

Federal Navigation Infrastructure and O&M Funding

OREGON FREIGHT ADVISORY BOARD

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Channels and Harbors Project
Portland District



Portland District Navigation Mission

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



Major Henry M. Roberts 1st District engineer - 1871

... to eliminate impediments to navigation in the region's rivers and to obtain a precise knowledge of the territory



1885 – 1896 South Jetty Constr.



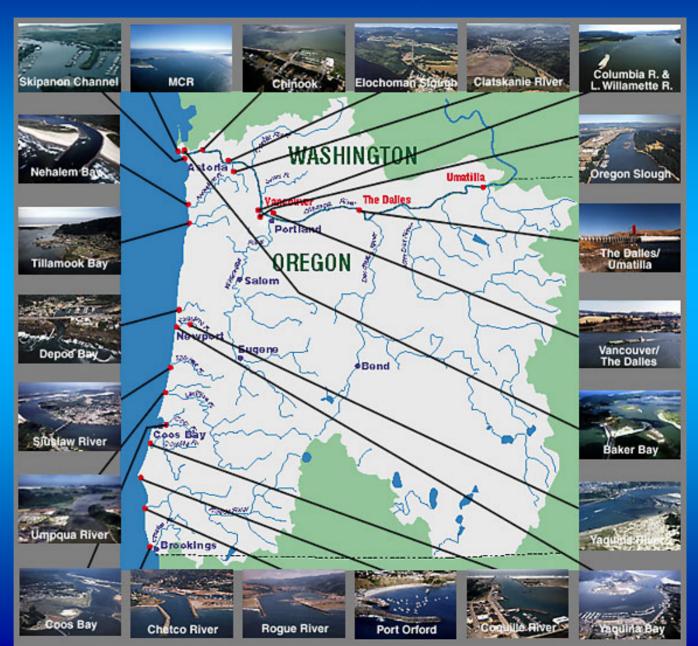
1936 - South Jetty Extn & Jetty A



US Army Corps of Engineers
Portland District

- 22 Active
- 18 Routine
 0&M
- 22 Inactive/ DeAuthorized

Portland District Navigation Projects





Federal Budget Process

Corps Navigation Mission

Provide safe, reliable, efficient, effective and environmentally sustainable waterborne transportation systems for movement of commerce, national security needs, and recreation.



Federal Budget Process

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District

Performance Objective for Navigation O&M

Operate and manage the navigation infrastructure to maintain justified levels of service in terms of the availability to commercial traffic of high-use navigation infrastructure (waterways, harbors, channels).



Federal Budget Process

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District

Key Factors in O&M Budget Ranking

- Commercial Waterborne traffic (tonnage & system tonmiles)
- Risk & Reliability of System
- Avg. O&M \$ per Ton
- Other Considerations: Refuge & Safety, Subsistence,
 National security, etc.
- Remaining Items R&D, waterborne performance data
- Remarks, Purpose, Consequences



Baker Bay, WA

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

W Channel - 3.2 mi x 16 ft deep; narrows in width from 200 ft entrance to 150 ft channel Boat basin is protected by a rubble mound breakwater

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

Major local economic feature
Recreational vessels in large marina
Fish landings 31.1 million pounds (2004 –
Ilwaco/Chinook combined)
Fishing Fleet/Charter vessels
Local business base of marine goods and
services

OTHER

USCG National Coxswain Training School in Ilwaco provides significant presence for Columbia River rescue operations



Chinook and Head of Sand Island, WA

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

Channel is approx. 2 miles long x 150 feet wide x 10 feet deep

Boat basin is protected by a rubble mound breakwater

Marina has 300 slips for pleasure craft and commercial fishery

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

Crab processing plant on site Recreational and charter vessels Fishing/crabbing fleet (2004 – Ilwaco/Chinook combined)

Local business base of marine goods and services

OTHER

Port of Chinook is significant to local economy



Skipanon Channel, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

Maintained channel is approximately 2 miles long x 200 feet wide with a 300 feet turning basin

Channel is authorized to 30 feet deep and maintained to 17 feet.

Boat basin is 12 feet deep 500 berths (including an adjacent marina)

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

Fishing Fleet (66,000 lbs/year)
Recreational vessels
Local business base of marine goods and services
Charter fishing

OTHER

Marina is significant to local economy



Mouth of the Columbia River

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

Channel A (n. reach) is 6 mi x 55 ft x 2,000 ft; Channel A (s. reach) is 6 mi x 48 ft x 640 ft N. Jetty is 2.5 mi long S. Jetty is 6.6 mi long Spur Jetty A is 0.3 mi long

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

Provides efficient movement of goods from the Rockies to the Pacific Ocean 48 million tons of cargo worth over \$16 billion travels through the mouth each year World's 2nd largest grain export system 12,000 commercial and 100,000 recreation vessels go through each year

