National Bureau of Standards Ernest Ambler, Director

National Bureau of Standards Certificate Standard Reference Material 4209-C

Radioactivity Standard

Radionuclide Yttrium-88

Source identification SRM 4209-C-

Source description Point source (1)*

Activity s^{-1} (Bq) (2)

Reference time 1200 EST September 1, 1980

Random uncertainty 0.08 percent (3)

Systematic uncertainty 0.62 percent (4)

Total uncertainty 0.70 percent (Random plus systematic)

Photon-emitting impurities None detected (5)

Half life $106.64 \pm 0.08 \text{ days}$ (6)

Measuring instrument NBS pressurized " 4π " γ ionization chamber calibrated by 4π (e+x, γ) anticoincidence

efficiency-extrapolation technique

This Standard Reference Material was prepared in the Center for Radiation Research, Nuclear Radiation Division, Radioactivity Group, D.D. Hoppes, Acting Group Leader.

Washington, D.C. 20234 September, 1980 George A. Uriano, Chief Office of Standard Reference Materials

FOOTNOTES

- (1) The point source support is a 5.4-cm-diameter x 1-mm-thick aluminum annulus supporting a 0.006-cm-thick layer of polyester tape. The active source is a 3-mm-diameter dried deposit of yttrium-88 as the chloride, covered with another layer of the same tape.
- (2) The gamma-ray-emission rates may be computed using the following P_{γ} values:

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898.0 keV P_{\gamma} = 0.943 \pm 0.004 (NBS measurement) 1836.0 keV P_{\gamma}^{\gamma} = 0.9935 \pm 0.0003 (NCRP Report No. 58, 1978, p. 357.)
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- (3) Half the 99-percent confidence interval of the mean (3.499 times the standard error computed from 8 ionization-chamber measurements).
- (4) Linear sum of estimated uncertainty limits due to
 - a) gravimetric measurements in the preparation of the Stan- 0.10 percent dard
 - b) calibration of the pressurized " 4π " γ ionization chamber, which is the linear sum of estimated uncertainty limits due to

 half the 99-percent confidence interval of the mean of four anticoincidence measurements 	0.16 percent
2) efficiency extrapolation	0.10 percent
3) background	0.06 percent
4) gravimetric measurements	0.11 percent
5) half the 99-percent confidence interval of the mean of the ionization-chamber measurements	0.09 percent

- (5) Limits of detection as a percentage of the gamma-ray-emission rate of the 1836-keV gamma rays emitted in the decay of yttrium-88 are
 - 0.1 percent between 20 and 1831 keV
 - 0.01 percent between 1841 and 1900 keV

provided the impurity photons are separated in energy by at least 5 keV from photons emitted in the decay of yttrium-88.

(6) NCRP Report No. 58, 1978, p.357.

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