

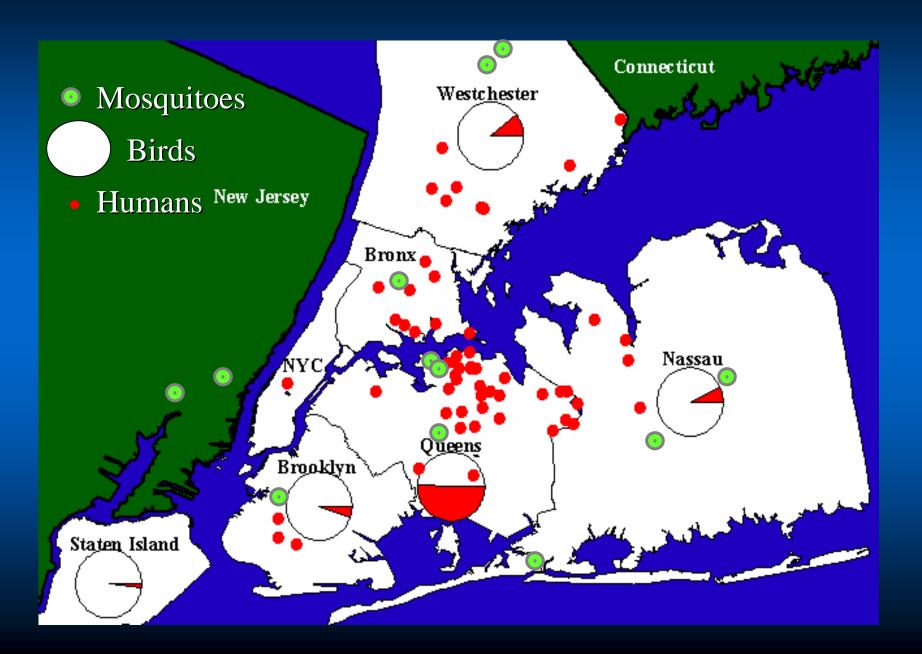
West Nile Virus In the United States 1999-2004



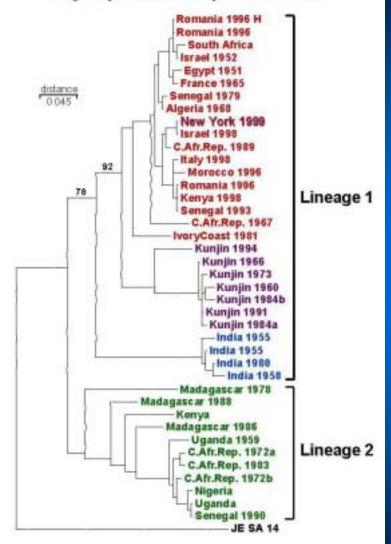
1999 – In the beginning...



... there was WNV in the NYC area



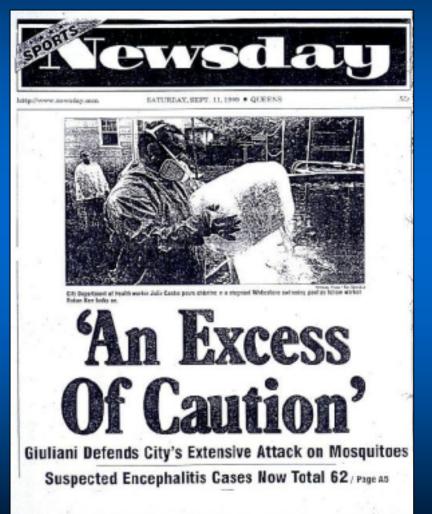
Phylogenetic Tree Based on Envelope Glycoprotein Sequence Data



Lanciotti et al. 1999. Origin of the West Nile virus responsible for an outbreak of encephalitis in the northeastern U.S. [Science 286:2333-337.]



