UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

National Bureau of Standards Certificate of Analyses

Standard Sample No. 103 a Chrome Refractory

(All results are based on a sample dried for 2 hours at 105 to 110° C)

Analyst	$\mathrm{Cr}_2\mathrm{O}_3$	$ m Al_2O_3$	Total iron as FeO	MnO	MgO	CaO	SiO ₂	TiO ₂	ZrO ₂	P ₂ O ₅
1	a 32.05	ь 29. 95	° 12. 43	d 0. 12	• 18. 57	f 0. 70	4. 68	ь 0. 22	¹ 0. 01	i 0. 007
2	¥ 31. 95	1 30. 10 m 30. 01	n 12.43	. 12	18.50	.69	o 4. 68	. 21		.01
3	{ p 32.07 } a 32.09 }) r 30.02 \	t 12. 45	ս, 11	18.51	{ v. 68 }	* 4. 59	×. 22		у<.004
4	p 32.08	* 30.05		a'. 10	18.62	b'. 60	4. 58	°′. 20		d'. 017
5	e [,] 31. 98		° 12. 43				4. 63			
6	p 32. 10	t' 29. 91	s' 12. 40	^h ′. 09	e 18. 45	f. 72	° 4. 64	i'. 21	i. 01	i' . 01
7	32. 12	29. 85		.10	18.49	.70		.25		
8	p, r' 31.78	1 1 29. 80	1' 12. 43	m'. 10	n' 18.63	b'.74	° 4. 60	o'. 23		{ °.009 } a.009 }
Average	32.06	29.96	12.43	0. 11	18.54	0. 69	4. 63	0. 22	0.01	0.01

a Persulfate oxidation and potentiometric titration with ferrous ammonium sulfate. Corrected for vanadium.
b Dissolved in perchloric acid, volatilized chromium with hydrochloric acid, extracted R₂O₃ cupferrates with chloroform at 2H 3.5, separated aluminum by extracting R₂O₃ cupferrates in 4N hydrochloric acid with chloroform, precipitated aluminum with ammonia and weighed as Al₂O₃.
c Dissolved in perchloric acid. SnCl₂-K₂C₁O₃.
d Dissolved in perchloric acid. Periodate colorimetric method.

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 Dissolved in perchloric acid. Gravimetric phosphate method. Corrected for Ca and Mn.

 Precipitated with magnesium, separated as sulfate in alcohol, precipitated with oxalate and weighed as CaO.

 Perchloric acid dehydration.

 Peroxide colorimetric method. Used 2d chloroform extraction footnote "b."

 Used R₂O₃ precipitate, separated with cupferron, and determined gravimetrically as phosphate.

 Dissolved in perchloric acid, precipitated with ammonia and determined by molybdenum blue colorimetric method.

- method.

 1 Average of footnote "a" and leached sodium peroxide fusion with water, filtered, acidified filtrate, added excess ferrous ammonium sulfate and titrated with permanganate.

 1 Precipitated with phenylhydrazine. Corrected for Cr203, Fey03, TiO2, and P203.

 2 Separated with cupferron, corrected for Cr2O3 and P203.

 3 Leach sodium peroxide fusion, filtered and dissolved precipitate. SnCl2-KMnO4.

 4 Perchloric acid-sulfuric acid dehydration.
- precipitate. SnCl₂-KMnO₄.

 Perchloric acid-sulfuric acid dehydration.

 Reduced with excess ferrous iron and titrated with PREDUCED WITH EXCESS TETTOUS FROM and ACTUATED FOR PERMANEGARIAN.

 Reduced with excess ferrous iron and titrated with dichromate. Corrected for vanadium.

 r Separated with ammonia and mercury cathode and precipitated with ammonia. Corrected for TiO₂.

• Removed chromium by ion exchange, separated with ammonia and mercury cathode and precipitated with ammonia. Corrected for TiO₂.

• Leached sodium peroxide-sodium hydroxide fusion, reprecipitated with ammonia. SnCl₂-K₂Cr₂O₇.

• Leached sodium peroxide fusion and dissolved hydroxides. Periodate colorimetric method.

