Disputing Questionable Claims

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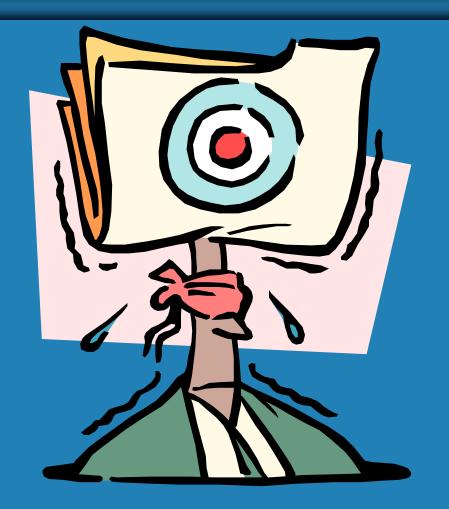
Things to Consider...

- Show Discrection—Be Fair
- Recognize your Role
- Be Respectful
- Make intelligent, supportable argument
- Become familiar with DOL's lingo



BE FAIR...

- WC BENEFITS are an entitlement
- Not all employees are "scamming"
- Get all the facts
- Do not give your personal opinion



WHAT IS YOUR ROLE?

SUPERVISOR...

- How did it happen?
- When did it happen?
- Where did it happen?

<u>NOTE</u> <u>INCONSISTENCIES</u> COMPENSATION SPECIALIST...

- Know FECA rules
- Know agency rules
- Advise Supervisors
- Document the disputed areas

BE RESPECTFUL

OF your injured employee... Provide guidance OF DOL... Base dispute on on regulations

Good customer service

Straight talk

Interact with professionalism

Respect the chain of command

The Argument---

1. The FACTS—Nothing but the FACTS

2. Witness statements

3. Agency policy—in writing

4. Reinforce with appropriate FECA regs, ECAB decisions etc.

DOL Lingo Use it

- Read Decisions
- Know the Rules

Provide DOL with a Logical, Analytical Statement of objection in a timely manner Know the Case, the Circumstances and the Rules!



Controversion vs Contesting

CONTROVERSION – COP

CONTESTING
1. the merits of the claim
2. the payment of medical bills
3. specific medical treatment
4. continuing disability
5. the recurrence of a condition or disability

Seven Reasons for Withholding COP Benefits

- Disability not caused by a traumatic injury
- Employee not a U.S. citizen
- No written claim within 30 days of injury
- Injury first reported after termination
- Injury occurred off premises and not POD
- Injury caused by willful misconduct
- Work stoppage began >45days after injury

Termination of COP

- Medical evidence is not submitted w/in 10 workdays from the date that COP begins
- Employee no longer disabled/based on medical evidence
- Employee refuses to accept suitable light duty position when offered
- Preliminary notice of termination is given before the injury and becomes final during the COP period.

OPPORTUNITIES to DISPUTE CLAIM ON MERIT

 Initial submission CA1--CA2--CA7--CA-2A

 In response to DOL development letters

 When a hearing transcript is received

THE 5 BASICS

Claims must be filed:

•Within 30 days for COP entitlement

•Within 3 years of the date of injury or date of last exposure

•The claimant must have been a civilian employee of the United States •Peace Corps, Vista, Civil Air Patrol •Non-federal Law Enforcement Officers •Some students/contract employees •Contractors generally not covered

EDERAL EMPLOYES

Fact of Injury— The Event

- Did it happen that way?
- Employee's statement?

- Does the Supervisor agree?
- Does it make sense?

Witnesses?

Fact of Injury— The Condition

 Does a medical condition or injury exist?

 Simple Exposure does not constitute and injury.

 Medical Evidence must give a history and diagnosis.

PERFORMANCE OF DUTY

DID THE INJURY CCUR: DURING THE COURSE OF EMPLOYMENT

> While the claimant was carrying out the duties for which he was hired.

POD continued...

DID THE INJURY OCCUR:OUT OF EMPLOYMENT

Was the incident directly related to some aspect of circumstances of the employment—not personal non-work circumstances

Premises Considerations

ON PREMISES

OFF PREMISES

- PERSONAL CONSIDERATIONS
- PROXIMITY RULE
 - TDY TRAVEL

STRESS CLAIMS

- DAY TRIP TRAVEL
- ALTERNATE WORK SITE

SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES



5. ASSAULT

2. LUNCH HOUR 6. HORSEPLAY

3. PARKING LOTS 7. EMERGENCIES

4. RECREATION

CAUSAL RELATIONSHIP

CAUSAL RELATIONSHIP means making a Connection

- To establish a valid claim
- To support payment for medical treatment
- To support ongoing disability

This factor is based SOLEY on MEDICAL EVIDENCE

RESOURCES

DOL'S WEBSITE

 Obtain access to Employees' Compensation Appeals Board (ECAB) Decisions

Become familiar with

- Federal Employees' Compensation Act
- Title 20 CFR Parts 1-25
- Publication CA-810