

## ART PROGRAM OF ALABAMA BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	5%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	53%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	25%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	57%
				Male factor	5%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kathryn L. Honea, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	181	72	24	9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	38.7	22.2	29.2	1 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	29.8 (23.2 - 36.5)	15.3 (7.0 - 23.6)	12.5 (0.0 - 25.7)	1 / 9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	33.8	16.9	14.3	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	34.6	17.7	15.0	1 / 5
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	11.6	9.7	12.5	4 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.1	3.5	2.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	34.3	5 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	4.3	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	40.7	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	10	4	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	25		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	28.0		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		1.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** ART Program of Alabama

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA AT BIRMINGHAM  
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	82%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	19%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	18%			Ovulation disorders	5%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	19%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	15%
				Male factor	21%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Michael P. Steinkampf, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	89	38	23	10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	27.0	26.3	26.1	2 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	23.6 (14.8 - 32.4)	23.7 (10.2 - 37.2)	26.1 (8.1 - 44.0)	0 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	23.9	25.7	6 / 19	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	24.1	25.7	6 / 18	0 / 8
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1.1	7.9	17.4	2 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	4.4	4.8	5.4	6.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	8.3	1 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	20.8	1 / 10	2 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	33.3	1 / 9	3 / 6	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.5		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	10		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 10			
Average number of embryos transferred	5.0			

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** University of Alabama at Birmingham

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MOBILE, ALABAMA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	14%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	54%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	30%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	27%
				Male factor	5%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by George T. Koulianos, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	82	25	22	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	52.4	24.0	27.3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	43.9 (33.2 - 54.6)	16.0 (1.6 - 30.4)	22.7 (5.2 - 40.2)	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	48.6	20.0	5 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	48.6	20.0	5 / 17	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	9.8	20.0	22.7	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.2	3.5	3.7	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	16.3	2 / 6	1 / 6	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	16.3	0 / 6	1 / 6	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	36.1	2 / 4	1 / 5	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0			
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	1		2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 1		1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0		4.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA IVF AND ART PROGRAM MOBILE, ALABAMA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	23%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	35%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	18%
				Male factor	10%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Botros M. Rizk, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	23	8	15	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	30.4	3 / 8	1 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	30.4 (11.6 - 49.2)	3 / 8	1 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	31.8	3 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	35.0	3 / 7	1 / 10	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	4.3	1 / 8	5 / 15	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	4.7	3.3	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	3.5	1.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** University of South Alabama IVF and ART Program

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## FERTILITY TREATMENT CENTER CHANDLER, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	34%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	34%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	24%
				Male factor	9%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by H. Randall Craig, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	48	38	28	4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	39.6	39.5	25.0	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	35.4 (21.9 - 48.9)	34.2 (19.1 - 49.3)	25.0 (9.0 - 41.0)	1 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	36.2	40.6	28.0	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.6	41.9	29.2	1 / 3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	2.1	15.8	10.7	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	3.0	3.2	1.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 19	5 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 19	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 17	3 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	34	12	16	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	26.5	5 / 12	1 / 16	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.8	3.6	2.8
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	32		20	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	37.5		25.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1		3.7	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Fertility Treatment Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## WEST VALLEY FERTILITY CENTER GLENDALE, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	23%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	21%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	34%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	18%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	14%
				Male factor	10%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Vladimir Troche, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	18	7	10	3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	11 / 18	3 / 7	2 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	10 / 18	2 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	10 / 18	2 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	10 / 18	2 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 18	1 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	4.0	6.5	2.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 3		1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0		3.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
	3		0	
	0 / 3		0	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.7			

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** West Valley Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## ARIZONA REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPECIALISTS PHOENIX, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	46%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	<1%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	21%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	25%
				Male factor	21%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Drew Moffitt, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	89	36	31	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	42.7	41.7	12.9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	41.6 (31.3 - 51.8)	38.9 (23.0 - 54.8)	12.9 (1.1 - 24.7)	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	46.8	48.3	4 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	55.2	50.0	4 / 16	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	11.2	19.4	48.4	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.3	3.2	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	34.2	7 / 15	2 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	13.2	1 / 15	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	43.2	8 / 14	2 / 4	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	41	7	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	12.2	2 / 7	1 / 3	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	2.7	3.3	3.5
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	8		10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 8		0 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0		3.1	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Arizona Reproductive Medicine Specialists

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	No	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## IVF PHOENIX PHOENIX, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	20%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	14%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	19%
				Male factor	14%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John L. Couvaras, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	29	8	12	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	41.4	4 / 8	5 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	37.9 (20.3 - 55.6)	3 / 8	5 / 12	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	39.3	3 / 7	5 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	39.3	3 / 6	5 / 8	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	3.4	1 / 8	4 / 12	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	3.3	3.9	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 12	2 / 4	0 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 5	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	8	3	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	3.0	2.0	3.5
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	12		6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 12		1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8		3.7	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** IVF Phoenix

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



## SOUTHWEST FERTILITY CENTER PHOENIX, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	20%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	29%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	8%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	19%	Female factors only	3%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	13%
				Male factor	13%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Sujatha Gunnala, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	14	6	4	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	7 / 14	1 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	6 / 14	1 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 14	1 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 12	1 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1	3.3	3.3	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0			
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
	Number of transfers		0	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred		4.0		

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Southwest Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## ARIZONA CENTER FOR FERTILITY STUDIES SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	8%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	32%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	49%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	42%	With ICSI	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	<1%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	15%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	8%
				Male factor	15%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jay S. Nemiro, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	103	38	42	9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	36.9	26.3	33.3	2 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	30.1 (21.2 - 39.0)	10.5 (0.8 - 20.3)	26.2 (12.9 - 39.5)	1 / 9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	30.7	11.4	28.9	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.8	16.0	36.7	1 / 5
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1.9	7.9	9.5	2 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	4.2	4.7	5.4	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	21.1	1 / 10	4 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	10.5	0 / 10	1 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	32.3	1 / 4	5 / 11	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	1	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	6.0	8.0	0.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	30		3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	40.0		0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	5.1		2.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Arizona Center for Fertility Studies

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## MAYO CLINIC SCOTTSDALE SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	49%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	20%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	20%
				Male factor	29%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Anita P. Singh, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	27	16	15	5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	33.3	8 / 16	5 / 15	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	33.3 (15.6 - 51.1)	7 / 16	4 / 15	1 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	40.9	7 / 14	4 / 12	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	9 / 18	7 / 14	4 / 11	1 / 3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	18.5	2 / 16	3 / 15	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	3.2	3.5	3.5	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 9	2 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 9	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	7	6	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 7	3 / 6	2 / 7	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.7	3.9	3.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	8		2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 8		1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9		4.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Mayo Clinic Scottsdale

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

# ARIZONA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY TUCSON, ARIZONA

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

## 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	98%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	25%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	1%			Ovulation disorders	11%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	<1%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	0%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	5%
				Male factor	17%		

## 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Timothy Gelety, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	73	25	19	11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	19.2	16.0	4 / 19	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	17.8 (9.0 - 26.6)	16.0 (1.6 - 30.4)	3 / 19	0 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	18.3	16.7	3 / 17	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	22.4	17.4	3 / 17	0 / 10
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	2.7	4.0	2 / 19	0 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	4.6	4.8	4.9	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 14	1 / 4	1 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 14	0 / 4	2 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 13	1 / 4	3 / 3	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	48	10	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	16.7	0 / 10	0 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.8	5.5	5.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	17		32	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 17		6.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.7		4.6	

## CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Arizona Center for Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

# INTRAVAGINAL CULTURE FERTILIZATION PROGRAM OF ARKANSAS LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

## 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	30%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	17%	Female factors only	26%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	9%
				Male factor	9%		

## 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Francisco Batres, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	15	8	0	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 15	1 / 8		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	3 / 15	1 / 8		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 15	1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 15	1 / 7		
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 15	1 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	2.9		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	0 / 1		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

## CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Intravaginal Culture Fertilization Program of Arkansas

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## UNIVERSITY OF ARKANSAS FOR MEDICAL SCIENCES IVF LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	20%	Other factor	13%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	10%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	<1%	With ICSI	26%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	13%	Female factors only	11%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	10%
				Male factor	14%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Dean M. Moutos, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	92	36	28	5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	37.0	38.9	21.4	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	30.4 (21.0 - 39.8)	36.1 (20.4 - 51.8)	17.9 (3.7 - 32.0)	1 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	33.3	40.6	22.7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	34.1	44.8	23.8	1 / 3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	8.7	11.1	21.4	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.8	3.3	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	47.1	4 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	5.9	1 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	57.1	4 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	36	11	8	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	16.7	2 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1	2.8	3.4	1.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	9		6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 9		1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1		3.5	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## ALTA BATES IN VITRO FERTILIZATION PROGRAM BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	<1%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	18%
				Uterine Factor	2%	Female & male factors	26%
				Male factor	17%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ryszard J. Chetkowski, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	26	17	30	15
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	34.6	7 / 17	20.0	4 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	30.8 (13.0 - 48.5)	7 / 17	13.3 (1.2 - 25.5)	2 / 15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	34.8	7 / 17	13.8	2 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	36.4	7 / 16	13.8	2 / 11
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	11.5	0 / 17	3.3	4 / 15
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.0	4.0	4.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 9	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 9	0 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 8	2 / 7	3 / 4	0 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	8	3	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 8	0 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.0	1.8	1.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	23		10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	52.2		1 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6		2.3	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Alta Bates In Vitro Fertilization Program

