

US Army Corps  
of Engineers

*Final*

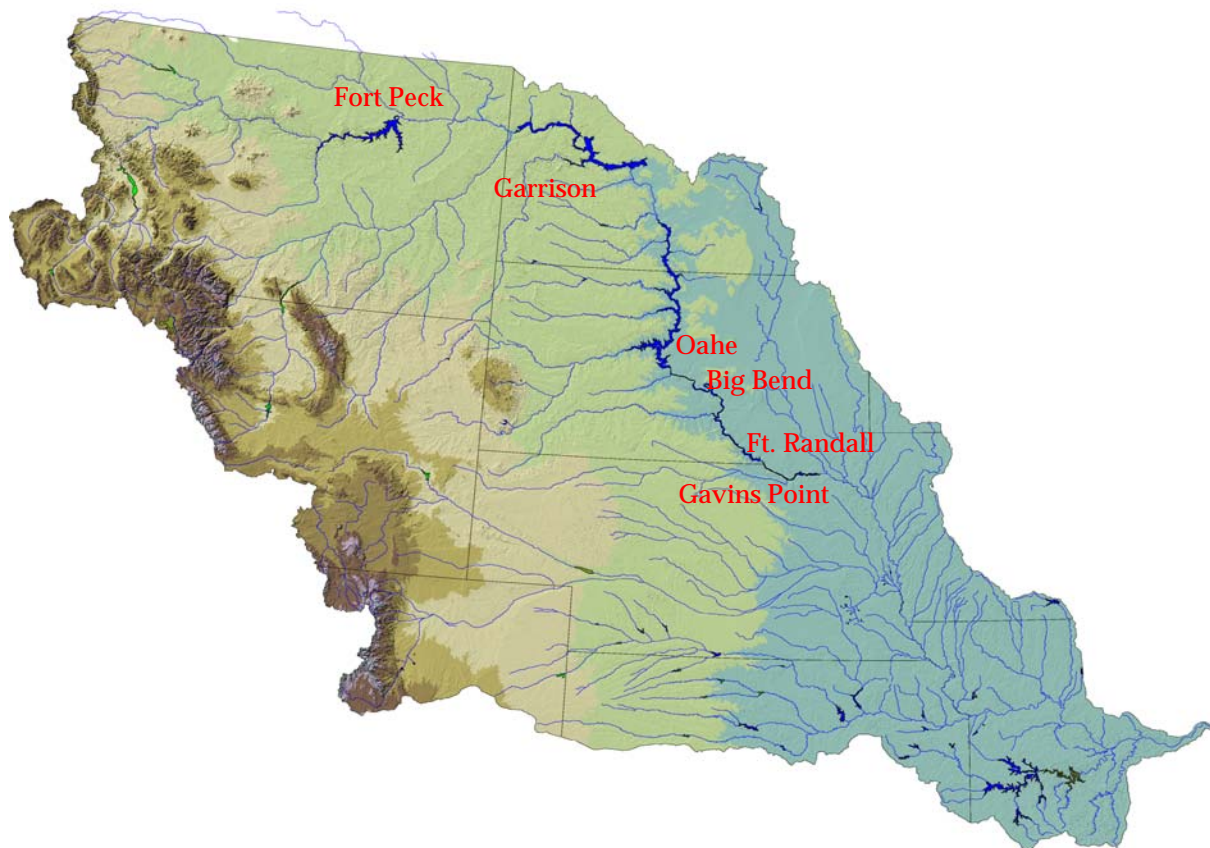
**AOP**

**2008-2009**

*Northwestern Division  
Missouri River Basin  
Water Management Division*

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*Missouri River Mainstem System  
2008-2009 Annual Operating Plan*



*Annual Operating Plan Process  
56 Years Serving the Missouri River Basin*

*December 2008*





REPLY TO  
ATTENTION OF

**DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY**  
**CORPS OF ENGINEERS, NORTHWESTERN DIVISION**  
PO BOX 2870  
PORTLAND OR 97208-2870

DEC 30 2008

Division Commander

Dear Stakeholders and Concerned Citizens:

This Annual Operating Plan (AOP) presents the Corps of Engineers' regulation of the Missouri River Mainstem Reservoir System (System) through December 2009. The AOP is based on water management guidelines designed to meet the reservoir regulation objectives of the existing Missouri River Master Water Control Manual (Master Manual) updated in March 2006.

The AOP information provides a framework for the development of detailed monthly, weekly, and daily regulation schedules for the System's six individual dams during the upcoming year to serve its Congressionally-authorized project purposes. System water management is provided by my staff at the Missouri River Basin Water Management Division, Northwestern Division, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, located in Omaha, Nebraska.

A draft of this AOP was made available to the public in September 2008. A report presenting Draft AOP meeting comments and including copies of all the comment letters received is available upon request.

Runoff into the Missouri River basin returned to near normal this year, but water stored in the System is still below normal levels due to previous drought years. At these storage levels, water conservation measures remain an important consideration. With more normal runoff this past year, System storage has improved to the point that the AOP indicates the implementation of a bimodal spring pulse (March and May) from Gavins Point Dam in 2009 under all runoff scenarios, downstream flow conditions permitting. These pulses are consistent with those outlined in the 2003 Amended Biological Opinion and the 2006 Master Manual.

We realize that the benefits provided by the System are vitally important to the Nation and the people that live and work in the basin. We believe that the continued implementation of the revised Master Manual, and more specifically this AOP, will result in an appropriate balance of benefits provided to all of the people who rely on the System. Thank you for your interest in the regulation of the System.

Sincerely,

// signed //

William E. Rapp, P.E.  
Brigadier General, US Army  
Division Commander



**MISSOURI RIVER MAINSTEM RESERVOIR SYSTEM**

**Annual Operating Plan  
2008 - 2009**

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## ABBREVIATIONS

AOP	- annual operating plan
ac.ft.	- acre-feet
ACHP	- Advisory Council on Historic Preservation
AF	- acre-feet
B	- Billion
BiOp	- Biological Opinion
BOR	- Bureau of Reclamation
cfs	- cubic feet per second
COE	- Corps of Engineers
CY	- calendar year (January 1 to December 31)
elev	- elevation
ESA	- Endangered Species Act
ft	- feet
FTT	- Flow-to-Target
FY	- fiscal year (October 1 to September 30)
GIS	- Geographic Information System
GWh	- gigawatt hour
ISP	- initial starting point
KAF	- 1,000 acre-feet
Kcfs	- 1,000 cubic feet per second
kW	- kilowatt
kWh	- kilowatt hour
M	- million
MAF	- million acre-feet
MRBA	- Missouri River Basin Association
MRNRC	- Missouri River Natural Resources Committee
msl	- mean sea level
MW	- megawatt
MWh	- megawatt hour
NEPA	- National Environmental Policy Act
plover	- piping plover
pp	- powerplant
PA	- Programmatic Agreement
P-S MBP	- Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin Program
RCC	- Reservoir Control Center
RM	- river mile
RPA	- Reasonable and Prudent Alternative
SHPO	- State Historic Preservation Officers
SR	- Steady Release
tern	- interior least tern

- T&E - Threatened and Endangered
- THPO - Tribal Historic Preservation Officers
- tw - tailwater
- USFWS - United States Fish and Wildlife Service
- USGS - United States Geological Survey
- WY - water year
- yr - year



## DEFINITION OF TERMS

Acre-foot (AF, ac-ft) is the quantity of water required to cover 1 acre to a depth of 1 foot and is equivalent to 43,560 cubic feet or 325,850 gallons.

Cubic foot per second (cfs) is the rate of discharge representing a volume of 1 cubic foot passing a given point during 1 second and is equivalent to approximately 7.48 gallons per second or 448.8 gallons per minute. The volume of water represented by a flow of 1 cubic foot per second for 24 hours is equivalent to 86,400 cubic feet, approximately 1.983 acre-feet, or 646,272 gallons.

Discharge is the volume of water (or more broadly, volume of fluid plus suspended sediment) that passes a given point within a given period of time.

Drainage area of a stream at a specific location is that area, measured in a horizontal plane, enclosed by a topographic divide from which direct surface runoff from precipitation normally drains by gravity into the river above the specified point. Figures of drainage area given herein include all closed basins, or noncontributing areas, within the area unless otherwise noted.

Drainage basin is a part of the surface of the earth that is occupied by drainage system, which consists of a surface stream or body of impounded surface water together with all tributary surface streams and bodies of impounded water.

Gaging station is a particular site on a stream, canal, lake, or reservoir where systematic observations of hydrologic data are obtained.

Runoff in inches shows the depth to which the drainage area would be covered if all the runoff for a given time period were uniformly distributed on it.

Streamflow is the discharge that occurs in a natural channel. Although the term "discharge" can be applied to the flow of a canal, the word "streamflow" uniquely describes the discharge in a surface stream course. The term "streamflow" is more general than "runoff" as streamflow may be applied to discharge whether or not it is affected by diversion or regulation.

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# MISSOURI RIVER MAINSTEM RESERVOIR SYSTEM

## Annual Operating Plan 2008 - 2009

### I. FOREWORD

This Annual Operating Plan (AOP) presents pertinent information and plans for regulating the Missouri River Mainstem Reservoir System (System) through December 2009 under widely varying water supply conditions. It provides a framework for the development of detailed monthly, weekly, and daily regulation schedules for the System's six individual dams during the coming year to serve the Congressionally authorized project purposes; to fulfill the Corps' responsibilities to Native American Tribes; and to comply with environmental laws, including the Endangered Species Act (ESA). Regulation is directed by the Reservoir Control Center in the Missouri River Basin Water Management Division, Northwestern Division, U. S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps). A map of the Missouri River basin is shown on *Plate 1* and the summary of engineering data for the six individual Mainstem projects and System is shown on *Plate 2*.

This plan may require adjustments such as when substantial departures from expected runoff occur; to meet emergencies including short-term intrasystem adjustments to protect human health and safety during periods of extended drought to maintain minimum river or reservoir levels to keep intakes operational, and adjustments in reservoir releases or reservoir levels to prevent loss of historic and cultural properties; or to meet the provisions of applicable laws, including the ESA. These adjustments would be made to the extent possible after evaluating impacts to all System uses, would generally be short term in nature and would continue only until the issue is resolved.

This document provides the plan for future regulation of the System. Other documents that may be of interest include the recently revised "System Description and Regulation" report dated November 2007 or the "Summary of Actual Calendar Year 2007 Regulation," dated April 2008. Both reports are currently available at the "Reports and Publications" link on our web site at: [www.nwd-mr.usace.army.mil/rcc](http://www.nwd-mr.usace.army.mil/rcc), or you may contact the Missouri River Basin Water Management Division at 1616 Capitol Avenue, Suite 365, Omaha, Nebraska 68102-4909, phone (402) 996-3841 for copies. The "Summary of Actual Calendar Year 2008 Regulation" will be available at the same site in April of 2009.

## II. PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Beginning in 1953, projected System reservoir regulation for the year ahead was developed annually as a basis for advance coordination with the various interested Federal, State, and local agencies and private citizens. Also beginning in 1953, a coordinating committee was organized to make recommendations on each upcoming year's System regulation. The Coordinating Committee on Missouri River Mainstem Reservoir Operations held meetings semiannually until 1981 and provided recommendations to the Corps. In 1982, the Committee was dissolved because it did not conform to the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act. Since 1982, to continue providing a forum for public participation, one or more open public meetings are held semiannually in the spring and fall. The fall public meeting is conducted to take public input on a draft of the AOP, which typically is published in early October each year. The spring meetings are conducted to update the public on the current hydrologic conditions and projected System regulation for the remainder of the year as it relates to implementing the Final AOP.

Under the terms of Stipulation 18 of the March 2004 "Programmatic Agreement for the Operation and Management of the Missouri River Main Stem System for Compliance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended" (PA) the Corps has agreed to consult/meet with the affected Tribes and Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (THPO's), State Historic Preservation Officers (SHPO's), the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP) and other parties on the draft AOP. The purpose of this consultation/meeting is to determine whether operational changes are likely to cause changes to the nature, location or severity of adverse effects to historic properties or to the types of historic properties affected and whether amendments to the Corps Cultural Resources Management Plans and Five-Year Plan are warranted in order to better address such effects to historic properties. During 2006 the Corps worked with the affected Tribes to establish processes for consultation on AOP's under 36 CFR Part 800, the PA, and Executive Order 13175. The process consists of a series of informational meetings with the Tribes and/or government-to-government consultation with Tribes, as requested. A letter, dated August 27, 2008, was sent to the Tribes offering consultation on the 2008-2009 AOP. Meeting times and locations of the six fall public meetings were also provided. Separate meetings will be scheduled for all Tribes requesting government-to-government consultation. All tribes, whether signatory to the PA or not, may request government-to-government consultation on this and all future AOP's. In addition, the Tribes have reserved water rights to the Missouri River and its major tributaries. In no way does this AOP attempt to define, regulate or quantify water rights or any other rights that the Tribes are entitled to by law/treaty.

The 2008 spring public meetings were held at the following locations and dates: April 15 at Jefferson City and Kansas City, Missouri; April 16 at Nebraska City, Nebraska and Fort Peck, Montana; April 17 at Bismarck, North Dakota and Pierre,

South Dakota. The attendees were given an update regarding the outlook for 2008 runoff and projected System regulation for the remainder of 2008. Six fall public meetings on the Draft 2008-2009 AOP were held: October 14 in Nebraska City, Nebraska; October 15 in Kansas City and Jefferson City, Missouri; October 16 in Fort Peck, Montana and Bismarck, North Dakota; and October 17 in Pierre, South Dakota.

In the spring of 2009, public meetings will be held to discuss the basin's hydrologic conditions and the effects those conditions are expected to have on the implementation of the Final 2008-2009 AOP.

### **III. MAINSTEM MASTER MANUAL AND ESA CONSULTATIONS**

The Missouri River Mainstem Reservoir System Master Water Control Manual (Master Manual) presents the water control plan and operational objectives for the integrated regulation of the System. First published in 1960 and subsequently revised during the 1970's, the Master Manual was revised in March 2004 to include more stringent drought conservation measures. The 2003 Amendment to the 2000 Biological Opinion (2003 Amended BiOp) presented the USFWS' opinion that the regulation of the System would jeopardize the continued existence of the endangered pallid sturgeon. The USFWS provided a Reasonable and Prudent Alternative (RPA) to avoid jeopardy to the pallid sturgeon that included a provision for the Corps to develop a plan to implement a bimodal 'spring pulse' from Gavins Point Dam. Working with the USFWS, Tribes, states and basin stakeholders, the Corps developed technical criteria for the bimodal spring pulse releases. In March 2006 the Master Manual was revised to include technical criteria for a spring pulse.

### **IV. FUTURE RUNOFF: AUGUST 2008 - DECEMBER 2009**

Runoff into the six System reservoirs is typically low and relatively stable during the August-to-February period. The August 1 calendar year runoff forecast is used as input to the Basic reservoir regulation simulation in the AOP studies for the period August 2008 to February 2009. The August 1 runoff forecast for 2008 was 26.3 million acre-feet (MAF). Two other runoff scenarios based on the August 1 runoff forecast were developed for the same period. These are the Upper Basic and Lower basic simulations, which are based on 120 percent and 80 percent of the August 1 runoff forecast, respectively.

Simulations for the March 1, 2009 to February 28, 2010 time period use five statistically derived inflow scenarios based on an analysis of historic water supply. The report that presents the details of the calculations used to develop these inflow scenarios was updated in July 2008 to include 9 additional years of inflow data, which

now extends from 1898 to 2006. Using statistically derived inflow scenarios provides a good range of simulation for dry, average, and wet conditions, and eliminates the need to forecast future precipitation, which is very difficult.

The five statistically derived inflows are identified as the Upper Decile, Upper Quartile, Median, Lower Quartile and Lower Decile runoff conditions. Upper Decile runoff (34.3 MAF) has a 1 in 10 chance of being exceeded, Upper Quartile (30.3 MAF) has a 1 in 4 chance of being exceeded, and Median (24.4 MAF) has a 1 in 2 chance of being exceeded. Lower Quartile runoff (19.3 MAF) has a 1 in 4 chance of the occurrence of less runoff, and Lower Decile (16.2 MAF) has a 1 in 10 chance of the occurrence of less runoff. There is still a 20 percent chance that a runoff condition may occur that has not been simulated; i.e., a 10 percent chance runoff could be lower than Lower Decile, and a 10 percent chance runoff could be greater than Upper Decile.

The Upper Decile and Upper Quartile simulations extend from the end of the Upper Basic simulation through February 2010. Likewise, the Median simulation extends from the end of the Basic simulation, and the Lower Quartile and Lower Decile simulations extend from the end of the Lower Basic simulation through February 2010.

The estimated natural flow at Sioux City, the corresponding post-1949 water use effects, and the net flow available above Sioux City are shown in *Table I*, where water supply conditions are quantified for the period August 2008 through February 2010. The natural water supply for calendar year (CY) 2007 totaled 21.1 MAF.

**TABLE I**  
**NATURAL AND NET RUNOFF AT SIOUX CITY**  
**(Volumes in 1,000 Acre-Feet)**

	<u>Natural</u> <u>1/</u>	<u>Post-1949 Depletions</u>	<u>Net</u> <u>2/</u>
August 2007 through February 2008 (Basic Runoff Scenario)			
Basic	6,900	700	7,600
120% Basic	8,200	800	9,000
80% Basic	5,500	600	6,100
Runoff Year March 2008 through February 2009 (Statistical Analysis of Past Records)			
Upper Decile	34,300	-2,400	31,900
Upper Quartile	30,300	-2,600	27,700
Median	24,400	-2,400	22,000
Lower Quartile	19,300	-2,500	16,800
Lower Decile	16,200	-2,500	13,700

1/ The word "Natural" is used to designate runoff adjusted to the 1949 level of basin development, except that regulation and evaporation effects of the Fort Peck reservoir have also been eliminated during its period of regulation prior to 1949.

2/ The word "Net" represents the total runoff after deduction of the post-1949 irrigation, upstream storage, and other use effects.

## V. ANNUAL OPERATING PLAN FOR 2008-2009

**A. General.** The anticipated regulation described in this AOP is designed to meet the regulation objectives presented in the current Master Manual. While some aspects of System and individual project regulation are clearly defined by technical criteria in the Master Manual, for example navigation service level and season length, others such as minimum releases for irrigation and water supply in the reaches between the reservoirs are based on regulation experience and will be adjusted as needed to respond to changing conditions. Consideration has been given to all of the authorized project purposes, to historic and cultural resources and to the needs of threatened and endangered (T&E) species. The recently revised "System Description and Regulation" report provides a concise summary of the primary aspects of System regulation and should be referred to for further information. For ease of use, a summary of the frequently used technical criteria included in the Master Manual is presented on *Plate 3*.

The plan relies on a wealth of regulation experience. Reservoir regulation experience available for preparation of the 2008-2009 AOP includes 13 years of regulation at Fort Peck (1940) by itself, plus 55 years of System experience as Fort Randall (1953), Garrison (1955), Gavins Point (1955), Oahe (1962), and Big Bend (1964) have been brought progressively into System regulation. This regulation experience includes lessons learned during the six consecutive years of drought from 1987 through 1992, the high runoff period that followed, and the current nine-year drought that began in 2000. Runoff during the period 1993 to 1999 was greater than the Upper Quartile level in five of those seven years, including the record 49.0 MAF of runoff in 1997. In addition to the long period of actual System reservoir regulation experience, many background regulation studies for the completed System are available for reference.