OTHER

MCR mouth is considered one of the world's most dangerous coastal inlets due to large waves (exceeding 45 ft during intense storms) and strong currents

Interim Repair of N. and S. Jetties is ongoing



Columbia and Lower Willamette Rivers below Vancouver, WA and Portland, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

Authorized navigation channel is 40 ft deep x 600 ft wide 101.6 mi of Columbia river 11.6 mi of Willamette river

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

Annually, 48 million tons (valued at \$16 billion) of cargo pass through the Columbia River

OTHER

USCG MSO Station at Portland
USCG Air Station Astoria
Serves deep draft ports of Astoria, Longview,
Kalama, Vancouver, St Helens and Portland



Columbia and Lower Willamette Rivers between Vancouver, WA and The Dalles, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

Authorized navigation channel is 84.5 mi x 27 ft deep by 300 ft wide

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

Lower Columbia River is the world's second largest grain export system Approx. 10 M tons cargo annually

OTHER

Paper mill at Camas, WA has barge traffic through project for all up and down bound cargo between Portland and Lewiston, ID



Tillamook Bay and Bar, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

5,700 foot long jetty on north side of entrance to bay constructed from 1914-1918 Authorized project entrance depth 18 ft MLLW 8,000 ft long jetty on south side of entrance to bay constructed in 1969

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

3.3 million pounds fish landings (2005) Economic effect on port \$11 million

OTHER

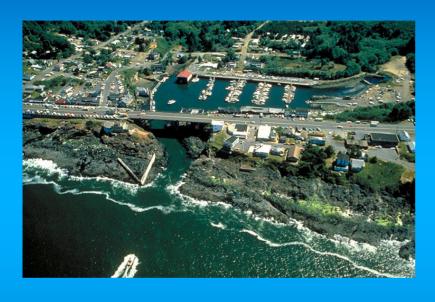
USCG Station
Critical Harbor of Refuge
Temporary repairs to N. Jetty by
Congressional Add. FY04/FY05, needs
permanent repair



Depoe Bay, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

Two (2) 160 ft breakwaters north of entrance Channel is 8 ft deep x 50 ft wide, wider at seaward end

Boat basin is 750 ft long x 8 ft deep by 390 ft wide

Concrete retaining wall borders eastside of boat basin

Sediment check dam on South Depoe Creek

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

85 thousand lbs in fish landings (2005) Large tourist and charter boat home port 5,540 commercial bar crossings annually

OTHER

USCG Station Critical Harbor of Refuge Retaining wall repairs FY03-FY05



Yaquina Bay, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

North Jetty is 7,000 feet long; constructed from 1889-1896

South Jetty is 8,600 feet long; constructed from 1881-1896

Spur Jetty off South Jetty is 800 feet long Entrance channel is 4,280 feet long by 40 feet deep by 400 feet wide

Thence a channel to Mclean Point is 2 miles long by 30 feet deep by 300 feet wide Turning basin at Mclean Point is 1,400 feet long by 30 feet deep by 1200 feet wide South beach marina access channel Channel from River Mile 2.4 to River Mile 4.4 is 2 miles long by 18 feet deep by 200 feet wide



Yaquina Bay, OR

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

109 million lbs of fish landings (2005) and other commodities at \$29 million

OTHER

USCG Air Station
Critical Harbor of Refuge
OSU Hatfield Marine Science Center with
R/V WECOMA
Experimental oyster mounds placed by
USACE Dredge YAQUINA in 1996
North jetty repaired in 2000
Rock groins on south side of channel failing

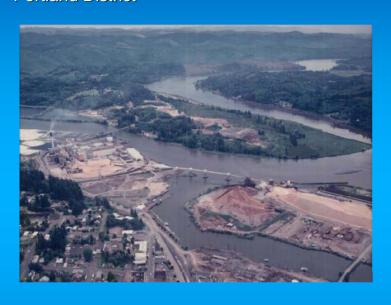




Yaquina River, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

Channel is 9 mi long x 10 ft deep x 150 ft wide Two (2) half tide dikes

Channel into Depot Creek is 1,800 ft long x 10 feet deep x 200 ft wide

Channel from Depot Creek to Yaquina River is 1.4 mi long x 10 ft deep x 150 ft wide Turning basin is 500 ft long x 10 ft deep x 350 ft wide

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

2 small boat shipyards Chip processing plant barges Alaska fishing fleet wintering

OTHER

Georgia Pacific wood chip processing plant Rail connection to Eugene, Oregon



Siuslaw River, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

Navigation channel entrance is 18 ft deep x 300 ft wide; main channel is 16 ft deep x 200 ft wide from the mouth to Florence, OR Two (2) rubble-mound jetties 750 ft apart N. Jetty is 9,690 ft, constructed from 1892-1901; S. Jetty is 6,000 ft, constructed from 1910-1917