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & SURGERY ASSOCIATES BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	95%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	3%			Ovulation disorders	<1%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	<1%	With ICSI	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	<1%	Unstimulated	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	26%
				Uterine Factor	3%	Female & male factors	21%
				Male factor	16%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark W. Surrey, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	71	58	62	40
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	36.6	39.7	22.6	25.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	33.8 (22.8 - 44.8)	32.8 (20.7 - 44.8)	16.1 (7.0 - 25.3)	15.0 (3.9 - 26.1)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	37.5	33.9	17.2	16.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	40.0	37.3	19.6	17.1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	9.9	3.4	6.5	7.5
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3	3.7	3.3	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	34.6	30.4	4 / 14	0 / 10
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	26.9	8.7	0 / 14	0 / 10
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	45.8	8 / 19	2 / 10	0 / 6
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	16	10	16	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 16	0 / 10	4 / 16	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3	3.7	4.2	6.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		22		8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		31.8		1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred		3.3		3.0

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Medicine & Surgery Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



## REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & SURGERY ASSOCIATES BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>		Patient Diagnosis					
IVF	93%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>	Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	0%	
GIFT	5%		Ovulation disorders	<1%	Unknown factor	11%	
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	41%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	2%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	5%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	28%
				Male factor	18%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Hal Danzer, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	13	6	15	9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 13	1 / 6	1 / 15	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	4 / 13	1 / 6	1 / 15	0 / 9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 12	1 / 5	1 / 13	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 11	0 / 9
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 13	1 / 6	2 / 15	0 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	3.3	4.5	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	6	2	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	3.5	3.3	5.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
	Number of transfers		8	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		5 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred		3.6		

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Medicine & Surgery Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**WEST COAST INFERTILITY MEDICAL CLINIC, INC.  
BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	23%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	1%	Unknown factor	17%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	36%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	6%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	17%
				Male factor	20%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Michael Kamrava, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	15	21	8	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 15	19.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	1 / 15	14.3 (0.0 - 29.3)	0 / 8	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 14	15.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 14	3 / 18	0 / 7	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 15	4.8	0 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.4	4.4	4.7	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 4		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 4		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 3		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	17		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 17			
Average number of embryos transferred	4.8			

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** West Coast Infertility Medical Clinic, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## WEST COAST FERTILITY CENTERS FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	90%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	18%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	8%			Ovulation disorders	9%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	<1%	With ICSI	63%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	<1%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	20%
				Uterine Factor	2%	Female & male factors	12%
				Male factor	13%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by David G. Diaz, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	65	20	17	11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	36.9	30.0	4 / 17	2 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	33.8 (22.3 - 45.3)	30.0 (9.9 - 50.1)	3 / 17	1 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	34.9	30.0	3 / 17	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.6	6 / 18	3 / 15	1 / 8
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	3.1	0.0	0 / 17	1 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	5.0	5.0	4.3	3.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	25.0	2 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	16.7	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	31.8	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	10	7	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 10	1 / 7	1 / 3	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	4.5	4.1	4.0	4.7
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		20		6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		40.0		0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred		4.9		5.0

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** West Coast Fertility Centers

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## REPRODUCTIVE PARTNERS—SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	23%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	9%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	50%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	6%
				Uterine Factor	7%	Female & male factors	14%
				Male factor	21%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gabriel V. Garzo, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	51	29	29	11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	51.0	37.9	41.4	3 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	47.1 (33.4 - 60.8)	31.0 (14.2 - 47.9)	34.5 (17.2 - 51.8)	2 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	50.0	40.9	40.0	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	52.2	42.9	40.0	2 / 10
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	5.9	24.1	13.8	1 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.9	3.6	3.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	19.2	5 / 11	1 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	7.7	0 / 11	2 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	29.2	4 / 9	2 / 10	0 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	4	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 3	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.7	3.0	2.3	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	34		7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	44.1		1 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		3.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Partners—San Diego

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES CENTER LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	55%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	8%
				Uterine Factor	9%	Female & male factors	33%
				Male factor	18%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Samuel H. Wood, M.D., Ph.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	45	20	23	6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	40.0	35.0	34.8	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	37.8 (23.6 - 51.9)	30.0 (9.9 - 50.1)	30.4 (11.6 - 49.2)	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	45.9	6 / 18	33.3	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	48.6	6 / 17	35.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	17.8	10.0	8.7	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 18	1 / 7	1 / 8	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 8	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 17	0 / 6	1 / 7	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	7	5	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3	3.2	4.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		25		7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		44.0		2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred		3.5		3.6

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Sciences Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## SCRIPPS CLINIC FERTILITY CENTER LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	78%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	32%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	48%
				Male factor	6%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jeffrey S. Rakoff, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	30	10	16	3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	23.3	2 / 10	3 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	16.7 (3.3 - 30.0)	2 / 10	1 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	17.9	2 / 10	1 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	19.2	2 / 9	1 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	6.7	0 / 10	0 / 16	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.2	3.1	1.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	6	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.7	2.5	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
<b>Donor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	10		6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 10		0 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		2.5	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Scripps Clinic Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**JANE L. FREDERICK, M.D., INC.**  
**LAGUNA HILLS, CALIFORNIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	43%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	27%
				Uterine Factor	6%	Female & male factors	27%
				Male factor	17%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Jane L. Frederick, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	18	14	10	5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 18	2 / 14	2 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	6 / 18	1 / 14	2 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 18	1 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 18	1 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 18	2 / 14	2 / 10	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	7	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.7	3.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	2		6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 2		0 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.8	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Jane L. Frederick, M.D., Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## LOMA LINDA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND IVF LOMA LINDA, CALIFORNIA

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)**

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	79%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	13%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	25%
				Male factor	23%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John D. Jacobson, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	59	21	14	10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	54.2	23.8	3 / 14	3 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	52.5 (39.8 - 65.3)	9.5 (0.0 - 22.1)	1 / 14	2 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	53.4	2 / 17	1 / 10	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	56.4	2 / 15	1 / 9	2 / 10
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1.7	19.0	4 / 14	0 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	3.2	3.3	3.9	4.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	21.9	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	12.5	1 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	35.5	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	4.0		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	8		3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 8		1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8		2.3	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Loma Linda University Center for Fertility and IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



## REPRODUCTIVE PARTNERS—LONG BEACH LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	74%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	25%			Ovulation disorders	8%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	1%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	16%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	14%
				Male factor	10%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bill Yee, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	76	32	64	32
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	38.2	34.4	39.1	21.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	31.6 (21.1 - 42.0)	25.0 (10.0 - 40.0)	31.3 (19.9 - 42.6)	15.6 (3.0 - 28.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	32.4	29.6	39.2	20.8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	34.3	29.6	40.0	21.7
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	2.6	15.6	20.3	25.0
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.6	4.1	4.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	48.3	3 / 11	28.0	1 / 7
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	10.3	0 / 11	4.0	0 / 7
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	58.3	3 / 8	30.0	1 / 5
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	30	16	13	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	13.3	4 / 16	2 / 13	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.8
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		21		10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		42.9		0 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0		3.7

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Partners—Long Beach

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES  
FERTILITY CENTER  
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>		Patient Diagnosis					
IVF	98%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>	Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	9%	
GIFT	<1%		Ovulation disorders	3%	Unknown factor	11%	
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	9%	Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	<1%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	0%		Female factors only
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	10%
				Male factor	11%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Joseph C. Gambone, D.O.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	37	13	29	25
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	21.6	3 / 13	10.3	12.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	16.2 (4.3 - 28.1)	3 / 13	10.3 (0.0 - 21.4)	4.0 (0.0 - 11.7)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	17.1	3 / 11	13.6	5.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	20.0	3 / 11	3 / 19	1 / 13
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	5.4	2 / 13	24.1	20.0
Average number of embryos transferred	3.7	3.8	3.5	2.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 8	1 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 8	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 6	0 / 3	2 / 3	1 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	10	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	5.0	2.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	4		2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 4		1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.3		4.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** University of California, Los Angeles, Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA  
REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY  
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	97%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	24%
GIFT	1%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	23%
ZIFT	1%	With ICSI	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	1%	Unstimulated	1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	8%
				Uterine Factor	4%	Female & male factors	8%
				Male factor	5%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Richard J. Paulson, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	18	24	21	14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 18	33.3	42.9	3 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	6 / 18	12.5 (0.0 - 25.7)	38.1 (17.3 - 58.9)	2 / 14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 18	15.0	8 / 18	2 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 17	15.0	8 / 18	2 / 12
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 18	16.7	14.3	2 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	4.1	4.3	5.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 6	1 / 8	3 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 6	0 / 8	2 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 6	0 / 3	4 / 8	0 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	5	5	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 5	1 / 5	3 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.2	2.5	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	46		22	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	58.7		22.7	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5		3.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** University of Southern California, Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**BRIAN SU, M.D.**  
**MONTEREY PARK, CALIFORNIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	7%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	10%	Female factors only	20%
				Uterine Factor	2%	Female & male factors	15%
				Male factor	15%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Brian C. Su, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	22	4	7	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	40.9	2 / 4	3 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	31.8 (12.4 - 51.3)	1 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	7 / 19	1 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	7 / 18	1 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	13.6	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.5	4.1	6.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0			
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	1		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 1		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0		1.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Garfield Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALTY MEDICAL CENTER NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>		Patient Diagnosis					
IVF	95%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>	Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	11%	
GIFT	5%		Ovulation disorders	8%	Unknown factor	0%	
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	36%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	9%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	23%
				Male factor	9%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Beth A. Ary, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	16	13	10	3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	7 / 16	6 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	4 / 16	4 / 13	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 16	4 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 15	4 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 16	1 / 13	0 / 10	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	4.1	3.6	4.5	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred		6.0		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
	Number of transfers		2	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred		4.5		

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Specialty Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## NORTHRIDGE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NORTHRIDGE, CALIFORNIA