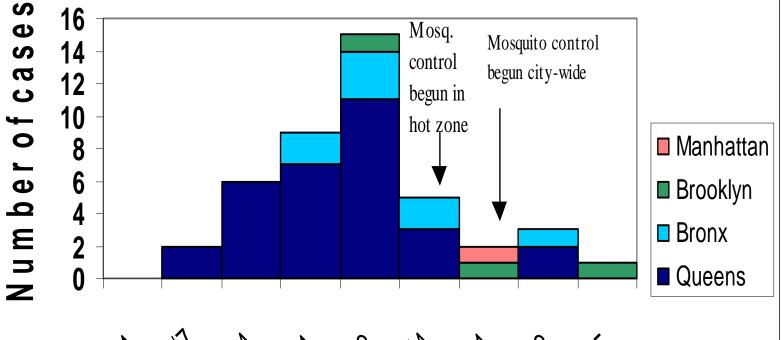
Response to WNV Outbreak







Seropositive cases of WNV in NYC by borough, 1999



Week of illness onset

NYCDOH

1999 Verified WNV Surveillance Reports

Year	States	Humans/ Fatalities	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Horses
1999	4	62/6	?	16	25

- Household-based human serosurvey in Queens determines 2.6% seroprevalence
- WNV infected mosquitoes trapped in Ft. Totten, suggesting overwintering of WNV

