

## U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

## National Bureau of Standards

## Certificate of Analyses

OF

## STANDARD SAMPLE 153

## COBALT—MOLYBDENUM—TUNGSTEN STEEL

ANALYST *	C	Mn	P	S	Si	COPPER $\text{HgS-CuS-CuO}$	NIICKEL Weighed as nickel dimethyl-glyoxime	Cr	V	Mo	W	Co
	Direct combustion	Persulfate-Arsenite	Alkali-Molybdate	Granimetric (direct oxidation and precipitation of iron after reduction)	Nitric-hydrochloric acid dehydration							
1.	0.864	<sup>a</sup> .220	<sup>b</sup> .027	0.010	<sup>c</sup> .189	0.097	0.101	<sup>d</sup> 4.13	2.05	<sup>e</sup> 8.37	<sup>f</sup> 1.60	8.47
2.	.860	<sup>a</sup> .227	.025	.009	0.010	<sup>c</sup> .176	<sup>b</sup> .091	<sup>b</sup> .096	4.12	<sup>i</sup> 2.02	<sup>j</sup> 8.41	8.44
3.	.868	<sup>a</sup> .219	.027		.007	<sup>c</sup> .181	<sup>i</sup> .103	.093	4.17	2.04	8.37	8.52
4.	.870	<sup>b</sup> .222	.024	.006	<sup>c</sup> .007	.176	<sup>i</sup> .098	<sup>b</sup> .101	<sup>d</sup> 4.13	2.05	<sup>j</sup> 8.30	8.41
	.866	<sup>a</sup> .22	<sup>c</sup> .023	.008	<sup>c</sup> .010	.180	<sup>i</sup> .090	<sup>b</sup> .107	<sup>d</sup> 4.12	<sup>v</sup> 2.04	8.35	<sup>f</sup> 1.60
6.		<sup>w</sup> .214			.010	.195		<sup>i</sup> .12	4.16	2.00	<sup>x</sup> 8.36	<sup>y</sup> 1.60
7.	.860	<sup>a</sup> .225	.025		<sup>c</sup> .011	.198	<sup>i</sup> .098	.116	4.16	2.02	<sup>v</sup> 8.40	<sup>f</sup> 1.57
8.	.863	<sup>a</sup> .21	.025		<sup>c</sup> .008	<sup>x</sup> .200	<sup>i</sup> .11	<sup>b</sup> .117	4.13	<sup>v</sup> 2.05	<sup>v</sup> 8.40	<sup>k</sup> 1.55
9.	.863	<sup>w</sup> .212	.025		<sup>c</sup> .011	<sup>c</sup> .19	<sup>i</sup> .108	<sup>b</sup> .11	4.13	2.08	<sup>e</sup> 8.42	<sup>m</sup> 1.58
Averages	0.864	0.219	0.025	0.008	0.009	0.187	0.099	0.107	4.14	2.04	8.38	8.39
											1.58	1.58
												8.45

<sup>a</sup> ZnO separation.<sup>b</sup> Tungsten removed by digestion in HCl-HNO<sub>3</sub>. Phosphorus precipitated with molybdate in hot nitric acid solution and ultimately weighed as Mg<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after removal of arsenic.<sup>c</sup> Double dehydration with perchloric acid.<sup>d</sup> Persulfate oxidation, potentiometric titration with ferric ammonium sulfate solution standardized with recrystallized potassium dichromate.<sup>e</sup> Alpha-benzoinoxime method after removal of tungsten by acid digestion. Corrected for molybdenum occluded in tungsten, and the main molybdenum precipitate corrected for ammonia insoluble and tungsten. See B.S.J. Research 9, 1 (1932) RP453.<sup>f</sup> Single precipitation by acid digestion and cinchonine. Tungsten corrected for silicon, iron, chromium, vanadium, and molybdenum.<sup>g</sup> H<sub>2</sub>S-colorimetric method.<sup>h</sup> Glyoxime precipitate titrated with cyanide.<sup>i</sup> Ferrous sulfate titration with K<sub>3</sub>Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub> indicator.<sup>j</sup> H<sub>2</sub>S-MoO<sub>4</sub> method.<sup>k</sup> Double precipitation by acid digestion and cinchonine.<sup>l</sup> Finished by electrolysis.<sup>m</sup> Hydroquinone colorimetric method.<sup>n</sup> Periodate-colorimetric method.<sup>o</sup> SO<sub>2</sub> absorbed in starch-iodide solution and titrated with KIO<sub>3</sub> solution.<sup>p</sup> Glyoxime-electrolytic method.<sup>q</sup> Chromium oxidized with KClO<sub>4</sub>.<sup>r</sup> Tungsten, chromium and molybdenum removed, phosphorus determined by the molybdenum blue-photometric method.<sup>s</sup> Sulfur gases absorbed in NaOH-H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> solution and excess NaOH titrated with H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.<sup>t</sup> Thiocyanate precipitation, thioulate titration.<sup>u</sup> Chromium oxidized with HClO<sub>4</sub> and titrated with ferrous ammonium sulfate by using ortho-phenanthro-

line indicator. Corrected for partial oxidation of manganese and cobalt.

<sup>v</sup> Solution from titration of chromium (footnote <sup>a</sup>) titrated with 0.05-N KMnO<sub>4</sub>.<sup>w</sup> Chromium and cobalt removed by treatment with NH<sub>4</sub>OH and (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>.<sup>x</sup> Molybdenum precipitated with H<sub>2</sub>S, reduced with zinc, and titrated with KMnO<sub>4</sub>.<sup>y</sup> SnCl<sub>2</sub>-thiocyanate colorimetric method.<sup>z</sup> NaOH-ether-cupferron-electrolytic method.<sup>1</sup> Precipitated with Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>, finished by electrolysis.<sup>2</sup> H<sub>2</sub>S-alpha benzoinoxime method.<sup>3</sup> Double dehydrogenation with HNO<sub>3</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.<sup>4</sup> Copper precipitated first with H<sub>2</sub>S, then precipitated with alpha-benzoinoxime in ammoniacal solution.<sup>5</sup> Ferrous sulfate-KMnO<sub>4</sub> titration method.<sup>6</sup> Chromium volatilized as CrO<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.

## \*LIST OF ANALYSTS

- Ferrous Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards. John L. Hague in charge. Analysis by J. P. Hewlett, Jr.
- E. B. Welch, Firth-Sterling Steel Co., McKeesport, Pa.
- Daniel Harmon, Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corporation, Dunkirk, N. Y.
- W. L. Emerson, The Cleveland Twist Drill Co., Cleveland, Ohio.
- O. L. Van Valkenburgh, Crucible Steel Company of America, Haleomb Steel Division, Syracuse, N. Y.
- T. R. Cunningham, Union Carbide and Carbon Research Laboratories Inc., Niagara Falls, N. Y.
- W. F. Lantz, Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa.
- J. C. Sloss, Vulcan Crucible Steel Co., Aliquippa, Pa.
- P. W. Rush and J. Cooperman, Universal-Cyclops Steel Corporation, Universal Division, Bridgeville, Pa.

The steel for the preparation of this standard was furnished by the Cleveland Twist Drill Co.

WASHINGTON, October 17, 1945

E. U. CONDON, Director.