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)**

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	97%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	14%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	71%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	3%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	10%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	32%
				Male factor	17%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jirair B. Konialian, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	58	35	11	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	32.8	28.6	2 / 11	1 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	29.3 (17.6 - 41.0)	22.9 (8.9 - 36.8)	1 / 11	1 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	37.0	27.6	1 / 10	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	44.7	32.0	1 / 6	1 / 1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	20.7	17.1	1 / 11	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	4.6	4.6	5.2	8.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	9 / 19	3 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 19	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	11 / 17	2 / 8	1 / 1	1 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	19		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	8 / 19		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.5		5.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Northridge Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## IVF-ORANGE ORANGE, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	20%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	20%	Female factors only	10%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	15%
				Male factor	15%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Darush Mohyi, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	10	4	4	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 10	1 / 4	1 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	2 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.7	3.5	3.8	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2	0 / 1		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** IVF-Orange Surgery Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**SUSAN P. WILLMAN, M.D.**  
**ORINDA, CALIFORNIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	16%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	21%
				Male factor	7%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Susan P. Willman, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>	
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>					
Number of cycles	12	15	21	12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 12	6 / 15	9.5	2 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	5 / 12	4 / 15	4.8 (0.0 - 13.9)	2 / 12	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 12	4 / 15	1 / 19	2 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 12	4 / 15	1 / 18	2 / 10	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 12	0 / 15	9.5	2 / 12	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1	3.6	3.8	4.2	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>					
Number of transfers	5	3	0	1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.4	3.3		8.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>					
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>		
	13		3		
	7 / 13		0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred		3.2		4.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Susan P. Willman, M.D.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



## NOVA IN VITRO FERTILIZATION PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	18%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	6%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	41%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	2%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	16%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	16%
				Male factor	8%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Francis F. Polansky, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	43	43	36	16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	53.5	46.5	33.3	7 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	46.5 (31.6 - 61.4)	37.2 (22.8 - 51.7)	25.0 (10.9 - 39.1)	4 / 16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	54.1	43.2	30.0	4 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	55.6	47.1	31.0	4 / 14
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	14.0	14.0	16.7	2 / 16
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	3.6	4.2	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	30.4	35.0	4 / 12	1 / 7
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	8.7	0.0	1 / 12	1 / 7
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	35.0	4 / 16	5 / 9	1 / 4
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	5	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 3	0 / 5		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	4.3	2.4		2.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	12		5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	7 / 12		2 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.4		2.6	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Nova In Vitro Fertilization

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## HUNTINGTON REPRODUCTIVE CENTER PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	98%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	12%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	1%	With ICSI	65%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	<1%	Unstimulated	<1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	21%
				Uterine Factor	7%	Female & male factors	11%
				Male factor	14%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Joel H. Batzofin, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	164	101	120	38
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	42.1	46.5	28.3	21.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	33.5 (26.3 - 40.8)	39.6 (30.1 - 49.1)	20.0 (12.8 - 27.2)	10.5 (0.8 - 20.3)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	35.5	42.1	21.6	11.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	36.4	44.0	23.1	12.5
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	5.5	5.9	7.5	7.9
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	37.7	27.7	35.3	0 / 8
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	8.7	8.5	5.9	0 / 8
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	49.1	40.0	45.8	0 / 4
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	17	6	5	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 17	3 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	3.4	3.7	3.0	2.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	108		26	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	51.9		15.4	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.6		3.6	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Huntington Reproductive Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

# CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE AND ENDOCRINOLOGY SERVICES REDDING, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

## 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	20%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	30%	Female factors only	0%
				Uterine Factor	10%	Female & male factors	0%
				Male factor	20%		

## 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Robert A. Greene, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	3	2	0	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 2			
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	2 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5			
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1			
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	0	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0	3.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

## CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Center for Advanced Reproductive and Endocrinology Services

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## REPRODUCTIVE PARTNERS—REDONDO BEACH REDONDO BEACH, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	94%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	14%
GIFT	6%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	49%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	18%
				Uterine Factor	2%	Female & male factors	23%
				Male factor	17%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bill Yee, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	43	43	65	36
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	41.9	32.6	33.8	13.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	32.6 (18.6 - 46.6)	27.9 (14.5 - 41.3)	26.2 (15.5 - 36.8)	5.6 (0.0 - 13.0)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	35.0	35.3	30.4	7.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	35.0	35.3	31.5	7.4
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	7.0	20.9	13.8	22.2
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1	3.4	3.9	5.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 18	5 / 14	27.3	0 / 5
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 18	1 / 14	4.5	0 / 5
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 14	3 / 12	4 / 17	0 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	14	8	14	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 14	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	3.9	3.8	2.9	4.4
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	28		26	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	50.0		11.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8		2.7	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Partners—Redondo Beach

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## NORTHERN CALIFORNIA FERTILITY MEDICAL CENTER ROSEVILLE, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	20%	Other factor	12%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	50%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	13%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	16%
				Male factor	17%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Carlos E. Soto-Albors, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	139	76	65	18
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	40.3	30.3	23.1	2 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	36.7 (28.7 - 44.7)	26.3 (16.4 - 36.2)	18.5 (9.0 - 27.9)	2 / 18
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.6	29.0	20.0	2 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	39.5	29.9	22.6	2 / 14
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	5.0	9.2	7.7	3 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.0	2.8	2.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	28.6	34.8	3 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	7.1	0.0	1 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	31.4	30.0	2 / 12	0 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	31	12	7	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	9.7	2 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	3.6	3.5	2.9	2.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	63		20	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	30.2		5.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5		2.8	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Northern California Fertility Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS**  
**ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM**  
**SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	39%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	5%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	4%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	10%	Female factors only	10%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	6%
				Male factor	2%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Stephen P. Boyers, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	21	10	12	5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	28.6	2 / 10	7 / 12	2 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	19.0 (2.3 - 35.8)	2 / 10	3 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 17	2 / 6	3 / 8	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 16	2 / 6	3 / 8	1 / 4
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	19.0	4 / 10	4 / 12	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	4.5	4.0	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 6	2 / 2	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	1	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	4.3	2.0	3.5	1.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	4		4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 4		1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3		4.8	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** University of California, Davis, Assisted Reproductive Technology Program

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## THE FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY CENTER SALINAS, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	33%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	69%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	13%	Female factors only	40%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	7%
				Male factor	7%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Edward J. Ramirez, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	7	2	3	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 7	1 / 2	2 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	3 / 7	0 / 2	2 / 3	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 7	0 / 2	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 7	0 / 1	2 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	5.0	5.0	5.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 3		1 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
	1		0	
	0 / 1			
Number of transfers	3.0			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** The Fertility and Gynecology Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## IGO MEDICAL GROUP OF SAN DIEGO SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	19%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	56%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	28%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	21%
				Male factor	19%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Benito Villanueva, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	18	7	13	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 18	0 / 7	3 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	2 / 18	0 / 7	2 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 13	0 / 7	2 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 11	0 / 7	2 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 18	0 / 7	1 / 13	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	3.6	4.7	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3		0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3		1 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2		1 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	6	3	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	4.3	4.0	4.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	5		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 5			
Average number of embryos transferred	4.2			

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** IGO Medical Group of San Diego

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



**INFERTILITY CLINIC  
NAVAL MEDICAL CENTER, SAN DIEGO  
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	66%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	<1%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	45%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	4%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	3%
				Male factor	16%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Thomas J. Kim, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	60	13	16	7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	40.0	5 / 13	4 / 16	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	35.0 (22.9 - 47.1)	5 / 13	3 / 16	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.2	5 / 13	3 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.2	5 / 13	3 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	8.3	0 / 13	2 / 16	0 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.8	3.0	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	20.8	2 / 5	2 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0.0	1 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	23.8	3 / 5	1 / 3	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	5	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.0	4.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>			0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Infertility Clinic, Naval Medical Center, San Diego

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINE ASSOCIATES SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	80%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	48%
				Uterine Factor	7%	Female & male factors	26%
				Male factor	6%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Steven A. Brody, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	24	12	18	5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	45.8	7 / 12	6 / 18	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	41.7 (21.9 - 61.4)	5 / 12	3 / 18	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	41.7	5 / 12	3 / 18	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	45.5	5 / 12	3 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 18	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	4.3	4.8	5.0	3.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 11	3 / 7	1 / 6	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 11	0 / 7	1 / 6	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 10	2 / 5	2 / 3	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	5	1	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	4.0	4.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	9		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 9			
Average number of embryos transferred	4.4			

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** The Advanced Fertility Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## SHARP FERTILITY CENTER SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	99%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	1%			Ovulation disorders	<1%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	79%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	35%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	33%
				Male factor	12%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Arlene Morales, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	64	64	60	26
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	34.4	31.3	11.7	15.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	28.1 (17.1 - 39.1)	25.0 (14.4 - 35.6)	6.7 (0.4 - 13.0)	7.7 (0.0 - 17.9)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	30.0	27.1	8.7	10.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	30.5	29.1	8.9	2 / 17
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	6.3	7.8	23.3	23.1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.9	3.2	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	45.5	20.0	1 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0.0	5.0	0 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	7 / 18	1 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	13	7	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.9	3.8	2.5
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		46		10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		39.1		2 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred		2.5		2.3

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Sharp Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## ASTARTE FERTILITY CENTER SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	93%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	<1%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	7%	With ICSI	68%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	13%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	38%
				Male factor	16%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Alex J. Steinleitner, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	42	25	36	14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	31.0	24.0	33.3	2 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	23.8 (10.9 - 36.7)	20.0 (4.3 - 35.7)	19.4 (6.5 - 32.4)	1 / 14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	27.0	21.7	20.6	1 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	31.3	21.7	22.6	1 / 14
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	11.9	8.0	5.6	0 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	3.2	3.4	3.7	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 13	2 / 6	2 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 13	0 / 6	2 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 10	2 / 5	3 / 7	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	1	2	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	3.0	2.0	3.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		54		3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		29.6		2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred		3.1		3.0