**B. 2008-2009 AOP Simulations.** AOP simulations for the five runoff scenarios are shown in the final section of this AOP as studies 4 through 8. Due to the ongoing drought, service to all authorized project purposes except flood control will be reduced in the coming year and all water conservation measures available under the Master Manual will be utilized. In summary, the studies provide the following: minimum service flow support during the first part of the navigation season under all runoff scenarios; slightly above minimum to full service flow support after the July 1 System storage check for Median runoff and above; a full length navigation season for Upper Decile and Upper Quartile runoff; a shortened navigation season for Median runoff or below; low winter releases for all but the Upper Decile runoff scenario; low releases in the spring and fall before and after the navigation season; March and May spring pulses from Gavins Point dam; a steady release-flow to target regulation during the tern and plover nesting season; emphasis on Garrison for a steady to rising reservoir level during the forage fish spawn; and reservoir releases and pool levels sufficient to keep all



intakes operational under all runoff scenarios. Numerous other water conservations measures will be implemented if conditions allow including cycling releases from Gavins Point during the early part of the nesting season, only supporting flow targets in reaches being used by commercial navigation, and utilization of the Kansas River projects authorized for Missouri River navigation flow support. Additional details about the studies are provided in the following paragraphs. Results of the simulations are shown in *Plates 4 and 5* for the System storage and the Fort Peck, Garrison and Oahe pool elevations.

Under all runoff scenarios modeled for the AOP, the March 1 and May 1 System storage is above the spring pulse precludes of 40.0 MAF. The peak magnitude of the March pulse is 5,000 cfs over navigation flows. The peak magnitude of the May pulse would be 16,000 cfs under the Upper Decile and Upper Quartile runoff scenarios, 13,900 for Median runoff, 9,800 cfs for Lower Quartile runoff and 9,700 cfs for Lower Decile runoff. The actual peak magnitude of the May pulse will be determined based on the actual System storage and the May 1 runoff forecast. The Master Manual technical criteria includes safeguards to minimize the risk of flooding associated with the spring pulses. Both spring pulses may be reduced or eliminated due to the downstream flow limits, shown on Plate 3, which are well below the channel capacity of the Missouri River. These flow limits are identical to the most restrictive flood control constraints presented in the previous Master Manual and provide a very similar level of flood protection. An additional safeguard is the incorporation of observed and anticipated precipitation into the daily river forecast to provide greater assurance that flows will remain below the downstream flow limits during the duration of the spring pulses. As in 2006, primary consideration will be given to withdrawing the water needed for the May spring pulse from Fort Randall reservoir in 2009, rather than from one or more of the upper three reservoirs. This would avoid further declines at Fort Peck, Garrison and Oahe reservoirs, which are already drawn down substantially due to the ongoing drought. If using Fort Randall in this manner is not feasible, the Corps would then give consideration to distributing the upstream storage reductions due to the May pulse equally among the upper three reservoirs. The Corps will also avoid cycling releases on the declining limb of the May spring pulse if the anticipated level of take of the two protected bird species is not excessive. Prior to implementing the May pulse, the Corps will coordinate with the affected Tribes and States to evaluate the options and determine the best course of action to minimize adverse impacts, including those associated with water quality due to low reservoir levels, water intakes, historic and cultural sites and reservoir fisheries.

It is possible that the 2009 spring pulses from the System could be reduced or eliminated as they travel downstream if there are significant releases being made from downstream Corps tributary reservoir projects. If the releases at these downstream Corps tributary reservoirs can be reduced without undue increased risk to other areas, it will be possible to reduce or eliminate the increase in flows on the Missouri River due

to the spring pulses. This type of regulation was actually implemented in conjunction with the March 2008 spring pulse, which eliminated the pulse as it passed by Kansas City, MO. However, it should be noted that the conditions that would allow for such a regulation are experienced very infrequently, because significant releases from the tributary reservoirs are fairly rare during the spring of the year. This is especially true for the May pulse, which would require more of an adjustment because of the higher magnitude of that pulse.

The March 15 and July 1 System storage checks were used to determine the level of flow support for navigation and other downstream purposes as well as the navigation season length. Minimum service navigation flows are provided for all runoff conditions at the start of the navigation season due to low System storage, however a higher service level is provided for Median runoff and above based on the July 1 System storage check. Application of the July 1 System storage check (*see Plate 3*) also indicated that a full length navigation season would be provided for Upper Decile and Upper Quartile runoff. The lower runoff scenarios show a navigation season shortening ranging from 5 days for Median runoff to 30 days for Lower Quartile and Lower Decile runoff. None of the simulations reach the desired 57.0 MAF System storage level on March 1, 2010.

For modeling purposes in this AOP, the SR-FTT regulation scenario is shown during the 2009 tern and plover nesting season. The monthly average May release used in the simulations was determined by adding the May spring pulse hydrograph to the minimum service release, followed by cycling between the May and June minimum service releases for the remainder of the month to reflect an every third day peaking cycle from Gavins Point. The June release was modeled as a steady release due to the presence of chicks along the river at that time. The long-term average releases (*see Plate 3*) were used for July and August to indicate flowing to target and to reflect an increase in navigation service level for Median runoff and above. Although these modeled Gavins Point releases represent our best estimate of required releases during 2009, actual releases will be based on hydrologic conditions and the availability of habitat at that time. It may also be necessary to cycle releases for flood control regulation during the T&E species' nesting season.

The long-term average Gavins Point releases to meet target flows were used in all the AOP studies for navigation support during the spring and fall months. Based on the September 1 storage check, Gavins Point winter releases were modeled at 12,500 cfs during the 2008-2009 winter season for all runoff scenarios. Prior to 2004, higher winter releases were required for downstream powerplants and water supply intakes, but completed and on-going modification of intakes now permit lower winter releases as a conservation measure when System storage is low. Based on the September 1, 2009 storage check, higher winter releases would be provided only for the Upper Decile runoff scenario during the winter of 2009-2010. Non-winter, non-navigation Gavins

Point releases were modeled at 9,000 cfs as a further water conservation measure as described in the Master Manual, provided downstream tributary flows are adequate to serve water supply requirements. Gavins Point releases will be increased to meet downstream water supply requirements in critical reaches, to the extent reasonably possible, if downstream incremental runoff is low.

The Gavins Point releases shown in this and previous AOPs are estimates based on historic averages and experience. Adjustments are made as necessary in real-time based on hydrologic conditions to meet the Missouri River target flows presented in the Master Manual.

Intrasystem releases are adjusted to best serve the multiple purposes of the projects with special emphasis placed on regulation for non-listed fisheries starting in early April and for T&E bird species beginning in early May and continuing through August. As part of the overall plan to rotate emphasis among the upper three reservoirs during low runoff years, Fort Peck and Oahe were scheduled to be favored during the 2009 forage fish spawn if runoff is not sufficient to keep all three reservoirs rising. However, in response to a request from the Missouri River Association of States and Tribes (MoRAST), emphasis will be given to Garrison from April 20 to May 20, 2009 while also attempting to maintain rising water levels in Fort Peck and Oahe. The Median, Upper Quartile, and Upper Decile simulations show that it is possible to provide steady-to-rising pool level in each of the three large upper reservoirs during the spring forage fish spawn period. Releases in the Lower Quartile and Lower Decile simulations are adjusted to maintain a steady-to-rising pool level at Garrison.

Two modified reservoir regulation plans shown in previous AOPs, the Fort Peck “mini-test” and unbalancing the upper three reservoirs, will not be implemented in 2009 due to low System storage. Both of these plans may be implemented when System storage recovers to more normal levels.

Actual System regulation from January 1 through July 31, 2008 and the regulating plans for each project through CY 2009 using the five runoff scenarios described on Page 4 are presented on *Plates 6 through 11*, inclusive. Big Bend regulation is omitted since storage at that project is relatively constant and average monthly releases are essentially the same as those at Oahe. These plates also show, on a condensed scale, actual regulation since 1953.

*Plate 12* illustrates for Fort Peck, Garrison, Oahe, and Gavins Point the actual releases (Regulated Flow) as well as the Missouri River flows that would have resulted if the reservoirs were not in place (Unregulated Flow) during the period January 2007 through July 2008. *Plate 13* presents past and simulated gross average monthly power generation and gross peaking capability for the System.

**C. Regulation Plan for the Balance of the 2008 Navigation Season and Fall of 2008.** The regulation of the System for the period of August through November 2008 is presented in the following paragraphs.

Fort Peck Dam. Releases averaged 7,000 cfs during August and the first half of September. In mid-September they were gradually reduced to 4,000 cfs. The releases were held near that level until late November then raised to 6,000 cfs in December. The Fort Peck pool remained essentially steady through the period and ended November at 2210 ft msl. It will slowly decline through the winter as higher releases for hydropower are initiated. The record low pool elevation of 2196.2 feet msl was set in March 2007. The previous record low pool elevation was 2208.7 feet msl set in April 1991.

Garrison Dam. Releases averaged 13,900 cfs during August. They continued at 14,000 cfs until mid-September when irrigation ceased and were then reduced to 11,000 cfs. Releases were held at 10,500 to 11,000 cfs during October and November as a water conservation measure then raised to 14,000 cfs in December. The Garrison pool level slowly raised to 1826 feet msl by the end of November and will slowly decline through the winter as higher releases for hydropower are initiated. The record low pool elevation of 1805.8 feet msl was set in May 2005. The previous record low pool elevation was 1815.0 feet msl set in May 1991.

Oahe Dam. Releases averaged 18,500 cfs in August, and were reduced in early September to initiate an early fall drawdown of the Fort Randall pool, as the navigation season closed early in 2008. Low releases continued in September, October, and November to complete the annual fall draw of Fort Randall. Releases were increased in December for winter power production. The Oahe pool ended November at elevation 1593.5 feet msl. The record low Oahe pool elevation of 1570.2 feet msl was set in August 2006. The previous record low pool elevation was 1580.7 feet msl set in November 1989.

Big Bend Dam. Releases will parallel those from Oahe. Big Bend will generally fluctuate between 1420.0 feet msl and 1421.0 feet msl for weekly cycling during high power load periods.

Fort Randall Dam. Releases averaged 21,900 cfs in August and were scheduled in September to back up the releases from Gavins Point Dam. After the navigation season ended in late-October, releases were gradually reduced to as low as 7,000 cfs in November. The majority of the Fort Randall fall pool draw down occurred in September and October with the remaining drawdown accomplished in November.

Gavins Point Dam. Releases were scheduled to support downstream minimum service flows in reaches with commercial navigation throughout the 2008 navigation

season, which was shortened 30 days in accordance with the technical criteria for the July 1 System storage check presented in the Master Manual. The last day of flow support for the commercial navigation season will range from October 22 at Sioux City to October 31 at the mouth near St. Louis. Releases will be reduced by 3,000 cfs per day in mid-October until they reached 10,000 cfs. The 10,000 cfs release was maintained for a few days to allow sufficient travel time for the release changes to reach the critical downstream locations and then the releases were stepped down to the fall non-navigation season rate of 9,000 cfs. This 9,000 cfs minimum spring-fall release represents a reasonable long-term goal for water intake owners to strive for as they make improvements to their facilities. The Gavins Point pool level was raised 1.5 feet to elevation 1207.5 feet msl in September. The pool level will remain near that elevation during the fall and winter months.

**D. Regulation Plan for Winter 2008-2009.** The September 1 System storage check is used to determine the amount of the winter System release. A winter System release of 12,000 cfs is scheduled if System storage is less than 55 MAF on September 1; 17,000 cfs is scheduled when System storage is above 58 MAF; and the release is prorated for System storages between 55 and 58 MAF. During the winter of 2008-2009, we will strive to average a 12,000 cfs System release. If mild weather conditions prevail, System releases may be set lower than 12,000 cfs, but only if downstream water supply intakes can remain operable at those levels. Conversely, 12,000 cfs may be less than is required for downstream water supply intakes without sufficient incremental tributary flows below the System, and therefore, releases may need to be set at levels higher than 12,000 cfs at times to ensure downstream water supply intakes are operable. However, we believe that this minimum winter flow represents a reasonable long-term goal for water intake operability and for owners to strive for as they make improvements to their facilities. It may be necessary at times to increase Gavins Point releases to provide adequate downstream flows due to the forecast of excessive river ice formation or if ice jams or blockages form which temporarily restrict flows. Based on past experiences, these events are expected to occur infrequently and be of short duration. Given these infrequent temporary release increases above the 12,000 cfs level, the winter System release will likely average around 12,500 cfs. It is anticipated that this year's winter release will be adequate to serve all downstream water intakes except for very short periods during significant river ice formation or ice jamming.

**Fort Peck Dam.** Releases are expected to average 6,000 cfs to serve winter power loads and help balance System storage from December through February. Average winter release rates are about 11,000 cfs. The Basic simulation shows that the Fort Peck pool level will rise slightly to near 2211.4 feet msl during the winter period, ending February about 22.6 feet below the base of the annual flood control storage zone. Carryover multiple purpose storage in the three large upper reservoirs will slightly out of balance on March 1, 2009 due to minimum release requirements below the dam throughout the year. Fort Peck will end February 2009 about 3.6 feet low, Garrison

about 1.8 feet high, and Oahe about 0.6 feet high. The pool level is expected to rise during March to near elevation 2213 feet msl.

Garrison Dam. Releases will be scheduled at a very low rate, 15,000 cfs, this winter to help balance System storage. This low release rate is normally sufficient to prevent ice induced flooding at the time of freeze-in, but temporary reductions in the releases may be scheduled to prevent exceedence of a 13-foot stage at the Bismarck gage. Flood stage is 16 feet. Average winter release rates for Garrison are 20,400 cfs in December, 23,000 cfs in January and 24,200 cfs in February. The Garrison pool level is expected to decline about two feet from near elevation 1825.8 feet msl to near elevation 1823.7 feet msl by March 1, 13.8 feet below the base of the annual flood control storage zone. The Median simulation indicates the pool level will rise to elevation 1825.6 feet msl by March 31.

Oahe Dam. Releases for the winter season will provide backup for the Fort Randall and Gavins Point releases plus fill the recapture space available in the Fort Randall reservoir consistent with anticipated winter power loads. Monthly average releases may vary substantially with fluctuations in power loads occasioned by weather conditions but, in general, are expected to average 15,000 cfs. Daily releases will vary widely to best meet power loads. Peak hourly releases, as well as daily energy generation, will be constrained to prevent urban flooding in the Pierre and Fort Pierre areas if severe ice problems develop downstream of Oahe Dam. This potential reduction has been coordinated with the Western Area Power Administration. The Oahe pool level is expected to decline about one-half foot from elevation 1592.5 feet msl at the end of November to elevation 1592.0 feet msl by the beginning of March, 15.5 feet below the base of the annual flood control storage zone. The pool is expected to rise to elevation 1593 feet msl by the end of March.

Big Bend Dam. The Big Bend pool level will be maintained in the normal 1420.0 to 1421.0 feet msl range during the winter.

Fort Randall Dam. Releases will average near 10,500 cfs during the winter season. The Fort Randall pool level is expected to rise from its fall drawdown elevation of 1337.5 feet msl to near elevation 1350.0 feet msl, the seasonal base of flood control, by March 1. However, if the plains snowpack flood potential downstream of Oahe Dam remains quite low, the Fort Randall pool level will be raised to near 1353.0 feet msl by March 1. It is likely that a pool level as high as 1355.2 feet msl could be reached by the end of the winter period on March 31 if runoff conditions permit. The Fort Randall pool level above the White River delta near Chamberlain, South Dakota will likely remain at a higher elevation than the pool level below the delta from early October through December, due to the damming effect of this delta area.

Gavins Point Dam. Gavins Point winter releases are discussed in the first paragraph of this section. The Gavins Point pool level will be near elevation 1207.5 feet msl until late February when it will be lowered to elevation 1206.0 feet msl to create additional capacity to store spring runoff.

System storage for all runoff conditions will be substantially below the base of the annual flood control zone by March 1, 2009, the beginning of next year's runoff season.

**E. Regulation During the 2009 Navigation Season.** The Upper Decile, Upper Quartile, Median, Lower Quartile, and Lower Decile runoff scenarios modeled for this year's AOP follow the technical criteria presented in the current Master Manual for downstream flow support. All five runoff scenarios studied for this year's AOP provide gradually increasing Gavins Point releases to provide Missouri River navigation season flow support at the mouth of the Missouri near St. Louis by April 1, 2009, the normal navigation season opening date. The corresponding dates at upstream locations are Sioux City, March 23; Omaha, March 25; Nebraska City, March 26; and Kansas City, March 28. However, if during the 2009 navigation season there is no commercial navigation scheduled to use the upper reaches of the navigation channel, we will consider eliminating navigation flow support for targets in those reaches to conserve water in the System, as has been done since 2003.

Navigation flow support for the 2009 season will be determined by actual System storage on March 15 and July 1. All runoff scenarios modeled indicate minimum service flow support at the start of the 2009 navigation season, but following the July 1 System storage check a higher service level is provided for the Median runoff scenario and above. If the July 1 System storage check indicates an increase in service level, any increase may be delayed until the end of the T&E bird species' nesting season, depending on the potential for 'take' of those species. The normal 8-month navigation season is shortened as a water conservation measure for all but the Upper Quartile and Upper Decile runoff scenarios as shown in *Table II*.

**TABLE II  
NAVIGATION SERVICE SUPPORT  
FOR THE 2009 SEASON**

	<b>Runoff Scenario (MAF)</b>	<b>System Storage</b>		<b>Flow Level Above or Below Full Service (cfs)</b>		<b>Season Shortening (Days)</b>
		<b>March 15 (MAF)</b>	<b>July 1 (MAF)</b>			
				<u>Spring</u>	<u>Summer/Fall</u>	
U.D.*	34.3	47.5	57.2	-6,000	0	0
U.Q.*	30.3	47.4	55.2	-6,000	-1,700	0
Med *	24.4	45.5	50.7	-6,000	-5,800	5
L.Q.*	19.3	43.6	45.7	-6,000	-6,000	30
L.D.*	16.2	43.5	44.5	-6,000	-6,000	30

\*Includes both March and May Spring Pulses

As previously stated, the planned regulation for the 2009 nesting season will be SR-FTT. The initial steady release, which is estimated to be 25,000 to 28,000 cfs, will be based on hydrologic conditions and the availability of habitat at that time. Model runs included in this AOP have a Gavins Point release peaking cycle of 2 days down and 1 day up following the May pulse to keep birds from nesting at low elevations. Gavins Point releases will be adjusted to meet downstream targets as tributary flows recede, but ideally the initial steady release will be sufficient to meet downstream targets until the majority of the birds have nested. The purpose of this regulation is to continue to meet the project purposes while minimizing the loss of nesting T&E species and conserving water in the upper three reservoirs. Releases from Garrison and Fort Randall will follow repetitive daily patterns from early May, at the beginning of the T&E species' nesting season, to the end of the nesting in late August. In addition to the intra-day pattern, Fort Randall releases may also be cycled with 2 days of low releases and 1 day of higher releases during the early part of the nesting season to maintain release flexibility in that reach while minimizing the potential for take.

