

Idaho

Idaho's 142,773 small businesses provide economic opportunities to diverse groups of people and bring innovative products and services to the marketplace.* This profile from the Office of Advocacy compiles the latest facts and figures on the status and role of small business in the state. (Note that a small business is defined here as one with fewer than 500 employees.)

- Idaho had 36,516 small employers in 2005, representing 97.2% of the state's employers and 57.9% of its private-sector employment.
- The health care and social assistance industry was the state's largest small business employer in 2005; retail trade was the largest overall employer (Table 1).
- Small businesses created 67.5% of the state's net new jobs from 2004 to 2005 (Table 2).
- Idaho's real gross state product increased by 2.4% in 2007. By comparison, growth in the Rocky Mountain region was 2.9% and the United States, 2.0%. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce: Bureau of Economic Analysis)

For Further Information

- Data on all the states and territories is available at www.sba.gov/advo/research/profiles.
- For other small business data and analysis, visit www.sba.gov/advo/research, call (202) 205-6533, or email advocacy@sba.gov.
- To learn about state efforts to adopt or implement regulatory flexibility, visit www.sba.gov/advo/laws/law_modeleg.html.
- Visit <http://web.sba.gov/list> to subscribe to listservs for Advocacy's newsletter, press releases, regulatory news and research reports.
- Visit www.sba.gov/advo/rsslibrary.html for RSS feeds.

* The number of small businesses is the number of small employers plus the number of nonemployers in 2005.

Idaho Small Business Facts

	Level in 2005†	% Change from 2004 2000	
Number of Businesses			
Small employers (<500 employees)	36,516	5.5	17
Large employers (500+ employees)	1,040	3.2	5.7
Nonemployers	106,257	6.4	25.9
	Level in 2002†	% Change from 1997	
Business Owner Demographics			
Male-owned	62,432	26.1	
Woman-owned	28,824	11.9	
Equally male/female-owned	25,643	-21.2	
African American-owned	373	127.4	
Asian-owned	1,111	12.2	
Hispanic-owned	2,775	-2.4	
Native American/Alaskan-owned	1,143	NA	
Hawaiian and Pacific Islander-owned	99	160.5	
	Level in 2007†	% Change from 2006 2000	
Workforce (Thousands) /Unemployment (%)			
Private-sector employment	538	3.0	19.4
Government employment	118	1.2	8
Self-employed (incorp. & uninc.)	118	2.6	26.1
Female self-employment	45	8.7	26.2
Male self-employment	73	-0.7	26.1
Minority self-employment	4	-26.3	177.5
Veteran self-employment	14	-7.6	-16.6
Unemployment rate (%)	2.7	-0.5	-1.9
Business Turnover			
Quarterly establishment openings	11,474	-2.1	25.4
Quarterly establishment closings	11,341	12.7	32.4
Business bankruptcies	116	107.1	-68.2
Income and Finance			
Proprietors' income (\$billion)	4.9	6.4	47.4
Bank branches	522	5.2	16.5
No. of bus. loans under \$100,000	8,722	-10.6	NA
Total value of business loans under \$100,000 (\$million)	252	4.9	NA

Sources: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts; Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Summary of Deposits; and U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy (www.sba.gov/advo/research/lending.html).

† Latest available data; certain figures are economywide.

Table 1. Firms and Employment in Idaho by Industry and Firm Size, 2005 and 2006 (Non-farm, thousands)

Industry	Nonemployer firms (2006)	Employer firms (2005)			Employment (2005)		
		Total	1-19 Employees	1-499 Employees	Total	1-19 Employees	1-499 Employees
Total	109.2	37.6	33.0	36.5	519.3	127.8	300.5
Forestry, etc. and agriculture support	2.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	3.7	1.7	3.6
Mining	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.1	0.4	1.7
Utilities	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	3.5	(D)	1.0
Construction	16.2	7.7	7.3	7.7	44.7	25.1	40.1
Manufacturing	2.4	1.8	1.4	1.7	61.2	7.1	27.2
Wholesale trade	1.7	1.6	1.1	1.5	23.6	4.9	16.5
Retail trade	11.9	4.4	3.7	4.2	75.7	17.2	38.8
Transportation and warehousing	4.2	1.5	1.3	1.4	15.5	3.9	10.5
Information	1.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	12.6	1.3	4.0
Finance and insurance	3.8	1.6	1.4	1.5	20.9	3.9	9.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	14.3	1.9	1.9	1.9	7.3	4.0	6.1
Professional, scientific, and technical svcs.	12.6	3.6	3.3	3.5	35.1	10.3	18.7
Management of companies and enterprises	--	0.2	0.0	0.1	11.6	0.1	1.6
Admin., support, waste mgt., remed. svcs.	6.4	1.9	1.6	1.8	47.1	5.4	16.0
Educational services	2.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	8.3	(D)	3.6
Health care and social assistance	9.2	3.7	3.2	3.7	68.8	15.6	43.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	4.1	0.7	0.6	0.6	7.3	1.9	6.1
Accommodation and food services	1.4	2.7	2.1	2.7	51.7	12.7	36.0
Other services (except public admin.)	14.7	3.0	2.8	3.0	18.5	10.6	15.7
Unclassified	--	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Statistics of U.S. Businesses. (See www.sba.gov/advo/research/data.html for data from other years, and for starts, closures, job creation and destruction by industry and by size category.)

(D) Data suppressed to protect the confidentiality of individual firms.

Table 2: Net Job Change by Firm Size, 2002–2005 (Non-farm)

	Total	Employment size of firm						
		1-4	5-9	10-19	20-99	100-499	<500	500+
2004 - 2005	30,134	8,631	3,379	2,861	2,715	2,742	20,328	9,806
2003 - 2004	22,045	7,110	1,809	1,425	3,660	2,568	16,572	5,473
2002 - 2003	13,118	6,682	1,958	990	1,080	1,256	11,966	1,152

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. (For more detailed data see www.sba.gov/advo/research/data.html.)

Table 3: Establishment and Employment Turnover by Quarter, 2007 (Non-farm, thousands)

	Establishments				Employment			
	Openings	Expansions	Contractions	Closings	Openings	Expansions	Contractions	Closings
Quarter 4	3.1	10.4	10.2	2.7	9.5	37.6	33.9	8.4
Quarter 3	2.6	9.9	10.7	3.1	9.2	32.5	36.5	8.7
Quarter 2	2.9	10.4	10.8	2.9	9.2	35.6	36.3	8.6
Quarter 1	2.9	10.9	9.7	2.7	9.8	38.6	32.8	7.9

Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Business Employment Dynamics. (For more detailed data see www.bls.gov/bdm/home.htm.)

Note: The establishment turnover figures contain all firm sizes, but Census data from 2005 showed that 87 percent of establishment births and deaths were in firms with fewer than 500 employees.