

CRI Drill Scoring Methodology

Demonstrated capability to receive, stage, store, distribute, and dispense material during a public health emergency.

Health departments must be able to provide countermeasures to 100% of their identified population within a 48-hour time period. To be able to achieve this standard, health departments must maintain the capability to plan and execute the receipt, staging, and storage, distribution, and dispensing of materiel during a public health emergency.

- a. State obtains a score of 69 or higher on the Division of Strategic National Stockpile State Technical Assistance Review by December 31, 2008.
- b. Each planning/local jurisdiction within each CRI metropolitan statistical area (MSA) conducts a minimum of three DSNS drills by August 10, 2009.
- c. To comply with the PAHPA legislation and for purposes of guiding funding decisions for 2009, the planning/local jurisdiction(s) that comprise the 25% most populous within a CRI MSA conducts at least one of the three DSNS drills prior to December 31, 2008 (with the remaining 2 drills conducted by August 10, 2009).

These drills may include any three of the following: staff call down, site activation, facility set-up, pick-list generation, dispensing and/or modeling of throughput.

Scoring Methodology

1. The scoring methodology for the DSNS drills will be a binary score: Yes - Drills were conducted; No - Drills were not conducted.
2. For purposes of guiding funding decisions for 2009, a score of yes is awarded once the data collection worksheets for at least one of the three drills performed by the planning jurisdiction(s) representing the 25% most populous areas within a CRI MSA is received by December 31, 2008.
3. For purposes of full compliance with the performance measure, a score of yes is awarded once each of the planning jurisdictions within each CRI MSA has provided data collection worksheets for each of their three completed drills by August 10, 2009 (this includes the remaining 2 drills for those planning jurisdiction(s) identified as the 25% most populous).
4. For those MSAs that span more than 1 state a score of yes will be awarded to the individual states once each of the planning jurisdictions under their purview have provided data collection worksheets for each of their completed drills.
5. Planning jurisdictions may be defined as:
 - a. Individual jurisdictions (such as a city or a county)
 - b. Cities/Counties grouped together (such as health districts in which multiple CRI MSA counties/cities using a singular plan or planning mechanism)
6. Note: These drills are meant to be used either as stand-alone exercises or to be used in conjunction with other planned exercises/events, or in conjunction with other required performance measures.

Mechanism of Delivery for Completed Drills Documentation

For each completed drill there is an associated data collection worksheet. Each planning jurisdiction with the CRI MSA should complete the appropriate data collection worksheets for the chosen drills.

The completed data collection worksheets should be forwarded to the Program Preparedness Branch general email address, **sns_ppb@cdc.gov**, no later than December 31, 2008 for one of the three drills for the 25% most populous. The remaining two drills for those planning jurisdictions and the three completed drills for the other 75% of the CRI MSA should be forwarded to the Program Preparedness Branch general email address, **sns_ppb@cdc.gov**, no later than August 10, 2009.

Future Scoring Methodology

Budget Year 9 will serve as a baseline data collection time period. Once adequate baseline data are received and analyzed, future budget year scoring may reflect various measures captured within the drills.