S. Department of Commerce Malcolm Baldrige Secretary National Bursay of Standards Ernest Ambler, Director

National Bureau of Standards Certificate

Standard Reference Material 4265B Radioactivity Standard

Radionuclide

Iodine-125

Source identification

#356-

Source description

Point source (1)*

Activity

 $x 10^6 Bq$

Reference time

1200 EST December 9, 1981

Random uncertainty

0.19 percent (2)

Systematic uncertainty

1.30 percent (3)

Total uncertainty (Random plus systematic)

1.49 percent

Photon-emitting impurities

None observed (4)

Half life

 $60.14 \pm 0.11 \text{ days}$ (5)

Calibration method

Sum-peak coincidence counting [Cf. J.S. Eldridge and P. Crowther, Nucleonics 22, No. 6, 56 (1964)]

This Standard Reference Material was prepared in the Center for Radiation Research, Nuclear Radiation Division, Radioactivity Group, Dale D. Hoppes, Group Leader.

Washington, D.C. 20234 February, 1982

George A. Uriano, Chief Office of Standard Reference Materials

FOOTNOTES

- (1) The point-source support is a 1-mm thick aluminum annulus which has an inside diameter of 3.8 cm and an outside diameter of 5.4 cm. The source is deposited on ion exchange paper impregnated with Amberlite IRA-400 resin, Cl form, strong base type. The paper is supported on polyester tape 0.006-cm thick, and covered by another layer of the same tape.
- (2) Half the 99-percent confidence interval of the intercept of the linear extrapolation to zero count rate (2.787 times the standard error of the intercept computed from 26 sum-peak measurements).
- (3) Linear sum of estimated uncertainty limits due to:

a)	escape loss	0.20	percent
b)	dead time	0.20	percent
c)	decay scheme parameters	0.10	percent
d)	gravimetric measurements	0.20	percent
e)	timer	0.10	percent
f)	dilutions	0.20	percent
g)	integration of areas under peaks	0.20	percent
h)	source-to-detector distance	0.10	percent

- (4) Limits of detection for impurity gamma rays, as a percentage of the emission rate of the K x-rays emitted in the decay of iodine-125, are 0.01 percent for photons between 40 and 1900 keV.
- (5) NCRP Report No. 58, 1978, p. 376. NBS-measured half-life value is 59.5 ± 0.1 days.