As discussed previously, System storage will be above the storage precludes for both spring pulses under all runoff scenarios modeled. Both spring pulses may be reduced or eliminated due to the downstream flow limits. It also possible that the spring pulses could be reduced or eliminated as they travel downstream if there are significant releases being made from downstream Corps tributary reservoir projects. If the releases at these downstream Corps tributary reservoirs can be reduced without undue increased risk to other areas, it will be possible to reduce or eliminate the increase in flows on the Missouri River due to the spring pulses. However, it should be noted that the conditions that would allow for such a regulation are experienced very infrequently, because significant releases from the tributary reservoirs are fairly rare



during the spring of the year. This is especially true for the May pulse, which would require more of an adjustment because of the higher magnitude of that pulse.

Gavins Point releases may be quite variable during the 2009 navigation season but are expected to range from 18,000 to 35,000 cfs. Release reductions necessary to minimize downstream flooding are not reflected in the monthly averages shown in the simulations but will be implemented as conditions warrant. Reductions in System releases to integrate the use of downstream Missouri River flow support from the Kansas Reservoir System have not been included since they are based on downstream hydrologic conditions but this storage will be utilized to the extent possible to provided basin water conservation. Simulated storages and releases for the System and individual reservoirs within the System are shown on *Plates 6 through 11*. Ample storage space exists in the System to control flood inflows under all scenarios simulated for this AOP.

**F. Regulation Activities for T&E Species and Fish Propagation Enhancement.**

The ability to provide steady to rising pool levels in the upper three reservoirs in low runoff years is very dependent on the volume, timing, and distribution of runoff. The reservoir regulation simulations presented in this AOP for the Upper Decile, Upper Quartile, and Median runoff scenarios show that steady to rising pool levels would occur during the spring fish spawn period for the upper three System reservoirs. The studies show that inflows are sufficient to maintain steady to rising pools at Fort Peck and Garrison from April through June for Lower Quartile and Lower Decile runoff scenarios, however, the Oahe pool level may fall during this period. As part of the overall plan to rotate emphasis among the upper three reservoirs during low runoff years, Fort Peck and Oahe were scheduled to be favored during the 2009 forage fish spawn, however, in response to a request from MoRAST, emphasis will be given to Garrison from April 20 to May 20, 2009. This will be accomplished by setting releases at Fort Peck and Garrison at a level that would maintain a rising Garrison pool, but no less than the minimum required to supply downstream irrigation. These adjustments may be restricted when the terns and plovers begin nesting in May. If the drought continues, emphasis during the fish spawn will be rotated among the upper three reservoirs and may also be adjusted to be opportunistic in regard to runoff potential. The upper three reservoirs will be managed to benefit forage fish to the extent reasonably possible, while continuing to serve the other Congressionally authorized project purposes.

As discussed in the previous section, the 2008-2009 AOP does not include provisions for unbalancing the Fort Peck, Garrison, and Oahe reservoirs for the benefit of the endangered species and reservoir fishery on March 1, 2009 for any of the runoff scenarios. The criteria for unbalancing are based on recommendations provided by the MRNRC and the USFWS. Under all simulations, System storage will be below the

minimum levels under which unbalancing is recommended by either the MRNRC or the USFWS.

Fort Peck Dam. The repetitive daily pattern of releases from Fort Peck Dam has not been implemented since the 2004 tern and plover nesting season. This adaptive management decision was made based on data collected during previous nesting seasons. In recent years, birds in this reach have nested on available high habitat, and thus were not expected to be impacted by the potential range of releases from Fort Peck during the summer. Releases during the 2009 nesting season will not be restricted by the repetitive daily pattern unless habitat conditions or nesting patterns change. This regulation should result in habitat conditions for nesting terns and plovers that are similar to those that were available in 2008.

If flood flows enter the Missouri River below the project during the nesting season, hourly releases will generally be lowered to no less than 3,000 cfs in order to keep traditional riverine fish rearing areas continuously inundated, while helping to lower river stages at downstream nesting sites. In rare instances releases below 3,000 cfs may be scheduled for flood damage reduction. April releases should be adequate for trout spawning below the project. Maintaining a rising Fort Peck pool level will be dependent upon the daily inflow pattern to the reservoir, but appears possible under all the runoff scenarios. The Fort Peck “mini-test” would not be run under any runoff scenario. The Fort Peck pool level must be at elevation 2229 feet msl to allow releases required for the “mini-test” via the spillway.

Garrison Dam. Daily average releases from Garrison will be much less than full powerplant capacity during the tern and plover nesting season under all runoff scenarios. Hourly peaking will be restricted during the nesting season to limit peak stages below the project for nesting birds.

Although the Garrison pool level during the summer of 2009 will be considerably higher than in the past several years, steps will again be taken to conserve the volume of cold-water habitat. In 2005 plywood was attached to the lower 50 feet of the trash racks on two of the penstocks to allow water to be drawn from a higher, and therefore warmer, region of the reservoir. In 2007 plywood was installed on one additional trash rack. During 2009, releases from Garrison during the summer months will be made through the three hydropower units with modified intakes, to the extent reasonably possible. In addition, the manner in which the other hydropower units are operated will be adjusted to run them at or near full capacity when in use, which also has the effect of drawing water off the upper, warmer, portion of the reservoir. In combination, these two efforts are expected to save several hundred thousand acre-feet of coldwater habitat for the benefit of the coldwater fishery.

If runoff is not sufficient to keep all the pool levels rising during the fish spawn in 2000, the Corps will, to the extent reasonably possible while serving other Congressionally authorized project purposes, set releases to result in a steady to rising pool at Garrison from April 20 to May 20. Adjustments to Garrison's releases, however, may be restricted when the terns and plovers begin nesting in May. A rising pool at Garrison during the fish spawn in April and May will be dependent upon the daily inflow pattern to the reservoir but appears possible with all runoff simulations.

Oahe Dam. Releases in the spring and summer will back up those from Gavins Point Dam. The pool level should be steady to rising in the spring during the fish spawn under median and above runoff scenarios, but it will be dependent on the timing and distribution of runoff as well as the need to adjust releases from Garrison to prevent that reservoir from declining.

Fort Randall Dam. Primary consideration will be being given to staging or storing extra water in Fort Randall reservoir for the May spring pulse from Gavins Point. This will reduce the risk of impacts at the upper three reservoirs including those associated with water quality due to lower reservoir levels, water intake access problems and historic and cultural site exposure.

To the extent reasonably possible, Fort Randall will be regulated to provide for a pool elevation near 1355 feet msl during the fish spawn period, provided water can be supplied from other reservoirs for downstream uses. The pool will not be drawn down below elevation 1337.5 feet msl in the fall to ensure adequate supply for water intakes. As a measure to minimize take while maintaining the flexibility to increase releases during the nesting season, hourly releases from Fort Randall during the 2009 nesting season will be restricted to limit peak stages below the project for nesting birds. Daily average flows may be increased every third day to preserve the capability of increasing releases later in the summer with little or no incidental take if drier downstream conditions occur.

Gavins Point Dam. March and May spring pulses from Gavins Point Dam for the benefit of the endangered pallid sturgeon would be implemented under all runoff scenarios in 2009. Details related to the spring pulses, including the specific technical criteria for the 2009 pulses, are presented in Plate 3. Details of the spring pulses included in the AOP simulations are provided in Chapter V, Section B, entitled "2008-2009 AOP Simulations".

Based on 2003 through 2007 nesting season results with the SR-FTT regulation and planned habitat development activities, it is anticipated that sufficient habitat will be available above the planned release rates to provide for successful nesting. All reasonable measures to minimize the loss of nesting T&E bird species will be used. These measures include, but are not limited to, such things as a relatively high initial SR

during the peak of nest initiation, the use of the Kansas River basin reservoirs, moving nests to higher ground when possible, and monitoring nest fledge dates to determine if delaying an increase a few days might allow threatened chicks to fledge. The location of navigation tows and river conditions at intakes would also be monitored to determine if an increase could be temporarily delayed without impact. Cycling releases every third day may be used to conserve water early in the nesting season if extremely dry conditions develop. In addition, cycling may be used during downstream flood control regulation.

The Gavins Point pool will be regulated near 1206.0 feet msl in the spring and early summer, with minor day-to-day variations due to inflows resulting from rainfall runoff. Several factors can limit the ability to protect nests from inundation in the upper end of the Gavins Point pool. First, because there are greater numbers of T&E bird species nesting below the Gavins Point project, regulation to minimize 'take' usually involves restricting Gavins Point releases, which means that the Gavins Point pool can fluctuate significantly due to increased runoff from rainfall events. Second, rainfall runoff between Fort Randall Dam and Gavins Point Dam can result in relatively rapid pool rises because the Gavins Point project has a smaller storage capacity than the other System reservoirs. And third, the regulation of Gavins Point for downstream flood control may necessitate immediate release reductions to reduce downstream damage. When combined, all these factors make it difficult and sometimes impossible to prevent inundation of nests in the upper end of the Gavins Point reservoir. Planned habitat creation projects in Lewis and Clark Lake will reduce the inundation risk to T&E bird species by providing higher habitat for nesting. The pool will be increased to elevation 1207.5 feet msl when it is determined that there are no terns or plovers nesting along the reservoir.

**G. Regulation Activities for Historic and Cultural Properties.** As acknowledged in the 2004 Programmatic Agreement for the Operation and Management of the Missouri River Main Stem System (PA), wave action and fluctuation in the level of the System reservoir pools results in erosion along the banks of the reservoirs. With the recent drought conditions additional sites have become exposed as the pool levels have declined. The Corps will work with the Tribes utilizing 36 CFR Part 800 and the PA to address the exposure of these sites. The objective of a programmatic agreement is to deal "...with the potential adverse effects of complex projects or multiple undertakings..." The PA objective was to collaboratively develop a preservation program that would avoid, minimize and/or mitigate adverse effects along the System reservoirs. All tribes, whether signatory to the PA or not, may request government-to-government consultation on the regulation of the System and the resulting effect on historic and cultural properties and other resources. Pool levels at the upper three reservoirs improved significantly in 2008 and are currently 9 to 12 feet higher than one year ago, but will remain below normal in 2009 continuing to expose cultural sites along the shorelines. Actions to avoid, minimize or mitigate adverse

impacts and expected results of the actions are covered under Chapter VI of this AOP. *Plate 14* shows the locations of the Tribal Reservations.

Fort Peck Dam. Depending on runoff in the Missouri River basin, System regulation during 2009 could result in a Fort Peck pool elevation variation from a high of 2233 feet msl to a low of 2206 feet msl. This is based on the Upper and Lower Decile runoff scenarios (see *Plate 8* and the studies included at the end of this report). Based on a review of existing information, approximately 10 to 25 known sites could be affected during this period.

Garrison Dam. Based on the Upper and Lower Decile runoff scenarios (see *Plate 9* and the studies included at the end of this report), Garrison pool elevations could range between 1842 and 1814 feet msl during 2009. Based on a review of existing information, approximately 25 to 50 known sites could be affected during this period.

Oahe Dam. At the Oahe reservoir, the System regulation under the Upper and Lower Decile runoff scenarios could result in pool elevations between 1608 and 1580 feet msl (see *Plate 10* and the studies included at the end of this report). Based on a review of existing information, approximately 125 to 175 known sites could be affected during this period.

Big Bend Dam. System regulation will be adjusted to maintain the Big Bend pool level in the normal 1420 to 1421 feet msl range during 2009. Short-term increases above 1421 due to local rainfall may also occur. Based on a review of existing information, approximately 50 to 75 known sites could be affected during this period.

Fort Randall Dam. As part of the normal System regulation, the Fort Randall pool elevations will vary between 1350 and 1355 feet msl during the spring and summer of 2009. Short-term increases above 1355 feet msl due to local rainfall may occur. The annual fall drawdown of the reservoir to elevation 1337.5 feet msl will begin prior to the close of the navigation season and will be accomplished by early December. The reservoir will then refill during the winter to elevation 1350 feet msl. Based on a review of existing information, approximately 25 to 50 known sites could be affected during this period.

Gavins Point Dam. System regulation will be adjusted to maintain the Gavins Point pool level in the normal 1206 to 1207.5 feet msl range during 2009. Short-term increases above 1207.5 feet msl may occur due to local rainfall. Based on a review of existing information, approximately 10 to 25 known sites could be affected during this period.

## VI. SUMMARY OF RESULTS EXPECTED IN 2009

With regulation of the System in accordance with the 2008-2009 AOP outlined in the preceding pages, the following results can be expected. Table III summarizes the critical decision points throughout the year for all runoff conditions.

**Table III**  
**Summary of 2008 -2009 AOP Studies**

Decision Points	2009-2010 Runoff Condition				
	Upper Decile	Upper Quartile	Median	Lower Quartile	Lower Decile
<b>March 1 System Storage</b> March Spring Pulse? Pulse Magnitude March 23-31 GP Release	46.4 MAF Yes 5 kcfs 22.9 kcfs	46.4 MAF Yes 5 kcfs 22.9 kcfs	44.6 MAF Yes 5 kcfs 22.9 kcfs	42.9 MAF Yes 5 kcfs 26.0 kcfs	42.9 MAF Yes 5 kcfs 26.0 kcfs
<b>March 15 System Storage</b> Spring Service Level	47.5 MAF Minimum	47.4 MAF Minimum	45.5 MAF Minimum	43.6 MAF Minimum	43.5 MAF Minimum
<b>May 1 System Storage</b> May Spring Pulse? Pulse Magnitude May Cycling May GP Release	50.6 MAF Yes 16.0 kcfs 22.0/25.0 kcfs 26.0 kcfs	49.9 MAF Yes 16.0 kcfs 22.0/25.0 kcfs 26.0 kcfs	46.9 MAF Yes 13.9 kcfs 22.0/25.0 kcfs 25.7 kcfs	43.8 MAF Yes 9.8 kcfs 25.3/28.3 kcfs 27.9 kcfs	43.5 MAF Yes 9.7 kcfs 25.3/28.3 kcfs 27.9 kcfs
<b>Fish Spawn Rise (Apr-Jun)</b> FTPK Pool Elev Change GARR Pool Elev Change OAHE Pool Elev Change	+13.4 feet +10.5 feet +11.0 feet	+11.4 feet +8.1 feet +8.9 feet	+8.8 feet +7.2 feet +4.2 feet	+5.2 feet +4.9 feet -1.5 feet	+2.8 feet +3.5 feet -2.4 feet
<b>July 1 System Storage</b> Sum-Fall Service Level (kcfs) Nav Season Shortening	57.2 MAF Full Serv 0 Days	55.2 MAF Full Serv - 1.7 0 Days	50.7 MAF Full Serv - 5.8 5 Days	45.7 MAF Min Service 30 Days	44.5 MAF Min Service 30 Days
<b>September 1 System Storage</b> Winter GP Release	57.9 MAF 16.8 kcfs	55.4 MAF 12.5 kcfs	50.0 MAF 12.5 kcfs	44.1 MAF 12.5 kcfs	42.2 MAF 12.5 kcfs
<b>February 28 System Storage</b> End-Year Pool Balance Percent Pool	56.2 MAF Balanced 99%	54.0 MAF Balanced 95%	48.3 MAF Balanced 85%	41.9 MAF Balanced 74%	39.2 MAF Balanced 69%

**A. Flood Control.** All runoff scenarios studied will begin the March 1, 2009 runoff season substantially below the desired 57.0 MAF base of the annual flood control

and multiple use zone. Therefore, the entire System flood control zone, plus an additional 10.6 to 14.1 MAF of the carryover multiple use zone, will be available to store runoff. The System will be available to significantly reduce peak discharges and store a significant volume of water for all floods that may originate above the System.

Remaining storage in the carryover multiple use zone will be adequate to provide support for all of the other multiple purposes of the System, though at reduced levels.

**B. Water Supply and Water Quality Control.** Problems at intakes located in the river reaches and Mainstem reservoirs are related primarily to intake elevations or river access rather than inadequate water supply. In emergency situations, short-term adjustments to protect human health and safety would be considered to keep intakes operational.

Low reservoir levels during the current drought have contributed to both intake access and water quality problems for intakes on Garrison and Oahe reservoirs, including several Tribal intakes; however better runoff in 2008 eliminated concern over many of these intakes. Gains in the Oahe pool level required modification of the Standing Rock Sioux Tribe's temporary intake at Fort Yates to protect it from the rising water levels. The Bureau of Reclamation (BOR) installed the temporary intake after the primary intake failed in November 2003 leaving the community without water for several days. If the drought continues reservoir pool levels and releases may decline renewing the potential for intake access and water quality problems at both river and reservoir intakes. Under the Lower Decile runoff scenario, minimum reservoir levels in 2009 would be approximately 10 feet higher than the record lows set in the current drought. Although not below the critical shut-down elevations for any intake, return to lower levels would require extra monitoring to ensure the continued operation of the intakes.

Although below normal winter releases are being provided in the winter of 2008-2009 and in the winter of 2009-2010 for all but the Upper Decile runoff scenario, all water supply and water quality requirements on the Missouri River both below Gavins Point Dam and between System reservoirs should be met for all flow conditions studied. Due to the low reservoir levels and releases many intake operators have experienced, and will continue to experience, additional water treatment costs. It is possible with the low winter releases that ice formation or ice jams may temporarily reduce river stages to levels below which some intakes can draw water. Therefore, during severe cold spells, experience has shown that for brief periods it may be necessary to increase Gavins Point releases to help alleviate downstream water supply problems.

During the non-navigation periods in the spring and fall, System releases as low as 9,000 cfs are likely if enough downstream tributary flow exists to allow for continued

operation of downstream water intakes. It has been possible to reduce System releases to 9,000 cfs in the spring and fall of each season since the fall of 2004. If a non-navigation year would occur in the future, summer releases (May thru August) could average around 18,000 cfs from the System. However, it should be noted that System releases will be set at levels that meet the operational requirements of all water intakes to the extent reasonably possible. Problems have occurred at several downstream intakes in the past; however, in all cases the problems have been associated with access to the river or reservoir rather than insufficient water supply. In addition, the low summer release rate would likely result in higher water temperatures in the river, which could impact a power plant's ability to meet their thermal discharge permits. Again, it should be noted that System releases will be set at levels that allow the downstream power plant to meet their thermal discharge permit requirements to the extent reasonably possible. This may mean that actual System releases in the hottest part of the summer period may be set well above the 18,000 cfs level. The Corps continues to encourage intake operators throughout the System and along the lower river reach to make necessary modifications to their intakes to allow efficient operation over the widest possible range of hydrologic conditions.

**C. Irrigation.** Scheduled releases from the System reservoirs will be sufficient to meet the volumes of flow required for irrigation diversions from the Missouri River. Some access problems may be experienced, however, if drought conditions persist. Below Fort Peck, localized dredging may once again be required in the vicinity of irrigation intakes in order to maintain access the water if releases are low next summer. Tributary irrigation water usage is fully accounted for in the estimates of water supply.

**D. Navigation.** Service to navigation in 2009 for all runoff scenarios will be at minimum service flow support from the beginning of the navigation season through the July 1 storage check. Minimum service flow support will continue throughout the entire navigation season for Lower Quartile and Lower Decile runoff scenarios. Simulation of Median runoff resulted in only a slightly higher service level, 200 cfs above minimum service, for the second half of the 2009 navigation season. The service level would rise to 1,700 cfs below full service following the July 1 System storage check for Upper Quartile runoff, and to full service for Upper Decile runoff. Although the AOP simulations provide a comparison of typical flow support under varying runoff conditions, the actual rate of flow support for the 2009 navigation season will be based on actual System storage on March 15 and July 1, 2009.

