

**FOA DP08-801**

**Improving the Health and Educational Outcomes of Young People**

**SEA/TEA/TG Priority 2: HIV Prevention**

**Eligibility and Funding**

**Verification and Justification Document**

## **Justification for using selected markers to determine eligibility and funding levels in FOA DP08-801**

### **HIV Prevention**

Metropolitan areas with populations of more than 500,000 have been markedly impacted by the HIV/AIDS epidemic compared to nonmetropolitan areas. In 2005, 83% of the adults and adolescents reported with AIDS resided in metropolitan areas with populations of more than 500,000.

Poverty is also linked to HIV infection rates. Poverty is associated with a number of interrelated factors which contribute to increased risk of HIV infection, including lack of basic infrastructure for public services (Williams 2003), limited access to health services (Williams 2003), concentration of social problems (Williams 2003), compromised family structures (DiClemente 2005; Ramirez-Valles 2002), early age at sexual initiation (Romer 1999; Ramirez-Valles 2002; Browning et al 2004), and hopelessness (Marin 2003).

#### References:

HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Urban and Nonurban Areas (through 2005). Atlanta: US Department of Health and Human Services, CDC, 2007. Available at <http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/resources/slides/urban-nonurban/index.htm>. Accessed September 17, 2007. (Note: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention uses the Office of Management and Budget's system, which designates metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs). Areas are divided into MSAs of populations of more than 500,000; 50,000 to 500,000; and nonmetropolitan.)

Browning C, Leventhal T, Brooks-Gunn J. 2004. Neighborhood context and racial differences in early adolescent sexual activity. *Demography* 41(4):697-720.

DiClemente R, Salazar L, Crosby R, and Rosenthal S. 2005. Prevention and control of sexually transmitted infections among adolescents: the importance of a socio-ecological perspective-a commentary. *Public Health* 119(9):825-836.

Marin, B. V. 2003. HIV prevention in the Hispanic community: sex, culture, and empowerment. *Journal of Transcultural Nursing* 14(3):186-192.

Ramirez-Valles J, Zimmerman M, and Juarez L. 2002. Gender differences of neighborhood and social control processes. A study of the timing of first intercourse among low-achieving, urban, African American youth. *Youth & Society* 33(3):418-441.

Romer D, Stanton B, Galbraith J, Feigelman S, Black M, and Li X. 1999. Parental influence on adolescent sexual behavior in high-poverty settings. *Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med* 153:1055-1062.

Williams, P. B. 2003. HIV/AIDS case profile of African Americans. Guidelines for ethnic-specific health promotion, education, and risk reduction activities for African Americans. *Fam Community Health* 26(4):289-306.

**2008 SEA HIV Funding Plan General Description:** Under the 2008 SEA Funding Plan, all 50 states, including the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico would qualify for a specific level/range of non-competitive funding to support HIV prevention education programs based on three primary markers: (1) the estimated rate (per 100,000) for adults and adolescents living with AIDS in 2005 as reported by the CDC, (2) public school student enrollment data for the 2003-04 school year as reported by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), (3) and the percentage of children ages 5 to 17 living in poverty in 2004 as reported by the NCES.

Due to low student enrollment figures (i.e., less than 45,000 students), American Samoa, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Republic of Palau, U.S. Virgin Islands, and Tribal Governments are eligible to receive basic program funding of up to \$100,000.

**Funding Level Markers**

**Epidemiology: 2005 Rate of Adults and Adolescents Living with AIDS (Revised July 2005)**

	<b><u>Funding Amount</u></b>
110 or more	\$100,000.00
Less than 110	\$75,000.00

**2003-04 State Student Enrollment**

	<b><u>Funding Amount</u></b>
5,000,000 or more students	\$125,000.00
750,000 to 5,000,000 students	\$100,000.00
75,000 to 750,000 students	\$75,000.00

**2003-04 Student Poverty Rate (ages 5 to 17)**

	<b><u>Funding Amount</u></b>
More than 18.0%	\$100,000.00
13.0% to 17.9%	\$75,000.00
Less than 13.0%	\$50,000.00

**Funding Tiers**

		<b><u>Funding Amounts</u></b>
Tier A	1 State	\$250,000 - \$325,000
Tier B	6 States	\$225,000 - \$300,000
Tier C	5 States	\$200,000 - \$275,000
Tier D	18 States	\$175,000 - \$250,000
Tier E	12 States	\$150,000 - \$225,000
Tier F	10 States	\$125,000 - \$200,000
Tier G	7 Territories and 2 Tribal Governments	\$75,000 - \$100,000