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Astarte Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**SAN FRANCISCO FERTILITY CENTERS  
PACIFIC FERTILITY CENTER  
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	12%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	9%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	52%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	8%
				Uterine Factor	2%	Female & male factors	9%
				Male factor	14%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Philip E. Chenette, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	51	71	79	59
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	27.5	40.8	34.2	18.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	25.5 (13.5 - 37.5)	38.0 (26.7 - 49.3)	29.1 (19.1 - 39.1)	11.9 (3.6 - 20.1)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	28.9	44.3	37.7	16.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	28.9	44.3	37.7	16.7
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	11.8	14.1	22.8	28.8
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	4.2	4.2	4.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 14	34.5	18.5	2 / 11
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 14	17.2	7.4	0 / 11
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	7 / 13	40.7	26.1	1 / 7
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	12	17	9	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 12	4 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3	3.1	3.9	3.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		69		56
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		43.5		33.9
Average number of embryos transferred		3.4		3.4

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** San Francisco Fertility Centers, Pacific Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**SIMON R. HENDERSON, M.D.**  
**SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	10%	Unknown factor	15%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	39%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	24%
				Uterine Factor	8%	Female & male factors	1%
				Male factor	13%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Simon R. Henderson, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	14	8	22	24
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 14	4 / 8	9.1	8.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	4 / 14	4 / 8	9.1 (0.0 - 21.1)	4.2 (0.0 - 12.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 13	4 / 8	9.1	1 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 10	4 / 8	2 / 18	1 / 13
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 14	0 / 8	0.0	41.7
Average number of embryos transferred	4.9	5.1	5.4	7.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	2	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	3.0	2.0	8.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	6		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 6		1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.7		4.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Simon R. Henderson, M.D.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO  
IN VITRO FERTILIZATION PROGRAM  
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	57%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	<1%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	19%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	29%
				Male factor	24%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Robert N. Taylor, M.D., Ph.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	125	96	91	39
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	35.2	32.3	41.8	20.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	28.8 (20.9 - 36.7)	28.1 (19.1 - 37.1)	36.3 (26.4 - 46.1)	10.3 (0.7 - 19.8)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	32.4	34.2	39.3	11.8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	36.0	36.0	43.4	12.1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	11.2	17.7	7.7	12.8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	3.1	4.3	4.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	29.5	12.9	26.3	1 / 8
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	6.8	12.9	7.9	1 / 8
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	36.1	22.2	27.3	1 / 4
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	91	28	49	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	26.4	3.6	12.2	2 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.2	3.5	3.5
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	58		52	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	39.7		19.2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.4	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** University of California, San Francisco, In Vitro Fertilization Program

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CARMELO S. SGARLATA, M.D.**  
**SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	86%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	14%			Ovulation disorders	9%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	43%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	32%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	32%
				Male factor	7%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Carmelo S. Sgarlata, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	11	13	7	6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 11	5 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	2 / 11	5 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 10	5 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 10	5 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 11	0 / 13	1 / 7	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	3.2	3.3	3.3	4.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 3	1 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 2	1 / 5	1 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	3.5		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Carmelo S. Sgarlata, M.D.

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



## FERTILITY PHYSICIANS OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	97%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	2%			Ovulation disorders	5%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	45%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	<1%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	11%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	23%
				Male factor	17%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by G. David Adamson, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	112	74	77	30
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	29.5	29.7	19.5	10.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	25.0 (17.0 - 33.0)	25.7 (15.7 - 35.6)	16.9 (8.5 - 25.3)	6.7 (0.0 - 15.6)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	27.5	30.6	20.3	8.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	27.7	31.1	21.3	8.3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	8.9	16.2	16.9	20.0
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1	3.5	3.8	4.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	30.3	22.7	2 / 15	1 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	6.1	13.6	0 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	39.3	8 / 19	2 / 13	1 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	18	4	7	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.5
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
	Number of transfers		5	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred		3.6		

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Fertility Physicians of Northern California

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF THE SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA SAN RAMON, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	96%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	25%
GIFT	3%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	35%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	<1%	Unstimulated	6%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	14%
				Uterine Factor	2%	Female & male factors	12%
				Male factor	16%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Louis N. Weckstein, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	142	90	62	31
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	38.7	40.0	37.1	16.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	33.8	32.2	32.3	9.7
(Confidence Interval)	(26.0 - 41.6)	(22.6 - 41.9)	(20.6 - 43.9)	(0.0 - 20.1)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	37.2	37.2	39.2	12.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.1	38.2	40.0	12.5
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	9.2	13.3	17.7	19.4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.1	4.1	4.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	29.1	27.8	21.7	0 / 5
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	16.4	11.1	13.0	0 / 5
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	43.8	37.9	35.0	0 / 3
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	21	20	8	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	28.6	25.0	1 / 8	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	2.9	3.5	1.5
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	78		35	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	33.3		25.7	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9		3.2	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Science Center of the San Francisco Bay Area

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE/CFA  
SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	95%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	4%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	48%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	1%	Unstimulated	<1%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	4%
				Uterine Factor	4%	Female & male factors	12%
				Male factor	27%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Richard P. Marrs, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	88	75	101	77
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	35.2	25.3	27.7	18.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	28.4 (19.0 - 37.8)	18.7 (9.8 - 27.5)	20.8 (12.9 - 28.7)	10.4 (3.6 - 17.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	30.1	22.2	26.9	14.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	30.9	24.6	28.0	15.4
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	5.7	16.0	22.8	26.0
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	3.6	4.0	3.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	22.6	4 / 19	28.6	1 / 14
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	12.9	2 / 19	3.6	1 / 14
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	36.0	3 / 14	28.6	1 / 8
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	44	26	21	18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	11.4	7.7	28.6	1 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	3.2	2.8	3.0	3.8
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	76		43	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.2		30.2	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.6		3.1	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Center for Assisted Reproductive Medicine/CFP

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## ISSA M. SHAMONKI, M.D., FERTILITY CLINIC SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	63%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	30%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	7%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	16%
				Uterine Factor	3%	Female & male factors	50%
				Male factor	16%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Issa M. Shamonki, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	18	2	5	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	9 / 18	1 / 2	2 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	7 / 18	0 / 2	1 / 5	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	7 / 17	0 / 2	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	7 / 16	0 / 2	1 / 5	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.6	4.0	4.8	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 7		0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	4.0		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Issa M. Shamonki, M.D., Fertility Clinic

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## PARKER–ROSENMAN–RODI GYN & INFERTILITY MEDICAL GROUP SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	9%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	13%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	25%
				Male factor	13%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ingrid A. Rodi, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	12	7	15	11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 12	2 / 7	4 / 15	1 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	3 / 12	2 / 7	3 / 15	1 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 11	2 / 6	3 / 12	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 11	2 / 6	3 / 11	1 / 10
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 12	1 / 7	3 / 15	1 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.2	4.3	4.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 5	0 / 2	2 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 3	1 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	4	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2	1 / 4	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.8	4.3	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
<b>Donor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	6		3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 6		1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		3.3	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Parker–Rosenman–Rodi GYN & Infertility Medical Group

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**NORTH BAY FERTILITY CENTER, INC.  
SANTA ROSA, CALIFORNIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	43%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	<1%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	12%
				Uterine Factor	4%	Female & male factors	17%
				Male factor	15%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Steven T. Dodge, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	35	20	27	15
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	40.0	15.0	33.3	1 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	34.3 (18.6 - 50.0)	10.0 (0.0 - 23.1)	25.9 (9.4 - 42.5)	1 / 15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	34.3	10.0	28.0	1 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	35.3	2 / 19	29.2	1 / 11
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0.0	0.0	7.4	2 / 15
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.6	3.5	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 14	1 / 3	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 12	1 / 2	1 / 7	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	11	6	5	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 11	0 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	3.2	3.0	3.8	4.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	23		5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	43.5		3 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9		3.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** North Bay Fertility Center, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## VALLEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SHERMAN OAKS, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	19%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	48%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	30%
				Uterine Factor	2%	Female & male factors	27%
				Male factor	11%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Tina B. Koopersmith, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	10	8	5	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 10	1 / 8	3 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	6 / 10	0 / 8	2 / 5	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 10	0 / 7	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 10	0 / 6	2 / 5	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.2	3.8	4.2	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 6		0 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	1	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	4.0	1.7	2.5
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
	3		0	
	2 / 3		2.7	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Valley Center for Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## STANFORD UNIVERSITY IVF/ART PROGRAM STANFORD, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	<1%			Ovulation disorders	1%	Unknown factor	26%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	17%
				Uterine Factor	4%	Female & male factors	14%
				Male factor	10%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Amin Milki, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	145	128	182	95
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	29.0	30.5	19.8	11.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	25.5 (18.4 - 32.6)	24.2 (16.8 - 31.6)	13.7 (8.7 - 18.7)	7.4 (2.1 - 12.6)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	26.1	25.6	14.7	8.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	27.6	26.5	15.4	8.3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	2.1	5.5	6.6	7.4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	2.8	3.4	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	23.8	20.5	16.7	2 / 11
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0.0	10.3	5.6	0 / 11
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	21.6	32.3	16.0	1 / 7
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	10	15	12	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 10	1 / 15	3 / 12	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.3	3.0	1.3
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	39		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	41.0		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3		2.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Stanford University IVF/ART Program

