U.S. Department of Commerce Rogers C.B. Morton, Secretary National Bureau of Standards Trest Ambler Acting Director

National Bureau of Standards Certificate Standard Reference Material 4215-C

Mixed Radionuclide Gamma-Ray Emission-Rate Point-Source Standard

This Standard Reference Material consists of cobalt-57, cobalt-60, strontium-85, yttrium-88, cadmium-109-silver-109m, tin-113-indium-113m, cesium-137-barium-137m, cerium-139, and mercury-203, deposited as the chlorides and sulfides, on polyester tape approximately 0.006-centimeter thick and covered by another layer of the same tape.

The point source was prepared by depositing a weighed aliquot of a calibrated radionuclide mixture on the tape and exposing it to hydrogen sulfide gas to precipitate the mercuric sulfide.

The nuclear gamma-ray-emission rates at 1200 EST September 1, 1975 are shown in the table.

| | GAMMA-RAY | GAMMA RAYS | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|-----|-----------------|---------|-------|
| PARENT | ENERGY | PER DECAY | | | UNCERTAINTY (%) | | |
| RADIO- | (MeV) | USED | HALF LIFE | | RANDOM | SYSTEM- | |
| NUCLIDE | (a) | (a) | (b) | γ/s | (99% C.L.) | ATIC | TOTAL |
| 109 _{Cd} | 0.088 | | 1.2727y | | 1.3 | 3.0 | 4.3 |
| 57 _{Co} | 0.122 | 0.856 <u>+</u> 0.002 | 271.41d | | 0.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| 139 Ce | 0.165 | 0.799 <u>+</u> 0.003(b) | 137.87d | | 0.1 | 2.6 | 2.7 |
| 203 Hg | 0.279 | 0.815 <u>+</u> 0.002 | 46.61d | | 0.1 | 1.1. | 1.2 |
| 113 Sn | 0.392 | | 115.31d | | 0.1 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
| 85 Sr | 0.514 | 0.98 <u>+</u> 0.01(c) | 64.86d | | 0.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| 137 Cs 60 | 0.662 | | 30y (a) | | 0.1 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| ©0 60 | 1.173 | 0.9988+0.0002 | 5.272y(d) | | 0.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| Co 88 | 1.333 | 1.00 | | | 0.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| Y | 0.898 | 0.950 <u>+</u> 0.005(ъ) | 106.63d | | 0.2 | 2.8 | 3.0 |
| 88 Y | 1.836 | 0.9937 <u>+</u> 0.0002 | | | 0.2 | 2.2 | 2.4 |

- (a) Nuclear Data Tables, A8, Nos. 1-2 (Oct. 1970)
- (b) NBS value
- (c) Personal communication with Dr. Murray Martin, Oak Ridge Nuclear Center (April, 1975)
- (d) Atomic Energy Review, Vol. 11, No. 3

The silver-109m gamma-ray-emission rate was determined by measuring 7 point sources prepared from this mixture with calibrated Ge and Ge(Li) detector systems. The total uncertainty in this value, 4.3 percent, is the linear sum of 1.3 percent, which is the random error at the 99-percent confidence level (3.707 $\rm S_m$, where $\rm S_m$ is the standard error computed from 7 determinations), and 3.0 percent, which is the estimated upper limit of conceivable systematic error in the preparation of these sources and in the calibration of the semiconductor detectors.

The activities of solutions of the other eight radionuclides used in the preparation of the mixture were each measured in the National Bureau of Standards calibrated " 4π " γ ionization chamber, and the corresponding gamma-ray-emission rates calculated using published nuclear-decay parameters, where necessary.

For these eight radionuclides the total uncertainty in each of the gamma-ray-emission rates is the linear sum of the limit of the random error of the relative measurements using the ionization chamber, at the 99-percent confidence level (2.7 $\rm S_m$, where $\rm S_m$ is the standard error computed from 4 sets of 20 measurements), and the estimated upper limit of conceivable systematic error in the preparation of this source and the calibration of the " 4π " γ ionization chamber.

The cobalt-57 is known to contain cobalt-56 and cobalt-58 as impurities. On September 1, 1975 the ratios of the activities were approximately 5 x 10^{-6} and 1 x 10^{-6} for $^{56}\text{Co}/^{57}\text{Co}$ and $^{58}\text{Co}/^{57}\text{Co}$, respectively. The gamma-ray spectra of the other components in the mixture were examined with a Ge(Li) detector and no impurities were detected. The detection limits of impurity gamma rays may be expressed as a percentage of the gamma-ray-emission rate of the most abundant gamma ray in each spectrum. These limits are approximately 0.1 percent for gamma rays with energies below that of the major gamma ray in each spectrum and 0.01 percent for gamma rays with energies above that of the major gamma ray.

This standard was prepared in the NBS Center for Radiation Research, Radioactivity Section, W. B. Mann, Chief.

J. Paul Cali, Chief Office of Standard Reference Materials

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