SEA/TEA/TG funding ceilings based on selected data markers listed in the table below

**SEA HIV Verification  
2008 Funding Ceilings**

State	Enrollment (1) 2003-04	Poverty Rate (2) 2004	Epidata (3) 2005	\$ Enrollment	\$ Poverty	\$ Epidata	Funding Ceiling
California	6,413,862	18	201.3	\$125,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$325,000.00
Georgia	1,522,611	19.2	215.2	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$300,000.00
Illinois	2,100,961	18.7	149.2	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$300,000.00
New York	2,864,775	20.3	461.3	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$300,000.00
North Carolina	1,360,209	18.6	114.4	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$300,000.00
Tennessee	936,681	18	122.1	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$300,000.00
Texas	4,331,751	21.8	175.2	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$300,000.00
District of Columbia	78,057	26.2	2060.9	\$75,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$275,000.00
Florida	2,587,628	15.2	298.8	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$275,000.00
Mississippi	493,540	26.6	132.7	\$75,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$275,000.00
Pennsylvania	1,821,146	15.5	157.9	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$275,000.00
South Carolina	699,198	19.6	181.9	\$75,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$275,000.00
Alabama	731,220	22.1	83.1	\$75,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$250,000.00
Arizona	1,012,068	17.6	96.4	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$250,000.00
Arkansas	454,523	19.7	88.1	\$75,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$250,000.00
Indiana	1,011,130	16.3	74.5	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$250,000.00
Kentucky	663,885	21.5	70.6	\$75,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$250,000.00
Louisiana	727,709	17.3	206.1	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$250,000.00
Maryland	869,113	11.8	298.4	\$100,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$250,000.00
Massachusetts	980,459	8.1	159.0	\$100,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$250,000.00
Michigan	1,757,604	16	73.7	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$250,000.00
Missouri	905,941	17	106.9	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$250,000.00
Nevada	385,401	13.6	144.0	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$250,000.00
New Jersey	1,380,753	7.9	243.5	\$100,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$250,000.00
New Mexico	323,066	21.8	76.1	\$75,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$250,000.00
Ohio	1,845,428	14.3	73.3	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$250,000.00
Rhode Island	159,375	17.6	136.4	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$250,000.00
Virginia	1,192,092	10.9	127.4	\$100,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$250,000.00

Washington	1,021,349	14.5	97.6	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$250,000.00
Wisconsin	880,031	17.8	44.1	\$100,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$250,000.00
Colorado	757,693	10.5	101.5	\$100,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$225,000.00
Connecticut	577,203	10.8	242.3	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$225,000.00
Delaware	117,668	10.8	237.4	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$225,000.00
Hawaii	183,609	8.5	110.7	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$225,000.00
Kansas	470,490	13.5	53.4	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$225,000.00
Minnesota	842,854	8.3	50.7	\$100,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$225,000.00
Montana	148,356	13.6	23.2	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$225,000.00
Oklahoma	626,160	14.6	67.6	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$225,000.00
Oregon	551,273	13	85.8	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$225,000.00
Puerto Rico	584,916	Not Avail.	335.1	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$225,000.00
South Dakota	125,537	16.5	19.0	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$225,000.00
West Virginia	281,215	16.5	44.8	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$225,000.00
Alaska	133,933	11.9	60.0	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$200,000.00
Idaho	252,120	11.2	24.2	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$200,000.00
Iowa	481,226	11.1	32.6	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$200,000.00
Maine	202,084	12.2	41.8	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$200,000.00
Nebraska	285,542	8.4	47.6	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$200,000.00
New Hampshire	207,417	7	50.7	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$200,000.00
North Dakota	102,233	9.1	12.6	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$200,000.00
Utah	495,981	10.5	58.6	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$200,000.00
Vermont	99,103	8.1	41.7	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$200,000.00
Wyoming	87,462	10.6	20.2	\$75,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$75,000.00	\$200,000.00

1. Snyder, T.D., Tan, A.G., and Hoffman, C.M. (2006). Digest of Educational Statistics 2005 (NCES 2006-030). U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office. 63-64.
2. Snyder, T.D., Tan, A.G., and Hoffman, C.M. (2006). Digest of Educational Statistics 2005 (NCES 2006-030). U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office. 37-38.
3. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 2005. Vol. 17. Rev ed. Atlanta: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; 2007:20.