Definitions

Isolation

- Separation of ill persons with contagious diseases
- Often in a hospital setting, could be at home

Quarantine

 Restriction of persons who are not ill but presumed exposed, usually in the home or a designated facility

Definitions

Social Distancing

"social measures to decrease the frequency of contact among people in order to diminish the risk of spread from communicable diseases"

Infection Control

"hygienic measures to decrease spread of infectious pathogens"

Background & Assumptions

- Pandemic Influenza
 - Novel virus, fully susceptible population, efficient and sustained human to human spread
 - Epidemic over a large geographic area affecting a large proportion of the population
 - "1918-like" pandemic would result in 2 million deaths in US

Background & Assumptions (2)

- Vaccine (pandemic strain) likely delayed
- Antivirals may be insufficient quantity, ineffective and/or difficult to distribute in a timely way

CDC Quarantine Stations & Jurisdictions



Pandemic Influenza: Prevention of Importation (Proposed Interventions)

- Trigger: human to human transmission overseas of novel influenza strain
- Possible control measures
 - Closing Ports of Entry
 - Funneling of flights/screening/isolation and quarantine of arriving passengers
 - Screening/isolation and quarantine at POEs
 - Exit screening

Possible Screening Measures*

- Travelers questionnaire
- Visual inspection
- Interview
- Fever (temperature screening)
- Specimen collection and testing (secondary)
- Effectiveness unknown; dependent on clinical syndrome and other factors (eg time of flight)



Interim Pre-pandemic Planning Guidance: Community Strategy for Pandemic Influenza Mitigation in the United States—

Early, Targeted, Layered Use of Nonpharmaceutical Interventions































Pandemic Severity Index

- Designed to enable the estimation of the severity of a pandemic on a population
- Mitigation interventions can be matched to the severity of the pandemic

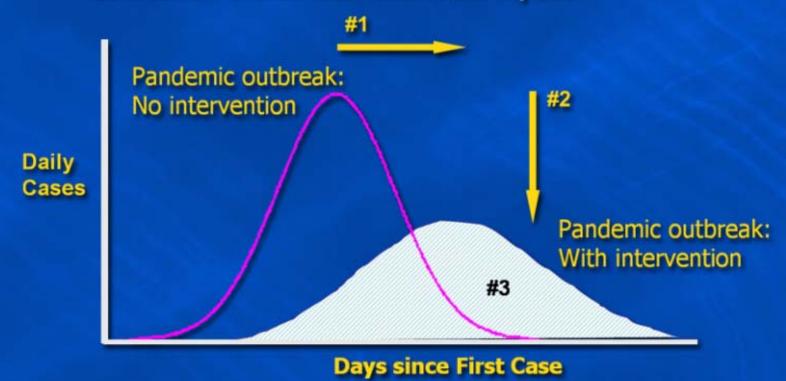
Pandemic Severity Index

Case Fatality Ratio	Projected Number of Deaths* US Population, 2006		
≥2.0%	Category 5	≥1,800,000	
1.0 -<2.0%	Category 4	900,000 - <1,800,000	
0.5 -<1.0%	Category 3	450,000 -<900,000	
0.1% -<0.5%	Category 2	90,000-<450,000	
<0.1%	Category 1	<90,000	

* Assumes 30% Illness Rate

Community-Based Interventions

- 1. Delay disease transmission and outbreak peak
- 2. Decompress peak burden on healthcare infrastructure
- 3. Diminish overall cases and health impacts



Basis for Interventions

- Evidence from 1918 pandemic
- Epidemiologic studies
- Modeling
- **Common sense**

Community Strategy

- Isolation and treatment of ill persons
- Voluntary home quarantine of household contacts
- Dismissal of students from school and child care and social distancing
- Workplace/community social distancing

Targeted Layered Containment (TLC):
The sum likely to be greater than the parts...

Community Strategies by Pandemic Flu Severity

	Pandemic Severity Index		
Interventions by Setting	1	2 and 3	4 and 5
Home			
Voluntary isolation of ill at home (adults and children); combine with use of antiviral treatment as available and indicated	Recommend	Recommend	Recommend
Voluntary quarantine of household members in homes with ill persons (adults and children); consider combining with antiviral prophylaxis if effective, feasible, and quantities sufficient	Generally not recommended	Consider	Recommend
School	1 1		
Child social distancing -dismissal of students from schools and school-based activities, and closure of child care programs	Generally not recommended	Consider: ≤ 4 weeks	Recommend: ≤ 12 weeks
-reduce out-of-school contacts and community mixing	Generally not recommended	Consider: ≤ 4 weeks	Recommend: ≤ 12 weeks

Triggers

- Timing of initiating interventions influences effectiveness
 - Historical evidence from 1918 pandemic
 - Models
 - Common sense

Initiation of Interventions

- Alert: Notification of critical systems and personnel of their impending activation
- Standby: Initiate decision-making processes for imminent activation including mobilization of resources and personnel
- Activate: Implementation of the pandemic mitigation measures

Triggers for Implementation of Mitigation Strategies by Pandemic Severity Index and U.S. Government Pandemic Stages

Pandemic Severity Index	WHO Phase 6, U.S. Government Stage 3*	WHO Phase 6, U.S. Government Stage 4† and First human case in United States	WHO Phase 6, U.S. Government Stage 5§ and First laboratory- confirmed cluster in State or region¶
1	Alert	Standby	Activate
2 and 3	Alert	Standby	Activate
4 and 5	Standby**	Standby/Activate ††	Activate

Summary

- Nonpharmaceutical (Community) interventions may be effective in mitigating influenza pandemic at ports of entry and in the community
- Planning at state and local levels should incorporate and plan for npi to help curb the spread of infection in an influenza pandemic