avoid 9 Application for Membership or Renewal Memberships are effective for one calendar year, beginning January 1st. Submit renewals by March 31 50)

Check membership level:Individu Lifetime Individual/Family (\$250)	vıdual/Famıly (\$20)Ser 50)	nor, 55 and older (\$15) _	Full-time Student (\$15)	Individual/Family (\$20)Senior, 55 and older (\$15)Full-time Student (\$15) Corporate/Commercial/Education (\$77) (\$250)
In addition to my membership, I have included \$ for (check one):educationconservation/restorationresearchunrestricted support	ive included \$ for (ched	k one):education	conservation/restoration	researchunrestricted support
TOTAL ENCLOSED: \$	Renewal	New	Check #	
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"GARDENING WITH NATIVE PLANTS" | THE GEORGIA NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY

Though many definitions exist, this brochure includes only those plants that evolved in this area or were growing here prior to the arrival of European settlers.

ADVANTAGES OF GARDENNING WITH NATIVE PLANTS

• To add natural beauty to your landscape.

30342-2085

Georgia,

Atlanta,

422085,

PO Box

GNPS,

check

your

along

Check here if you would like to have your email address added to the GNPS Listserv (confidential)

- Native plants are adapted to the local soil and climate.
- They are more resistant to local pests and diseases.
- Often low maintenance when sited correctly and properly
- To provide food and shelter for native wildlife dependent upon specific plants.
- To provide a refuge for native plants losing their habitats.

WHAT THREATS ARE FACING NATIVE PLANTS?

- Primarily our native plants are being threatened by habitat loss caused by development.
- Our native plants are also under threat from non-native plants invading natural areas and displacing them. Often these plants are sold in nurseries as landscape plants.

WHAT CAN YOU DO?

- Use native plants wherever possible in your landscape.
- Don't use non-natives known to be invasive (see list).
- Encourage your favorite nurseries to sell natives
- Buy native plants only from reputable sources and only purchase those that are clearly labeled "Nursery Propagated."
- Join or support your local native plant society Support or encourage green space preservation

QUESTIONS?

Contact the Georgia Native Plant Society for more information at www.gnps.org or 770-343-6000.

LARGE SHADE TREES

Southern Red Oak (Ouercus falcata) D White Oak (Quercus alba) Loblolly Pine (Pinus taeda) D Hickory (Carya spp.) D Red Maple (Acer rubrum) w Bald Cypress (Taxodium distichum) w Sycamore (Platanus occidentalis) w River Birch (Betula nigra) w Pin Oak (Quercus palustris) w Blackgum (Nyssa sylvatica) D

SMALL TREES

Dogwood (Cornus florida)* Serviceberry (Amelanchier spp.) Silverbell (Halesia spp.)* Red Buckeye (Aesculus pavia)* Painted Buckeye (Aesculus sylvatica)* Hop Hornbeam (Ostrya virginiana) D Redbud (Cercis canadensis) D Hackberry (Celtis occidentalis) D

SHRUBS

Piedmont Azalea (Rhododendron canescens)* Sweetshrub (Calycanthus floridus) Sweetspire (Itea virginica) w Oakleaf Hydrangea (Hydrangea quercifolia)* Beautyberry (Callicarpa americana) Anise (Illicium floridanum, I. parviflorum) w * ev Doghobble (Leucothoe spp.) w * ev Summersweet (Clethra alnifolia) w Fothergilla (Fothergilla spp.) w Yaupon Holly (Ilex vomitoria) w ev Inkberry (Ilex glabra) w ev Winterberry (Ilex verticillata) w Sumac (Rhus spp.) D Red chokeberry (Aronia arbutifolia) D Wax Myrtle (Morella cerifera) D ev Devil's Walking Stick (Aralia spinosa) D New Jersey Tea (Ceanothus americanus) D Lowbush Blueberry (Vaccinium pallidum) D

PERENNIALS FOR SHADE

Foam Flower (Tiarella cordifolia) w ev Woodland Phlox (Phlox stolonifera or Phlox divaricata) Alum Root (Heuchera americana) D ev Red Columbine (Aquilegia canadensis) Bloodroot (Sanguinaria canadensis) Green n Gold (Chrysogonum virginiana) ev Turtlehead (Chelone glabra) w Cardinal Flower (Lobelia cardinalis) w Golden Groundsel (Senecio aureus) D

PERENNIALS FOR SUN

Black-eyed Susan (Rudbeckia spp.) D Tickseed (Coreopsis spp.) Coneflower (Echinacea spp.) D Blue Star (Amsonia cilliata) D False Indigo (Baptisia spp.) D Phlox (Phlox paniculata or P. subulata) Butterfly Weed (Asclepias spp.) D Purple Muhly Grass (Muhlenbergia capillaris) D Joe pye Weed (Eupatorium spp.) w Ironweed (Vernonia spp.) w Swamp Hibiscus (Hibiscus coccineus) w Swamp Sunflower (Helianthus angustifolius) w Spiderwort (Tradescantia virginiana) D Bee Balm (Monarda fistulosa) D Blazing Star (Liatris spp.) D Asters (Aster spp.) D Goldenrod (Solidago spp.) D

VINES

Coral Honeysuckle (Lonicera sempervirens) Jessamine (Gelsemium sempervirens or G. rankinii) ev American Wisteria (Wisteria frutescens) Crossvine (Bignonia capreolata) ev Sumac (Rhus spp.) D Red chokeberry (Aronia arbutifolia) D Wax Myrtle (Morella cerifera) D ev Devil's Walking Stick (Aralia spinosa) D New Jersey Tea (Ceanothus americanus) D Lowbush Blueberry (Vaccinium pallidum) D