• Used filtrate of ammonia precipitation (footnote "t"), precipitated as phosphate, separated as sulfate in alcohol and determined as oxalate.

• Fused with sodium peroxide and dehydrated with perchloric acid.

and determined as oxalate.

* Fused with sodium peroxide and dehydrated with perchloric acid.

* Fused with sodium peroxide. Ammonia and cupferron separations made. Peroxide colorimetric method.

* Fused with sodium peroxide and reduced chromium with alcohol. Phosphomolybdate volumetric method.

* Leached sodium peroxide fusion, precipitated with NH.Cl. reprecipitated with ammonia, dehydrated with perchloric acid, filtered, and precipitated with ammonia.

* Dissolved in perchloric acid and volatilized chromium with hydrochloric acid. Volumetric bismuthate method.

b' Volumetrically. Oxalate titrated with permanganate.

c' Dissolved in perchloric acid and made ammonia separation. Peroxide colorimetric method.

d' Dissolved in perchloric acid, precipitated with ammonium molybdate, reduced with Jones reductor and titrated with permanganate.

c' Oxidized with permanganate and titrated potentiometrically with ferrous ammonium sulfate. Corrected for vanadium.

I' SiO₂ removed, R₂O₃ precipitated with NH₄OH. Acid cupferron separation, aluminum precipitated in filtrate with cupferron after neutralization with NH₄OH. Corrected for Cr₂O₃.

s' Dissolved in perchloric and sulfuric acids, precipitated as sulfide, ignited, fused with potassium bisulfate, oxidized with permanganate and titrated with titanous chloride.

b' Dissolved in perchloric and sulfuric acids, precipitated with magnesium and calcium, removed calcium with alco-holic sulfate separation. Bismuthate method.

Vised acid cupferrates of aluminum determination (footnote Y) and made an ammonical tartrate, hydrogen sulfide separation. Peroxide colorimetric method.

Y Gravimetric phosphomolybdate method.

Y Fused with sodium carbonate-sodium borate and made a mercury cathode separation. Gravimetric 8-hydroxy-quinoline method. Corrected for titanium.

Y Dissolved in perchloric and sulfuric acids, precipitated with ammonia, and dissolved in hydrochloric acid. SnCls-K₃Cr₂Or.

m' In filtrate from silicon determination reduced chromium with sulfurous acid, reoxidized iron with nitric acid, precipitated with ammonia, made sodium carbonate separation and determined photometrically with periodate.

" Gravimetric as phosphate. Used filtrate from CaO determination.

"Gravimetric as phosphate. Used filtrate from CaO determination.

"Prepared solution as in footnote "m." Peroxide colorimetric method.

"Dissolved in nitric, hydrochloric and perchloric acids, filtered, volatilized arsenic as bromide, and precipitated phosphorus as phosphomylobdate. Determined the equivalent molybdenum as lead molybdeate.

"Dissolved in perchloric acid, volatilized arsenic as bromide and determine phosphorus colorimetrically as phospho-vanado-molybdate in iso-amyl alcohol.

"Omitted from average.

Analyst 1 and analyst 5 reported 0.09 percent vanadium and analyst 6 reported 0.12 percent V₂O₈.

Combustion in a tube furnace at approximately 900° C indicates 0.99 percent of water which is not removed by drying at 105 to 110° C.

List of Analysts

- 1. Keith M. Sappenfield, National Bureau of Standards.
- Paul J. Byler, Booth, Garrett & Blair, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Andrew S. McCreath & Sons, Inc., Harrisburg, Pa.
- 4. John H. Montague, E. G. Lavino and Co., Norristown,
- 5. George Oplinger, K. A. Lane, and M. S. Budd, Solvay Process Division, Allied Chemical Corp., Syracuse,
- 6. B. C. Ruprecht and R. P. Lucas, Harbison-Walker Refractories Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.
- 7. L. J. Trostel, General Refractories Co., Baltimore, Md.
- 8. C. E. A. Shanahan, Richard Thomas & Baldwins, Ltd., Whitchurch, Aylesbury, Bucks, England.

A. V. ASTIN, Director.