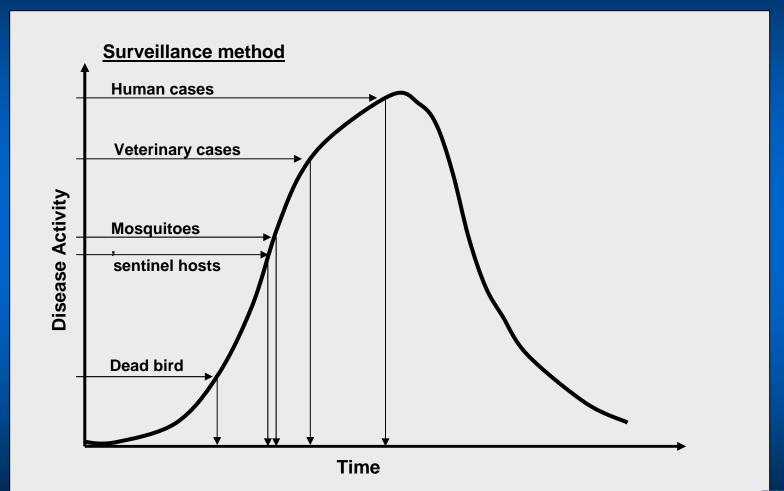


2000 – Its back! Or The year of the Corvid

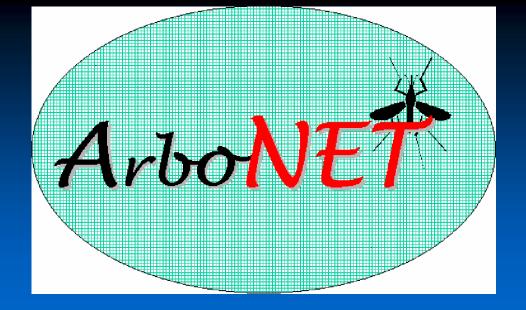




Estimated Sensitivity of West Nile Virus Surveillance Methods

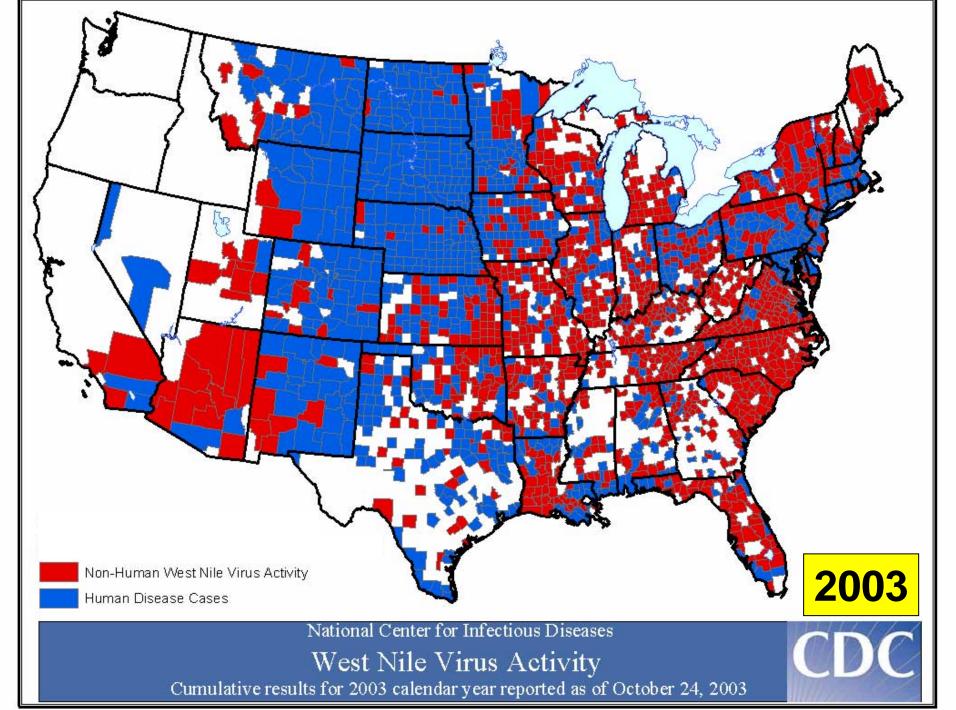






- 57 cooperating local, state, & territorial health departments
- "Real-time" arbovirus surveillance
 - Humans
 - Animals (mosquitoes, dead birds, sentinel species, non-human mammals)
- Web-based reporting





2000 Verified WNV Surveillance Reports

Year	States	Humans/ Fatalities	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Horses
1999	4	62/6	?	16	25
2000	11 + DC	21/2	4305	515	63

- -Field-studies determine that dead crow=enzootic WNV foci
- Household-based serosurveys identify seroprevalence in Staten Island, Suffolk Cty, and Fairfield Cty, CT, to be lower than Queens in 1999.

2001 – The calm before the storm



2001 Verified WNV Surveillance Reports

Year	States	Humans/ Fatalities	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Horses
1999	4	62/6	?	16	25
2000	11 + DC	21/2	4305	515	63
2001	27+DC	66/9	7332	919	731

- First major outbreaks in the south, GA and FL



2002a – Shades of 1975! Or It's a bad year to be a horse



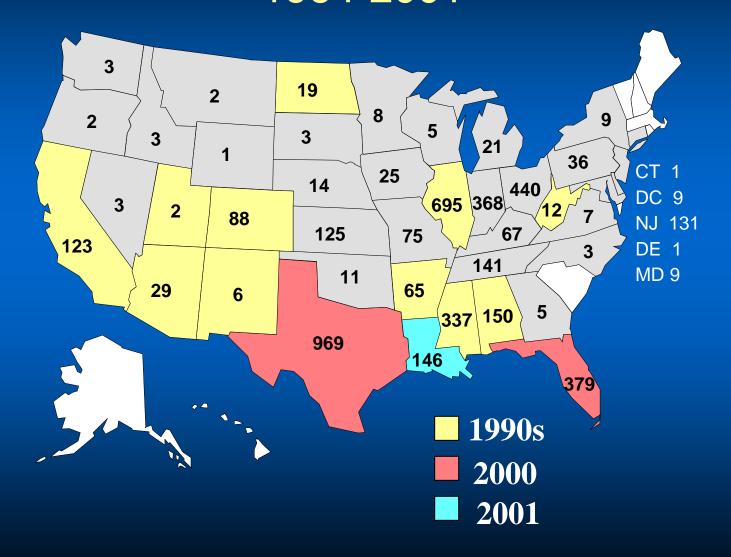
2002 Verified WNV Surveillance Reports

Year	States	Humans/ Fatalities	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Horses
1999	4	62/6	?	16	25
2000	11 + DC	21/2	4305	515	63
2001	27+DC	66/9	7332	919	731
2002	44 + DC	4156/284	15941	6604	14571

- Horse vaccine becoming available



Human SLE Case Distribution by State 1964-2001





2002b – Blood and Transplantation



Discovery of New Modes of WNV Transmission

- Blood transfusion
- Solid tissue transplantation
- Intrauterine infection
- Breast feeding
- Percutaneous exposure



2003 – NIMBY = Not in my backyard.









