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National Bureau of Standards **Certificate**

Standard Reference Material 4264-B

Point-Source Gamma-Ray-Emission-Rate Standard

Radionuclide

Tin-121m (1)*

Source identification

4264-B-

Emission rate of the 37.15-keV gamma ray s-1

Reference time

1200 EST August 7, 1982

Half life

 $34.9 \pm 1.2 \text{ years } (2)$

Measuring instrument

Germanium spectrometry system (3)

Random uncertainty

0.8 percent (4)

Systematic uncertainty

2.0 percent (5)

Total uncertainty (Random plus Systematic)

2.8 percent

Photon-emitting-impurity

None detected (6)

This Standard Reference Material was prepared in the Center for Radiation Research, Nuclear Radiation Division, Radioactivity Group, Dale D. Hoppes, Group Leader.

Washington, D.C. 20234 September, 1982

George A. Uriano, Chief Office of Standard Reference Materials

NOTES

- (1) The point source support is a 5.4-cm-diameter x 1-mm-thick aluminum annulus supporting a 0.006-cm-thick layer of polyester tape. The active source is a dried deposit of tin-121m as the chloride, covered with another layer of the same tape.
- (2) NBS value based on two measurements on the same source over an interval of 5.3 years.
- (3) A calibrated germanium-spectrometry system was used to calibrate a reference source. Intercomparison of this SRM with the reference source was performed with a NaI(T1) detector.
- Half the 99-percent confidence interval of the mean (3.707 times the standard error computed from 7 NaI(T1) 0.8 percent detector measurements).
- (5) Linear sum of estimated uncertainty limits due to:
 - a) Half the 99-percent confidence interval of the mean (3.707 times the standard error computed from 7 germanium-spectrometer measurements). 1.3 percent

b) Spectrometer efficiency calibration

- 0.4 percent
- c) Source positioning for spectrometery system
- 0.1 percent

d) NaI(T1) intercomparison geometry

- 0.2 percent
- (6) The estimated detection limit, as a percentage of the gamma-rayemission rate of the 37.15 keV gamma ray from the decay of tin-121m, is:
 - 0.01 percent for energies between 42 keV and 1900 keV.