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



**THE CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY**  
**VERMESH/BEN-OZER CENTER FOR FERTILITY**  
**TARZANA, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	89%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	2%			Ovulation disorders	6%	Unknown factor	20%
ZIFT	<1%	With ICSI	47%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	8%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	13%
				Uterine Factor	8%	Female & male factors	10%
				Male factor	16%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Michael Vermesh, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	95	48	51	40
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	51.6	56.3	45.1	27.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	43.2 (33.2 - 53.1)	50.0 (35.9 - 64.1)	33.3 (20.4 - 46.3)	15.0 (3.9 - 26.1)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	43.2	50.0	34.0	15.8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	43.2	50.0	37.0	17.6
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0.0	0.0	2.0	5.0
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	4.1	4.3	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	36.7	55.6	8.7	1 / 11
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	6.1	7.4	0.0	0 / 11
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	34.1	54.2	2 / 17	1 / 6
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	8	3	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 8	1 / 3	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.4	3.7	4.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		47		13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		63.8		3 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred		3.2		3.1

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** The Center for Fertility and Gynecology, Vermesh/Ben-Ozer Center for Fertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE FERTILITY INSTITUTES**  
**JEFFREY STEINBERG, M.D., INC.**  
**TARZANA, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	97%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	28%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	5%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	<1%	With ICSI	44%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	2%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	0%
				Uterine Factor	5%	Female & male factors	9%
				Male factor	31%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Jeffrey M. Steinberg, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	54	30	20	3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	35.2	36.7	10.0	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	31.5 (19.1 - 43.9)	36.7 (19.4 - 53.9)	10.0 (0.0 - 23.1)	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	32.7	37.9	10.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	33.3	39.3	2 / 18	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	3.7	3.3	0.0	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	4.5	4.4	4.5	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 19	4 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	8 / 17	4 / 11	0 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred		4.0		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	4		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 4		1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.3		5.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** The Fertility Institutes

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## INFERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY INSTITUTE TARZANA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	98%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	25%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	11%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	21%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	2%	Unstimulated	2%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	3%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	9%
				Male factor	11%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Paul M. Greenberg, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	23	12	6	5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	52.2	2 / 12	3 / 6	3 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	52.2 (31.8 - 72.6)	2 / 12	2 / 6	1 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	12 / 19	2 / 10	2 / 5	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	12 / 18	2 / 10	2 / 5	1 / 5
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	17.4	2 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	3.7	3.2	2.6	4.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 12	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3		0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0		4.5	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	9		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	7 / 9			
Average number of embryos transferred	3.4			

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Infertility and Gynecology Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## FERTILITY AND SURGICAL ASSOCIATES THOUSAND OAKS, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	22%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	36%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	9%
				Uterine Factor	6%	Female & male factors	13%
				Male factor	13%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gary D. Hubert, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	35	26	33	15
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	40.0	26.9	36.4	4 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	31.4 (16.0 - 46.8)	23.1 (6.9 - 39.3)	27.3 (12.1 - 42.5)	2 / 15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	34.4	24.0	28.1	2 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	35.5	24.0	31.0	2 / 12
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	8.6	3.8	3.0	3 / 15
Average number of embryos transferred	3.9	4.0	4.5	4.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 14	2 / 7	2 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 11	2 / 6	2 / 9	0 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	7	1	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 7	0 / 1	2 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	3.0	3.3	6.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	3		3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 3		0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.7		4.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Fertility and Surgical Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## PACIFIC REPRODUCTIVE CENTER TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	14%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	63%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	23%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	17%
				Male factor	18%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Rifaat Salem, M.D., Ph.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	105	61	45	24
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	44.8	50.8	31.1	25.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	38.1 (28.8 - 47.4)	41.0 (28.6 - 53.3)	17.8 (6.6 - 28.9)	12.5 (0.0 - 25.7)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.5	41.7	19.0	13.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.8	43.9	20.0	15.0
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1.0	1.6	6.7	4.2
Average number of embryos transferred	4.2	4.6	4.5	5.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	21.3	25.8	4 / 14	1 / 6
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	17.0	22.6	1 / 14	0 / 6
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	37.5	48.0	2 / 8	1 / 3
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	13	9	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 13	0 / 9	2 / 3	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	4.1	4.2	3.7	6.3
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		30		6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		33.3		3 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred		5.0		4.2

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Pacific Reproductive Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## SAN ANTONIO FERTILITY CENTER UPLAND, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	45%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	5%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	10%
				Male factor	5%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Hans Davidson, M.D., Ph.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	8	2	3	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.4	4.0	5.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1			
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.0	2.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	2		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 2		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0		4.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** San Antonio Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE  
UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER  
AURORA, COLORADO**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	19%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	14%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	51%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	12%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	14%
				Male factor	23%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by William D. Schlaff, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	50	33	16	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	26.0	36.4	3 / 16	1 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	22.0 (10.5 - 33.5)	33.3 (17.2 - 49.4)	1 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	23.4	35.5	1 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	23.4	36.7	1 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	6.0	6.1	2 / 16	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	3.6	3.5	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 13	6 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 13	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 11	6 / 11	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	8	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.5	3.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	9		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 9		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0		3.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Advanced Reproductive Medicine, University of Colorado Health Sciences Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## COLORADO SPRINGS CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	6%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	40%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	13%
				Male factor	3%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Robert W. Hahn, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	24	10	7	3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	45.8	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	37.5 (18.1 - 56.9)	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	42.9	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	9 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	12.5	1 / 10	1 / 7	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.4	2.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 9	0 / 1		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	5	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	3.4	4.7	4.5
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	4		3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 4		0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8		2.3	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Colorado Springs Center for Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



# REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY CENTER OF SOUTHERN COLORADO COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

## 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	3%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	78%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	7%
				Uterine Factor	2%	Female & male factors	53%
				Male factor	16%		

## 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Paul C. Magarelli, M.D., Ph.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	31	4	7	3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	22.6	1 / 4	2 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	22.6 (7.9 - 37.3)	1 / 4	1 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	25.0	1 / 4	1 / 5	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	25.9	1 / 4	1 / 5	1 / 3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	9.7	0 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.8	2.8	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0			
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	3		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			

## CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Medicine and Fertility Center of Southern Colorado

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## COLORADO IVF AT ROSE DENVER, COLORADO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	97%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	2%			Ovulation disorders	9%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	<1%	With ICSI	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	15%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	6%
				Male factor	14%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Samuel E. Alexander, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	75	34	23	7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	46.7	23.5	0.0	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	41.3 (30.2 - 52.5)	20.6 (7.0 - 34.2)	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	43.7	22.6	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	44.9	25.9	0 / 19	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	5.3	8.8	13.0	2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	3.0	3.1	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	31.4	1 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	11.4	0 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	45.2	1 / 7		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	14	12	11	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 14	1 / 12	3 / 11	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		32		19
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		37.5		3 / 19
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1		2.4

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Colorado Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## REPRODUCTIVE GENETICS IN VITRO DENVER, COLORADO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	36%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	24%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	8%
				Male factor	8%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by George P. Henry, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	6	5	3	4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	4 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 6	1 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.3	1.0	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 4	0 / 1		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	3.5		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Genetics In Vitro

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## THE COLORADO CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ENGELWOOD, COLORADO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	3%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	<1%	With ICSI	41%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Endometriosis	13%	Female factors only	15%
				Uterine Factor	2%	Female & male factors	7%
				Male factor	12%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William B. Schoolcraft, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	204	140	133	43
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	61.3	57.9	49.6	34.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	55.9 (49.1 - 62.7)	51.4 (43.1 - 59.7)	37.6 (29.4 - 45.8)	18.6 (7.0 - 30.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	59.4	56.3	43.9	22.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	60.3	56.7	43.9	22.2
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	5.9	8.6	14.3	16.3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.3	3.6	4.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	44.0	39.5	30.3	3 / 15
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	12.8	8.6	7.6	1 / 15
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	51.8	41.7	32.0	3 / 8
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	24	16	12	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	37.5	7 / 16	7 / 12	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	3.2	3.2	2.9	3.4
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		158		31
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		70.9		38.7
Average number of embryos transferred		2.5		3.4

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** The Colorado Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## ROCKY MOUNTAIN CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE FORT COLLINS, COLORADO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	36%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	3%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	20%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	5%
				Uterine Factor	3%	Female & male factors	15%
				Male factor	10%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kevin E. Bachus, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	19	12	10	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	11 / 19	4 / 12	1 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	10 / 19	3 / 12	0 / 10	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	10 / 19	3 / 11	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	10 / 17	3 / 11	0 / 10	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 19	1 / 12	0 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.2	3.0	3.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 11	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 11	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 10	1 / 3		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	1	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	4.5		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
	11		0	
	5 / 11		3.3	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Rocky Mountain Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## CONCEPTIONS REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES LITTLETON, COLORADO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	1%	Unknown factor	15%
ZIFT	<1%	With ICSI	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	16%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	13%
				Male factor	12%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bruce H. Albrecht, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	68	48	35	8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	44.1	39.6	22.9	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	41.2 (29.5 - 52.9)	33.3 (20.0 - 46.7)	22.9 (8.9 - 36.8)	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	45.2	42.1	26.7	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	45.9	42.1	27.6	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	8.8	20.8	14.3	3 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.6	3.4	4.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	46.7	5 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	10.0	1 / 19	2 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	53.6	5 / 16	2 / 8	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	8	2	4	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 4	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	4.1	3.0	3.8	3.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		54		2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		61.1		1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		2.9		4.5