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

38+ thousand lbs of fish (2005), lumber, and other commodities at \$355,000 in value Economic effect of port is \$12.5 million 1,354 commercial bar crossings annually

OTHER

USCG Station Critical Harbor of Refuge Jetties experiencing significant loss of length



Umpqua River, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

Entrance channel is 26 ft deep; main channel is 22 ft deep x 200 ft wide from the mouth to Reedsport, OR

Two (2) jetties at river's mouth:

N. Jetty is 8,000 ft long; constructed from 1917-1919

S. Jetty is 4,200 ft long; constructed from 1933-1939

Training jetty added to lessen the effect of entrance shoaling (1950)
Training jetty extended in 1980
Winchester Bay boat basin access channel



Umpqua River, OR

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

900 thousand lb fish landings (2005) and aggregate at \$1.1 million Economic effect on port is \$14 million 2,659 commercial bar crossings annually 28,304 recreational bar crossings annually

OTHER

USCG Station
Critical Harbor of Refuge
American Bridge Company recently
relocated to Reedsport at River Mile 9





Coos Bay, OR

of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

2 rubble mound jetties on north and south side of entrance

North jetty constructed from 1891 – 1898 South jetty constructed from 1924 – 1929 Deep draft entrance channel is 47 ft deep x 700 ft wide

Main channel is 37 ft deep x 300 ft wide channel at River Mile 1.0 to River Mile 15 From River Mile 15 to River Mile 17 the channel is 150 ft wide x 22 ft deep 2 turning basins
Boat basins access channel at Charleston (River Mile 2)



Coos Bay, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

2.3 million tons cargo annually (mainly wood products) at \$25.1 million Includes 26 million lbs fish and shellfish landings (2005)

OTHER

USCG Sector Headquarters
USCG Air Station
Project deepened to --37 feet inside and
47 feet on the bar in 1996
Proposed deep-water LNG terminal in
planning stages
Temporary emergency repair to North jetty
in 2002 (Needs permanent repair)
Critical Harbor of Refuge





Coquille River, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

Bandon Small Boat Basin Two (2) jetties: N. Jetty is 3,450 feet long, constructed from 1892 to 1909; S. Jetty is 2,700 ft long, constructed from 1881 to 1901 Channel of suitable width and 13 ft from deep water to River Mile 1.3; Snagging operations are authorized to River Mile 24.0

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

4,000 lb commercial fish landings (2005) Economic effect of port is 7 million 95 jobs for residents near the river 2,400 bar crossings annually

OTHER

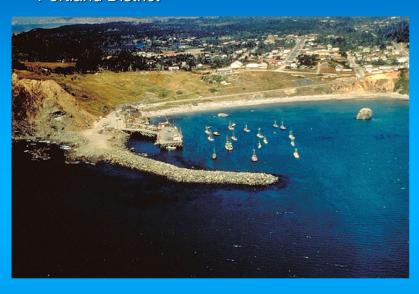
USCG Station (seasonally manned) Critical Harbor of Refuge "L" shape pile dike failing



Port Orford, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

500 ft breakwater was constructed by local residents in 1935; 1968, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers extended breakwater Entrance and turning basin is 16 ft deep x 750 ft long x 90 ft wide

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

18 tons of fish landings (2005) Economic effect on port is \$2.5 million 150 fishing and private boats use the dock each year

OTHER

Critical Harbor of Refuge Economic Hub zone Breakwater Failing



Rogue River Harbor at Gold Beach, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

Two (2) jetties 1,000 ft apart on north and south side

N. Jetty constructed from 1960-1961
S. Jetty constructed from 1959-1960
Character 12 ft door and 200 ft learn to be a

Channel 13 ft deep and 300 ft long to boat basin

Boat basin access channel is 10 ft deep by 150 feet wide by approximately 2,000 ft long

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

75 tons of fish landings (2005) Economic effect of port is \$4 million

OTHER

USCG Station (seasonally only)
Critical Harbor of Refuge
Boat basin access channel relocated in 1998



Chetco River, OR

US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District



DESCRIPTION

Two (2) jetties at entrance: N. and S. Jetty constructed from 1957-1958; Entrance channel 14 ft deep x 120 ft wide to turning basin; Turning basin is 250 ft wide x 650 ft long x 14 ft deep protected by 1,800 ft long dike; Commercial boat basin access channel

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

\$8.6 million in commerce including 2000 tons of fish and shellfish landings (2005) and 4,000 tons of other commodities Economic effect of port is \$25 million Over 47,000 recreational bar crossings annually and over 5,500 commercial bar crossings annually

