National Bureau of Standards Ernest Ambler, Director

National Bureau of Standards Certificate of Analysis

Standard Reference Material 855

Aluminum Casting Alloy 356

(In Cooperation with the American Society for Testing and Materials)

This material is in the form of fine millings, primarily for use in checking chemical methods of analysis. Material from the same lot is available in disk form as SRM 1255, primarily for use in calibration with optical emission methods of analysis.

Constituent	Si	Fe	Cu	Zn	Mn	Mg	Cr	Ni	Ti	Pb	Sn
Certified Value, % by weight ¹	7.17	0.16	0.13	0.083	0.057	0.37	0.013	0.015	0.15	0.015	0.010
Estimated Uncertainty ²	0.06	0.02	0.01	0.003	0.002	0.02	0.002	0.002	0.02	0.005	0.002
Method											
	Gravimetric			Atomic Absorption	Atomic Absorption	Atomic Absorption	Atomic Absorption	Atomic Absorption		Atomic Absorption	Atomic Absorption
Lab											
A	7.22	° 0.15	° 0.13	0.081	0.058	0.38	0.013	0.014	^b 0.16	0.010	°0.011
В	7.13	d .15	e .13	.086	.05	.36	.017	.015	.14	.02	.008
С	7.14	a .16	f .13 a .12	.082	.058	.37	f.012 .013	.014	f.16	.010	f.012 .011
D	7.19	9 .18	h .13	.083	.057	.38	.013	.017	i.16	.017	

¹The certified value listed for a constituent is the present best estimate of the "true" value based on the results of the cooperative program for

Washington, D.C. 20234 January 8, 1980

George A. Uriano, Chief Office of Standard Reference Materials

²The estimated uncertainty listed for a constituent is based on judgment and represents an evaluation of the combined effects of method imprecision, possible systematic errors among methods, and material variability. (No attempt was made to derive exact statistical measures of imprecision because several methods were involved in the determination of most constituents.)

^aAtomic absorption

^bDiantipyrylmethane spectrophotometric ^cPyrocatechol violet spectrophotometric

^dOrthophenanthroline spectrophotometric

^eNeocuproine spectrophotometric

¹DC plasma emission spectrometry

^gBathophenanthroline spectrophotometric

^hZinc dibenzyldithiocarbamate spectrophotometric

Flame emission spectrometry

Combination of three methods

PLANNING, PREPARATION, TESTING, ANALYSIS:

The material for this SRM was prepared by continuous casting under contract with NBS by the Aluminum Company of America, Alcoa Center, PA, coordinated by D. J. Levin.

Homogeneity testing was performed by optical emission spectrometry at the Aluminum Company of America, Alcoa Center, PA, D. J. Levin.

Fine millings were cut at NBS which were thoroughly blended to form the lot of material.

Cooperative analyses for certification were performed on composite samples representative of the lot in the following laboratories:

Aluminum Company of America, Alcoa Technical Center, Alcoa Center, PA, D. J. Levin.

Kawecki Berylco Industries, Inc., Boyertown, PA, F. T. Coyle.

National Bureau of Standards, Inorganic Analytical Research Division, Washington, DC, B. I. Diamondstone, T. C. Rains, J. D. Messman, M. B. Blackburn, T. A. Rush, Y. Dokiya, and R. K. Bell, Assistant Research Associate, ASTM-NBS Research Associate Program.

Reynolds Aluminum, Research and Development, Reynolds Metals Company, Richmond, VA, W. E. Pilgrim.

The overall coordination of the technical measurements leading to certification was performed under the direction of J. I. Shultz, Research Associate, ASTM-NBS Research Associate Program.

The technical and support aspects involved in the preparation, certification, and issuance of this Standard Reference Material were coordinated through the Office of Standard Reference Materials by R. E. Michaelis and R. Alvarez.