Health board sends budget woes to county

Voters could decide fate of district's core programs

Welcome to Colorful Colorado!

West Nile outbreak expected to worsen

'Potentially' 1,000 cases within next few weeks

By Anita Manning USA TODAY

This year's record-setting

Virus and fear spread quickly





2003 Verified WNV Surveillance Reports

Year	States	Humans/ Fatalities	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Horses
1999	4	62/6	?	16	25
2000	11 + DC	21/2	4305	515	63
2001	27+DC	66/9	7332	919	731
2002	44 + DC	4156/284	15941	6604	14571
2003	46 + DC	9122/223	11613	7856	4533

WNV Epidemiological Milestones

- Household-based WNV seroprevalence studies – NY (1999, 2000 x 3), LA (2002), OH (2002)
- WNV poliomyelitis
- WNV fever and rash
- Long-term effects of WNV infection
- Actual cause of death in fatal WNV infections



Ecological/entomological Milestones

- Many field investigations to determine ecological and entomological aspects of outbreaks
- PCR-based mosquito species identification
- Vector-competence evaluations
- Pesticide susceptibility studies
- TaqMan-based virus identification from mosquito pools
- Animal host susceptibility evaluations



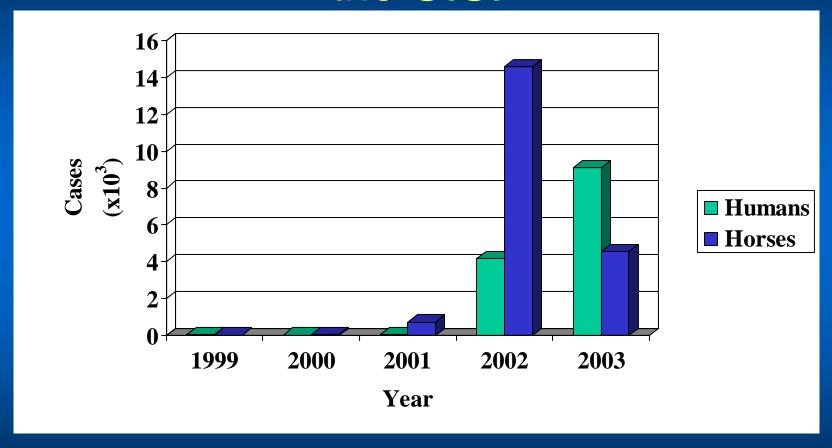
Milestones for diagnosis

- All states have capacity for WNV diagnosis
- Commercialized reagents and testing for IgM (IgG) by ELISA
- Commercialization of TaqMan/NASBA assays
- New technology developments
 - Recombinant antigens
 - Chimerivax WN/YF and SLE/YF for diagnostic testing
 - Luminex assays

2004: Now playing coast-tocoast WNV! Or California here I come...



Human and Equine WNV Cases in the U.S.



WNV in California 2003

- 32 positive mosquito pools
- 96 dead crows
- 70 sentinel chickens
- 3 humans
- 1 horse

WNV in California 2004

- Will WNV overwinter in CA? Yes
- Will SLE virus activity modulate the WNV activity in CA? No
- Will the WNV epidemic expand? Yes
- Will you be surprised by the "speed" and intensity of the outbreak? Yes
- Will you have lots of testing in 2004?
 Yes

Letter for 2004: P As in "CDC&P"



"P" = Prevention



No currently approved and effective vaccine AND No currently approved and effective antivirals



Modes of WNV Transmission

- Blood transfusion
- Solid tissue transplantation
- Intrauterine infection
- Breast feeding
- Percutaneous exposure occupational
- Mosquito bite



Weighted Modes of WNV Transmission

- Blood transfusion
- Solid tissue transplantation
- Intrauterine infection
- Breast feeding
- Percutaneous exposure occupational