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Conceptions Reproductive Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE SERVICES AT  
THE UNIVERSITY OF CONNECTICUT HEALTH CENTER  
FARMINGTON, CONNECTICUT**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	30%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	7%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	54%	Diminished ovarian reserve	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	16%	Female factors only	2%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	<1%
				Male factor	23%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by John C. Nulsen, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	258	142	115	54
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	37.6	33.8	30.4	16.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	31.0 (25.4 - 36.7)	28.2 (20.8 - 35.6)	26.1 (18.1 - 34.1)	7.4 (0.4 - 14.4)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	37.4	41.7	36.1	9.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.8	44.0	37.0	10.0
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	17.1	32.4	27.8	20.4
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1	3.6	3.8	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	34.0	35.4	25.7	0 / 9
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	15.5	12.5	8.6	0 / 9
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	46.3	50.0	33.3	0 / 4
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	33	10	7	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	12.1	2 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1	3.7	2.6	1.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		14		3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		6 / 14		0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred		3.4		2.7

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** The Center for Advanced Reproductive Services at the University of Connecticut Health Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## DELAWARE INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, P.A. NEWARK, DELAWARE

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	23%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	2%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	20%
				Uterine Factor	2%	Female & male factors	15%
				Male factor	14%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jeffrey B. Russell, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	96	40	32	19
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	29.2	25.0	12.5	0 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	24.0 (15.4 - 32.5)	20.0 (7.6 - 32.4)	3.1 (0.0 - 9.2)	0 / 19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	28.0	25.0	5.0	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	31.5	30.8	1 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	14.6	20.0	37.5	13 / 19
Average number of embryos transferred	3.4	3.3	3.3	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	32.1	3 / 10	2 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	17.9	2 / 10	1 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	60.9	5 / 8	1 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	11	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 11	1 / 3	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	1.7	2.5	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		17		6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		7 / 17		1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred		3.5		2.2

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Delaware Institute for Reproductive Medicine, P.A.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



**YALE UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE  
IN VITRO FERTILIZATION PROGRAM  
NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	27%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	<1%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	11%	Female factors only	9%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	8%
				Male factor	22%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Ervin E. Jones, M.D., Ph.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	157	79	76	34
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	15.9	17.7	17.1	2.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	13.4 (8.1 - 18.7)	13.9 (6.3 - 21.6)	10.5 (3.6 - 17.4)	0.0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	14.0	15.1	11.9	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	16.7	17.2	15.1	0.0
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	4.5	7.6	11.8	17.6
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	40.0	2 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	16.0	2 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	52.4	3 / 11	2 / 8	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	14	12	8	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	3.6	3.9	3.9	3.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		16		7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		3 / 16		1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred		3.2		2.6

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Yale University School of Medicine In Vitro Fertilization Program

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## NEW ENGLAND FERTILITY INSTITUTE STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	25%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	6%	Unknown factor	27%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	43%	Diminished ovarian reserve	1%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	<1%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	2%
				Male factor	23%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gad Lavy, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	106	84	51	26
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	63.2	52.4	41.2	23.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	50.9	42.9	31.4	19.2
(Confidence Interval)	(41.4 - 60.5)	(32.3 - 53.4)	(18.6 - 44.1)	(4.1 - 34.4)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	51.9	46.8	35.6	21.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	52.9	46.8	35.6	21.7
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1.9	8.3	11.8	11.5
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	29.9	31.8	23.8	0 / 6
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	9.0	4.5	9.5	0 / 6
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	44.4	41.7	7 / 16	0 / 5
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	37	20	20	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	21.6	35.0	10.0	6 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.9
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	7		4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 7		0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9		2.3	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** New England Fertility Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## THE STAMFORD HOSPITAL STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	6%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	47%	Diminished ovarian reserve	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	22%
				Uterine Factor	4%	Female & male factors	30%
				Male factor	23%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Frances W. Ginsburg, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	27	12	9	4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	22.2	2 / 12	4 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	18.5 (3.9 - 33.2)	1 / 12	2 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	20.0	1 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	20.8	1 / 8	2 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	7.4	1 / 12	2 / 9	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.0	3.4	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	8	2	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.5	2.6	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>			0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred			4.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** The Stamford Hospital

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES OF DELAWARE WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	51%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	53%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	18%	Female factors only	2%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	13%
				Male factor	15%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ronald F. Feinberg, M.D., Ph.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	25	7	12	3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	20.0	3 / 7	3 / 12	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	20.0 (4.3 - 35.7)	2 / 7	2 / 12	1 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 18	2 / 7	2 / 12	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 18	2 / 7	2 / 11	1 / 3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	28.0	0 / 7	0 / 12	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3	4.0	3.5	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	9	0	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 9		0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1		2.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Associates of Delaware

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## COLUMBIA HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN ART PROGRAM WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	24%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	20%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	20%
				Male factor	7%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Richard J. Falk, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	63	60	88	55
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	36.5	25.0	19.3	23.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	28.6 (17.4 - 39.7)	20.0 (9.9 - 30.1)	12.5 (5.6 - 19.4)	12.7 (3.9 - 21.5)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	31.6	24.5	18.0	17.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	33.3	25.5	18.0	18.4
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	9.5	18.3	30.7	29.1
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	30.4	5 / 15	2 / 17	2 / 13
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	21.7	4 / 15	3 / 17	0 / 13
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	7 / 18	8 / 12	4 / 11	1 / 7
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	12	10	9	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 12	2 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	4.1	3.8	3.4	1.7
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	30		23	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	50.0		8.7	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.6		3.1	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Clinic has undergone reorganization since 1999. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact SART for current information about this clinic.

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY  
MEDICAL FACULTY ASSOCIATES  
WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	30%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	59%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	4%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	23%
				Male factor	10%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Paul R. Gindoff, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	82	63	60	34
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	28.0	11.1	11.7	17.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	24.4 (15.1 - 33.7)	9.5 (2.3 - 16.8)	8.3 (1.3 - 15.3)	14.7 (2.8 - 26.6)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	27.0	10.7	10.9	16.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	29.0	11.8	11.9	17.9
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	9.8	11.1	23.3	8.8
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	21.7	2 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	8.7	1 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	25.0	2 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 5
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	13	3	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 13	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	4.0	3.0	3.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	25		2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	20.0		1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.6		2.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** The George Washington University Medical Faculty Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER  
WALTER REED ARMY MEDICAL CENTER  
WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	36%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	<1%			Ovulation disorders	6%	Unknown factor	23%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	19%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	1%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	4%
				Male factor	21%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by James Segars, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	199	72	79	40
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	51.8	41.7	34.2	15.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	44.2 (37.3 - 51.1)	33.3 (22.4 - 44.2)	24.1 (14.6 - 33.5)	10.0 (0.7 - 19.3)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	48.9	40.7	33.9	13.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	49.7	41.4	35.2	13.3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	9.5	18.1	29.1	25.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.8	3.4	4.1
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	39.8	23.3	25.9	1 / 6
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1.9	6.7	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	42.0	33.3	3 / 19	1 / 4
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	20	13	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	25.0	3 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Reproductive Science Center, Walter Reed Army Medical Center

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## BOCA FERTILITY BOCA RATON, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	23%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	11%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	15%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	17%
				Uterine Factor	3%	Female & male factors	18%
				Male factor	13%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Maurice R. Peress, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	30	26	27	7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	46.7	46.2	7.4	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	40.0 (22.5 - 57.5)	34.6 (16.3 - 52.9)	7.4 (0.0 - 17.3)	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	42.9	39.1	2 / 19	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	46.2	40.9	2 / 16	0 / 7
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	6.7	11.5	29.6	0 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	3.4	3.7	3.4	4.1
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 14	1 / 12	2 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 14	4 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 12	5 / 9	1 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	1	6	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	2.8	2.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Boca Fertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



**PALM BEACH FERTILITY CENTER  
BOCA RATON, FLORIDA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	18%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	26%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	29%
				Male factor	7%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Mark S. Denker, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	42	32	24	11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	38.1	21.9	25.0	2 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	33.3 (19.1 - 47.6)	21.9 (7.6 - 36.2)	25.0 (7.7 - 42.3)	2 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.9	29.2	6 / 17	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.9	29.2	6 / 16	2 / 9
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	14.3	25.0	29.2	1 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.8	3.8	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5			
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	7		4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 7		2 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0		3.8	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Palm Beach Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE CENTER, P.A.  
BOYNTON BEACH, FLORIDA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	30%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	33%	Other factor	17%
GIFT	70%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	10%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	17%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	17%
				Male factor	16%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Tibor E. Polcz, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	5	2	2	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	1 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	4.2	3.5	4.5	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1		1 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 1		1 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5			
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Advanced Reproductive Care Center, P.A.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION**  
**EDWARD ZBELLA, M.D., P.A.**  
**CLEARWATER, FLORIDA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	23%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	<1%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	46%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	12%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	17%
				Male factor	18%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Edward Zbella, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	88	39	49	13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	31.8	20.5	14.3	1 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	27.3 (18.0 - 36.6)	17.9 (5.9 - 30.0)	12.2 (3.1 - 21.4)	1 / 13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	29.3	18.9	14.6	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	30.8	19.4	16.7	1 / 8
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	6.8	5.1	16.3	3 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.1
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	28.6	2 / 8	1 / 7	1 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	10.7	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	33.3	3 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	1	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0		4.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	18		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 18			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8			

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Edward Zbella, M.D., P.A.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH ASSOCIATES**  
**CATHERINE L. COWART, M.D.**  
**CLEARWATER, FLORIDA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	25%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	19%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	9%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	6%
				Male factor	13%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Catherine L. Cowart, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	7	7	8	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 7	3 / 7	3 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	2 / 7	2 / 7	2 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 7	2 / 5	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 7	2 / 5	2 / 7	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 7	2 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.7	4.4	4.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 3	0 / 3	2 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 2	0 / 2	2 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	1	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	5.0	3.0	3.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Reproductive Health Associates, Catherine L. Cowart, M.D.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**F.I.R.S.T.**  
**FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGIES**  
**COOPER CITY, FLORIDA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	35%	Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	14%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	28%
				Male factor	12%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Minna R. Selub, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	12	6	11	3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 12	1 / 6	1 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	1 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 11	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	3.8	4.0	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 1		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	1	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1		0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0		5.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	19		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 19			
Average number of embryos transferred	4.2			

