HOW YOUR BRAIN UNDERSTANDS WHAT YOUR EAR HEARS					
	Utah Integrated Science Core Curriculum Standards: Grades 7 & 8				
		Grade 7			
Lesson	Standard	Objective			
5	3:1.e	Gather information to report on how the basic functions of organisms are carried out within cells (e.g., extract energy from food, remove waste, produce their own food).			
4, 5	3:2.a	Order the levels of organization from simple to complex (e.g., cell, tissue, organ, system, organism).			
4, 5	3:2.b	Match a particular structure to the appropriate level (e.g., heart to organ, cactus to organism, muscle to tissue).			
4	3:2.c	Relate the structure of an organ to its component parts and the larger system of which it is a part.			
Grade 8					
3	4:1.a	Relate the energy of a wave to wavelength.			
4	4:1.b	Compare the transfer of energy (i.e., sound, light, earthquake waves, heat) through various mediums.			
4	4:4.e	Investigate and describe how engineers have developed devices to help us sense various types of energy (e.g., seismographs, eyeglasses, telescopes, hearing aids).			
-		Utah Science Intended Learning Outcomes: Grades 7 & 8			
Lesson	ILO	Descriptor			
All lessons	1.a	Observe objects and events for patterns and record both qualitative and quantitative information.			
All lessons 2, 3, 5	1.a 1.b	Observe objects and events for patterns and record both qualitative and quantitative information.  Sort and sequence data according to a given criterion.			
2, 3, 5	1.b	Sort and sequence data according to a given criterion.			
2, 3, 5	1.b 1.c	Sort and sequence data according to a given criterion.  Develop and use categories to classify subjects studied.  When given a problem, plan and conduct experiments in which they: Form research questions, discuss possible outcomes of investigations, identify variables, plan procedures to control independent variable(s), collect data on the dependent variable(s), select appropriate format (e.g., graph, chart, diagram) to summarize data obtained, analyze data			
2, 3, 5	1.b 1.c 1.e	Sort and sequence data according to a given criterion.  Develop and use categories to classify subjects studied.  When given a problem, plan and conduct experiments in which they: Form research questions, discuss possible outcomes of investigations, identify variables, plan procedures to control independent variable(s), collect data on the dependent variable(s), select appropriate format (e.g., graph, chart, diagram) to summarize data obtained, analyze data and construct reasonable conclusions, and prepare written and oral reports of their investigation.			
2, 3, 5 2 4 1, 2, 3, 4	1.b 1.c 1.e	Sort and sequence data according to a given criterion.  Develop and use categories to classify subjects studied.  When given a problem, plan and conduct experiments in which they: Form research questions, discuss possible outcomes of investigations, identify variables, plan procedures to control independent variable(s), collect data on the dependent variable(s), select appropriate format (e.g., graph, chart, diagram) to summarize data obtained, analyze data and construct reasonable conclusions, and prepare written and oral reports of their investigation.  Distinguish between factual statements and inferences.			
2, 3, 5 2 4 1, 2, 3, 4 1, 3, 4, 5	1.b 1.c 1.e	Sort and sequence data according to a given criterion.  Develop and use categories to classify subjects studied.  When given a problem, plan and conduct experiments in which they: Form research questions, discuss possible outcomes of investigations, identify variables, plan procedures to control independent variable(s), collect data on the dependent variable(s), select appropriate format (e.g., graph, chart, diagram) to summarize data obtained, analyze data and construct reasonable conclusions, and prepare written and oral reports of their investigation.  Distinguish between factual statements and inferences.  Raise questions about objects, events and processes that can be answered through scientific investigation.			
2, 3, 5 2 4 1, 2, 3, 4 1, 3, 4, 5 All lessons	1.b 1.c 1.e 1.f 2.b 2.c	Sort and sequence data according to a given criterion.  Develop and use categories to classify subjects studied.  When given a problem, plan and conduct experiments in which they: Form research questions, discuss possible outcomes of investigations, identify variables, plan procedures to control independent variable(s), collect data on the dependent variable(s), select appropriate format (e.g., graph, chart, diagram) to summarize data obtained, analyze data and construct reasonable conclusions, and prepare written and oral reports of their investigation.  Distinguish between factual statements and inferences.  Raise questions about objects, events and processes that can be answered through scientific investigation.  Maintain an open and questioning mind toward ideas and alternative points of view.			
2, 3, 5 2 4 1, 2, 3, 4 1, 3, 4, 5 All lessons All lessons	1.b 1.c 1.e 1.f 2.b 2.c 2.d	Sort and sequence data according to a given criterion.  Develop and use categories to classify subjects studied.  When given a problem, plan and conduct experiments in which they: Form research questions, discuss possible outcomes of investigations, identify variables, plan procedures to control independent variable(s), collect data on the dependent variable(s), select appropriate format (e.g., graph, chart, diagram) to summarize data obtained, analyze data and construct reasonable conclusions, and prepare written and oral reports of their investigation.  Distinguish between factual statements and inferences.  Raise questions about objects, events and processes that can be answered through scientific investigation.  Maintain an open and questioning mind toward ideas and alternative points of view.  Check reports of observations for accuracy.			
2, 3, 5 2 4 1, 2, 3, 4 1, 3, 4, 5 All lessons All lessons All lessons	1.b 1.c 1.e 1.f 2.b 2.c 2.d 3.a	Sort and sequence data according to a given criterion.  Develop and use categories to classify subjects studied.  When given a problem, plan and conduct experiments in which they: Form research questions, discuss possible outcomes of investigations, identify variables, plan procedures to control independent variable(s), collect data on the dependent variable(s), select appropriate format (e.g., graph, chart, diagram) to summarize data obtained, analyze data and construct reasonable conclusions, and prepare written and oral reports of their investigation.  Distinguish between factual statements and inferences.  Raise questions about objects, events and processes that can be answered through scientific investigation.  Maintain an open and questioning mind toward ideas and alternative points of view.  Check reports of observations for accuracy.  Know and explain science information specified for their grade level.			