While the Upper Decile and Upper Quartile simulations show no reduction in the normal 8-month navigation season length, the Median runoff simulation shows a 5- day shortening of the navigation season, and the Lower Quartile and Lower Decile simulations show 30 days of shortening. The anticipated service level and season length for all runoff conditions simulated are shown in *Table II*.



**E. Power.** *Tables IV and V* give the estimated monthly System load requirements and hydropower supply of the Eastern Division, Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin Program (P-S MBP), from August 2008 through December 2009. Estimates of monthly peak demands and energy include customer requirements for firm, short-term firm, summer firm, peaking, and various other types of power sales, System losses, and the effects of diversity. Also included in the estimated requirements are deliveries of power to the Western Division, P-S MBP, to help meet its firm power commitments.

**F. Recreation, Fish and Wildlife.** The regulation of the System will continue to provide recreation and fish and wildlife opportunities in the project areas and along the Missouri River as well as other benefits of a managed system. Improved runoff resulted in higher pool levels and better recreation access at the upper three reservoirs during 2008, however access in 2009 may remain limited at several locations. Special regulation adjustments incorporating specific objectives for these purposes will be made to the extent reasonably possible. Conditions in the lower three reservoirs should be favorable for the many visitors who enjoy the camping, boating, fishing, hunting, swimming, picnicking, and other recreational activities associated with the System reservoirs.

Boat ramps that were lowered and low water ramps that were constructed during the drought of the late 1980's to early 1990's and the further improvements made in 2003 through 2008 should provide adequate reservoir access in 2009 for all runoff conditions.

The effects of the simulated System regulation during 2009 on fish and wildlife are included in Chapter V, Section F, entitled, "Regulation Activities for T&E Species and Fish Propagation Enhancement."

**G. Historic and Cultural Properties.** As mentioned in Chapter V of this AOP, the regulation of the System during 2008 and 2009 will expose cultural sites due to erosion from the normal fluctuation of pool elevations. With the recent drought conditions additional sites have become exposed as the pool levels have declined. The Corps will work with the Tribes utilizing 36 CFR Part 800 and the PA to address the exposure of these sites. The objective of a PA is to deal "...with the potential adverse effects of complex projects or multiple undertakings..." The PA objective was to collaboratively develop a preservation program that would avoid, minimize and/or mitigate the adverse affects of the System operation. All tribes, whether signatory to the PA or not, may request government-to-government consultation on the regulation of the System and the resulting effect on historic and cultural properties and other resources.

TABLE IV  
PEAKING CAPABILITY AND SALES  
(1,000 kW at plant)

2008	Estimated Committee Sales*	Expected C of E Capability					Expected Bureau Capability*					Expected Total System Capability				
		120%	Basic	80%			120%	Basic	80%			120%	Basic	80%		
Aug	2115	2185	2181	2177		211	211	210			2396	2392	2387			
Sep	1686	2176	2165	2156		211	212	210			2387	2377	2366			
Oct	1649	2141	2130	2118		211	211	210			2352	2341	2328			
Nov	1766	2151	2135	2120		209	209	208			2360	2344	2328			
Dec	1958	2172	2145	2124		205	205	205			2377	2350	2329			
<b>2009</b>																
Jan	2112	2188	2160	2139		200	201	202			2388	2361	2341			
Feb	1867	2192	2169	2144		196	198	199			2388	2367	2343			
		<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	<u>Med</u>	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>	<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	<u>Med</u>	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>	<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	<u>Med</u>	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>
Mar	1774	2214	2210	2180	2148	2146	194	194	195	194	196	2408	2404	2375	2342	2342
Apr	1664	2244	2235	2190	2146	2140	194	190	194	190	198	2438	2425	2384	2336	2338
May	2416	2270	2254	2199	2145	2137	200	197	202	197	203	2470	2451	2401	2342	2340
Jun	2417	2322	2297	2237	2164	2149	213	213	213	213	211	2535	2510	2450	2377	2360
Jul	2444	2334	2305	2240	2158	2135	213	213	213	213	211	2547	2518	2453	2371	2346
Aug	4653	2324	2295	2227	2144	2118	209	210	210	210	208	2533	2505	2437	2354	2326
Sep	2444	2319	2289	2222	2127	2094	209	209	209	209	208	2528	2498	2431	2336	2302
Oct	2443	2305	2274	2201	2087	2052	208	208	210	208	209	2513	2482	2411	2295	2261
Nov	2376	2272	2239	2175	2091	2055	206	206	207	206	207	2478	2445	2382	2297	2262
Dec	2377	2238	2214	2147	2056	2019	202	202	203	202	205	2440	2416	2350	2258	2224

\* Estimated sales, including system reserves. Power in addition to hydro production needed for these load requirements will be obtained from other power systems by interchange or purchase

\*\* Total output of Canyon Ferry and 1/2 of the output of Yellowtail powerplant

TABLE V  
ENERGY GENERATION AND SALES  
(Million kWh at plant)

2008	Estimated Committee Sales*	Expected C of E Generator					Expected Bureau Generation *					Expected Total System Generator				
		120%	Basic	80%			120%	Basic	80%			120%	Basic	80%		
Aug	846	529	540	551			99	78	72			628	618	623		
Sep	725	540	538	567			87	68	62			627	606	629		
Oct	723	477	497	504			85	74	61			562	571	565		
Nov	791	263	273	281			87	78	60			350	351	341		
Dec	897	476	446	433			89	79	62			565	525	495		
<b>2009</b>																
Jan	913	462	462	457			87	78	61			549	540	518		
Feb	886	378	418	409			76	69	54			454	487	463		
		<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	<u>Med</u>	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>	<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	<u>Med</u>	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>	<u>U.D.</u>	<u>U.Q.</u>	<u>Med</u>	<u>L.Q.</u>	<u>L.D.</u>
Mar	814	469	483	442	491	506	83	83	75	59	59	552	566	517	550	565
Apr	752	492	532	492	630	596	103	93	73	44	44	595	625	565	674	640
May	696	707	721	745	777	800	132	125	92	48	48	839	846	837	825	848
Jun	754	727	717	715	771	769	149	147	105	50	50	876	864	820	821	819
Jul	841	956	901	811	848	841	155	140	85	63	52	1111	1041	896	911	893
Aug	820	996	936	849	808	802	104	97	77	63	51	1100	1033	926	871	853
Sep	725	865	800	666	620	583	90	87	74	60	49	955	887	740	680	632
Oct	723	700	658	558	531	530	90	87	73	60	52	790	745	631	591	582
Nov	791	646	614	503	295	295	86	83	82	61	57	732	697	585	356	352
Dec	897	<u>627</u>	<u>548</u>	<u>524</u>	<u>511</u>	<u>511</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>715</u>	<u>632</u>	<u>608</u>	<u>579</u>	<u>564</u>
CY TOT		8025	7750	7185	7148	7099	1243	1189	966	690	631	9268	8939	8151	7838	7730

\* Estimated sales including system reserves and losses. Power in addition to hydro production needed for these load requirements will be obtained from other systems by interchange or purchase

\*\* Total output Canyon Ferry and 1/2 output of Yellowtail powerplant

The planned preservation program for this AOP is outlined by multiple stipulations in the PA. One of the stipulations, or program components, is the Five-Year Plan. This plan outlines how the Corps will accomplish its responsibilities under the PA and the National Historic Preservation Act. The "Draft Five Year Plan, dated February 2005" (see <https://www.nwo.usace.army.mil/CR/>) is currently being implemented. The plan includes inventory, testing and evaluation, mitigation and other specific activities that will allow the Corps to avoid, minimize and/or mitigate the adverse effects to cultural sites on Corps lands within the System. Many of the actions listed in the plan are within the elevation ranges that will occur with the implementation of the Master Manual criteria in 2008 and 2009. Two critical components of the Five-Year plan that are applicable to this AOP are monitoring and mitigation, which will be briefly discussed in the following paragraphs.

First, a collaboratively developed plan, entitled "Draft Monitoring and Enforcement Plan, dated April 2005" (see <https://www.nwo.usace.army.mil/CR/>) is in place. This monitoring plan outlines the sites that require monitoring and specifies a frequency for monitoring. The Corps is strategically monitoring sites, including those sites within the potential operating pool elevations, to document the effects of the implementation of the 2008-2009 AOP. Specific sites are identified in the draft Monitoring and Enforcement Plan for the monitoring team, comprised of Corps rangers and tribal monitors, to visit and document impacts. This focused monitoring is resulting in more accurate data on the current impacts to sites along the river plus it is assisting with the identification of sites for mitigation. Training for the monitoring teams was held in June 2006, July 2007, March 2008, April 2008 and again in July 2008.

Secondly, mitigation or protection of sites that are being adversely impacted continues. During the reporting period for the 2007 Annual Report by the Corps on the implementation of the Programmatic Agreement twelve sites were either completed, started, or in the design phase. The annual report is available at <https://www.nwo.usace.army.mil/CR/>. In addition the Corps has awarded a contract to develop an erosion model that will compare modeling data against actual erosion data, collected by the monitoring team, to assist in the prioritization of sites for protection. The model is expected to be complete by December 2008.

Results expected from the proposed monitoring and mitigation actions include more accurate horizontal and vertical data on existing cultural sites, detailed impact data, proactive protection and preservation of sites. The effects of the simulated System regulation during 2008-2009 on cultural sites are included in the Chapter V, section G., entitled, "Regulation Activities for Historic and Cultural Properties."

**H. System Storage.** If August 1, 2008 Basic runoff forecast verifies, System storage will decline to 44.1 MAF by the close of CY 2008. This would be 10.2 MAF

higher than the all-time record low storage of 33.9 MAF set on February 9, 2007 and nearly 7.3 MAF higher than last year's storage of 36.8 MAF. This end-of-year storage is 8.6 MAF less than the 1967 to 2007 average. The record low storage during the 1988-1992 drought was 40.8 MAF in January 1991. The end-of-year System storages have ranged from a maximum of 60.9 MAF, in 1975, to the 2006 minimum of 34.4 MAF. Forecasted System storage on December 31, 2009 is presented in *Table VI* for the runoff scenarios simulated.

**I. Summary of Water Use by Functions.** Anticipated water use in CY 2008, under the regulation plan with the Basic forecast of water supply is shown in *Table VII*. Actual water use data for CY 2007 are included for information and comparison. Under the reservoir regulation simulations in this AOP, estimated water use in CY 2009 also is shown in *Table VII*.

**TABLE VI  
ANTICIPATED DECEMBER 31, 2009 SYSTEM STORAGE**

<u>Water Supply Condition</u>	<u>Total (12/31/09)</u>	<u>Carryover Storage Remaining 1/</u>	<u>Unfilled Carryover Storage 2/</u>	<u>Total Change CY 2009</u>
(Volumes in 1,000 Acre-Feet)				
Upper Decile	55,900	37,900	1,100	10,400
Upper Quartile	53,400	35,400	3,600	7,900
Median	47,900	29,900	9,100	3,800
Lower Quartile	41,900	23,900	15,100	-900
Lower Decile	39,400	21,400	17,600	-3,400

1/ Net usable storage above 18.0 MAF System minimum pool level established for power, recreation, irrigation diversions, and other purposes.

2/ System base of annual flood control zone containing 57.0 MAF.

**TABLE VII**  
**MISSOURI RIVER MAINSTEM SYSTEM**  
**WATER USE FOR CALENDAR YEARS 2007, 2008, AND 2009 ABOVE SIOUX CITY, IOWA**  
**in Million Acre-Feet (MAF)**

	CY 2007 Actual	CY 2008 Basic Simulation	Simulations for Calendar Year 2009					
			Upper Decile	Upper Quartile	Median	Lower Quartile	Lower Decile	
Upstream Depletions (1)								
Irrigation, Tributary Reservoir Evaporation & Other Uses	2.3	1.7						
Tributary Reservoir Storage Change	<u>-0.1</u>	<u>0.6</u>						
Total Upstream Depletions	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	
System Reservoir Evaporation (2)	2.5	2.1	1.2	1.1	1.6	1.8	1.7	
Sioux City Flows								
Navigation Season								
Unregulated Flood Inflows Between Gavins Point & Sioux City (3)	0.0	0.0						
Navigation Service Requirement (4)	9.8	10.7	16.2	15.0	12.8	11.9	11.5	
Supplementary Releases								
T&E Species (5)	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	
Flood Evacuation (6)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Non-navigation Season								
Flows	3.8	3.4	3.5	3.2	3.2	3.6	3.6	
Flood Evacuation Releases (7)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
System Storage Change	<u>2.5</u>	<u>7.3</u>	<u>10.4</u>	<u>8.1</u>	<u>3.9</u>	<u>-0.9</u>	<u>-3.4</u>	
Total	21.1	26.1	34.3	30.3	24.4	19.3	16.2	
Project Releases								
Fort Peck	4.6	4.2	5.2	4.9	4.5	4.6	4.7	
Garrison	10.2	9.5	14.0	13.5	12.5	12.3	11.8	
Oahe	8.7	8.8	13.7	13.6	13.2	13.9	14.1	
Big Bend	7.9	8.4	13.6	13.5	13.1	13.8	13.9	
Fort Randall	8.9	9.4	15.2	14.7	13.9	14.0	14.1	
Gavins Point	10.6	11.0	17.4	16.6	15.2	15.2	15.2	

- (1) Tributary uses above the 1949 level of development including agricultural depletions and tributary storage effects.
- (2) Net evaporation is shown for 2008.
- (3) Incremental inflows to reach which exceed those usable in support of navigation at the target level, even if Gavins Point releases were held to as low as 6,000 cfs.
- (4) Estimated requirement for downstream water supply and water quality in 2008 is approximately 6.0 MAF.
- (5) Increased releases required for endangered species regulation.
- (6) Includes flood control releases for flood control storage evacuation and releases used to extend the navigation season beyond the normal December 1 closing date at the mouth of the Missouri River.
- (7) Releases for flood control storage evacuation in excess of a 15,000 cfs Fort Randall release.

## VII. TENTATIVE PROJECTION OF REGULATION THROUGH MARCH 2015

The 5-year extensions to the AOP (March 2010 to March 2015) have been prepared to serve as a guide for the Western Area Power Administration's marketing activities and to provide data to allow basin interests to conduct long-term planning. Three runoff conditions are modeled in the extension studies: Median, Lower Quartile, and Lower Decile.

The navigation service level and season length criteria described in *Plate 3* were applied to the extensions. The March 15 and July 1 System storage checks shown in *Plate 3* were used to determine the flow support for navigation and other downstream uses and the navigation season length. A steady release - flow to target (SR-FTT) regulation with cycling in May was modeled during the T&E bird species' nesting season. The Gavins Point releases to meet navigation target flows, as shown in *Plate 3* and as computed by the March 15 and July 1 System storage checks, were used prior to and following the nesting season. The September 1 System storage check was used to determine the winter System release. Navigation service support and season length, magnitudes of March and May spring pulses, March 1 reservoir unbalancing, end of year System storage, and the winter release rate for the extensions are shown on *Table VII*. The criteria considered as each year of the extensions was modeled are listed, along with the results, in *Tables VIII through X* for the Median, Lower Quartile, and Lower Decile extension studies, respectively.

**A. Median Runoff.** Studies 9 through 13 present the results of simulating Median runoff (24.6 MAF) from March 2010 through February 2015. The March 1, 2010 System storage would be 48.3 MAF and would rise to 53.4 MAF by March 1, 2015, 3.6 MAF below the desired March 1 storage of 57.0 MAF, the base of the annual flood control and multiple use pool. The navigation service level would gradually increase from just above the minimum service in 2010 to full service after the July 1 storage check in 2012. There would be full navigation seasons for the study period of 2010 through 2014. The winter of 2013-2014 releases would be 13,500 cfs. March and May spring pulses would occur each year, with the magnitude of the May pulse increasing from 15,000 cfs in 2010 to 15,500 cfs in 2011. The May pulses in 2012, 2013, and 2014 would be limited in order to meet downstream flow limits during the pulse. Fort Peck, Garrison, and Oahe pools rise to the elevations described in *Plate 3* that permit unbalancing by March 1, 2011. The Fort Peck "mini-test" could be conducted in 2012 by unbalancing the upper three reservoirs beginning in 2011, as shown in *Table VIII*. The Fort Peck release would average 12,800 cfs in June 2012. Fort Peck would not have to be favored again in 2013 to accommodate the full test, which would have a monthly average release of 18,200 cfs in June 2013.

**TABLE VIII**  
**NAVIGATION SERVICE SUPPORT, SPRING PULSES, UNBALANCING**  
**AOP EXTENSION STUDIES**

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
<b>MEDIAN</b>					
Spring Pulse					
March (kcfs)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
May (kcfs)	15.0	15.5	14.7*	14.1*	13.7*
Flow Level Below Full Service					
Spring (kcfs)	Full-5.8	Full-3.2	Full-1.7	Full-1.1	Full-0.7
Summer/Fall (kcfs)	Full-2.5	Full-0.7	Full	Full	Full
Season Length	8 months	8 months	8 months	8 months	8 months
Reservoir Unbalancing (ft)					
Fort Peck	0	+4.2	0	-4.2	+4.2
Garrison	0	-3.0	+3.0	0	-3.0
Oahe	0	0	-3.0	+3.0	0
Dec 31 Storage (MAF)	50.4	51.7	52.3	52.7	53.4
Winter Release (kcfs)	12.5	12.5	12.8	13.5	12.7
Special Information			Peck Mini-T	Peck Full-T	
<b>LOWER QUARTILE</b>					
Spring Pulse					
March (kcfs)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
May (kcfs)	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.9	10.4
Flow Level Below Full Service					
Spring (kcfs)	Full-6.0	Full-6.0	Full -6.0	Full -6.0	Full -6.0
Summer/Fall (kcfs)	Full -6.0	Full -6.0	Full -6.0	Full -6.0	Full -6.0
Season Length	8 mnths-30 days	8 mnths-30 days	8 mnths-30days	8 mnths-29 days	8 mnths-12 days
Reservoir Unbalancing (ft)					
Fort Peck	0	0	0	0	0
Garrison	0	0	0	0	0
Oahe	0	0	0	0	0
Dec 31 Storage (MAF)	41.1	41.3	42.1	43.9	46.4
Winter Release (kcfs)	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5
<b>LOWER DECILE</b>					
Spring Pulse					
March (kcfs)	0	0	0	0	0
May (kcfs)	9.0	0	0	0	0
Flow Level Below Full Service					
Spring (kcfs)	Full-6.0	Full -6.0	Full -6.0	Full -6.0	Full -6.0
Summer/Fall (kcfs)	Full -6.0	Full -6.0	Full -6.0	Full -6.0	Full -6.0
Season Length	8 mnths-30 days	8 mnths-41 days	8 mnths-56 days	8 mnths-55 days	8 mnths-55 days
Reservoir Unbalancing (ft)					
Fort Peck	0	0	0	0	0
Garrison	0	0	0	0	0
Oahe	0	0	0	0	0
Dec 31 Storage (MAF)	36.3	34.2	33.9	34.0	34.1
Winter Release (kcfs)	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5

