#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

# National Bureau of Standards Certificate of Analyses

## Standard Sample 342

### NODULAR CAST IRON

	C		Mn	P		S			Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	v	Мо	Ti	Mg	
ANALYST	Total	Graphitic	Persulfate-Arsenite	Gravimetric (weighed as $\mathrm{Mg_2P_3O_7}$ after removal of arsenic)	Alkali-Molybdate "	Gravimetric (direct oxidation and final precipitation after reduction of iron)	Combustion-Iodate titration	Evolution with HCl (1-1) ZnS- Iodine (theoretical sulfur titer) <sup>b</sup>	Perchlonc acid dehydration		Weighed as nickel dimethylghyoxime	FeSO4-KMnO4 titration		Photometric	$ m H_2O_2$ photometric		
1	2.45	2. 14	° 0. 364	0.018	<b>d 0. 01</b> 9	0.015	<b>o</b> 0. 013		f 2.84	≈ 0. 14	0.024	ь 0. 034	i 0. 004	0.008	i 0. 017	k 0. 052	
2	2.48	2. 13	1.368		. 020	. 015	≖. 015		2.85	n. 14	. 023	°. 034	p. 004	. 010	9.020 ء	r. 055	
3	2.43	2. 12	¹ <b>.</b> 368		. 020	. 011		0.012	s 2.84	<b>₽. 1</b> 5	. 024	ь. 032	i. 005	.009	. 020	t. 057	
	ս 2 <b>. 4</b> 7		. 37	. 022	.021	. 014	v. 014		2.85	. 14	. 021	. 029	P. 004	w. 008	.017	<b>*.</b> 052	
	2.44	2. 16	1, 375	<b>v.</b> 019	1 <b>. 01</b> 9	. 016	1.015		f 2.86	<b>z. 1</b> 3	a'. 021		ь′. 006	.010	. 019	r. 054	
6																°′. 050	
Average	2.45	2.14	0.369	0.020	0.020	0.014	0.014	0.012	2.85	0.14	0.023	0. 032	0.005	0.009	0.019	0.053	
General average	2. 45	2. 14	0. 369	0. 020		0.014		2.85	0.14	0. 023	0.032	0.005	0.009	0.019	0. 053		

\* Precipitated at 40 °C, washed with a 1-percent solution of KNO<sub>3</sub>, and titrated with alkali standardized by the use of acid potassium phthalate and the ratio 23 NaOH: 1P. b Value obtained by standardizing the titrating solution by means of sodium oxalate through KMnO<sub>4</sub> and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, and the ratio 2I: 1S.

• Potentiometric titration.

4 Molybdenum-blue photometric method. See J. Research NBS 26, 405 (1941) RP1386.

search NBS 26, 405 (1941) RP1386.

1-g sample burned in oxygen at 1,450 °C, and sulfur dioxide absorbed in starch-iodide solution. Iodine liberated from iodide by titration, during the combustion, with standard KIO<sub>4</sub> solution. Titer based on 93 percent of the theoretical factor.

Double dehydration with intervening filtration.

Diethyldithiocarbamate photometric method. See J. Research NBS 47, 380 (1951) RP2265.

Chromium separated from the bulk of the iron by hydrolytic precipitation with NaHCO<sub>4</sub>, oxidized with persulfate and titrated potentiometrically with ferrous ammonium sulfate.

i Vanadium separated as in (h), oxidized with HNO<sub>3</sub>, and titrated potentiometrically with ferrous ammonium sulfate.
i Cupferron separation after solution of the sample in diluted HCl (1+2). Vanadium separated by treatment with NaOH.

k Ether separation on a 10-g sample. Magnesium precipitated as phosphate. Mg2P2O2 corrected for calcium and manganese.

and manganese.

¹ Tirrating solution standardized by the use of a standard iron or steel.

m Sulfur gases absorbed in NaOH-H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> solution and excess NaOH tirrated with H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.

n H<sub>2</sub>S-CuS-CuO.
e Bicarbonate hydrolysis-perchloric acid oxidation.
p Bicarbonate hydrolysis-FeSO<sub>4</sub>-(NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>-KMnO<sub>4</sub> method a Vanadium separated by Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> fusion.
Ether separation. Magnesium precipitated as phos-

phate.

Double dehydration with H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.

- \*Ether separation followed by mercury cathode. Magnesium precipitated with 8-hydroxyquinoline.

  "Volumetric method.
  "Combustion gases absorbed in AgNO3 and liberated HNO3 titrated with NaOH.
  "Achenzoinoxime method.

  Ether separation-H2S. Magnesium precipitated as phesphate.
  "Weighed as ammonium phosphomolybdate.
  "Upper-ammonia complex photometric method.
  "Dimethylglyoxime photometric method.
  "Dimethylglyoxime photometric method.
  "Nitric acid oxidation, potentiometric titration with ferrous ammonium sulfate.
  "Spectrochemical determination. Hydrochloric acid solution of sample and synthetic solutions compared by Rotrode technic using spark excitation and lines ratio Mg 2795.5/Fe 2774.6.

#### List of Analysts

- 1. Ferrous Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards. J. I. Shultz, in charge. Analysis by E. June Maienthal and T. W. Freeman.
- 2. R. H. Elder and R. E. Deas, American Cast Iron Pipe Co., Birmingham, Ala.
- H. Jukkola and C. A. Trathowen, Jones and ughlin Steel Corp., Pittsburgh Works, Pitts-Jurgh, Pa.
- 4. W. K. Bock and S. Illés, National Malleable Steel Castings Co., Cleveland, Ohio.
- 5. W. A. Melchreit, Republic Steel Corp., Cleveland, Ohio.
- 6. B. Kilberg, Materials Engineering Department, Deere & Co., Moline, Ill.

The iron for the preparation of this standard was furnished by the American Cast Iron Pipe Co., Birmingham, Ala.

Washington, D.C. January 5, 1962.

A. V. ASTIN, Director.