## Be Food Safe



Food handling safety risks at home are more common than most people think.

The four easy lessons of Clean, Separate, Cook, and Chill can help prevent harmful bacteria from making your family sick.

## Clean



WASH

hands,

utensils,

and cutting

boards

before and

after contact

with raw

meat, poultry, seafood, and eggs. Separate



KEEP
raw meat,
poultry, and
seafood
apart from
foods that
won't be
cooked.

Cook



uSE
a food
thermometer
you can't
tell food
is cooked
safely by
how it looks.

Chill



CHILL
leftovers
and takeout
foods within
2 hours
and keep
the fridge
at 40 °F
or below.



**United States Department of Agriculture** Food Safety and Inspection Service www.fsis.usda.gov

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## When Cooking At Home

- Cook food to a safe minimum internal temperature.
  Use a food thermometer to check the internal temperature.
- When cooking food in a conventional oven, set the oven temperature to at least 325 °F.

Food	Safe Minimum Internal Temperature
Chitterlings	Boil in water for 5 minutes BEFORE cleaning, then proceed with cooking.
Ham	Fully Cooked 140 °F Fresh or Cook Before Eating 160 °F Reheated 165 °F
Pork: Chops, Roasts, and Steaks	160 °F
Beef, Veal, and Lamb: Roasts, Chops, and Steaks	145 °F
Ground Beef, Veal, Lamb, and Pork	160 °F
Rolled, Tenderized or Scored Cuts of Beef, Veal, and Lamb	160 °F
Egg Dishes	160 °F
Casseroles/Combination Dishes/Leftovers (Including Gravy)	165 °F
Ground Poultry (Turkey and Chicken)	165 °F
Chicken, Turkey, Duck, and Goose	165 °F
Stuffing (Cooked alone or in a bird)	165 °F

