#### U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# National Bureau of Standards

## Certificate of Analyses of

### STANDARD SAMPLE 132

### MOLYBDENUM-TUNGSTEN-CHROMIUM-VANADIUM STEEL

	C	Mn	P	S	Si		thyl-	Cr	v	Мо		W
ANALYST*	Direct combustion	Persulfate-Arsenite	Alkali-Molybdate *	Gravimetric (direct oxida- tion and final precipita- tion in reduced solution)	Nitric-sulfuric acid dehydration	COPPER Hs-Cus-CuO	NICKEL Weighed as nickel dimethyl- glyoxime	FeSO,-KMnO, titration	HNO; oxidation, potentio- metric titration in pres- ence of W	Gravimetric	Colorimetric	
1	0. 798	b 0. 247	° 0. 028	0. 002	d 0. 232	e 0. 149	0. 095	f 4. 13	1. 63	g 7. 07	7. 11	h 6. 28
2	. 805	i. 24	i. 031	. 007	k. 225		¹. 094	4. 08	m 1. 66	<sup>n</sup> 7. 14		6. 29
3	. 809	ор. 236	. 024	. 005	d. 238	q. 154	. 085	f 4. 11	1. 61	n 7. 08		r 6. 33
4	. 802	ip. 25	jp, 025	. 003	kd. 24	ap. 151	<sup>sp</sup> . 095	t 4. 11	m 1. 68		7. 13	h 6. 36
ŏ	. 809	. 26	. 029	. 007	. 238	. 15	. 098	4. 08	1. 62	7. 06		6. 20
6	. 810	<sup>пр</sup> . 251	. 025	v. 004	d. 243	e. 148	¹. 096	4. 14	m 1. 64	g 7. 04		<sup>h</sup> 6. 34
7	. 800	ip. 258	. 027	v. 006	k. 244	e. 160	. 098	4. 12	1. 61	w 7. 10		r 6. 25
8	. 801	×. 26	i. 025	. 005	у. 235	q. 14	s. 09	t 4. 06	z 1. 60	n 7. 02		6. 28
9	. 798	i. 252	. 026	. 004	. 242	e. 154	s. 092	t 4. 12	m 1. 67	n 7. 06		ь 6. 23
10	. 798				у. 228			f 4. 11	1. 67	z1 7. 01	7. 04	z1 6. 34
	. 798	. 27	z2. 030	. 002	у. 26	z3. 136	s. 095	4. 10	™ 1. 62	n 7. 09	ļ	ь 6. <b>2</b> 7
Averages	0. 803	0. 252	0. 027	0. 004	0. 239	0. 149	0. 094	4. 11	1. 64	7. 07	7. 09	6. 29
General average	0. 803	0. 252	0. 027	0. 004	0. 239	0. 149	0. 094	4. 11	1. 64	7.	07	6. 29

<sup>a</sup> Tungsten removed and vanadium reduced. Phosphorus precipitated at 10° to 20° C, washed with a 1-percent solution of KNO<sub>3</sub>, and titrated with alkali standardized by the use of acid potassium phhalate and the ratio 23 NaOH: P.

<sup>b</sup> Bismuthate (FeSO<sub>4</sub>-KMnO<sub>4</sub>) method after ZnO

b Bismuthate (FeSO<sub>4</sub>-KMnO<sub>4</sub>) method after ZnO separation.
c Tungsten removed after HCl-HNO<sub>3</sub> digestion followed by fuming with HClO<sub>4</sub>. Phosphorus precipitated with molybdate in hot nitric acid solution and ultimately weighed as Mg<sub>2</sub>P<sub>4</sub>O<sub>7</sub>.
d Double dehydration.
Finished by electrolysis.
Fersuliate oxidation, potentiometric titration with ferrous ammonium sulfate solution standardized with recrystallized potassium dichromate.

Benzoinoxime method after removal of tungsten by acid digestion. Corrected for molybdenum precipitate corrected for ammonia insolutile, and tungsten. See BS J. Research 9, 1 (1932) RP453.
Single precipitation by acid digestion and cinchonine. Tungsten corrected for silicon, iron, chromium, vanadium, and molybdenum.
Tungsten removed and phosphorus precipitated the acid solution.

- i Tungsten removed and phosphorus precipitated as the molybdate in hot, strong nitric acid solution.

- Nitric-hydrochloric acid dehydration.
   Glyoxime precipitate ignited and weighed as
- NiO.

  The Ferrous sulfate-persulfate-KMnO<sub>4</sub> titration m Ferrous Smither-parameters method.

  n Precipitated with H<sub>2</sub>S in tartaric or citric acid colution, purified, and weighed as MoO<sub>3</sub>.

  Bismuthate-arsenite method.

  Titrating solution standardized by use of a standard standard.

\* Titrating solution standardized by use of a standard steel.
« KI-Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> titration.
\* Solution in HCl, digestion with HNO<sub>3</sub> and precipitation with cinchonine. Precipitate dissolved in NH<sub>2</sub>OH and tungsten precipitated with acid and cinchonine. Ignited oxide corrected for silicon, iron, chromium, vanadium, and molybdenum.
• Glyoxime precipitate titrated with standard KCN

KCN.
Perchloric acid oxidation.

Perchloric acid oxidation.
 Chromium volanilized as CrOoCla.
 Combustion method. L. P. Chase, Carnegie-Illinois Steel Corporation, South Works, Chicago. Ill., and T. S. Woodward, Carnegie-Illinois Steel Corporation, Ohio Works, Youngstown, Ohio. reported, respectively, 0.006 and 0.003 percent of sulfur by the combustion method.

"Tungsten precipitated by digestion with aqua regia and removed by filtration. Molybdenum precipitated in the filtrate with a-benzoinoxime, precipitate dissolved by digestion with HNO3 and HClO4. Solution treated with NH<sub>2</sub>OH. filtered, and molybdenum precipitated as PbMoO4, ignited, and weighed.

"Chromium separated as PbCrO4.
"Perchloric acid dehydration.
"Differential titration using KMnO4 and ophenanthroline-ferrous complex indicator.
"Major portion of tungsten precipitated from a 1-g sample by furning with HClO4 and HF. Molybdenum and remaining tungsten precipitated with a-benzoinoxime. Combined precipitates ignited to constant weight at 520° C and weighed. Oxides then heated at 750° to 800° C for 1 hour and weighed. The difference in weights represents the molybdenum volatilized. Residue analyzed for NaOH insoluble and molybdenum, and tungsten determined by difference with HCl-HNO3. Perchloric acid added and solution furned, diluted, and filtered. Phosphorus precipitated in hot, strong nitric acid solution. Phosphomolybdate titrated with alkali.

"Titrated with standard KON solution.

#### \*LIST OF ANALYSTS

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The steel for the preparation of this standard was furnished by the Climax Molybdenum Co.

Washington, September 24, 1942.

LYMAN J. BRIGGS, Director.