

Small Business Profile: ARIZONA

Small businesses make a significant contribution to the U.S. economy, and in 2003, they were the engine of Arizona's economic performance. Nationally, half of U.S. non-farm private output and employment is generated by small firms with 500 or fewer employees; in Arizona, small business owners—including women, minorities, and home based individuals—were leaders in the state's economy in 2003. The Office of Advocacy's *Small Business Profile* reports on small businesses in the state using the most currently available data.

Number of Businesses. The estimated total number of small businesses in Arizona in 2003 was 383,400.¹ Of the 109,692 employer firms in 2003, 97.1 percent or an estimated 106,500 were small firms. The estimated number of employer businesses increased by 1.7 percent in 2003. The most recent data available show that non-employer businesses numbered 276,858 in 2001. Self-employment increased by 2.9 percent, from 156,518 in 2002 to 161,031 in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau; U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.)

Women-Owned Businesses. Self-employment by women decreased by 2.9 percent, from 63,686 in 2002 to 61,838 in 2003 and represented 38.2 percent of self-employed persons in the state. Women-owned businesses generated \$11.3 billion in revenues, employed 101,601 workers, and constituted 88,800 firms or 27 percent of all firms in 1997. (Sources: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Minority-Owned Businesses. In 1997, 22.9 percent or 9,900 of the minority-owned businesses in the state were employer firms, and they generated 88.3 percent of the total minority-owned business revenue of \$7.1 billion. There were 28,900 Hispanic-owned businesses; 3,600 Black-owned businesses; 7,100 Asian and Pacific Islander-owned businesses; and 5,500 American Indian and Alaskan Native-owned businesses in 1997. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Business Turnover. The estimated number of new employer businesses was 13,322 in 2003, which is 6.8 percent less than

the previous year. Business bankruptcies decreased by 7.3 percent, and totaled 701 in 2003. Business terminations decreased by 12.2 percent and numbered 15,488 in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Employment. Small businesses with fewer than 500 employees numbered 91,188 in 2001 and employed 930,080 people or 47.9 percent of the state's non-farm private workforce (Table 1).² Total net employment gain in the state amounted to 22,623 between 2000 and 2001, and 26,660 new jobs were created in MSAs (metropolitan statistical areas). During the same time period, firms with fewer than 20 employees gained 22,408 jobs. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau, Statistics of U.S. Businesses. Note: Urban (MSA) and rural (non-MSA) employment data is available at: www.sba.gov/advo/stats/data.html.)

Small Business Income. Small business proprietors' income in 2003 increased by 5.5 percent, from \$11.9 billion in 2002 to \$12.6 billion in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce.)

Finance. Small firms typically use commercial bank lenders and rely on local bank services. Over the last five years there has been a gradual decline in the number of banks in Arizona (Table 3). The Office of Advocacy has identified banks in each state that make the most loans to small businesses. This information is available in its banking studies available at www.sba.gov/advo/stats.

To learn more about the Office of Advocacy's research, data, and analyses of small businesses, visit www.sba.gov/advo, call (202) 205-6533 or email advocacy@sba.gov.

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¹ The Office of Advocacy's estimate of the total number of state small businesses is based on the percent of small businesses (2001 Census Bureau firm size data) multiplied by the total number of employer businesses in 2003 (Dept. of Labor). To this total, we add the 2001 number of non-employer firms (Census Bureau).

² The number of employers listed in Table 1 is not directly comparable to the figures listed in the *Number of Businesses* section due to different data sources.

Table 1. Firms and Employment in Arizona by Industry and Firm Size, 2001 (Thousands)

Industry	Non-employer Firms	Employer Firms			Employment		
		Total	< 100	< 500	Total	< 100	< 500
Total	276.86	93.95	88.91	91.19	1,941.60	657.67	930.08
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	1.79	0.21	0.21	0.21	1.82	*	*
Mining	0.26	0.18	0.15	0.16	10.01	*	*
Utilities	0.26	0.18	0.15	0.16	10.08	0.94	2.1
Construction	23.68	12.55	12.23	12.44	168.42	102.14	141.13
Manufacturing	5.25	4.72	4.16	4.39	194.22	50.51	77.05
Wholesale trade	6.7	5.73	4.93	5.21	87.98	4.93	50.49
Retail trade	28.78	10.8	10.08	10.34	265.81	10.08	99.16
Transportation and warehousing	9.61	2.24	2.05	2.12	73.59	2.05	19.53
Information	4.25	1.3	1.09	1.14	57.98	7.72	11.05
Finance and insurance	13.23	4.31	3.89	4.01	112.81	17.26	23.17
Real estate; rental and leasing	38.79	5.07	4.85	4.94	41.63	19.96	41.63
Professional, scientific, and technical services	43.2	12.26	11.79	11.98	117.37	56.42	69.65
Management of companies and enterprises	N/A	0.51	0.15	0.28	42.04	1.25	4.75
Admin., support, waste mngt., and remed., services	18.36	6.31	5.8	6.01	189.75	5.8	76.34
Educational services	4.93	1.2	1.12	1.17	27.1	13.89	19.78
Health care and social assistance	22.77	9.19	8.81	9.02	200.31	63.98	99.83
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	13.28	1.28	1.17	1.24	35.02	11.65	22.93
Accommodation and food services	3.31	6.75	6.34	6.55	205.69	81.26	113.12
Other services	38.42	9.08	8.84	8.96	80.8	57.41	67.13
Auxiliary, except corp, subsidiary, and regional managing offices	N/A	0.18	0.03	0.06	17.55	0.2	1.56
Unclassified	N/A	1.34	1.34	1.64	1.64	*	1.64

*Data suppressed to protect the confidentiality of individual firms.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Census Bureau.

Table 2. Non-farm Establishment Job Gains and Losses by Firm Size, 2000–2001 (Thousands)

	Firm Size (Number of Employees)			
	Total	1–19	1–499	500+
Job Gains:				
New establishments	141.55	36.8	73.65	67.9
Expanding establishments	216.96	51.85	114.48	102.47
Job Losses:				
Downsized establishments	-196.54	-33.04	-92.61	-103.93
Closed establishments	-139.35	-33.21	-66.15	-73.19
Net change in employment	22.62	22.41	29.38	-6.75

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2001.

Table 3. Number of Banks in Arizona by Asset Size, 1995 – 2003

Number of Banks Per Year					Number of Banks by Asset Size, 2003				
1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	Below \$100M	\$100M–\$500M	\$500–\$1B	\$1B–\$10B	Over \$10B
34	46	43	41	45	27	10	3	3	2

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, from data collected by the Federal Reserve Board.

The full list of small-business-friendly banks can be found on the Office of Advocacy's website at www.sba.gov/advocacy/lending.