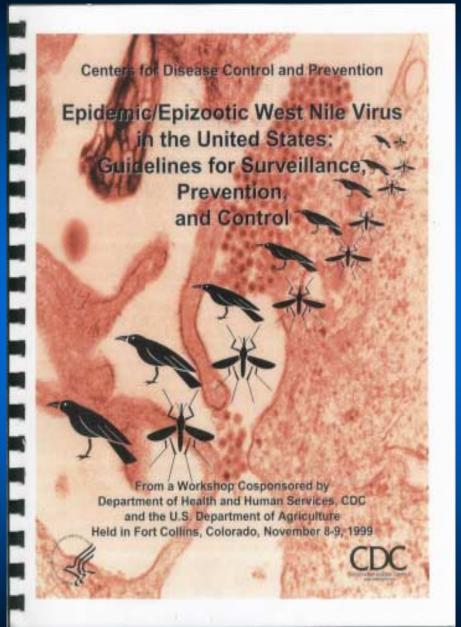
Mosquito bite



West Nile Virus National Meetings

1999 – Ft. Collins 2001 - Charlotte 2002 - Atlanta 2003 – New Orleans 2004 - Denver

West Nile Virus Guidelines 2000, 2001, 2003

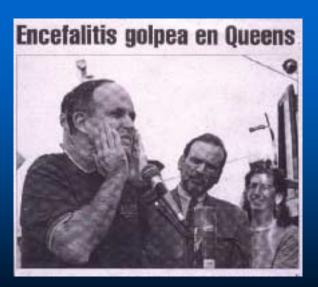




Intervention Program - Personal Protection

- Media information campaign
- DEET-based repellents/permethrin for clothing
- Long-sleeved/legged clothing
- Stay inside when mosquitoes are active







Intervention Program - Vector Control

- Surveillance
- Larval control
 - Map larval habitat
 - Identify and remove breeding sites
 - Reduce larvae Larvicide or mosquito fish
- Adult control adulticiding via aerial ULV, truck-mounted sprayers, or backpack sprayers

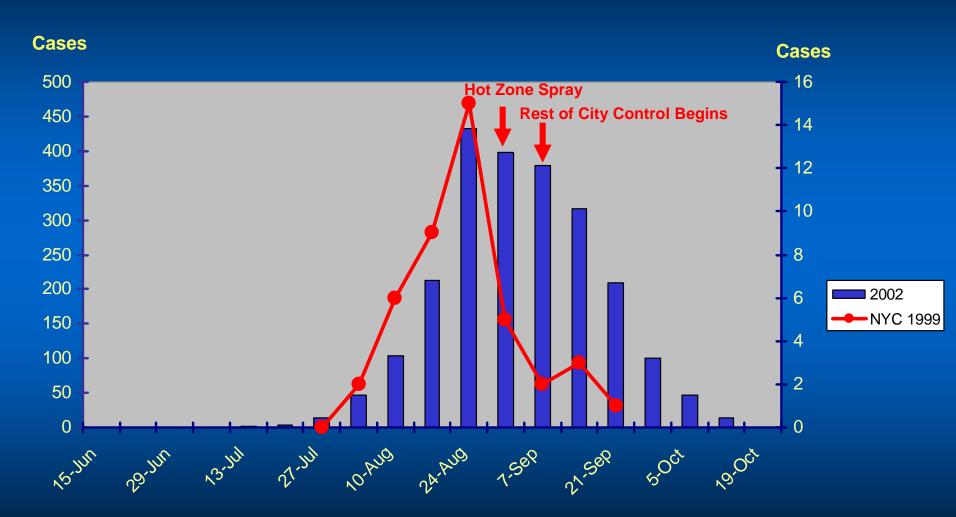








Simple Analysis of the Possible Effects of Adulticide Applications in the NYC 1999 WNV Outbreak vs. the WNV Outbreak in the Northern US 2002



Week Ending

Hypothesis: Mosquito control reduces WNV risk of human infection.

While the previous slide depicts a limited analysis, studies need to be designed and performed to prove or to disprove this hypothesis

