



# Sapium sebiferum Chinese Tallowtree<sup>1</sup>

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#### INTRODUCTION

With oval, pointed, deciduous leaves and an oval, open canopy, Chinese Tallowtree creates soft, dappled shade, (Fig. 1). The trunk normally dominates, snaking up through the crown sporting major limbs well spaced along the trunk. Enough light will penetrate to allow lawn grasses to thrive beneath this rapidly-growing, 30 to 35-foot-tall tree. Yellow terminal flower spikes appear in spring and are followed by brown capsules which burst and fall off, leaving behind wax-coated, white, berrylike seeds, hence the common name, Popcorn tree. These berries persist throughout the winter, even after the fluttering, heart-shaped leaves have turned gorgeous autumn shades of red, yellow or orange and have fallen. Tallowtree is one of the only reliable fall coloring trees for USDA hardiness zones 8b and 9a. The new growth in spring is red-tinged. The waxy coating on the seeds is extracted by the Chinese for use in candles and soap and the milky sap inside the twigs is poisonous.

## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Scientific name: Sapium sebiferum

**Pronunciation:** SAY-pee-um suh-BIFF-er-um **Common name(s):** Chinese Tallowtree, Popcorn

Tree, Tallowtree **Family**: *Euphorbiaceae* 

**USDA hardiness zones:** 8 through 11 (Fig. 2)

**Origin:** not native to North America **Uses:** not recommended for planting

Availability: somewhat available, may have to go out

of the region to find the tree

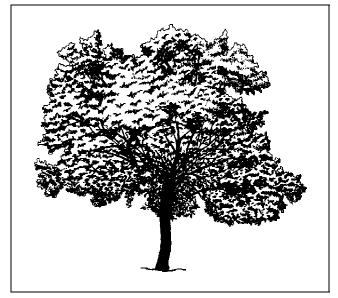


Figure 1. Mature Chinese Tallowtree.

#### DESCRIPTION

**Height:** 30 to 35 feet **Spread:** 25 to 35 feet

Crown uniformity: irregular outline or silhouette

Crown shape: oval Crown density: moderate

Growth rate: fast Texture: medium

# **Foliage**

**Leaf arrangement:** alternate (Fig. 3)

Leaf type: simple Leaf margin: entire

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Figure 2. Shaded area represents potential planting range.

Leaf shape: deltoid; ovate; rhomboid

Leaf venation: banchidodrome; pinnate; reticulate

Leaf type and persistence: deciduous

**Leaf blade length:** 2 to 4 inches; less than 2 inches

Leaf color: green

Fall color: orange; red; yellow Fall characteristic: showy

#### **Flower**

Flower color: yellow

Flower characteristics: inconspicuous and not

showy; spring flowering

#### Fruit

Fruit shape: round Fruit length: .5 to 1 inch Fruit covering: dry or hard Fruit color: brown; white

**Fruit characteristics:** attracts birds; fruit, twigs, or foliage cause significant litter; persistent on the tree;

showy

## **Trunk and Branches**

**Trunk/bark/branches:** droop as the tree grows, and will require pruning for vehicular or pedestrian clearance beneath the canopy; not particularly showy; should be grown with a single leader; no thorns **Pruning requirement:** requires pruning to develop

strong structure

**Breakage:** susceptible to breakage either at the crotch due to poor collar formation, or the wood itself is

weak and tends to break

Current year twig color: green Current year twig thickness: thin

# Culture

**Light requirement:** tree grows in full sun

Soil tolerances: clay; loam; sand; acidic; alkaline;

extended flooding; well-drained **Drought tolerance:** moderate **Aerosol salt tolerance:** high

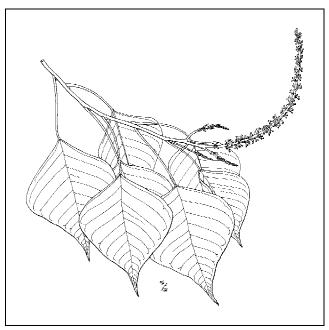


Figure 3. Foliage of Chinese Tallowtree.

## Other

**Roots:** surface roots can lift sidewalks or interfere

with mowing

Winter interest: no special winter interest Outstanding tree: not particularly outstanding

Invasive potential: No entries found.

**Pest resistance:** no pests are normally seen on the

tree

#### **USE AND MANAGEMENT**

Chinese Tallowtree is easily grown in full sun on a wide range of soils and is particularly drought-resistant and tolerant of compacted and wet soil. The abundant seeds create a multitude of unwanted volunteer seedlings. Roots tend to grow quite large near the soil surface and can be a nuisance in the lawn. There are places in Florida and in the Houston, Texas area where the tree has escaped cultivation and is invading native woodlands and the edge of wetlands. Therefore, use of this tree is not recommended! The wood is brittle and small to medium-sized branches often split from the tree as it grows to 15-years-old.

Propagation is by seed or cuttings.

# **Pests and Diseases**

No pests or diseases of major concern.