\*Limited by Downstream Flood-Control Limits

**Table IX**

**Median Extension Studies - Criteria Considered in the Modeling Process**

<b>Study Number</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Criteria</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>
			<b>2010-2011</b>	<b>2011-2012</b>	<b>2012-2013</b>	<b>2013-2014</b>	<b>2014-2015</b>
March 1 Storage	MAF	40	48.3	50.5	52.0	52.6	53.0
- March Spring Pulse?	N/A		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
March 15 Storage	MAF	31/49/54.5	49.2	51.6	52.9	53.5	53.9
- Service Level	N/A or kcfs	No Sea/Min/Full Thresholds	Full -5.8	Full -3.2	Full -1.7	Full -1.1	Full -0.7
- 3rd Period March GP Q	kcfs		23.1	26.4	28.8	28.9	28.9
- April Gavins Point Q	kcfs		20.9	23.5	25.0	25.6	26.0
May 1 Storage	MAF	40	50.7	52.8	54.0	54.5	54.7
- May Spring Pulse?	N/A		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
- Pulse Magnitude	kcfs		15.0	15.5	14.7	14.1	13.7
- Gavins Point Cycling Qs	kcfs		22.2/25.2	24.8/27.8	26.3/29.3	26.9/29.9	27.3/30.3
- May Gavins Point Q	kcfs		26.0	28.6	30.1	30.6	30.9
- June Gavins Point Q	kcfs		25.2	27.8	29.3	29.9	30.3
July 1 Storage	MAF	50.5/57	54.3	56.2	57.1	57.5	58.2
- Service Level	N/A	Min/Full Thresholds	Full -2.5	Full -0.7	Full	Full	Full
- July Gavins Point Q	kcfs		29.1	30.9	31.6	31.6	31.6
- Aug Gavins Point Q	kcfs		30.7	32.5	33.0	33.2	33.2
- Sept Gavins Point Q	kcfs		30.1	31.9	32.4	32.6	32.6
July 1 Storage	MAF	36.5/41&46.8/51.5	54.3	56.2	57.0	57.5	58.2
- Season Length Shortening	days	61/31&31/0 Thresholds	0	0	0	0	0
- Oct Gavins Point Q	kcfs		29.5	31.3	32.0	32.0	32.0
- Nov Gavins Point Q	kcfs		28.6	30.4	31.1	31.1	31.1
September 1 Storage	MAF	55/58	53.1	54.7	55.5	55.9	55.4
- Winter Gavins Point Q	kcfs	12/17 Thresholds	12.5	12.5	12.8	13.5	12.7
End-of-Year Reservoir Storage	MAF		50.5	52.0	52.6	53.0	53.7
- Percent Full	N/A		83%	87%	88%	89%	90%
Balance/Unbalance	N/A	Bal <2227/1827/1600 ft msl	Balance	4.2 P -3.0 G	3.0 G -3.0 O	-4.2 P 3.0 O	4.2 P -3.0 G
Peck Rise 3/31-6/30	N/A		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Garr Rise 3/31-6/30	N/A		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oahe Rise 3/31-6/30	N/A		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Special Information	N/A				Peck Mini T	Peck Full T	



**Table X**

**Lower Quartile Extension Studies - Criteria Considered in the Modeling Process**

Study Number	Units	Criteria	14 2010-2011	15 2011-2012	16 2012-2013	17 2013-2014	18 2014-2015
March 1 Storage	MAF	40	41.9	41.3	41.5	42.4	44.2
- March Spring Pulse?	N/A		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
March 15 Storage	MAF	31/49/54.5	42.7	41.2	42.4	43.4	45.3
- Service Level	N/A or kcfs	No Sea/Min/Full Thresholds	Min Service	Min Service	Min Service	Min Service	Min Service
- 3rd Period March GP Q	kcfs		26.0	26.0	26.0	26.0	26.0
- April Gavins Point Q	kcfs		23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8
May 1 Storage	MAF	40	42.7	42.8	43.2	43.4	45.3
- May Spring Pulse?	N/A		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
- Pulse Magnitude	kcfs		9.6	9.6	9.7	9.9	10.4
- Gavins Point Cycling Qs	kcfs		25.3/28.3	25.3/28.3	25.3/28.3	25.3/28.3	25.3/28.3
- May Gavins Point Q	kcfs		27.9	27.9	27.9	27.9	27.9
- June Gavins Point Q	kcfs		28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3
July 1 Storage	MAF	50.5/57	44.9	44.8	45.4	47.0	49.7
- Service Level	N/A	Min/Full Thresholds	Min Service	Min Service	Min Service	Min Service	Min Service
- July Gavins Point Q	kcfs		28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3
- Aug Gavins Point Q	kcfs		28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
- Sept Gavins Point Q	kcfs		27.5	27.5	27.5	27.5	27.5
July 1 Storage	MAF	36.5/41&46.8/51.5	44.9	44.8	45.4	47.0	49.7
- Season Length Shortening	days		30	30	30	29	12
- Oct Gavins Point Q	kcfs	61/31&31/0 Thresholds	23.9	23.9	23.9	24.5	27.1
- Nov Gavins Point Q	kcfs		9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	22.2
September 1 Storage	MAF	55/58	43.2	43.3	48.6	45.7	44.0
- Winter Gavins Point Q	kcfs	12/17 Thresholds	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5
End-of-Year Reservoir Storage	MAF		41.3	41.5	42.4	44.2	46.4
- Percent Full	N/A		58%	58%	61%	66%	72%
Balance/Unbalance	N/A	Bal <2227/1827/1600 ft msl	Balance	Balance	Balance	Balance	Balance
Peck Rise 3/31-6/30	N/A		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Garr Rise 3/31-6/30	N/A		No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Oahe Rise 3/31-6/30	N/A		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Special Information	N/A						

**Table XI**

**Lower Decile Extension Studies - Criteria Considered in the Modeling Process**

<b>Study Number</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Criteria</b>	<b>19 2010-2011</b>	<b>20 2011-2012</b>	<b>21 2012-2013</b>	<b>22 2013-2014</b>	<b>23 2014-2015</b>
March 1 Storage	MAF	40	39.2	37.3	34.2	33.9	34.0
- March Spring Pulse?	N/A		No	No	No	No	No
March 15 Storage	MAF	31/49/54.5	39.8	37.9	35.0	34.8	34.9
- Service Level	N/A or kcfs	No Sea/Min/Full Thresholds	Min Service	Min Service	Min Service	Min Service	Min Service
- 3rd Period March GP Q	kcfs		23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8
- April Gavins Point Q	kcfs		23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8	23.8
May 1 Storage	MAF	40	40.2	39.3	35.4	35.4	35.4
- May Spring Pulse?	N/A		Yes	No	No	No	No
- Pulse Magnitude	kcfs		9.6	9.6	9.7	9.9	10.4
- Gavins Point Cycling Qs	kcfs		25.3/28.3	25.3/28.3	25.3/28.3	25.3/28.3	25.3/28.3
- May Gavins Point Q	kcfs		27.8	25.9	25.9	25.9	25.9
- June Gavins Point Q	kcfs		28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3
July 1 Storage	MAF	50.5/57	41.0	39.3	37.1	37.3	37.3
- Service Level	N/A	Min/Full Thresholds	Min Service	Min Service	Min Service	Min Service	Min Service
- July Gavins Point Q	kcfs		28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3
- Aug Gavins Point Q	kcfs		28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
- Sept Gavins Point Q	kcfs		27.5	27.5	26.9	27.2	27.2
July 1 Storage	MAF	36.5/41&46.8/51.5	41.0	39.3	37.1	37.3	37.3
- Season Length Shortening	days	61/31&31/0 Thresholds	30	41	56	55	55
- Oct Gavins Point Q	kcfs		23.9	17.5	9.3	9.6	9.6
- Nov Gavins Point Q	kcfs		9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
September 1 Storage	MAF	55/58	38.8	36.0	35.1	35.1	35.3
- Winter Gavins Point Q	kcfs	12/17 Thresholds	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5
End-of-Year Reservoir Storage	MAF		37.3	34.2	33.9	34.0	34.2
- Percent Full	N/A		47%	39%	38%	39%	39%
Balance/Unbalance	N/A	Bal <2227/1827/1600 ft msl	Balance	Balance	Balance	Balance	Balance
Peck Rise 3/31-6/30	N/A		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Garr Rise 3/31-6/30	N/A		Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
Oahe Rise 3/31-6/30	N/A		No	No	Yes	No	Yes
Special Information	N/A						

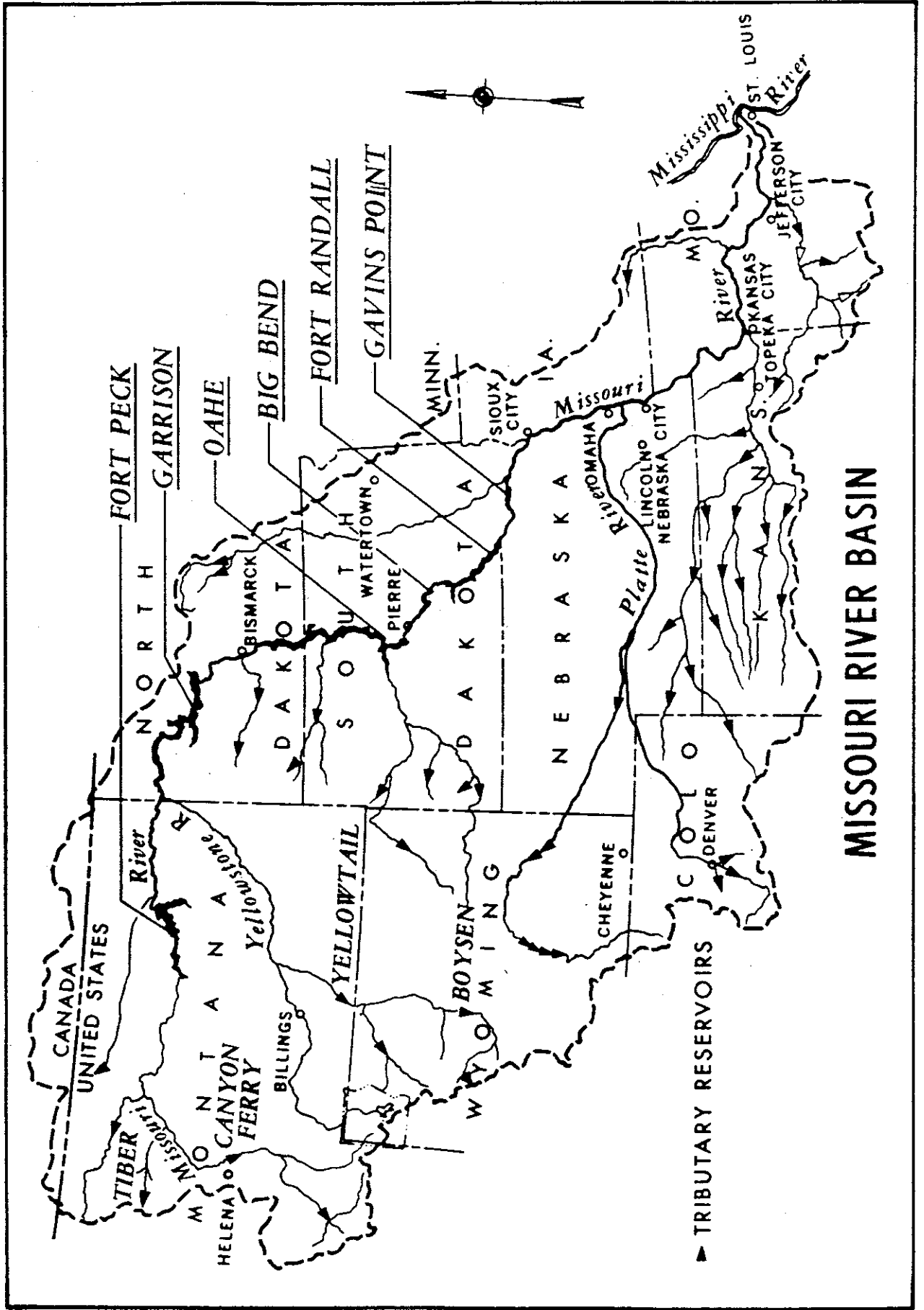
**B. Lower Quartile Runoff.** Studies 14 through 18 show the results of Lower Quartile runoff extensions. System storage on March 1, 2010 is 41.9 MAF and rises to 46.8 MAF by March 1, 2015, with navigation service levels remaining at minimum service during the simulation period. The navigation season is shortened 30 days in 2010, 2011 and 2012, 29 days in 2013, and 12 days in 2014 as System storage increases. A 12,500-cfs average winter release is shown for the entire study period. Spring pulses would occur every March and May from 2010 through 2014. The magnitude of these three May pulses are about 75 percent of those in the early years of the Median runs because of the reduction in the magnitude made for the runoff forecasts at and below Lower Quartile. Since the upper three reservoirs do not refill enough to meet the unbalancing criteria in *Plate 3* under Lower Quartile runoff, the carryover multiple use storage is balanced each March 1.

**C. Lower Decile Runoff.** Studies 19 through 23 show the results of Lower Decile runoff extensions. System storage is 39.2 MAF on March 1, 2010 and gradually decreasing to 34.2 MAF on March 1, 2015. All extension years have minimum navigation service levels for both navigation seasons. The navigation season is shortened 30 days in 2010, 41 days in 2011, 56 days in 2012, and 55 days in 2013 and 2014. There are no March spring pulses and only a May spring pulse in 2010, and no intrasystem unbalancing for the entire study period due to low System storage.

*Plate 14* presents System storage, Gavins Point releases, and System peaking capability for Median, Lower Quartile, and Lower Decile runoff for the period 2010 through February 2015. Peak power, or peaking capability, is the amount of power available when all powerplants are operating at maximum.

*Plate 15* presents reservoir pool elevations for Fort Peck, Garrison, Oahe, and Fort Randall for Median, Lower Quartile, and Lower Decile runoff for the period 2010 through February 2015.

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# MISSOURI RIVER BASIN

**Summary of Engineering Data -- Missouri River Mainstem System**

Item No.	Subject	Fort Peck Dam - Fort Peck Lake	Garrison Dam - Lake Sakakawea	Oahe Dam - Lake Oahe
1	Location of Dam	Near Glasgow, Montana	Near Garrison, ND	Near Pierre, SD
2	River Mile - 1960 Mileage	Mile 1771.5	Mile 1389.9	Mile 1072.3
3	Total & incremental drainage areas in square miles	57,500	181,400 (2)                      123,900	243,490 (1)                      62,090
4	Approximate length of full reservoir (in valley miles)	134, ending near Zortman, MT	178, ending near Trenton, ND	231, ending near Bismarck, ND
5	Shoreline in miles (3)	1520 (elevation 2234)	1340 (elevation 1837.5)	2250 (elevation 1607.5)
6	Average total & incremental inflow in cfs	10,200	25,600                      15,400	28,900                      3,300
7	Max. discharge of record near damsite in cfs	137,000 (June 1953)	348,000 (April 1952)	440,000 (April 1952)
8	Construction started - calendar yr.	1933	1946	1948
9	In operation (4) calendar yr.	1940	1955	1962
<b><u>Dam and Embankment</u></b>				
10	Top of dam, elevation in feet msl	2280.5	1875	1660
11	Length of dam in feet	21,026 (excluding spillway)	11,300 (including spillway)	9,300 (excluding spillway)
12	Damming height in feet (5)	220	180	200
13	Maximum height in feet (5)	250.5	210	245
14	Max. base width, total & w/o berms in feet	3500, 2700	3400, 2050	3500, 1500
15	Abutment formations ( under dam & embankment)	Bearpaw shale and glacial fill	Fort Union clay shale	Pierre shale
16	Type of fill	Hydraulic & rolled earth fill	Rolled earth filled	Rolled earth fill & shale berms
17	Fill quantity, cubic yards	125,628,000	66,500,000	55,000,000 & 37,000,000
18	Volume of concrete, cubic yards	1,200,000	1,500,000	1,045,000
19	Date of closure	24 June 1937	15 April 1953	3 August 1958
<b><u>Spillway Data</u></b>				
20	Location	Right bank - remote	Left bank - adjacent	Right bank - remote
21	Crest elevation in feet msl	2225	1825	1596.5
22	Width (including piers) in feet	820 gated	1336 gated	456 gated
23	No., size and type of gates	16 - 40' x 25' vertical lift gates	28 - 40' x 29' Tainter	8 - 50' x 23.5' Tainter
24	Design discharge capacity, cfs	275,000 at elev 2253.3	827,000 at elev 1858.5	304,000 at elev 1644.4
25	Discharge capacity at maximum operating pool in cfs	230,000	660,000	80,000
<b><u>Reservoir Data (6)</u></b>				
26	Max. operating pool elev. & area	2250 msl                      246,000 acres	1854 msl                      380,000 acres	1620 msl                      374,000 acres
27	Max. normal op. pool elev. & area	2246 msl                      240,000 acres	1850 msl                      364,000 acres	1617 msl                      360,000 acres
28	Base flood control elev & area	2234 msl                      212,000 acres	1837.5 msl                      307,000 acres	1607.5 msl                      312,000 acres
29	Min. operating pool elev. & area	2160 msl                      90,000 acres	1775 msl                      128,000 acres	1540 msl                      117,000 acres
<b><u>Storage allocation &amp; capacity</u></b>				
30	Exclusive flood control	2250-2246                      975,000 a.f.	1854-1850                      1,489,000 a.f.	1620-1617                      1,102,000 a.f.
31	Flood control & multiple use	2246-2234                      2,717,000 a.f.	1850-1837.5                      4,222,000 a.f.	1617-1607.5                      3,201,000 a.f.
32	Carryover multiple use	2234-2160                      10,785,000 a.f.	1837.5-1775                      13,130,000 a.f.	1607.5-1540                      13,461,000 a.f.
33	Permanent	2160-2030                      4,211,000 a.f.	1775-1673                      4,980,000 a.f.	1540-1415                      5,373,000 a.f.
34	Gross	2250-2030                      18,688,000 a.f.	1854-1673                      23,821,000 a.f.	1620-1415                      23,137,000 a.f.
35	Reservoir filling initiated	November 1937	December 1953	August 1958
36	Initially reached min. operating pool	27 May 1942	7 August 1955	3 April 1962
37	Estimated annual sediment inflow	17,700 a.f.                      1030 yrs.	25,900 a.f.                      920 yrs.	19,800 a.f.                      1170 yrs.
<b><u>Outlet Works Data</u></b>				
38	Location	Right bank	Right Bank	Right Bank
39	Number and size of conduits	2 - 24' 8" diameter (nos. 3 & 4)	1 - 26' dia. and 2 - 22' dia.	6 - 19.75' dia. upstream, 18.25' dia. downstream
40	Length of conduits in feet (8)	No. 3 - 6,615, No. 4 - 7,240	1529	3496 to 3659
41	No., size, and type of service gates	1 - 28' dia. cylindrical gate 6 ports, 7.6' x 8.5' high (net opening) in each control shaft	1 - 18' x 24.5' Tainter gate per conduit for fine regulation	1 - 13' x 22' per conduit, vertical lift, 4 cable suspension and 2 hydraulic suspension (fine regulation)
42	Entrance invert elevation (msl)	2095	1672	1425
43	Avg. discharge capacity per conduit & total	Elev. 2250                      22,500 cfs - 45,000 cfs	Elev. 1854                      30,400 cfs - 98,000 cfs	Elev. 1620                      18,500 cfs - 111,000 cfs
44	Present tailwater elevation (ft msl)	2032-2036                      5,000 - 35,000 cfs	1670-1680                      15,000- 60,000 cfs	1423-1428                      20,000-55,000 cfs
<b><u>Power Facilities and Data</u></b>				
45	Avg. gross head available in feet (14)	194	161	174
46	Number and size of conduits	No. 1-24'8" dia., No. 2-22'4" dia.	5 - 29' dia., 25' penstocks	7 - 24' dia., imbedded penstocks
47	Length of conduits in feet (8)	No. 1 - 5,653, No. 2 - 6,355	1829	From 3,280 to 4,005
48	Surge tanks	PH#1: 3-40' dia., PH#2: 2-65' dia.	65' dia. - 2 per penstock	70' dia., 2 per penstock
49	No., type and speed of turbines	5 Francis, PH#1-2: 128.5 rpm, 1-164 rpm , PH#2-2: 128.6 rpm	5 Francis, 90 rpm	7 Francis, 100 rpm
50	Discharge cap. at rated head in cfs	PH#1, units 1&3 170', 2-140'                      8,800 cfs, PH#2-4&5 170'-7,200 cfs	150'                      41,000 cfs	185'                      54,000 cfs
51	Generator nameplate rating in kW	1&3: 43,500; 2: 18,250; 4&5: 40,000	3 - 121,600, 2 - 109,250	112,290
52	Plant capacity in kW	185,250	583,300	786,030
53	Dependable capacity in kW (9)	181,000	388,000	534,000
54	Avg. annual energy, million kWh (12)	1,075	2,293	2,677
55	Initial generation, first and last unit	July 1943 - June 1961	January 1956 - October 1960	April 1962 - June 1963
56	Estimated cost September 1999 completed project (13)	\$158,428,000	\$305,274,000	\$346,521,000

