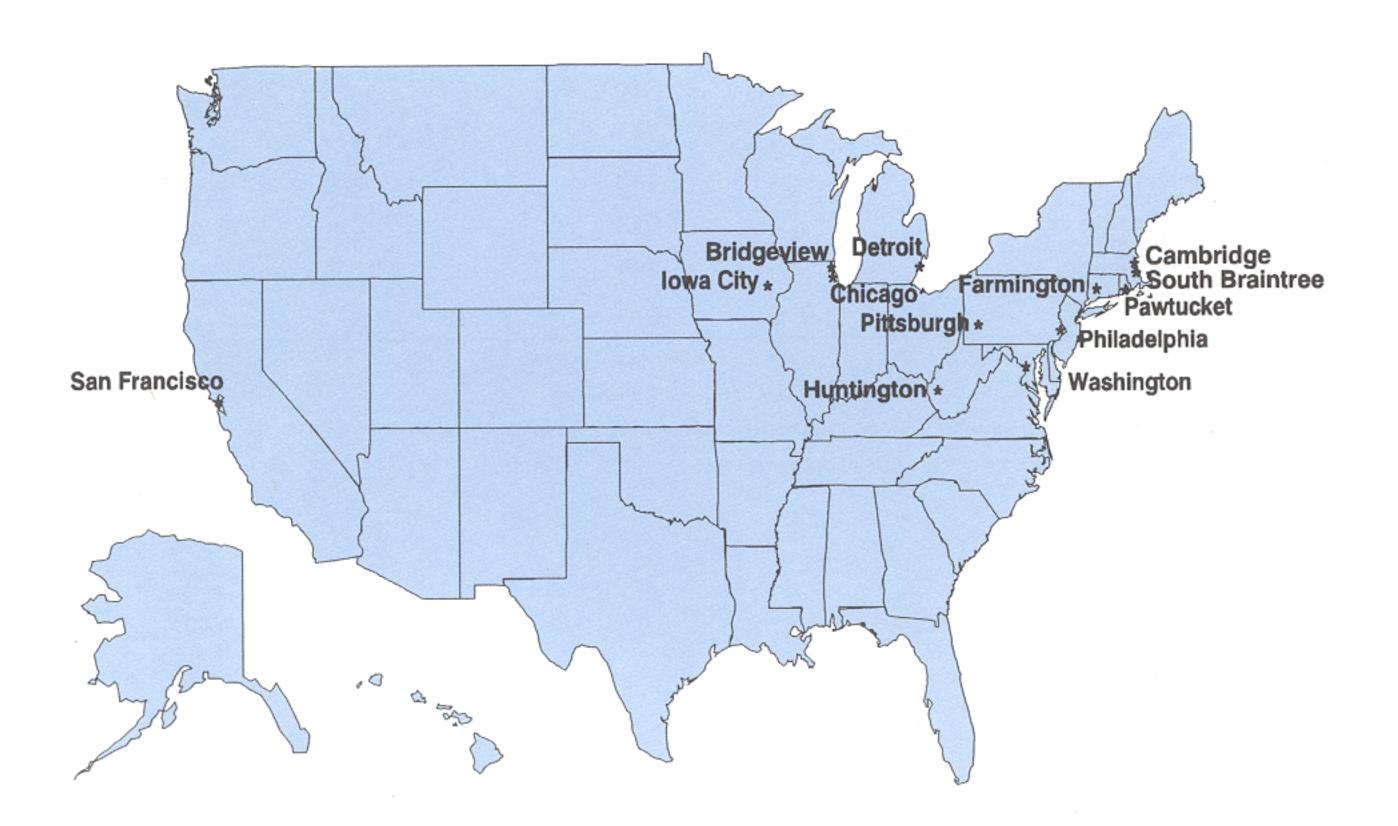
## Occupational Disease Surveillance Database

The Association of Occupational and Environmental Clinics (AOEC) has developed a unique surveillance database for a broad range of occupational diseases and cumulative injuries. The development of this Occupational Disease Surveillance Database has been supported in part by funding from the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH).

See Appendix A for more information about the AOEC Database.

Figure 11-1. Geographic locations of AOEC member clinics reporting cases: January 1991 - September 1992



## ASSOCIATION OF OCCUPATIONAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL CLINICS

Occupational Disease Surveillance Database

Table 11-1. Occupational disorders: major diagnostic categories among 920 reported cases, January 1991 - September 1992

| Diagnosis   | Number     | %     |
|---|------------|-------|
| Respiratory disorders, including respiratory cancer | 586        | 49.3  |
| Musculoskeletal disorders                           | 327        | 27.5  |
| Symptoms and ill-defined conditions                 | 63         | 5.3   |
| Psychiatric and neurological disorders              | 62         | 5.2   |
| Chemical poisonings/syndromes                       | 5 <b>7</b> | 4.8   |
| Skin disorders                                      | 39         | 3.3   |
| Disorders of sensory organs                         | 20         | 1.7   |
| Miscellaneous conditions, non-respiratory           | 18         | 1.5   |
| Hepatic and renal disorders                         | 9          | 0.8   |
| Infectious diseases, non-respiratory                | 5          | 0.4   |
| Tumors, non-respiratory                             | 3          | 0.3   |
| Total diagnoses                                     | 1,189      | 100.0 |

NOTE: Purified protein derivative conversions are included with respiratory disorders. Percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.

SOURCE: AOEC Occupational Disease Surveillance Database.