OTHER

USCG Station Critical Harbor of Refuge Near shore disposal site



Federal Infrastructure

Columbia & Snake River Barge Channel

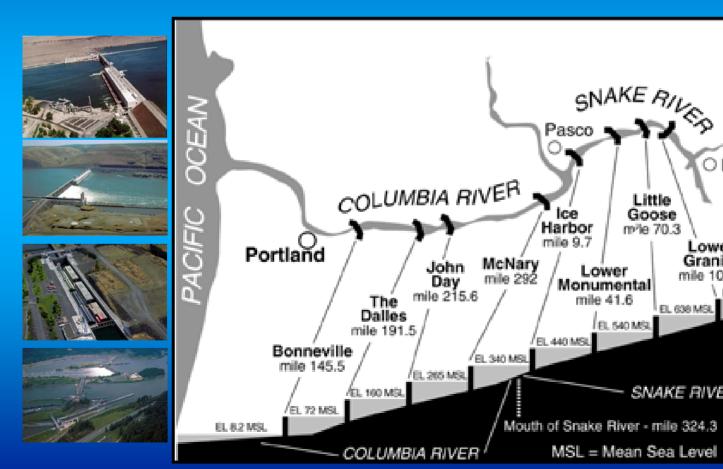




Federal Infrastructure

US Army Corps of Engineers Portland District

8 Locks through Multipurpose Dams 700 ft Vertical Lift (214 m)





Lewisto

EL 738 MS

Little

Goose

mile 70.3

EL 638 MSL

SNAKE RIVER

Lower

FIL S40 MSL







Selected Commodities Forecast vs. Actual

(Thousands of Tons)

139% of	Commodity Group	1977 Forecast	Actual Traffic 1998
	Grain	5417	6578
	Lumber, Wood, & Paper	1422	1354
	Petroleum & Petrochemical	622	2051

(As measured at Bonneville Dam for Col-Snake River System)



US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District

ASSOCIATIONS

Columbia River Towboat Association **PNWA** Merchants Exc offid Northy Coos Bay Pilots

USERS

Tidewater Bar Foss Maritime Cor Shaver Transporta Bernert Barge Li SDS Lumber Co. **Puget Sound Naval Shipyard BNSF** Railway

American West Steamboat Company **Lindblad Expedition**

Local and Regional Stakeholders

GRAIN ELEVATORS

Almota Elevator Co.

AMorrow County Grain Growers Inc.

Cargill Inc.

diation

Columbia Grain International Inc.

Continental Grain Co.

Harvest States Cooperatives

Inland erminal Inc.

Lewi &-Clark Terminal Assoc. In ston Grain Growers Inc.

Mid Columbia Producers Inc.

Mitsui Grain Corporation Oregon Wheat Growers League

Peavey Grain Co.

ndleton Grain Growers Inc.

IInc.

Stegner Grain & Seed Co. Whitman County Growers Inc.

PORTS AUTHORITIES & SPONSORS

Port of Astoria

Port of Cascade Locks

Port of Clarkston

Port of Kennewick

Port of Klickitat

Port of Lewiston

Port of Longview

Port of Morrow

Portof Pasco Port of Portland

Port of Portland Port of Skamania County

Port of St Helens

Port of The Dalles

Port of Vancouver, WA

Port of Nehalem Port of Tillamook Port of Garibaldi

City of Depoe Bay Port of Newport

Port of Toledo

Pourt of Siuslaw Port of Umpqua

Port of Winchester Bay

Port of Coos Bay

Port of Brookings Harbor

Port of Gold Beach Port of Port Orford

Pord of Bandon



Columbia Snake System National Stakeholders









Illustrations from Port of Portland



Four of Eleven Coastal Jetty structures are considered to be at risk for imminent failure



MCR South Jetty Interim Fix 2006

Coos Bay North Jetty
Emergency Interim Fix 2003





US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District

Two Columbia Snake System Locks have major rehabilitation studies underway



John Day Lock and Dam **Portland District**



Horizontal cracking on monolith bases



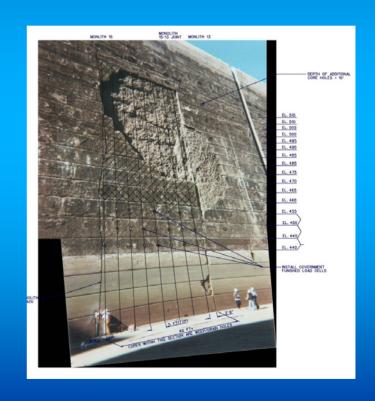
US Army Corps of Engineers

Portland District

Two Columbia Snake System Locks have major rehabilitation studies underway



Lower Monumental
Lock and Dam
Walla Walla District



Concrete Spall



US Army Corps of Engineers
Portland District

System Wide Study Underway to Identify and Prioritize Key Activities and Repairs to Minimize Risk and Maximize System Reliability





Questions?

