

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Standards

Certificate of Analyses

OF

STANDARD SAMPLE No. 20b

ACID OPEN-HEARTH STEEL, 0.4% CARBON

ANALYST.	CARBON.	SILICON.		PHOSPHORUS.		SULPHUR.		MANGANESE.		COPPER (H <sub>2</sub> S-CuS-CuO).	NICKEL.	CHROMIUM.	VANADIUM.	ARSENIC.
	DIRECT COMBUSTION.	SULPHURIC ACID DEHYDRATION.	OTHER METHODS.	ALKALI MOLYBDATE.	GRAVIMETRIC (weighed as Mg <sub>3</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>8</sub> ).	GRAVIMETRIC DIRECT OXIDATION (final precipitation in reduced solution).	EVOLUTION ZnS-IODINE (theoretical sulphur titre, c).	BISMUTHATE (FeSO <sub>4</sub> -KMnO <sub>4</sub> ).	OTHER METHODS.					
1	0.404	0.176		0.064	0.063	0.040	0.039	0.642		0.030	0.094 <sup>b</sup>	0.027	<0.01	0.014 <sup>c</sup>
2	.403	.174		.066	.062	.042	.041	.648		.034	.103 <sup>b</sup>	.025 <sup>d</sup>	.006 <sup>d</sup>	
3	.405	.181	0.174 <sup>e</sup>	.062		.039	.039	.644	0.641 <sup>f</sup>	.04				
4	.408	.176		.063		.042	.041	.63	.64 <sup>g</sup>	.04	{.13 <sup>b</sup> .13 <sup>h</sup> }	.03	None.	Trace.
5	{.399 <sup>i</sup> .398}	.173	.174 <sup>e</sup>	.062		.041	.040	.63	.625 <sup>f</sup>	{.031 <sup>j</sup> .027}		.025		
	.40	.173			.063	.040 <sup>k</sup>	.040	.64		.020	.11 <sup>b</sup>		.008	.009 <sup>l</sup>
7	.413		.165 <sup>e</sup>	.062		.039 <sup>k</sup>			.63 <sup>g</sup>	.030 <sup>m</sup>				
8	.399		.173 <sup>e</sup>	.063		.039		.634	.630 <sup>f</sup>	.027 <sup>j</sup>				
9	.406	.182		.066		.038	.037	.630		.040	.131 <sup>b</sup>	.027 <sup>d</sup>	.009 <sup>d</sup>	
10	.40	.178	.178 <sup>n</sup>	.063		.043	.042	.64	.63 <sup>f</sup>	.028 <sup>o</sup>	.095 <sup>p</sup>			
11	{.399 <sup>q</sup> .396}	.172	.174 <sup>e</sup>	.064		.040	.038	.652	.640 <sup>f</sup>	.045				
AVERAGE	.402	.176	.173	.064	.063	.040	.040	.639	.634	.033	.113	.027	.008	.012
GENERAL AVERAGE	.402	.175		.063		.040	.040	.637		.033	.113	.027	.008	.012

NOTE.—By the use of methods employing empirical titres for evolution sulphur, an average of 0.040% was obtained by five analysts.

\* Value obtained by standardization of titrating solution against sodium oxalate through KMnO<sub>4</sub> and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>.

<sup>b</sup> Weighed as nickel dimethylglyoxime.

<sup>c</sup> Distillation as AsCl<sub>3</sub>; precipitation as As<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>, conversion to Ag<sub>3</sub>AsO<sub>4</sub> and titration with KCNS. Obtained 0.015% when weighed as As<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>.

<sup>d</sup> Electrometric titration.

<sup>e</sup> Drown's method.

<sup>f</sup> Persulphate-arsenite.

<sup>g</sup> Bismuthate-arsenite.

<sup>h</sup> Direct KCN titration.

<sup>i</sup> Weighed as BaCO<sub>3</sub>.

<sup>j</sup> Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>-CuS-CuO.

<sup>k</sup> Precipitation in FeCl<sub>3</sub> solution.

<sup>l</sup> Weighed as Mg<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>.

<sup>m</sup> Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>-CuS; finished with KI-Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> titration.

<sup>n</sup> HCl-H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.

<sup>o</sup> Electrolysis.

<sup>p</sup> Precipitation as nickel dimethylglyoxime, solution of the precipitate and titration with KCN.

<sup>q</sup> Solution in CuCl<sub>2</sub>·2KCl.

INDEX TO ANALYSTS

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This standard is not recommended for colorimetric carbon determinations, because of uncertainty to the condition of the carbon.

S. W. STRATTON,

Director.

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