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** F.I.R.S.T., Florida Institute for Reproductive Sciences and Technologies

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**SPECIALISTS IN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & SURGERY, P.A.  
FORT MYERS, FLORIDA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	19%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	1%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	34%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	12%	Female factors only	22%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	25%
				Male factor	6%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Craig R. Sweet, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	24	16	14	4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	54.2	5 / 16	4 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	50.0 (30.0 - 70.0)	4 / 16	4 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	54.5	4 / 14	4 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	54.5	4 / 13	4 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	8.3	2 / 16	1 / 14	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.7	2.8	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 13	3 / 5	2 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 12	3 / 4	2 / 4	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	8	5	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.6	2.6	2.5	3.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	5		3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 5		1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6		4.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Specialists In Reproductive Medicine & Surgery, P.A.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA/PARK AVENUE WOMEN'S CENTER GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	25%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	7%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	42%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	14%	Female factors only	9%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	12%
				Male factor	10%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by R. Stan Williams, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	38	22	20	3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	57.9	31.8	20.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	50.0 (34.1 - 65.9)	22.7 (5.2 - 40.2)	15.0 (0.0 - 30.6)	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	51.4	23.8	3 / 17	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	51.4	23.8	3 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	2.6	4.5	15.0	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.7	2.4	1.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	40.9	2 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	4.5	1 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	8 / 19	3 / 5	0 / 3	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	3	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	22		4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	9.1		2 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8		2.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** University of Florida/Park Avenue Women's Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF NORTHWEST FLORIDA GULF BREEZE, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	14%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	74%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	5%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	64%
				Male factor	3%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Robert C. Pyle, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	10	11	1	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 10	2 / 11	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	0 / 10	2 / 11	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 9	2 / 9	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 8	2 / 9	1 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 10	2 / 11	0 / 1	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.7	4.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>		1 / 2	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	11	2	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	4.5	4.0	5.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
	Number of transfers		10	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		2 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred		3.3		

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Fertility Institute of Northwest Florida

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



## FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	14%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	<1%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	51%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	9%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	31%
				Male factor	20%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kevin L. Winslow, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	180	68	51	8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	51.1	48.5	29.4	2 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	44.4 (37.2 - 51.7)	42.6 (30.9 - 54.4)	21.6 (10.3 - 32.9)	2 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	49.1	47.5	23.9	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	51.9	48.3	25.6	2 / 6
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	9.4	10.3	9.8	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1	3.3	3.9	4.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	22.8	27.3	5 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	15.2	15.2	0 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	37.5	34.5	4 / 11	0 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	57	25	12	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	31.6	28.0	1 / 12	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	3.7	3.5	3.2	4.2
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	24		34	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	45.8		26.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9		3.3	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## NORTH FLORIDA ASSISTED FERTILITY PROGRAM JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	74%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	19%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	24%			Ovulation disorders	14%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	13%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	2%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	14%	Female factors only	20%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	6%
				Male factor	7%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Shaykh M. Marwan, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	27	12	11	3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	25.9	3 / 12	3 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	22.2 (6.5 - 37.9)	2 / 12	1 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	25.0	2 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	25.0	2 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	11.1	2 / 12	5 / 11	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	3.7	3.8	4.7	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 7	1 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	12	4	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 12	0 / 4		0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	4.0		5.5
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	9		3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 9		0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.4		3.7	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** North Florida Assisted Fertility Program

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## NORTH FLORIDA GYNECOLOGIC SPECIALISTS JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	78%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	20%			Ovulation disorders	7%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	20%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	2%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	28%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	19%
				Male factor	15%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael D. Fox, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	25	10	5	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	48.0	2 / 10	2 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	44.0 (24.5 - 63.5)	2 / 10	2 / 5	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	50.0	2 / 9	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	50.0	2 / 8	2 / 5	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	12.0	1 / 10	0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	4.4	3.4	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2			1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0			4.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
	Number of transfers		2	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred		3.5		

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** North Florida Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**IVF FLORIDA**  
**MEMORIAL ADVANCED FERTILITY TREATMENT CENTER**  
**MARGATE, FLORIDA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	23%	Other factor	12%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	54%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Endometriosis	12%	Female factors only	9%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	14%
				Male factor	19%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by David I. Hoffman, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	195	89	81	34
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	41.0	49.4	18.5	2.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	35.4 (28.7 - 42.1)	44.9 (34.6 - 55.3)	17.3 (9.0 - 25.5)	2.9 (0.0 - 8.6)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	37.9	51.9	22.2	4.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	40.1	54.1	23.0	4.5
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	6.7	13.5	22.2	29.4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	3.3	3.5	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	35.0	25.0	7 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	5.0	25.0	2 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	42.0	52.5	7 / 14	0 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	27	15	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	25.9	5 / 15	3 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.6	3.3	4.1	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	54		2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	33.3		0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8		3.5	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** IVF Florida

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## FERTILITY & IVF CENTER OF MIAMI, INC. MIAMI, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	<1%			Ovulation disorders	10%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	53%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	10%
				Uterine Factor	3%	Female & male factors	12%
				Male factor	21%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael H. Jacobs, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	96	47	31	10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	28.1	38.3	19.4	1 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	21.9 (13.6 - 30.1)	31.9 (18.6 - 45.2)	12.9 (1.1 - 24.7)	1 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	25.6	44.1	19.0	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	26.6	46.9	19.0	1 / 9
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	14.6	27.7	32.3	1 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	3.9	4.1	4.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	40.7	5 / 18	3 / 6	1 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	7.4	3 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	47.6	6 / 15	2 / 4	1 / 1
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	17	1	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 17	0 / 1	2 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.8	2.0	4.2	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	21		7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.1		2 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.2		3.7	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Fertility & IVF Center of Miami, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**PALMETTO FERTILITY CENTER OF SOUTH FLORIDA  
MIAMI, FLORIDA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	6%	Unknown factor	20%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	39%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	12%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	16%
				Male factor	24%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Michael D. Graubert, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	26	6	6	3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	50.0	2 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	46.2 (27.0 - 65.3)	1 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	50.0	1 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	52.2	1 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	7.7	1 / 6	0 / 6	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.6	3.3	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 12	0 / 1		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	4	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	2.5	3.5	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>	<b>Frozen Embryos</b>		
Number of transfers	0	0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Palmetto Fertility Center of South Florida

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## WOMEN'S HEALTHCARE SPECIALISTS

### IVF MIAMI

### MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

#### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	31%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	39%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	31%	Female factors only	4%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	4%
				Male factor	9%		

#### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bernard Cantor, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	8	7	5	3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 8	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	0 / 8	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 8	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 8	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 5	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	3.8	4.1	4.8	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>		1 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>		0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>		1 / 2		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

#### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Women's Healthcare Specialists, IVF Miami

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## ARNOLD PALMER HOSPITAL FERTILITY CENTER ORLANDO, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	25%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	14%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	52%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	18%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	28%
				Male factor	7%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Frank C. Riggall, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	9	9	2	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 9	5 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	4 / 9	4 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 8	4 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 7	4 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.0	4.5	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 4	1 / 5		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 4	0 / 5		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 4	1 / 4		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0			
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	3		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7			

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Health Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



**CENTER FOR INFERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, P.A.  
ORLANDO, FLORIDA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	14%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	32%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	22%
				Male factor	15%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Randall A. Loy, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	176	99	54	12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	43.2	29.3	18.5	3 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	38.1 (30.9 - 45.2)	27.3 (18.5 - 36.0)	14.8 (5.3 - 24.3)	2 / 12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	43.5	34.6	19.5	2 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	44.7	36.0	22.2	2 / 8
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	12.5	21.2	24.1	4 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	2.8	2.1
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	32.9	20.7	2 / 10	1 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2.6	3.4	0 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	35.8	25.9	2 / 8	0 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	25	12	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	28.0	1 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	5		7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 5		3 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.6	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Center for Infertility & Reproductive Medicine, P.A.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH INSTITUTE ORLANDO, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	38%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	25%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	12%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	25%
				Male factor	0%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark P. Trolice, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	2	3	1	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 1	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 1	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.0	5.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 1		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	1		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Health Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY CENTER ORLANDO, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	3%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	58%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	24%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	32%
				Male factor	12%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark L. Jutras, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	28	18	7	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	46.4	6 / 18	2 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	46.4 (28.0 - 64.9)	5 / 18	1 / 7	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	50.0	5 / 16	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	54.2	5 / 14	1 / 5	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	7.1	2 / 18	2 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.8	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	4	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 4			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3			
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	6		3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 6		2 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		2.7	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Medicine and Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA–PENSACOLA  
PENSACOLA, FLORIDA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	18%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	6%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	42%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	35%	Female factors only	3%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	6%
				Male factor	32%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Barry A. Ripps, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	12	5	4	0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 12	1 / 5	2 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	4 / 12	0 / 5	1 / 4	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 11	0 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 8	0 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 12	1 / 5	2 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.0	4.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 4		0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	6	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 6	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3	3.0		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>			0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** University of Florida–Pensacola

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY, P.A.**  
**PLANTATION, FLORIDA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	87%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	5%			Ovulation disorders	3%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	57%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	8%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	10%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	45%
				Male factor	16%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Mick Abae, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	46	21	19	6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	32.6	33.3	4 / 19	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	32.6 (19.1 - 46.2)	23.8 (5.6 - 42.0)	3 / 19	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	34.1	5 / 19	3 / 18	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	35.7	5 / 18	3 / 18	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	4.3	9.5	1 / 19	3 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	3.2	3.8	2.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 15	2 / 7	1 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 3	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	5	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 5	1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	3.5		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	9		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 9		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3		1.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Center for Advanced Reproductive Endocrinology, P.A.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF FORT LAUDERDALE PLANTATION, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	34%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	5%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	29%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	11%
				Male factor	21%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Edward H. Illions, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	13	6	1	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	3 / 13	1 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 12	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 12	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.6	2.2	2.0	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 2	1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	3.8		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
<b>Donor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	6		4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 6		0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5		3.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Clinic has undergone reorganization since 1999. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact SART for current information about this clinic.