**Summary of Engineering Data -- Missouri River Mainstem System**

Big Bend Dam - Lake Sharpe		Fort Randall Dam - Lake Francis Case		Gavins Point Dam - Lewis & Clark Lake		Total	Item No.	Remarks
21 miles upstream Chamberlain, SD		Near Lake Andes, SD		Near Yankton, SD			1	(1) Includes 4,280 square miles of non-contributing areas. (2) Includes 1,350 square miles of non-contributing areas. (3) With pool at base of flood control. (4) Storage first available for regulation of flows. (5) Damming height is height from low water to maximum operating pool. Maximum height is from average streambed to top of dam. (6) Based on latest available storage data. (7) River regulation is attained by flows over low-crested spillway and through turbines. (8) Length from upstream face of outlet or to spiral case. (9) Based on 8th year (1961) of drought drawdown (From study 8-83-1985). (10) Affected by level of Lake Francis case. Applicable to pool at elevation 1350. (11) Spillway crest. (12) 1967-2006 Average (13) Source: Annual Report on Civil Works Activities of the Corps of Engineers. Extract Report Fiscal Year 1999. (14) Based on Study 8-83-1985
Mile 887.4		Mile 880.0		Mile 811.1			2	
249,330 (1)	5,840	263,480 (1)	14,150	279,480 (1)	16,000		3	
80, ending near Pierre, SD		107, ending at Big Bend Dam		25, ending near Niobrara, NE		755 miles	4	
200 (elevation 1420)		540 (elevation 1350)		90 (elevation 1204.5)		5,940 miles	5	
28,900		30,000	1,100	32,000	2,000		6	
440,000 (April 1952)		447,000 (April 1952)		480,000 (April 1952)			7	
1959		1946		1952			8	
1964		1953		1955			9	
1440		1395		1234			10	
10,570 (including spillway)		10,700 (including spillway)		8,700 (including spillway)		71,596	11	
78		140		45		863 feet	12	
95		165		74			13	
1200, 700		4300, 1250		850, 450			14	
Pierre shale & Niobrara chalk		Niobrara chalk		Niobrara chalk & Carlile shale			15	
Rolled earth, shale, chalk fill		Rolled earth fill & chalk berms		Rolled earth & chalk fill			16	
17,000,000		28,000,000 & 22,000,000		7,000,000		358,128,000 cu. yds	17	
540,000		961,000		308,000		5,554,000 cu. yds.	18	
24 July 1963		20 July 1952		31 July 1955			19	
Left bank - adjacent		Left bank - adjacent		Right bank - adjacent			20	
1385		1346		1180			21	
376 gated		1000 gated		664 gated			22	
8 - 40' x 38' Tainter		21 - 40' x 29' Tainter		14 - 40' x 30' Tainter			23	
390,000 at elev 1433.6		620,000 at elev 1379.3		584,000 at elev 1221.4			24	
270,000		508,000		345,000			25	
1423 msl	61,000 acres	1375 msl	102,000 acres	1210 msl	31,000 acres	1,194,000 acres	26	
1422 msl	60,000 acres	1365 msl	95,000 acres	1208 msl	28,000 acres	1,147,000 acres	27	
1420 msl	57,000 acres	1350 msl	77,000 acres	1204.5 msl	24,000 acres	989,000 acres	28	
1415 msl	51,000 acres	1320 msl	38,000 acres	1204.5 msl	24,000 acres	450,000 acres	29	
1423-1422	60,000 a.f.	1375-1365	985,000 a.f.	1210-1208	59,000 a.f.	4,670,000 a.f.	30	
1422-1420	117,000 a.f.	1365-1350	1,309,000 a.f.	1208-1204.5	90,000 a.f.	11,656,000 a.f.	31	
		1350-1320	1,607,000 a.f.			38,983,000 a.f.	32	
1420-1345	1,621,000 a.f.	1320-1240	1,517,000 a.f.	1204.5-1160	321,000 a.f.	18,023,000 a.f.	33	
1423-1345	1,798,000 a.f.	1375-1240	5,418,000 a.f.	1210-1160	470,000 a.f.	73,332,000 a.f.	34	
November 1963		January 1953		August 1955			35	
25 March 1964		24 November 1953		22 December 1955			36	
5,300 a.f.	430 yrs.	18,400 a.f.	250 yrs.	2,600 a.f.	180 yrs.	89,700 a.f.	37	
None (7)		Left Bank		None (7)			38	
		4 - 22' diameter					39	
		1013					40	
		2 - 11' x 23' per conduit, vertical lift, cable suspension					41	
1385 (11)		1229		1180 (11)			42	
		Elev 1375					43	
		32,000 cfs - 128,000 cfs						
1351-1355(10)	25,000-100,000 cfs	1228-1239	5,000-60,000 cfs	1155-1163	15,000-60,000 cfs		44	
70		117		48		764 feet	45	
None: direct intake		8 - 28' dia., 22' penstocks		None: direct intake			46	
		1,074				55,083	47	
None		59' dia, 2 per alternate penstock		None			48	
8 Fixed blade, 81.8 rpm		8 Francis, 85.7 rpm		3 Kaplan, 75 rpm		36 units	49	
67'	103,000 cfs	112'	44,500 cfs	48'	36,000 cfs		50	
3 - 67,276, 5 - 58,500		40,000		44,100			51	
494,320		320,000		132,300		2,501,200 kw	52	
497,000		293,000		74,000		1,967,000 kw	53	
988		1,757		734		9,524 million kWh	54	
October 1964 - July 1966		March 1954 - January 1956		September 1956 - January 1957		July 1943 - July 1966	55	
	\$107,498,000		\$199,066,000		\$49,617,000		\$1,166,404,000	56

**Plate 3**  
**Summary of Master Manual Technical Criteria**

**NAVIGATION TARGET FLOWS**

<u>Location</u>	<u>Minimum Service (kcfs)</u>	<u>Full Service (kcfs)</u>
Sioux City	25	31
Omaha	25	31
Nebraska City	31	37
Kansas City	35	41

**RELATION OF SYSTEM STORAGE TO NAVIGATION SERVICE LEVEL**

<u>Date</u>	<u>System Storage (MAF)</u>	<u>Navigation Service Level</u>
March 15	54.5 or more	35,000 cfs (full-service)
March 15	49.0 to 31	29,000 cfs (minimum-service)
March 15	31.0 or less	No navigation service
July 1	57.0 or more	35,000 cfs (full-service)
July 1	50.5 or less	29,000 cfs (minimum-service)

**RELATION OF SYSTEM STORAGE TO NAVIGATION SEASON LENGTH**

<u>Date</u>	<u>System Storage (MAF)</u>	<u>Final Day of Navigation Support at Mouth of the Missouri River</u>
July 1	51.5 or more	November 30 (8-month season)
July 1	46.8 through 41.0	October 31 (7-month season)
July 1	36.5 or less	September 30 (6-month season)

**GAVINS POINT RELEASES NEEDED TO MEET TARGET FLOWS**

		<u>1950 to 1996 Data (kcfs)</u>							
		<u>Median, Upper Quartile, Upper Decile Runoff</u>							
		<u>Apr</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>Jun</u>	<u>Jul</u>	<u>Aug</u>	<u>Sep</u>	<u>Oct</u>	<u>Nov</u>
Full Service		26.7	28.0	27.9	31.6	33.2	32.6	32.0	31.1
Minimum Service		20.7	22.0	21.9	25.6	27.2	26.6	26.0	25.1
		<u>Lower Quartile, Lower Decile Runoff</u>							
		<u>Apr</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>Jun</u>	<u>Jul</u>	<u>Aug</u>	<u>Sep</u>	<u>Oct</u>	<u>Nov</u>
Full Service		29.8	31.3	31.2	34.3	34.0	33.5	33.1	31.2
Minimum Service		23.8	25.3	25.2	28.3	28.0	27.5	27.1	25.2

**RESERVOIR UNBALANCING SCHEDULE**

<u>Year</u>	<u>Fort Peck</u>		<u>Garrison</u>		<u>Oahe</u>	
	<u>March 1</u>	<u>Rest of Year</u>	<u>March 1</u>	<u>Rest of Year</u>	<u>March 1</u>	<u>Rest of Year</u>
1	High	Float	Low	Hold Peak	Raise & hold during spawn	Float
2	Raise & hold during spawn	Float	High	Float	Low	Hold peak
3	Low	Hold peak	Raise & hold during spawn	Float	High	Float

**Notes:** **Float year:** Normal regulation, then unbalance 1 foot during low pool years or 3 feet when System storage is near 57.0 MAF on March 1.

**Low year:** Begin low, then hold peak the remainder of the year.

**High year:** Begin high, raise and hold pool during spawn, then float.

**MRNRC RECOMMENDED RESERVOIR ELEVATION GUIDELINES FOR UNBALANCING**

	<u>Fort Peck</u>	<u>Garrison</u>	<u>Oahe</u>
Implement unbalancing if March 1 pool is above this level.	2234 feet msl	1837.5 feet msl	1607.5 feet msl
Implement unbalancing if March 1 pool level is in this range and the pool is expected to raise more than 3 feet after March 1.	2227-2234 feet msl	1827-1837.5 feet msl	1600-1607.5 feet msl
Scheduling Criteria	Avoid pool level decline during spawn period which ranges from April 15 - May 30	Schedule after spawn period of April 20 - May 20	Schedule after spawn period of April 8 - May 15



**Plate 3 (cont'd)**  
**Summary of Master Manual Technical Criteria**

**TECHNICAL CRITERIA FOR SPRING PULSES  
FROM GAVINS POINT DAM**

**Criteria Applicable to Both the March and May Spring Pulses**

Flood Control Constraints	No change from current levels
---------------------------	-------------------------------

**Criteria Applicable to the March Spring Pulse**

Drought Preclude	40.0 MAF or below measured on March 1.
Drought Proration of Pulse Magnitude*	None, 5 kcfs added to navigation releases, but no greater than 35 kcfs.
Initiation of Pulse	Extend the stepped System release increases that precede the beginning of the navigation season.
Rate of Rise before Peak	Approximately 5 kcfs for 1 day.
Duration of Peak	Two days.
Rate of Fall after Peak	Drop over 5 days to navigation target release.

**Criteria Applicable to Time Period Between the Bimodal Pulses**

Release	Existing Master Manual Criteria
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**Criteria Applicable to the May Spring Pulse**

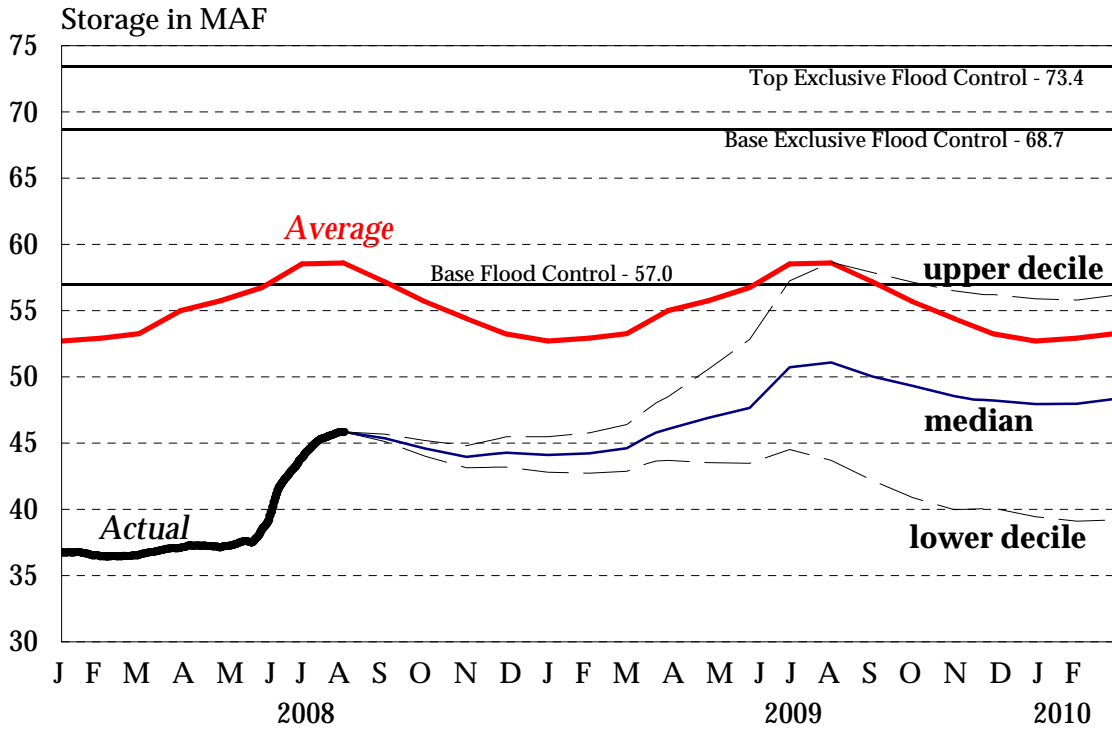
Drought Preclude	40.0 MAF or below measured on May 1.
Proration of Pulse Magnitude Based On System Storage*	Prorated from 16 kcfs based on a May 1 System Storage check; 100% at 54.5 MAF; straight line interpolation to 75% at 40.0 MAF.
Proration of Pulse Magnitude Based On Projected Runoff*	After the proration of the spring pulse magnitude for System Storage, the resultant magnitude would be further adjusted either up or down based on the May CY runoff forecast; 100% for Median; straight-line interpolation to 125% at Upper Quartile runoff; 125% for runoff above Upper Quartile; straight-line interpolation to 75% at Lower Quartile runoff; 75% for runoff below Lower Quartile.
Initiation of Pulse	Between May 1 to May 19, depending on Missouri River water temperature immediately below Gavins Point Dam. If possible, pulse will be initiated after the second daily occurrence of a 16 degree Celsius water temperature; however, the decision will be informed by the potential for 'take' of Threatened and Endangered bird species.
Rate of Rise before Peak	Approximately 6 kcfs per day.
Duration of Peak	Two days.
Rate of Fall after Peak	Approximately 30% drop over 2 days followed by a proportional reduction in releases back to the existing Master Manual criteria over an 8-day period.

**Spring Pulse Downstream Flow Limits**

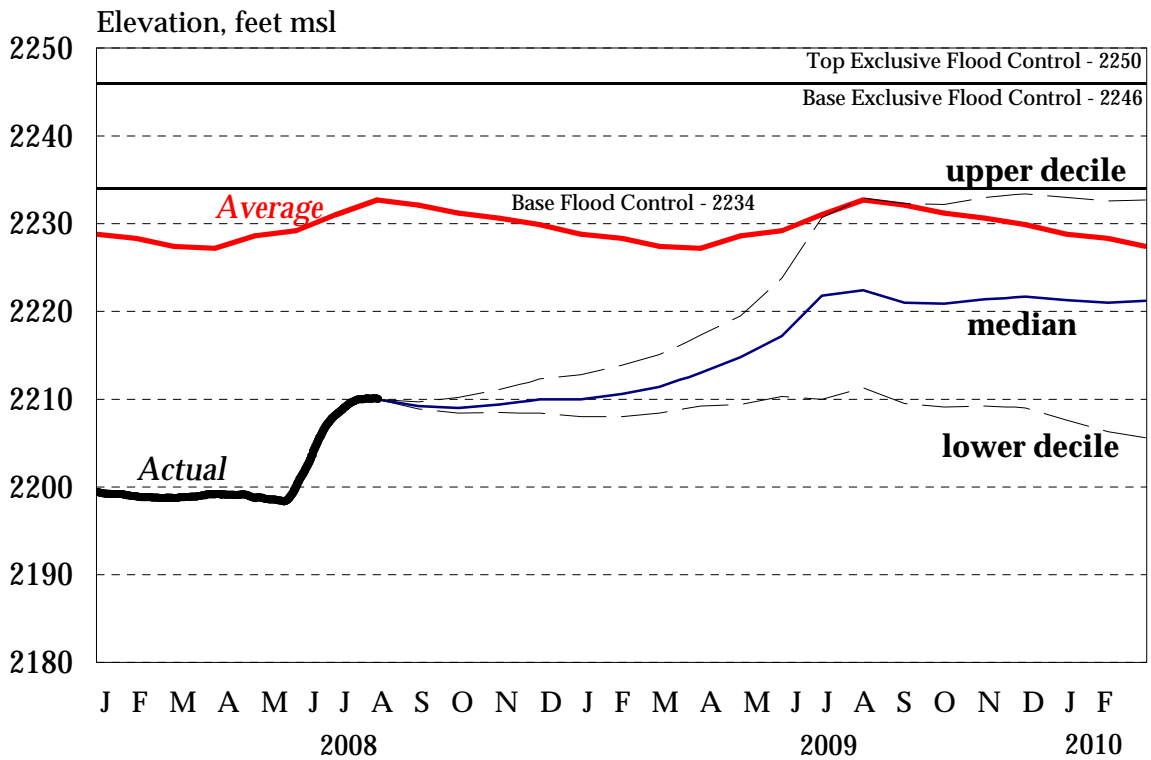
Omaha	41,000 cfs
Nebraska City	47,000 cfs
Kansas City	71,000 cfs

\* Spring pulse magnitudes will be determined by taking the difference between pre-pulse Gavins Point releases and the peak pulse Missouri River flows measured just downstream of the mouth of the James River.

