

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
WASHINGTON

**National Bureau of Standards**  
**Certificate of Analyses**  
**Standard Sample 20 F**  
**Acid Open-Hearth Steel, 0.4% Carbon**

ANALYST	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	V	Mo	N	Sn
	Direct combustion	Bismuthate ( $\text{FeSO}_4\text{-KMnO}_4$ )	Persulfate-Arsenite	Gravimetric (weighed as $\text{Mg}_2\text{P}_2\text{O}_7$ , after removal of arsenic)	Alkali-Molybdate <sup>a</sup>	Gravimetric (direct oxidation and precipitation after reduction of iron)	Combustion Iodate titration <sup>b</sup>	Evolution with $\text{HCl}$ (1-1) ZnS-Iodine (theoretical sulfur titer) <sup>c</sup>	Sulfuric acid dehydration	$\text{H}_2\text{S-CuS-CuO}$	Weighed as nickel dimethylglyoxime	$\text{FeSO}_4\text{-KMnO}_4$ titration
1.	0.380	0.757	0.026	0.026	0.034	0.034	0.032	0.296	0.238	0.243	0.099	0.007
2.	.383	1.752		.028		.036		m.308	n.244	o.248	p.098	q.008
3.	.378	r.750		.028		r.034		m.286	n.231	.243	.095	.005
4.	{ .386 .387 }	{ r.752 .752 }	{ .027 .026 }	{ .030 .033 }	{ r.035 .034 }		m.296	u.248	.253	r.v.095	q.009	.065
5.	{ .38 }	{ .375 }	.75	.029	.033	.034		.293	n.23	.23	.099	.006
6.	.375	r.77		.029		.033		m.f.310	n.239	.246	.097	v.005
7.	.378	r.749	.027	r.027	.034		.032	.304	n.240	z.238	.095	z1,r.008
Average	0.380	0.752	0.755	0.027	0.028	0.034	0.032	0.299	0.238	0.243	0.097	0.007
General average	0.380	0.754		0.028		0.034		0.299	0.238	0.243	0.097	0.007

<sup>a</sup> Precipitated at 40° C, washed with a 1-percent solution of  $\text{KNO}_3$  and titrated with alkali standardized by the use of acid potassium phthalate and the ratio 23NaOH:1P.

<sup>b</sup> 1-g sample burned in oxygen at 1,425° C and sulfur dioxide absorbed in starch-iodide solution. Iodine liberated from iodide by titration, during the combustion, with standard  $\text{KIO}_3$  solution. Titer based on 93 percent of the theoretical factor.

<sup>c</sup> Value obtained by standardizing the titrating solution by means of sodium oxalate through  $\text{KMnO}_4$  and  $\text{Na_2S_2O_3}$  and the use of the ratio 2I:IS.

<sup>d</sup> Potentiometric titration.

<sup>e</sup> Molybdenum-blue photometric method. See J. Research NBS 28, 405 (1941) RP1386.

<sup>f</sup> Double dehydration with intervening filtration.

<sup>g</sup> Diethyldithiocarbamate photometric method. See J. Research NBS 47, 380 (1951) RP2265.

<sup>h</sup> Chromium separated from the bulk of the iron in a 10-g sample by hydrolytic precipitation with  $\text{NaHCO}_3$ , oxidized with persulfate, and titrated potentiometrically with ferrous ammonium sulfate.

<sup>i</sup> Vanadium separated as in <sup>(h)</sup>, oxidized with  $\text{HNO}_3$ , and titrated potentiometrically with ferrous ammonium sulfate.

<sup>j</sup> Sulfuric acid digestion for 3 hours of a 1-g sample. See J. Research NBS 43, 201 (1949) RP2021.

<sup>k</sup> Sulfide-iodine method. See BS J. Research 8, 309 (1932) RP415.

<sup>l</sup> Potentiometric titration with  $\text{HgNO}_3$ .

<sup>m</sup> Perchloric acid dehydration.

<sup>n</sup> Finished by electrolysis.

<sup>o</sup> Dimethylglyoxime precipitate titrated with  $\text{KCN}$ .

<sup>p</sup> Persulfate oxidation, potentiometric titration with ferrous ammonium sulfate.

<sup>q</sup> Nitric acid oxidation, potentiometric titration with ferrous ammonium sulfate.

<sup>r</sup> Titrating solution standardized with a standard steel.

<sup>s</sup> Differential gasometric method.

<sup>t</sup> Colorimetric method.

<sup>u</sup> Iron precipitated with an excess of  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  in a  $\text{HNO}_3$ -persulfate solution. Copper determined by electrolysis in an aliquot portion of the filtrate.

<sup>v</sup> Perchloric acid oxidation, titration with  $\text{FeSO}_4\text{-K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$  diphenylamine sulfonate indicator.

<sup>w</sup>  $\text{H}_2\text{S-MoS}_3\text{-MoO}_3$ .

<sup>x</sup> Finished photometrically with Nessler's reagent.

<sup>y</sup>  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  hydrolysis followed by mercury cathode. Vanadium titrated with  $\text{FeSO}_4$  using diphenylamine sulfonate indicator.

<sup>z</sup> Dimethylglyoxime precipitate ignited to  $\text{NiO}$ .

<sup>z1</sup> Vanadium separated with cupferron and determined by the  $\text{FeSO}_4\text{-}(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8\text{-KMnO}_4$  method.

### List of Analysts

- 1. Ferrous Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards. J. I. Shultz in charge. Analysis by R. E. McIntyre, E. June Maienthal, and Lorna J. Tregoning.
- 2. J. A. Wiley, Midvale-Heppenstall Co., Nicetown, Philadelphia, Pa.
- 3. W. A. Richardson, Kaiser Steel Corp., Fontana Works, Fontana, Calif.
- 4. C. H. Flickinger, Republic Steel Corp., Cleveland, Ohio.
- 5. C. L. Abbott, Bethlehem Steel Co., Lackawanna Plant, Lackawanna, N. Y.
- 6. S. Partington, The Detroit Testing Laboratory, Inc., Detroit, Mich.
- 7. J. C. Nagy, Charles C. Kawin Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The steel for the preparation of this standard was furnished by the Midvale-Heppenstall Company, Nicetown, Philadelphia, Pa.

ASHINGTON, D. C., August 20, 1956.

A. V. ASTIN, Director.