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**FERTILITY CENTER OF SARASOTA**  
**JULIO E. PABON, M.D., P.A.**  
**SARASOTA, FLORIDA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	50%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	23%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	30%
				Male factor	13%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Julio E. Pabon, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	23	20	20	10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	43.5	25.0	15.0	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	43.5 (23.2 - 63.7)	20.0 (2.5 - 37.5)	5.0 (0.0 - 14.6)	0 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	43.5	4 / 17	1 / 19	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	45.5	4 / 17	1 / 18	0 / 10
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	0.0	15.0	5.0	0 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.6	3.4	2.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	1	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	2.0	3.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		12		0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		7 / 12		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.4		

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Fertility Center of Sarasota, Julio E. Pabon, M.D., P.A.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## SOUTH FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SOUTH MIAMI, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	20%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	3%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	56%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	9%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	22%
				Male factor	21%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Maria Bustillo, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	136	81	59	14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	38.2	30.9	25.4	4 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	32.4 (24.5 - 40.2)	22.2 (13.2 - 31.3)	16.9 (7.4 - 26.5)	2 / 14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	33.8	26.9	22.2	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	36.1	28.6	22.7	2 / 9
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	4.4	17.3	23.7	4 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.8	3.2	3.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	38.5	32.0	3 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	1.9	4.0	1 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	43.2	7 / 18	4 / 10	0 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	9	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	1.7	2.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		34		6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		35.3		1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred		2.8		2.5

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** South Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.



# ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGIES PROGRAM AT UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL/DRS. VERKAUF, BERNHISEL AND TARANTINO TAMPA, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

## 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	84%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	29%	Other factor	12%
GIFT	4%			Ovulation disorders	<1%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	3%	With ICSI	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	9%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	11%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	5%
				Male factor	20%		

## 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Samuel Tarantino, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	108	71	76	29
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	31.5	28.2	15.8	6.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	27.8 (19.3 - 36.2)	26.8 (16.5 - 37.1)	11.8 (4.6 - 19.1)	0.0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	30.9	31.1	14.3	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	31.9	32.2	14.5	0.0
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	10.2	14.1	17.1	17.2
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1	3.3	3.0	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	26.5	25.0	2 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	5.9	10.0	2 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	33.3	6 / 19	4 / 9	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	7	5	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.6	1.0	3.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	22		4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	50.0		0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		2.5	

## CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Advanced Reproductive Technologies Program at University Community Hospital  
Drs. Verkauf, Bernhisel, Tarantino, Goodman & Yeko

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**GENETICS & IVF INSTITUTE OF FLORIDA  
WEST PALM BEACH, FLORIDA**

**A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)**

**1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE**

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	30%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	15%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	8%
				Uterine Factor	2%	Female & male factors	12%
				Male factor	15%		

**1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES**

Data verified by Gene F. Manko, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	16	4	21	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	3 / 16	0 / 4	4.8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	2 / 16	0 / 4	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 16	1 / 4	47.6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	1 / 2			
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	6	2	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.5	2.3	1.0
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	2		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 2		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5		1.0	

**CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Reproductive Medicine & Genetics

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## EMORY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY ATLANTA, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	53%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	18%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	22%
				Male factor	19%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ana Murphy, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>	
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>					
Number of cycles	73	18	27	9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	49.3	8 / 18	29.6	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	42.5 (31.1 - 53.8)	7 / 18	18.5 (3.9 - 33.2)	0 / 9	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	52.5	7 / 15	25.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	54.4	7 / 12	25.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	19.2	3 / 18	25.9	5 / 9	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.9	2.8	2.8	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	38.9	3 / 8	2 / 8		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2.8	0 / 8	1 / 8		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	35.5	2 / 7	2 / 5		
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>					
Number of transfers	9	6	1	2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	2 / 9	2 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.0	2.5	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>					
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>		
	9		4		
	4 / 9		2 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1		2.5	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Emory Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY ASSOCIATES ATLANTA, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	4%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	<1%	With ICSI	45%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<b>Multiple Factors:</b>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	51%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	30%
				Male factor	6%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Joe B. Massey, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	415	233	175	73
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	44.1	36.9	26.9	9.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	38.3 (33.6 - 43.0)	32.2 (26.2 - 38.2)	22.3 (16.1 - 28.5)	5.5 (0.3 - 10.7)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	46.1	38.9	28.1	7.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	47.7	40.3	29.1	8.2
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	16.9	17.2	20.6	28.8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	3.0	3.1	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	30.1	30.2	21.3	0 / 7
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	2.7	4.7	8.5	0 / 7
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	37.1	38.7	35.9	0 / 4
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	102	62	37	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	10.8	11.3	10.8	1 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.9
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	119		42	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	31.1		11.9	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6		3.0	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Reproductive Biology Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## AUGUSTA REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY ASSOCIATES AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	31%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	0%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	12%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	17%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	11%
				Male factor	16%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Edouard J. Servy, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	38	15	6	4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	36.8	3 / 15	2 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	31.6 (16.8 - 46.4)	2 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	36.4	2 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	38.7	2 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	13.2	1 / 15	2 / 6	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.7	2.0	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	2	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 2	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.0		
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	3		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0			

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Augusta Area Reproductive Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## ATLANTA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE WOODSTOCK, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	21%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	3%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	50%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	15%	Female factors only	9%
				Uterine Factor	1%	Female & male factors	13%
				Male factor	23%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Andre L. Denis, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	67	35	16	1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	40.3	34.3	1 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	31.3 (20.2 - 42.5)	34.3 (18.6 - 50.0)	1 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	35.6	40.0	1 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	36.2	42.9	1 / 9	
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	11.9	14.3	6 / 16	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.2	3.2	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	44.4	4 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	7.4	2 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	57.1	5 / 12	0 / 1	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	10	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	0 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.7	1.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>		<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>
Number of transfers		11		2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>		6 / 11		1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0		2.5

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Atlanta Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## PACIFIC IN VITRO FERTILIZATION INSTITUTE HONOLULU, HAWAII

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47-49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	18%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	<1%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	11%	Female factors only	26%
				Uterine Factor	<1%	Female & male factors	27%
				Male factor	10%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kenneth K.C. Vu, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	70	50	46	24
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	34.3	24.0	23.9	29.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	32.9	20.0	17.4	8.3
(Confidence Interval)	(21.9 - 43.9)	(8.9 - 31.1)	(6.4 - 28.3)	(0.0 - 19.4)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	39.0	24.4	21.6	2 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	41.1	27.0	24.2	2 / 19
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	15.7	18.0	19.6	20.8
Average number of embryos transferred	3.2	3.8	4.0	4.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	37.5	3 / 12	2 / 11	1 / 7
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	8.3	1 / 12	0 / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	39.1	4 / 10	2 / 8	0 / 2
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	15	20	7	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 15	25.0	3 / 7	2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3	3.6	3.9	3.7
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	8		2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 8		1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9		3.5	

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Pacific In Vitro Fertilization Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

## TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER TRIPLER AMC, HAWAII

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. (See pp. 47–49.)

### 1999 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART <sup>a,b</sup>				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	<b>Procedural factors:</b>		Tubal factor	38%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%			Ovulation disorders	2%	Unknown factor	15%
ZIFT	0%	With ICSI	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	19%
				Uterine Factor	0%	Female & male factors	2%
				Male factor	13%		

### 1999 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kenneth K.C. Vu, M.D.

Type of Cycle <sup>a</sup>	Age of Woman			
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42 <sup>e</sup>
<b>Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of cycles	24	5	6	2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies <sup>c,d</sup>	58.3	3 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup> (Confidence Interval)	37.5 (18.1 - 56.9)	0 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	39.1	0 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	40.9	0 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations <sup>c,d</sup>	4.2	0 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1	2.6	3.8	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets <sup>c,d</sup>	4 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants <sup>c,d</sup>	6 / 9		0 / 2	
<b>Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs</b>				
Number of transfers	6	1	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>	5 / 6	0 / 1	2 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	3.0	3.0	
<b>All Ages Combined<sup>f</sup></b>				
<b>Donor Eggs</b>	<b>Fresh Embryos</b>		<b>Frozen Embryos</b>	
Number of transfers	0		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births <sup>c,d</sup>				
Average number of embryos transferred				

### CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

**Current Name:** Tripler Army Medical Center

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

<sup>a</sup> Clinic-level statistics do not include gestational carrier cycles because the number of such cycles is very small. See page 6 for national data.

<sup>b</sup> Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 1999 using fresh, nondonor eggs or embryos.

<sup>c</sup> When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

<sup>d</sup> A multiple-infant birth is counted as *one* live birth.

<sup>e</sup> Clinic-specific outcome rates are unreliable for women older than 42 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs. Readers are urged to review national outcomes for these age groups (see page 23).

<sup>f</sup> All ages (including ages >42) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.