

National Institute of Standards & Technology

Certiticate of Analysis

Standard Reference Material 2632a

Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen

Nominal Concentration: 300 µmol/mol (ppm)

(In Cooperation with the Motor Vehicle Manufacturers Association)

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is intended primarily for the calibration of instruments used for the determination of carbon dioxide in mobile source emissions and related uses. It is not intended as a daily working standard, but rather as a primary standard to which the concentration of the daily working standards may be related.

This SRM is supplied in an aluminum cylinder at a nominal pressure of 12.4 MPa (1800 psi) with a deliverable volume of 3.7 m³ (130 cubic feet) at NTP. The cylinder conforms to DOT specifications and is equipped with a CGA-580 valve. The cylinder becomes the property of the purchaser.

Carbon dioxide concentration: $\pm \mu mol/mol (ppm)$

Cylinder Number: Sample Number:

The concentration of carbon dioxide is relative to all other constituents of this gas mixture. The uncertainty shown is the estimated upper limit of error of the certified value at the 95 percent confidence level. This uncertainty includes the estimated inaccuracy of the National Institute of Standards & Technology (NIST) primary gravimetric standards, the imprecision of the intercomparisons of the batch standards with the primary gravimetric standards, and the imprecision of the comparison of the SRM with the batch standards.

Each cylinder of gas in the SRM lot is individually analyzed and the certified value above applies to the cylinder identified by cylinder number and sample number on this certificate.

Note: The certified value in this certificate is valid for four years from the date of shipment from the NIST. A validation sticker is supplied with the gas cylinder. Please affix this sticker to the cylinder upon receipt.

CAUTION: Care must be taken to avoid accidental contamination of the sample during use of the cylinder with any gas handling system.

The research and development leading to the certification of this SRM were supported by the Motor Vehicle Manufacturers Association (MVMA) of the United States, Detroit, Michigan.

The development and evaluation of the primary gravimetric standards used to certify this SRM were performed at the NIST by MVMA Research Associate, W. J. Thorn.

The overall direction and coordination of the technical measurements leading to certification were performed under the chairmanship of W.D. Dorko of the NIST Gas and Particulate Science Division.

The technical and support aspects involved in the preparation, certification, and issuance of this Standard Reference Material were coordinated through the Standard Reference Materials Program by T.E. Gills.

September 1, 1990 Gaithersburg, MD 20899 William P. Reed, Acting Chief Standard Reference Materials Program

Material Preparation

This SRM is one of a group or "lot" of cylinders that was commercially prepared according to rigid NIST specifications to ensure that the lot is homogeneous and stable. A lot consists of a minimum of 12 cylinders. Each cylinder of gas within the lot is individually analyzed at the NIST for conformity to NIST specifications and is certified according to NIST protocols and procedures.

Analysis

The carbon dioxide concentration was determined by comparison with the NIST batch standards that were previously intercompared with a set of the NIST primary gravimetric standards. The gravimetric standards were prepared from high purity nitrogen and carbon dioxide. The method of intercomparison was gas chromatography using thermal conductivity detector.

Stability

As stated on the first page of this certificate, the certified value for carbon dioxide is valid for four years from the date of shipment from the NIST. Periodic reanalyses of representative samples from this lot will be performed during the four-year period, and if a significant change in the certified value is observed, the purchaser will be notified.

Samples from similar gas mixtures have exhibited a change in constituent concentration when the cylinder pressure fell below 1.04 MPa (150 psi). Therefore, it is recommended that the SRM not be used after the pressure has fallen below 2.8 MPa (400 psi).

Reanalysis

The NIST will reanalyze this SRM for the original purchaser at a cost not to exceed the cost of similar SRMs available at the time of the request for reanalysis. The original purchaser should contact the Gas and Particulate Science Division to arrange for reanalysis.