# System Storage 2008-2009 Draft AOP

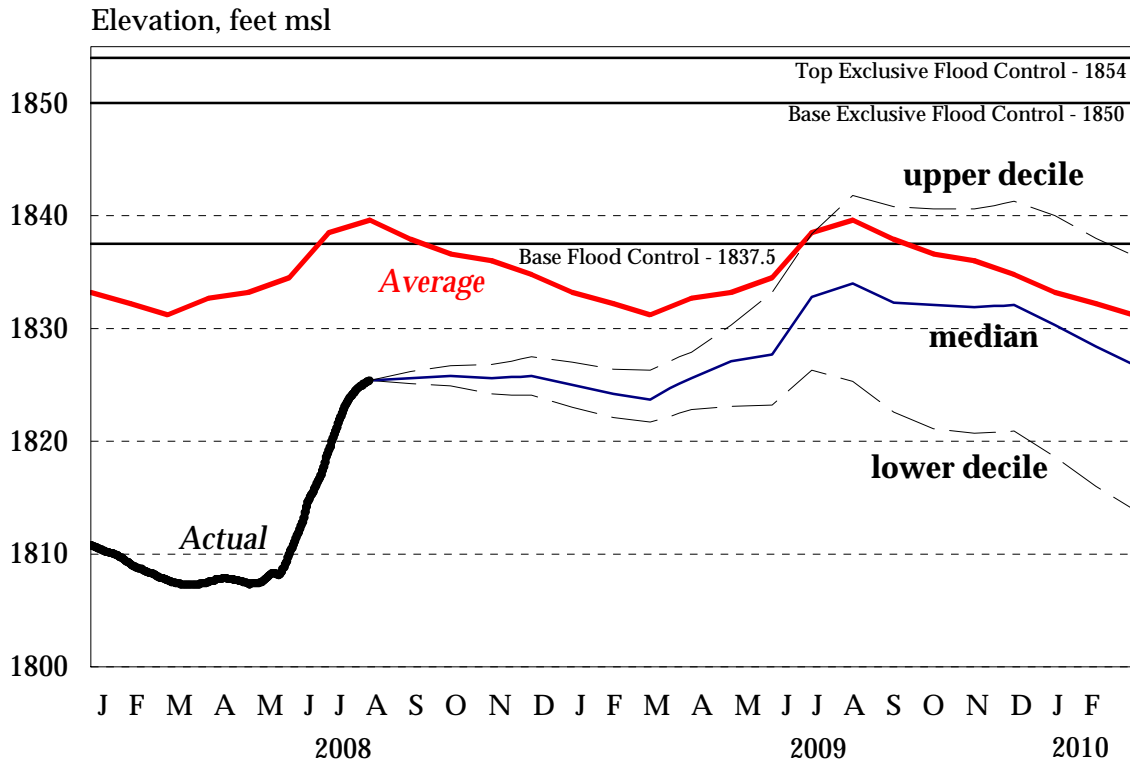


# Fort Peck 2008-2009 Draft AOP



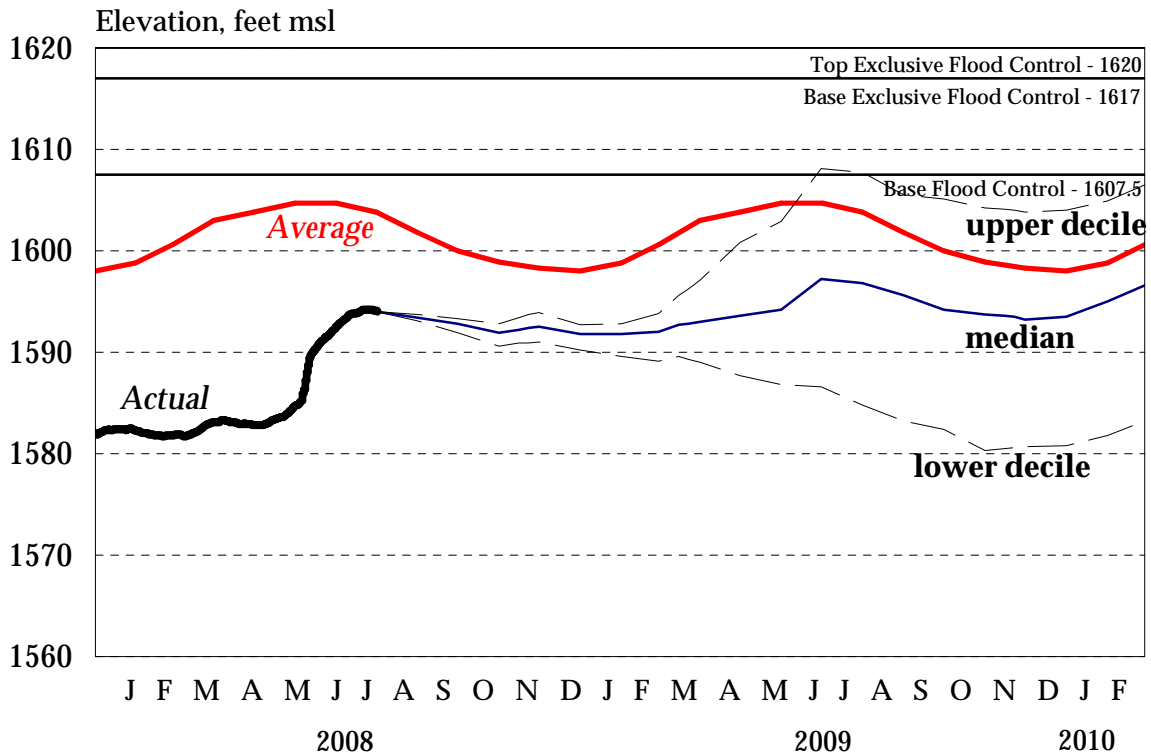
# Garrison

## 2008-2009 Draft AOP

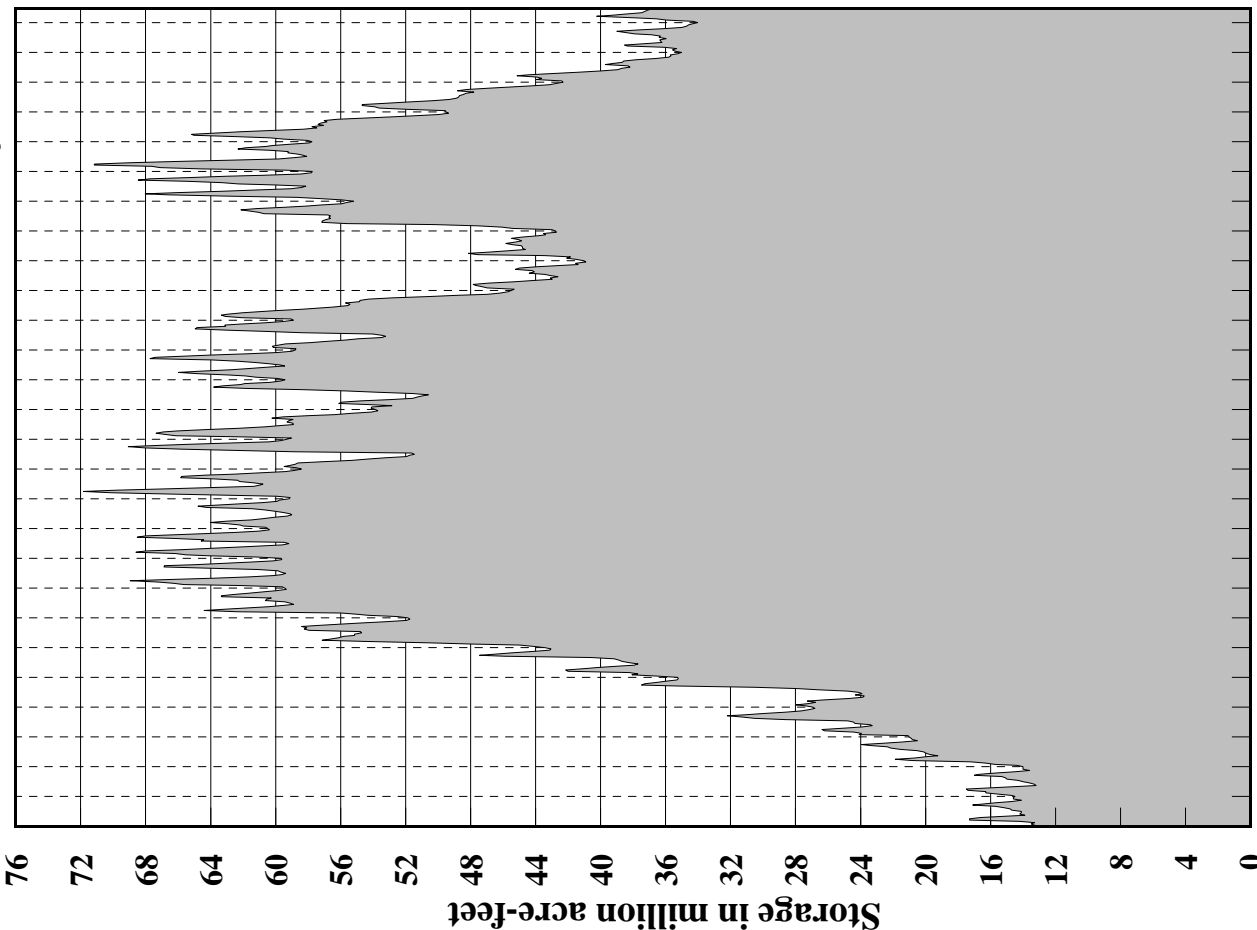
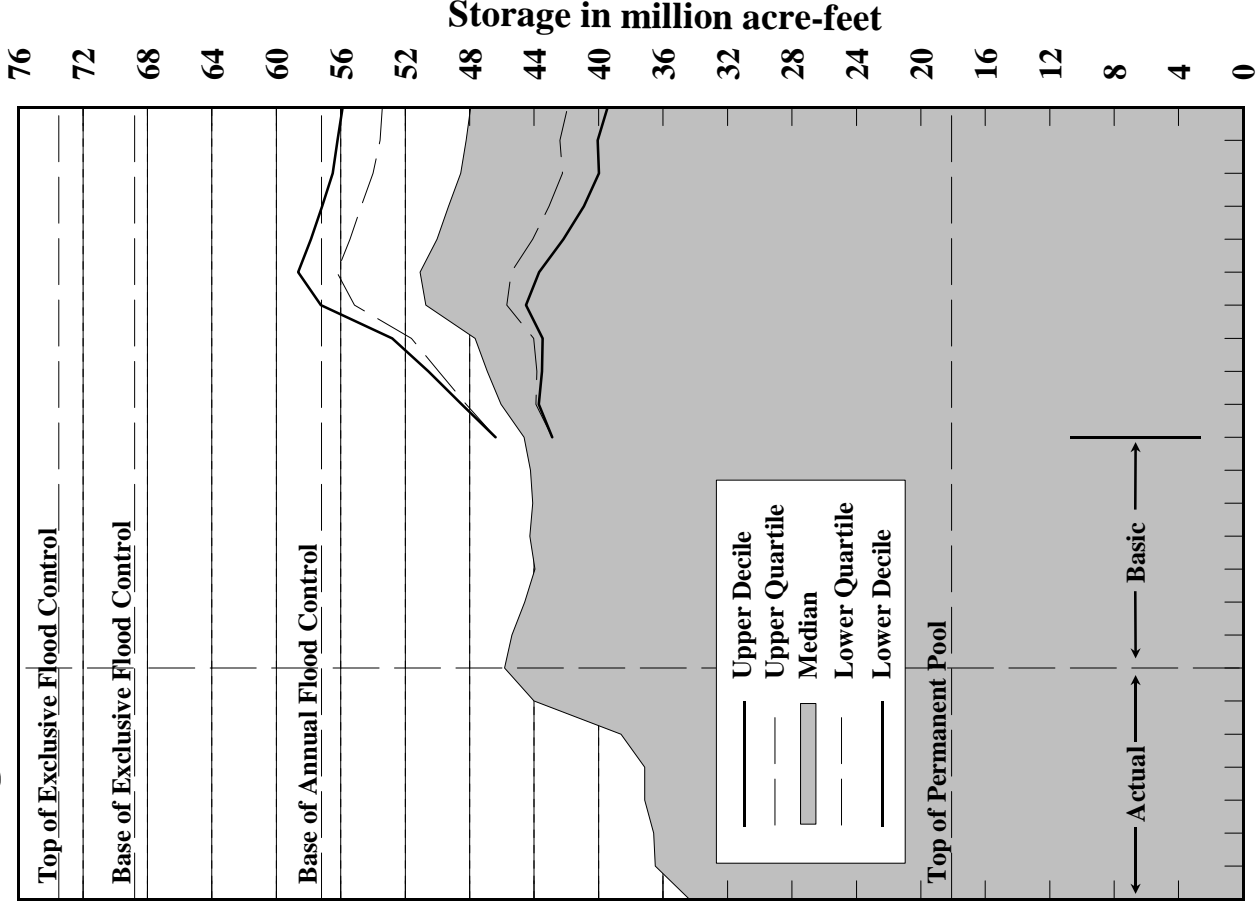


