## U. S. Department of Commerce Frederick B. Dent Secretary

## National Bursas of Standards Richard W. Roberts, Director National Bureau of Standards

## **Certificate** Standard Reference Material 4232

## Radioactivity Standard Silver-110m-Silver-110

This Standard Reference Material consists of silver-110m-silver-110 and carrier in (5.1095 ± 0.0075) grams of solution in a flame-sealed borosilicate glass ampoule. This solution contains approximately 0.4mg of silver per ml of approximately 1 N HNO3.

Thirty-five ampoules were prepared: each was measured in the NBS " $4\pi$ "  $\gamma$  ionization chamber; the solution in twenty of the ampoules was weighed. The average weight of solution in the thirty-five ampoules, 5.1095 grams, was interpolated from the average weight of solution in the twenty weighed ampoules and the ionization-chamber measurements of the thirty-five ampoules, assuming a proportional relationship between weight of solution and ionization-chamber response. The uncertainty, 0.0075 gram is half the range of the ionization-chamber measurements.

The activity of the silver-110m in nuclear transformations per second per gram of solution as of 1200 EST June 4, 1974, was

$$*1.69_9 \times 10^5 \pm 0.7_0\%$$
\*.

The solution from which this Standard Reference Material was prepared was calibrated by  $4\pi\beta$ - $\gamma$  efficiency extrapolation coincidence counting, a correction being made for an extra contribution from the subsequent decay of the 25-second silver-110 ground state, assuming that this decay represents (1.4 ± 0.13) percent of that of silver-110m.

The uncertainty in the value, 0.70 percent, is the linear sum of 0.14 percent, which is the limit of the random error at the 99-percent confidence level (2.64  $S_m$ , where  $S_m$  is the standard error calculated from 162 points), and the upper limit of conceivable systematic error in the measurements and in the decayscheme correction made.

The solution from which this Standard Reference Material was prepared was examined for impurities with a Ge(L1)-spectrometer and no gamma-ray impurities were observed. The limit of the gamma-ray-emission rate at any given energy due to impurities is estimated to be less than 0.1 percent of the 658 keV gammaray-emission rate of silver-110m.

Washington, D. C. 20234 September, 1974

J. Paul Cali, Chief Office of Standard Reference Materials

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A half life of (250.07  $\pm$  0.19) days is suggested. This value is the result of a least-squares fit of 52 sets of "4 $\pi$ "  $\gamma$  ionization-chamber measurements made over a period of 658 days on the material from which this Standard Reference Material was prepared. The uncertainty, 0.19 day, is the limit of the random error at the 99-percent confidence level (2.7 Sm, where Sm is the standard error).

This Standard Reference Material was prepared and calibrated in the National Bureau of Standards Center for Radiation Research, Radioactivity Section, W. B. Mann, Chief.