20 or so individuals.
<i>Cathartes aura</i>	Swainson's thrush	n/a	In western mountains and along Pacific coast, often in dense riparian willows or oaks. They may be found in both undisturbed or disturbed woodlands with dense under-story, often near canopy gaps produced by fallen trees or other disturbances.	X	X	X	X	X	Breeding range is from Alaska through central Canada and portions of the northern U.S. Breeding range extends south into the Rocky Mountains into some species, such as California quail and Swainson's thrush are known to decline in the first few years after shrubland and forest fires (Lawrence 1966, Lyon and Marzluff, 1985).
<i>Chamomile fasciata</i>	Wrentit	n/a	Varied habitat types in California that provide low, dense cover.	X	X	X	X	X	Some species, such as California quail and Swainson's thrush are known to decline in the first few years after shrubland and forest fires (Lawrence 1966, Lyon and Marzluff, 1985).
<i>Chondestes grammacus</i>	Lark Sparrow	n/a	Grasslands.	X	X	X	X	X	Definite concern about this species in San Francisco County, where remaining birds in Golden Gate Park are thought to be declining or extirpated.
<i>Circus cyaneus</i>	Northern harrier	SC	(Nesting) coastal soil & freshwater marsh. Nest & forage in grasslands, from salt flats to desert sink to mud cienegas.	X	X	X	X	X	It is not anticipated that the habitat utilized by this species would be affected by FMP actions.
<i>Columba fasciata</i>	Band-tailed pigeon	n/a	Hardwood and coniferous forests.	X	X	X	X	X	Grasslands and sagebrush areas in western U.S.
<i>Contopus borealis</i>	Olive-side flycatcher	n/a	X	X	X	X	X	X	All California
<i>Dendroica nigrescens</i>	Black-throated gray warbler	n/a	X	X	X	X	X	X	Forested habitat in California.
<i>Dendroica occidentalis</i>	Hermit Warbler	n/a	X	X	X	X	X	X	Forested habitat in California.

1. GGNRA management concern for USFWS listed or candidate species. Note in GGNRA Records

APPENDIX B
SPECIES OF CONCERN

Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Ocurrence known in FMU/ Project Unit	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMP Actions ¹	County Distribution	Comments
<i>Dromococcyx spizaetus brewsteri</i>	Yellow warbler	n.a.	SC	X	CGRNA management concern (USFWS LSPS)	(Nesting) riparian plant associations. Prefers willows, cottonwoods, aspens, sycamores, & alders for nesting & foraging.	X	SC San Mateo	It is anticipated that riparian habitats supporting this species would be relatively unaffected by FMP actions, therefore it is anticipated that the effects on populations of these species would be minor, with potential beneficial impacts from invasive species control and restoration of ecosystem processes.
<i>Empidonax difficilis</i>	Pacific-slope flycatcher	n.a.	X	X	Muir Woods	Also nests in montane shrubbery in open conifer forests.	X	X X Marin	Neotropical migrant. Breeds in riparian habitat and wet meadows in California.
<i>Eremophila alpestris acuta</i>	California horned lark	SC	X	X	Coniferous and hardwood forests.		X	X X Marin	Neotropical migrant. Breeds in forested habitat in California.
<i>Falco columbarius</i>	Merlin	SC	X	X	Coastal regions, chiefly from Sonoma Co. to San Diego co. Also main part of San Joaquin valley & east to foothills.	(Wintering) seacoast, tidal estuaries, open woodlands, savannas, edges of grasslands & deserts, farms & ranches.	X	X X Marin	Found in short grass and disturbed lands.
<i>Larus occidentalis</i>	Western Gull	n.a.	X	X	Nests on rocky cliffs and nearshore and offshore islands.	Clumps of trees or windbreaks are required for roosting in open country.	X	X X Marin	Breeds in Canada and northern Rocky Mountains. Often in California coastal and limited number of acres burned each year areas in winter.
<i>Onychoprion tomentus</i>	MacGillivray's warbler	n.a.	X	X	Riparian habitats and wet meadows.		X	X X Marin	Breeds in Canada and coniferous forests.
<i>Onus kennicottii</i>	Western screech owl		X	X	Hardwood and coniferous forests.		X	X X Marin	Throughout state in riparian and wet meadow habitat.
<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	Osprey	SC	X	X	(Nesting) ocean shore, bays, fresh-water lakes, and larger streams.	Large nests built in tree-tops within 15 minutes of good fish-producing body of water.	X	X X Marin	Hardwood and coniferous forests in western U.S.
<i>Phalacrocorax penicillatus</i>	Brandt's cormorant	n.a.	X	X	Rocky cliffs on outer coast and into S.F. Bay.		X	X X Marin	California coast, Pacific NW etc.
									Offshore marine species (e.g., whales, pelagic birds) are expected to receive little to no impact from fire management activities

Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMF Actions*	County Distribution	Species Distribution / Range	Comments
<i>Phaeoptilus melanoccephalus</i>	Black-headed grosbeak	n/a	X	Riparian habitat and some forests.	X	Mechanical removal and other FMF actions would occur outside much of nesting season and limited number of acres burned each year.	Marin San Mateo San Francisco Santa Barbara	Forest areas of California.	Mechanical removal and other FMF actions would occur outside much of nesting season and limited number of acres burned each year.
<i>Picoides nuttallii</i>	Nuttall's woodpecker	n/a	X	Forested habitat.	X	Mechanical removal and other FMF actions would occur outside much of nesting season and limited number of acres burned each year therefore it is anticipated that the effects on populations of these species would be minor, with potential beneficial impacts from invasive species control and restoration of ecosystem processes.	Marin San Mateo San Francisco Santa Barbara	Forested areas of California.	Mechanical removal and other FMF actions would occur outside much of nesting season and limited number of acres burned each year therefore it is anticipated that the effects on populations of these species would be minor, with potential beneficial impacts from invasive species control and restoration of ecosystem processes.
<i>Procticephalus ruficeps</i>	Chestnut-backed chickadee	n/a	X	Forested habitat.	X	Mechanical removal and other FMF actions would occur outside much of nesting season and limited number of acres burned each year therefore it is anticipated that the effects on populations of these species would be minor, with potential beneficial impacts from invasive species control and restoration of ecosystem processes.	Marin San Mateo San Francisco Santa Barbara	Forests habitats in northwestern portion of California, up into Northwest U.S.	Mechanical removal and other FMF actions would occur outside much of nesting season and limited number of acres burned each year therefore it is anticipated that the effects on populations of these species would be minor, with potential beneficial impacts from invasive species control and restoration of ecosystem processes.
<i>Progne subis</i>	Purple martin	n/a	SC	X			X	Low elevation forested habitat in California.	Mechanical removal and other FMF actions would occur outside much of nesting season and limited number of acres burned each year therefore it is anticipated that the effects on populations of these species would be minor, with potential beneficial impacts from invasive species control and restoration of ecosystem processes.
<i>Vireo gilvus</i>	Warbling vireo	n/a	X	(Nesting) in habitat woodlands, low elevation coniferous forest of douglas fir, ponderosa pine, & Monterey pine.		Nests in old woodpecker cavities mostly also in human-made structures. Nest often located in tall, isolated tree/sang.	X		Currently, the breeding range extends south to the Canadian border south to the Santa Ana mountains (Orange County), San Bernardino mountains (San Bernardino County), Tehachapi mountains (Kern County), and eastern central White and Inyo mountains (Inyo County), exclusive of the entire Central Valley.

APPENDIX B
SPECIES OF CONCERN

Scientific Name	Common Name	Legal Status	Habitat requirement and/or association	Micro habitat	Habitat Present in Planning Area	Occurrence known in FMU/ Project Unit	Potential Effect that Could Result from FMP Actions ¹	County Distribution	Comments
MAMMALS									
<i>Anourous pallidus</i>	Pallid bat	X	X	Pallid bats roost in rock crevices, buildings, and bridges in arid regions. The pallid bat is known for its unique habit of feeding almost entirely from the ground. Its most common prey include crickets, beetles, grasshoppers, and even scorpions.	X	X	X	San Mateo Santa Clara San Francisco Unknown No effect Negative Beneficial Inertial WUD Muir Woods None	They are found from Mexico and the southwestern United States north through Oregon, Washington, and western Canada. Minor short-term impacts could be both beneficial (creates food sources) and adverse (some mortality may occur in roosting sites).
FISH					X	X	X		
<i>Laninia symmetricus</i> spp. 2	Tomales roach	X	X						
INVERTEBRATES									
<i>Anodonta californiensis</i>	California floater (mussel)	FSC	n/a	X	X	freshwater lakes and slow moving streams and rivers.	X		
<i>Caeocataea tomensis</i>	Tomales aesiid	FSC	n/a	X	X	Inhabits localized freshwater ponds or streams with still or near-still water in several bay area coves.	X		
<i>Danaus plexippus</i>	Monarch butterfly			X	X	Utilize eucalyptus and Monterey cypress and pine trees for clustering sites during winter.	X	X	Southern Canada south through all of the United States, Central America, and most of South America. Also present in Australia, Hawaii, and other Pacific Islands. Overwinters mainly in Mexico and California.
PLANTS									
<i>Ciclorhiza umbellata</i>	Oakland sun tulip	4	X	X	X	Chaparral, lower montane coniferous forest, broadleaved upland forest, valley and foothill grassland.	X		
<i>Ceanothus gloriosus</i> var. <i>extensus</i>	Glory Bush	4	X	X	X	Often on serpentine. 100-700m.	X		
<i>Ceanothus gloriosus</i> var. <i>gloriosus</i>	Point Reyes ceanothus	4	X	X	X	Usually on bluffs along the coast in sandy soils, but also known from more inland sites. 5-500m.	X		
<i>Elymus californicus</i>	California bottle-brush grass	4	X	X	X	Closed-cone coniferous forest, coastal dunes, coastal scrub, coastal bold scrub.	X		
<i>Malacothamnus fasciculatus</i> var. <i>neosiorius</i>	Santa Cruz island bush mallow	FSC	IB	SE	X	North coast coniferous forest, dismontane woodland, riparian woodland.	X		
						In sandy humus soils. 15-45cm.	X		
						Sleep slopes and outcrops. 30-215m.	X		
						Coastal scrub, chaparral.	X		