## UTAH ALIGNMENT FOR NIH SUPPLEMENT HOW YOUR BRAIN UNDERSTANDS WHAT YOUR EAR HEARS

All lessons	4.b	Use precise scientific language in oral and written communication.
All lessons	4.c	Use correct English in oral and written reports.
3, 5	4.e	Use mathematical language and reasoning to communicate information.
4	4.f	Construct models to describe concepts and principles.
3, 4, 5	5.a	Cite examples of how science affects life.
4	5.b	Give instances of how technological advances have influenced the progress of science and how science has influenced advances in technology.
1, 2	5.c	Understand the cumulative nature of the development of science knowledge.
1	5.d	Recognize contributions to science knowledge that have been made by both women and men.
All lessons	6.a	Science is a way of knowing that is used by many people, not just scientists.
2, 3, 4, 5	6.b	Understand that science investigations use a variety of methods and do not always use the same set of procedures; understand that there is not just one "scientific method."
All lessons	6.c	Science findings are based upon evidence.
All lessons	6.d	Understand that science conclusions are tentative and therefore never final. Understandings based upon these conclusions are subject to revision in light of new evidence.
All lessons	6.e	Understand that scientific conclusions are based on the assumption that natural laws operate today as they did in the past and that they will continue to do so in the future.
1, 2, 5	6.f	Understand that various disciplines of science are interrelated and share common rules of evidence to explain phenomena in the natural world.
	Utah N	Mathematics Core Curriculum Standards: Math 7, Pre-Algebra, and Algebra I
		Math 7
Lesson	Standard	Objective
3, 5	1:1.a	Demonstrate multiple ways to represent whole numbers, decimals, fractions, percents, and integers using models and real-life examples.
3	1:3.a	Find equivalent forms for common fractions, decimals, percents, and ratios, including repeating or terminating decimals.
3	1:4.b	Recognize percents as ratios based on 100 and decimals as ratios based on powers of 10.
3, 5	1:5.a	Compute fluently using all four operations with integers and positive fractions and decimals.
3, 5	1:5.c	Solve application problems involving rational numbers.
5	1:5.d	Determine if an answer is reasonable using estimation.
3	2:1.a	Solve ratio and rate problems using informal methods involving multiplication and division.
	3:2.c	Model real-world problems using graphs, tables, equations, manipulatives, and pictures.
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3	5:2.a	Display data using tables, scatter plots, and circle graphs.

3	5:2.d	Propose and justify inferences and predictions based on data.			
Pre-Algebra					
Lesson	Standard	Objective			
3, 5	1:1.a	Compute fluently using all four operations with integers, and explain why the corresponding algorithms work.			
3	1:3.c	Solve problems involving rational numbers, percents, and proportions.			
3	2:1.a	Compare ratios to determine if they are equivalent.			
3	3:3.e	Model real-world problems using graphs, tables, equations, manipulatives, and pictures, and identify extraneous information.			
3, 5	5:2.a	Formulate questions that can be answered through data collection and analysis.			
3	5:2.e	Use graphical representations and numerical summaries to answer questions and interpret data.			
		Algebra I			
Lesson	Standard	Objective			
3, 5	1:2.c	Compute solutions to problems, represent answers in exact form, and determine the reasonableness of answers.			
3	4:1.a	Collect, record, organize, and display a set of data with at least two variables.			
		Utah Mathematics Intended Learning Outcomes: Grades 7 & 8			
Lesson	ILO	Descriptor			
3, 5	2	Become proficient problem-solvers by posing appropriate questions, selecting appropriate methods, employing a variety of strategies, and exploring alternative approaches.			
3, 5	3	Think logically, using inductive reasoning to formulate reasonable conjectures and using deductive reasoning for justification, formally and informally.			
3, 5	4	Cooperatively and independently explore mathematics, using inquiry and technological skills.			
3, 5	5	Make connections between mathematical ideas, between mathematics and other disciplines, and to life.			
3, 5	6	Communicate mathematics through verbal, written, and visual representations, using precise mathematical language and symbolic notation.			
	Utah Language Arts Core Curriculum Standards: Grades 7 & 8				
Grade 7					
Lesson	Standard	Objective			
1, 3, 4, 5	1:1.c	Determine word meaning through definition or explanation context clues.			
1, 3, 4, 5	1:2.c	Retell, paraphrase and summarize from informational text.			
1, 3, 4, 5	1:2.d	Distinguish main idea and supporting details in text.			
1, 3, 4, 5	2:1.a	Retell significant events in sequence.			

