



Yucca elephantipes 'Variegata' Variegated Spineless Yucca¹

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INTRODUCTION

A dramatic landscape element, Spineless Yucca is the tallest of the Yuccas, reaching 30 feet in height with a 15-foot spread, its single, thick, rough trunk topped with straplike, four-foot-long leaves (Fig. 1). Variegated Spineless Yucca differs from the species only in the variegated, stripped leaf pattern. The trunk can grow to four-foot-thick. Sprouts often grow from the base of the trunk forming a multi-trunked tree. Spineless Yucca grows fairly rapidly but usually stays under 20 feet in height, and is ideal for use in succulent gardens or large planters. Unlike its close relative, Spanish Bayonet, Spineless Yucca can be used in close range of people since it lacks the formidable, terminal spine and has harmless leaves. It was introduced into Florida in 1956 as a substitute for the spiny Spanish Bayonet.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Scientific name: Yucca elephantipes 'Variegata' Pronunciation: YUCK-uh ell-uh-fan-TYE-peez Common name(s): Variegated Spineless Yucca, Variegated Soft-Tip Yucca Family: Agavaceae USDA hardiness zones: 9B through 11 (Fig. 2) Origin: not native to North America Uses: container or above-ground planter; suitable for growing indoors; recommended for buffer strips around parking lots or for median strip plantings in the highway; near a deck or patio; specimen; no proven urban tolerance

Availability: somewhat available, may have to go out of the region to find the tree

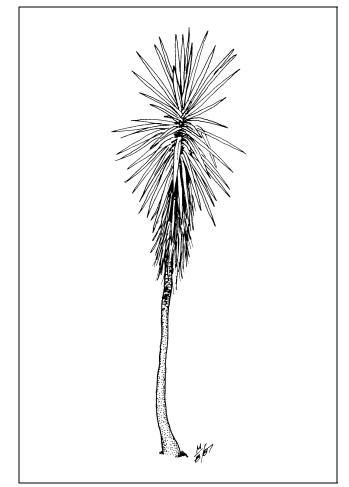


Figure 1. Middle-aged Variegated Spineless Yucca.

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Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

DESCRIPTION

Height: 20 to 30 feet Spread: 10 to 15 feet Crown uniformity: irregular outline or silhouette Crown shape: upright Crown density: open Growth rate: fast Texture: coarse

Foliage

Leaf arrangement: alternate; spiral (Fig. 3) Leaf type: simple Leaf margin: entire Leaf shape: lanceolate; linear Leaf venation: parallel Leaf type and persistence: evergreen Leaf blade length: >36 inches Leaf color: variegated Fall color: no fall color change Fall characteristic: not showy

Flower

Flower color: white Flower characteristics: showy; summer flowering

Fruit

Fruit shape: oval
Fruit length: .5 to 1 inch
Fruit covering: fleshy
Fruit color: brown
Fruit characteristics: does not attract wildlife; inconspicuous and not showy; no significant litter problem

Trunk and Branches

Trunk/bark/branches: routinely grown with, or trainable to be grown with, multiple trunks; grow mostly upright and will not droop; showy trunk; no thorns

Pruning requirement: requires pruning to develop strong structure Breakage: resistant Current year twig color: green

Current year twig thickness: stout

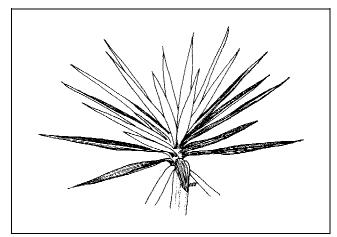


Figure 3. Foliage of Variegated Spineless Yucca.

Culture

Light requirement: tree grows in part shade/part sun; tree grows in full sun Soil tolerances: clay; loam; sand; acidic; alkaline; well-drained Drought tolerance: high

Aerosol salt tolerance: moderate

Other

Roots: surface roots are usually not a problem Winter interest: no special winter interest Outstanding tree: not particularly outstanding Invasive potential: little, if any, potential at this time Pest resistance: long-term health usually not affected by pests

USE AND MANAGEMENT

The two to three-foot-tall bloom is produced on top of the stalks once the plant is 8 to 10 feet tall. Blooms are edible and high in calcium and potassium and can be used in salads. Leaves contain large amounts of ascorbic acid.

Spineless Yucca grows easily in full sun or partial shade on any well-drained soil. Do not plant Yucca unless drainage is superior. Yucca grows well as a houseplant in a well-lighted area.

Propagation is by cuttings of any size. Suckers at the base of the plant root quite easily.

Pests

Pests include Yucca moth borers, scale, and black weevil which bore into roots and stems.

Diseases

No diseases are of major concern, except root rot in soils kept too moist. Do not irrigate Yucca. Leaf spots sometimes infect Yucca but do no real harm to the plant.