Table 11-2. Occupational respiratory disorders: distribution of diagnoses related to exposures other than asbestos among 294 reported cases, January 1991 - September 1992

| Diagnosis                                    | Number | %     |
|--|--------|-------|
| Asthma/RADS/hyperactive airways disease      | 118    | 37.7  |
| Acute upper respiratory irritation           | 47     | 15.0  |
| Chronic respiratory irritation               | 45     | 14.4  |
| Bronchitis (not otherwise specified)         | 21     | 6.7   |
| Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease        | 16     | 5.1   |
| Chronic bronchitis                           | 14     | 4.5   |
| Chemical pneumonitis                         | 11     | 3.5   |
| Purified protein derivative (PPD) conversion | 10     | 3.2   |
| Hypersensitivity pneumonitis                 | 6      | 1.9   |
| Coal workers' pneumoconiosis                 | 5      | 1.6   |
| Silicosis                                    | 5      | 1.6   |
| Acute bronchitis                             | 4      | 1.3   |
| Nasal septum perforation                     | 3      | 1.0   |
| Vocal chord/laryngeal disorders              | 3      | 1.3   |
| Lung function abnormalities                  | 3      | 1.0   |
| Siderosis                                    | 1      | 0.3   |
| Occupational pneumoconiosis, other           | 1      | 0.3   |
| Total diagnoses                              | 313    | 100.0 |

NOTE: Percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding. The AOEC Database contains reports of 1,189 occupational diagnoses made in 1991 and 1992 among 920 cases. Respiratory disorders constituted 586 (49%) of the diagnoses and 507 (55%) of the cases. Table 11-2 describes the diagnoses related to occupational exposures other than asbestos. Since asbestos-related diagnoses constitute such a distinct subset of the respiratory disease spectrum, and reflect the present burden of historical exposures, these diagnoses are described separately in Table 11-3.

SOURCE: AOEC Occupational Disease Surveillance Database.

## Occupational Disease Surveillance Database

Table 11-3. Diagnoses among 213 reported cases with asbestos-related diseases, January 1991 - September 1992

| Diagnosis   | Number | %     |
|---|--------|-------|
| Pleural disease                                   | 135    | 63.1  |
| Asbestosis  | 106    | 49.5  |
| Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease             | 14     | 6.5   |
| Respiratory cancer                                | 11     |       |
| Larynx  | 1      | 0.5   |
| Bronchogenic                                      | 1      | 0.5   |
| Adenocarcinoma                                    | 4      | 1.9   |
| Mesothelioma                                      | 1      | 0.5   |
| Lung cancer, not otherwise specified              | 4      | 1.9   |
| Other   | 7      |       |
| Chronic bronchitis                                | 3      | 1.4   |
| Asthma  | 1      | 0.5   |
| Restrictive lung disease, not otherwise specified | 3      | 1.4   |
| Total diagnoses                                   | 273    | 100.0 |

NOTE: Percents total to greater than 100% because some cases have more than one diagnosis.

SOURCE: AOEC Occupational Disease Surveillance Database.

Table 11-4. Occupational respiratory disorders: distribution by industry in which exposure occurred, January 1991 - September 1992

| SIC   | Industry   | Number | %     |
|-------|--|--------|-------|
| 20-39 | Manufacturing  | 194    | 38.3  |
| 15-17 | Construction   | 97     | 19.1  |
| 70-89 | Services (hotel, motel, education, other)                          | 84     | 16.6  |
| 40-49 | Transportation, communication, electric, Gas and sanitary services | 62     | 12.2  |
| 91-97 | Public administration  | 22     | 4.3   |
| 1-9   | Agriculture  | 14     | 2.8   |
| 10-14 | Mining   | 9      | 1.8   |
| 51-59 | Wholesale and retail trade   | 8      | 1.6   |
| 60-67 | Finance, insurance and real estate                                 | 4      | 0.8   |
|       | Industry missing   | 13     | 2.6   |
| TOTAL |  | 507    | 100.0 |

SIC - Standard Industrial Classification

NOTE: Cases include both non-asbestos and asbestos-related.

Percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.

SOURCE: AOEC Occupational Disease Surveillance Database.

Occupational Disease Surveillance Database

Table 11-5. Occupational respiratory disorders: distribution by occupation in which exposure occurred, January 1991 - September 1992

| soc      | Occupation  | Number | %     |
|----------|---|--------|-------|
| 63-65    | Construction and extractive occupations                       | 123    | 24.3  |
| 71-78    | Production working occupations                                | 116    | 22.9  |
| 67-69    | Precision production occupations                              | 55     | 10.8  |
| 85-87    | Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, laborers               | 39     | 7.7   |
| 60-61    | Mechanics and repairers                                       | 33     | 6.5   |
| 81-83    | Transportation and material moving occupations                | 24     | 4.7   |
| 40-47    | Marketing, sales, and administrative support                  | 21     | 4.1   |
| 50-52    | Service occupations   | 19     | 3.7   |
| 19-25    | Social scientists, social workers, lawyers, and teachers      | 15     | 3.0   |
| 55-58    | Agricultural, forestry and fishing occupations                | 13     | 2.6   |
| 26-30,36 | Health care occupations and health technicians                | 10     | 2.0   |
| 37-39    | Technologists and technicians, except health                  | 8      | 1.6   |
| 11-14    | Executive, administrative, and managerial                     | 8      | 1.6   |
| 16-18    | Engineers, architects, natural scientists, and mathematicians | 7      | 1.4   |
| 32-34    | Writers, artists, and entertainers                            | 5      | 1.0   |
| 91,99    | Military and miscellaneous occupations                        | 2      | 0.4   |
|          | Occupation missing  | 9      | 1.8   |
| TOTAL    |   | 507    | 100.0 |

**SOC - Standard Occupation Classification** 

NOTE: This table includes both non-asbestos and asbestos-related cases.

SOURCE: AOEC Occupational Disease Surveillance Database.