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1, 3, 4, 5	2:1.b	Summarize essential information from literary or informational text.	
1, 3, 4, 5	2:1.c	Connect text to self.	
1, 3, 4, 5	3:1.a	Establish a purpose for inquiry.	
All lessons	3:1.b	Gather relevant information to answer questions.	
All lessons	3:1.c	Validate the accuracy and relevance of information, discriminating between fact and opinion.	
All lessons	3:2.a	Select an appropriate format to report information.	
All lessons	3:2.b	Gather information on an idea or concept.	
All lessons	3:2.c	Report information using summarization.	
All lessons	3:3.a	Determine the purpose for communication (e.g., to respond to writing, to obtain a result, to convey ideas or information, to seek validation).	
All lessons	3:3.b	Use appropriate protocol for asking questions (e.g., turn taking, staying on topic, projecting adequately).	
All lessons	3:3.c	Use appropriate protocol for responding to questions (e.g., respecting others' contributions, staying on topic, projecting adequately).	
All lessons	3:3.d	Contribute constructively in classroom settings.	
	Grade 8		
1, 3, 4, 5	1:1.c	Determine word meaning through definition or explanation context clues.	
1, 3, 4, 5	1:2.c	Infer meaning from explicit information in text.	
1, 3, 4, 5	1:2.d	Distinguish fact from opinion.	
1, 3, 4, 5	2:1.a	Organize events and ideas in order of importance.	
1, 3, 4, 5	2:1.b	Focus written facts or events around a clearly stated, unifying idea.	
1, 3, 4, 5	2:1c	Connect text to self, text to world and text to text.	
1, 3, 4, 5	3:1.a	Formulate text-supported, open-ended questions for inquiry (i.e., literal, interpretive inferential, evaluative).	
All lessons	3:1.b	Choose information that best supports the focus of inquiry.	
All lessons	3:1.c	Distinguish between reliable and unreliable sources of information.	
All lessons	3:2.a	Select an appropriate format to demonstrate understanding.	
All lessons	3:2.c	Report information by paraphrasing, summarizing, and/or quoting from sources.	
All lessons	3:3.a	Determine the purpose for small group learning activities (e.g., to respond to writing, to acquire information, to present ideas, to clarify understanding).	
All lessons	3:3.b	Identify and assume responsibility for specific group tasks, including asking relevant questions.	
All lessons	3:3.c	Respond appropriately to group members' questions and contributions.	
3, 4, 5	3:3.d	Present group reports.	

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Utah Language Arts Intended Learning Outcomes: Grades 7 & 8		
Lesson	ILO	Descriptor
All lessons	2.c	Develop thinking and language acquisition together through interactive learning.
All lessons	4.a	Give and seek information in conversations, in group discussions, and in oral presentations.
All lessons	4.b	Use questioning techniques to gain information.
All lessons	4.c	Participate in and report on small group learning activities.
3	4.d	Develop and deliver individual presentations.
1, 3, 4, 5	5.b	Access background knowledge to prepare to read and enjoy texts.
1, 3, 4, 5	5.c	Use meta-cognition strategies during reading to monitor comprehension.
1, 3, 4, 5	5.d	Improve comprehension by using strategies when meaning breaks down.
1, 3, 4, 5	5.e	Retain information from and respond to text after reading.
All lessons	6.e	Develop collaborative writing skills to prepare for workplace writing.
All lessons	6.f	Understand that writing is a tool for thinking: solving problems, exploring issues, constructing questions, addressing inquiry.
All lessons	6.g	Understand that reading and writing are interrelated: writers approach new reading experiences with enhanced appreciation for the text.
Utah Health Education Core Curriculum Standards: Grades 7 & 8		
4, 5	7:1.a	Identify a variety of information sources; e.g., Internet, infomercials, pamphlets, public health department, television, telephone book, clinics.
3, 4, 5	7:1.b	Determine media influences on perceptions and choices related to health.
3, 4, 5	7:2.a	Identify health issues that affect individuals and/or families.