# Oahe

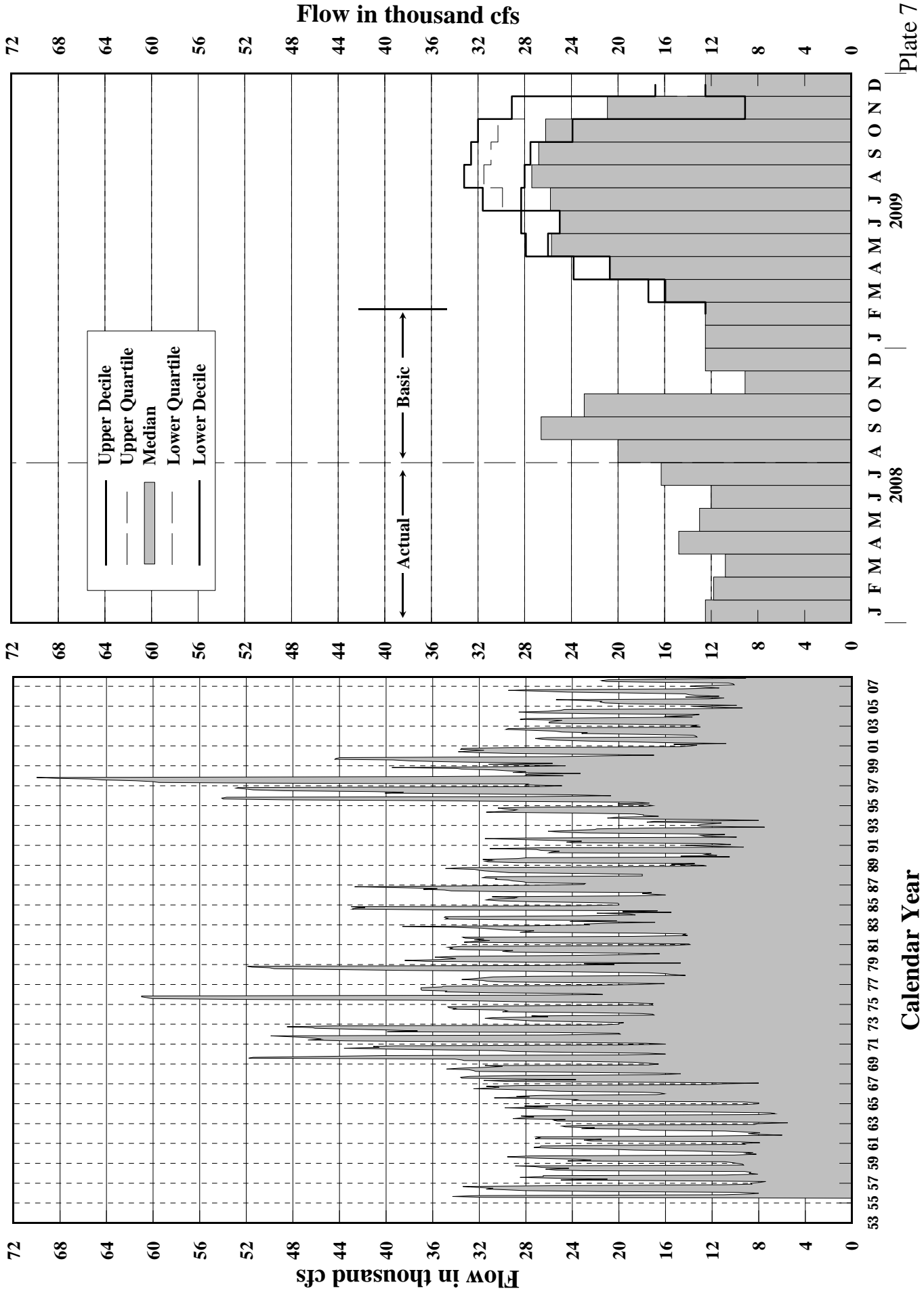
## 2008-2009 Draft AOP



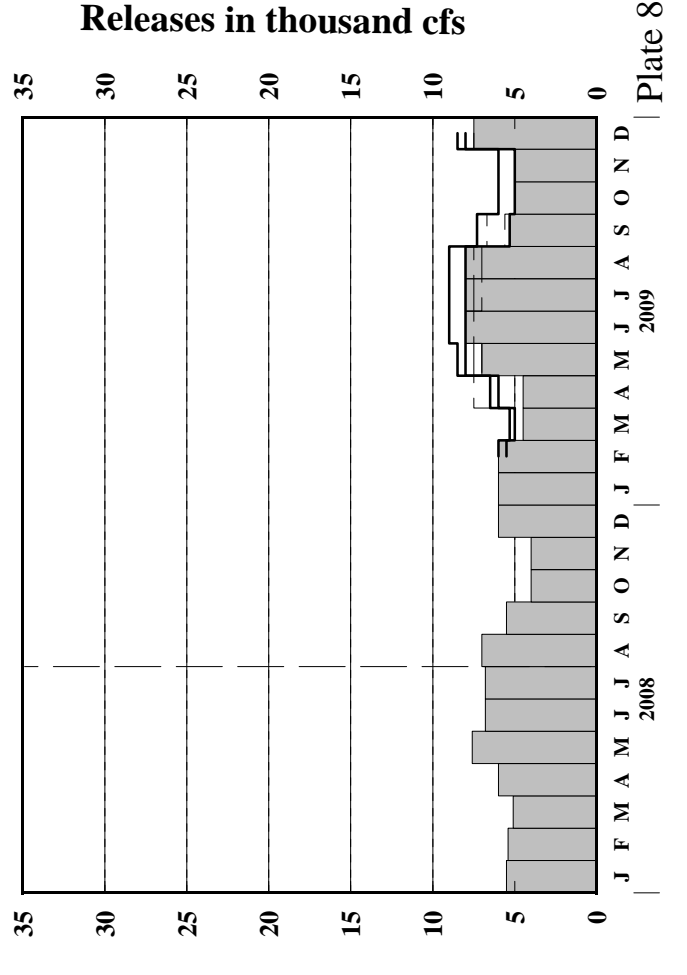
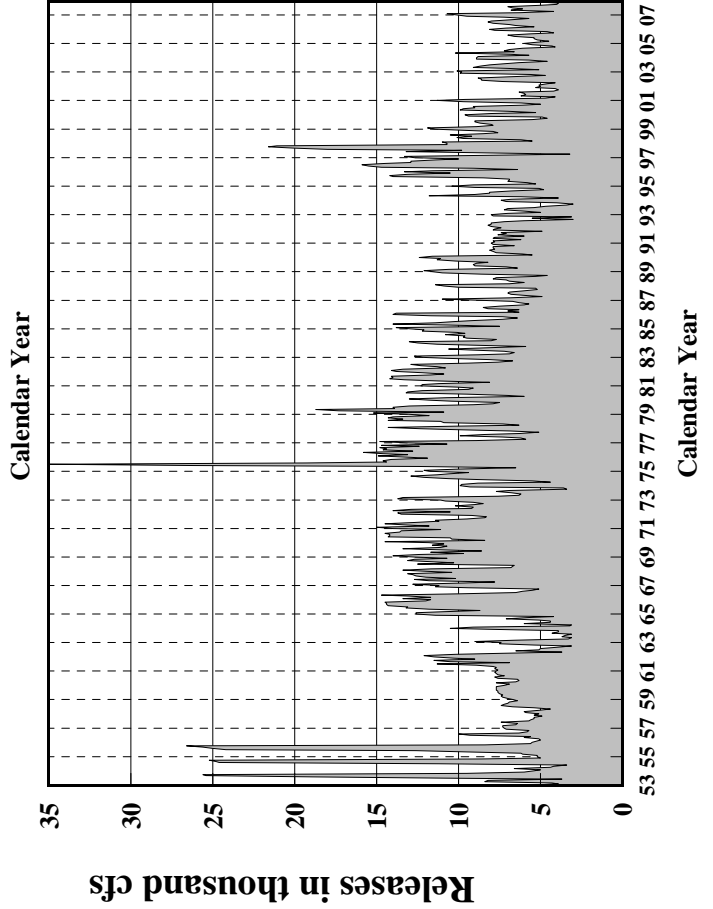
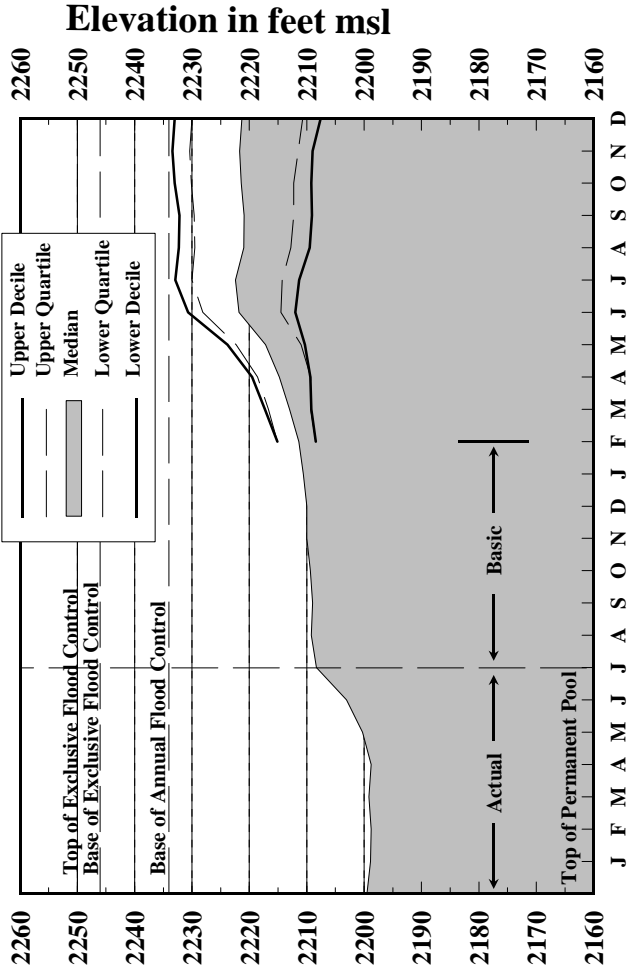
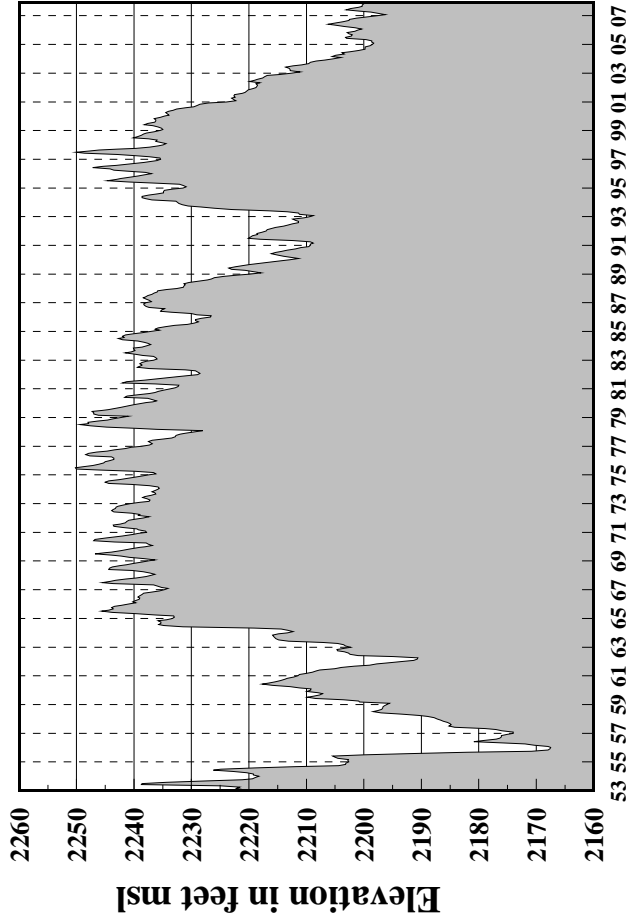
# System Storage



# Gavins Point Releases

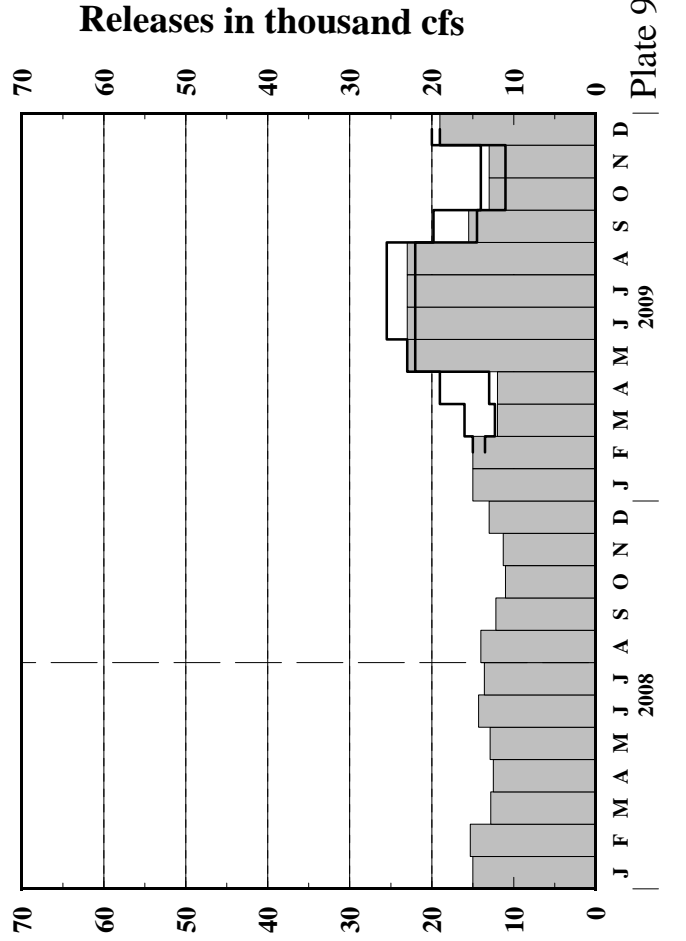
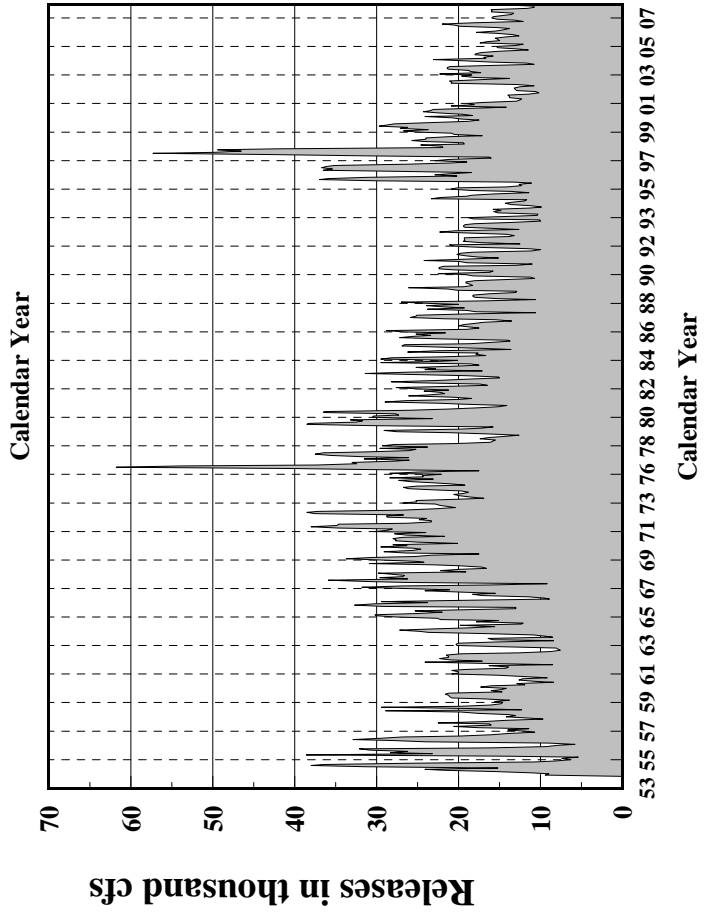
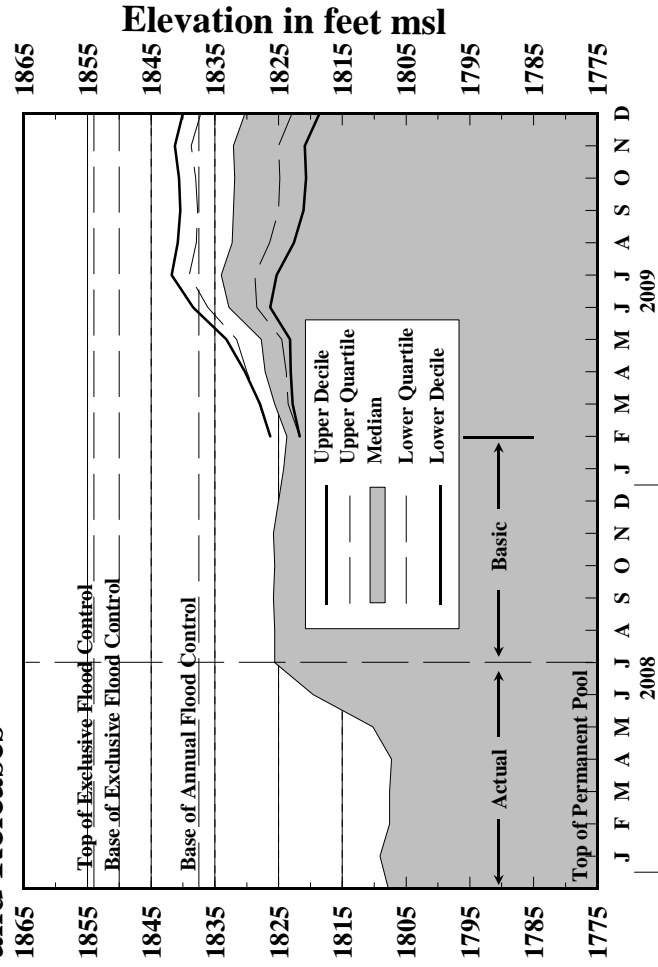
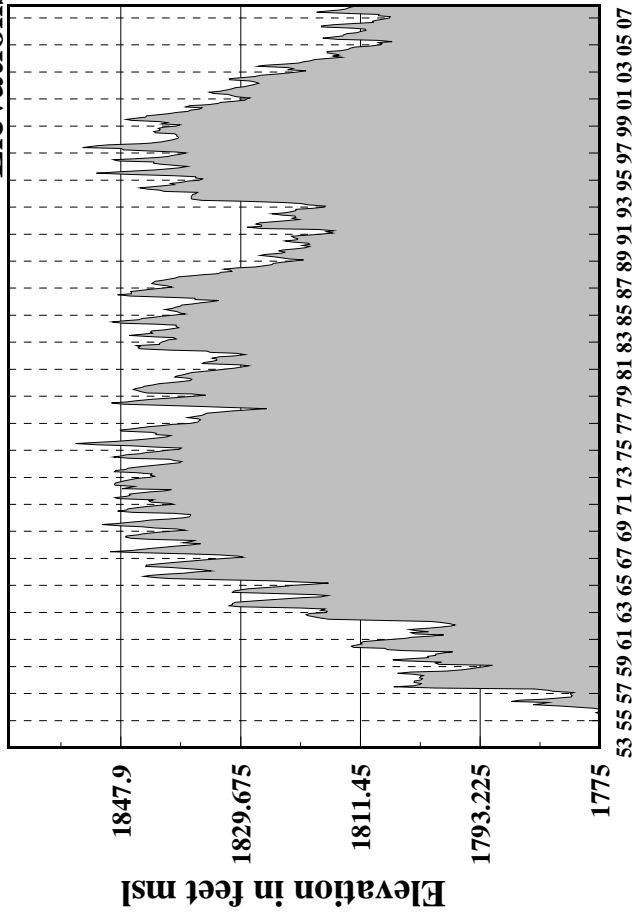


# Fort Peck Elevations and Releases

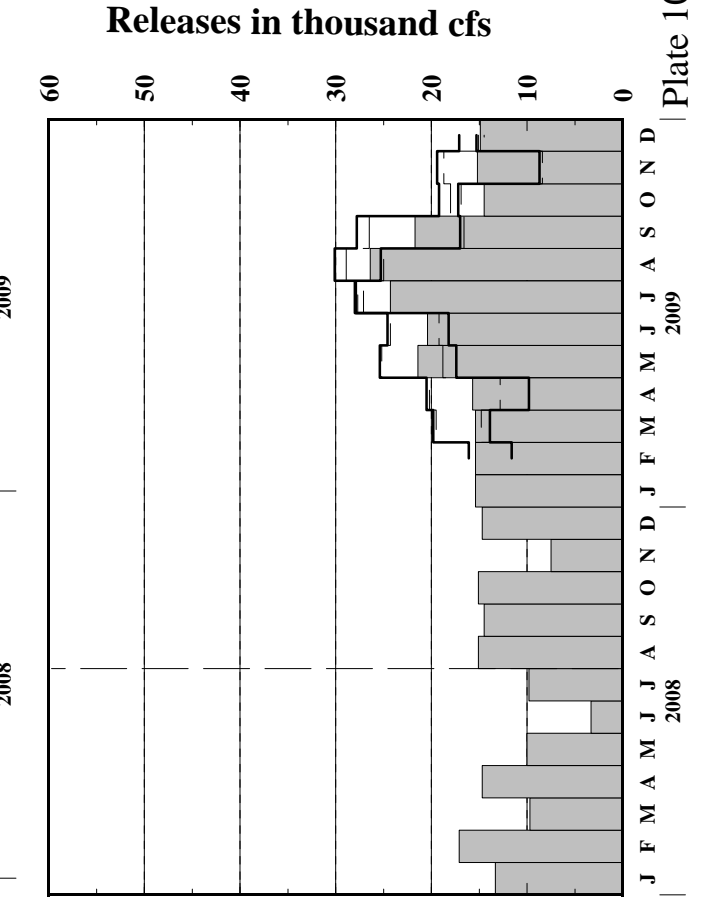
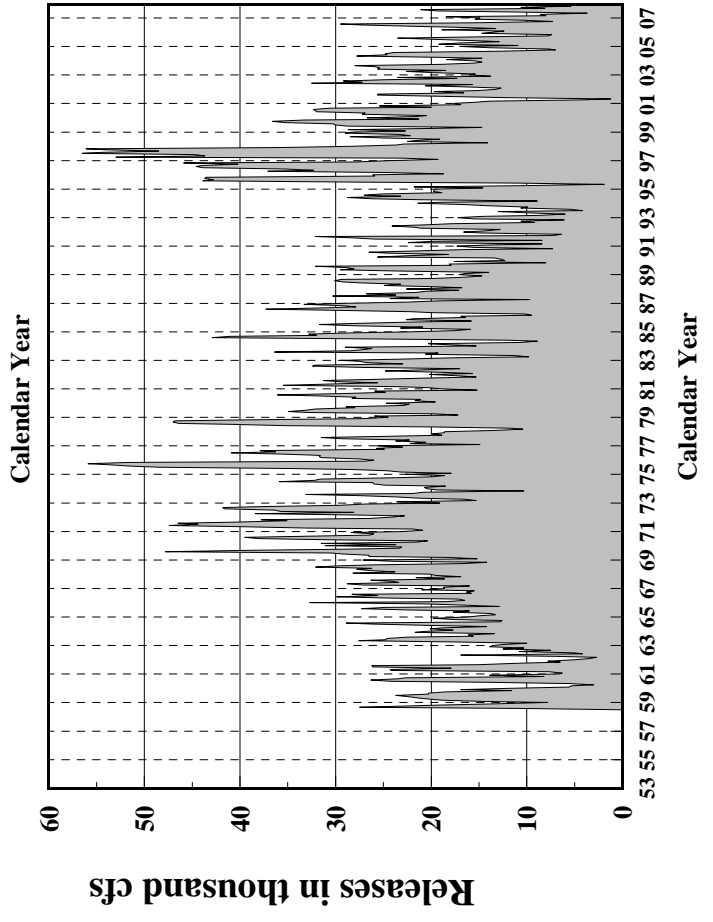
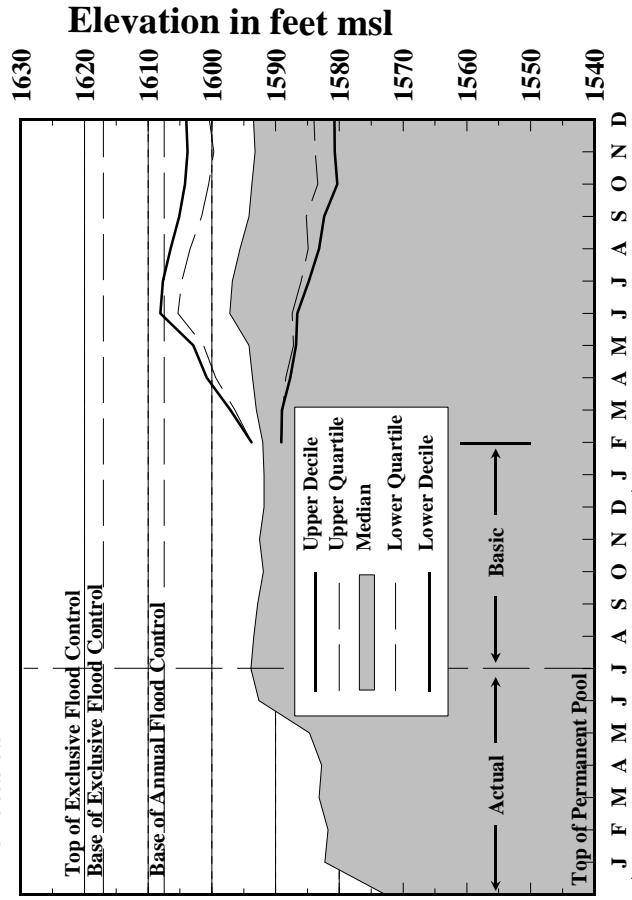
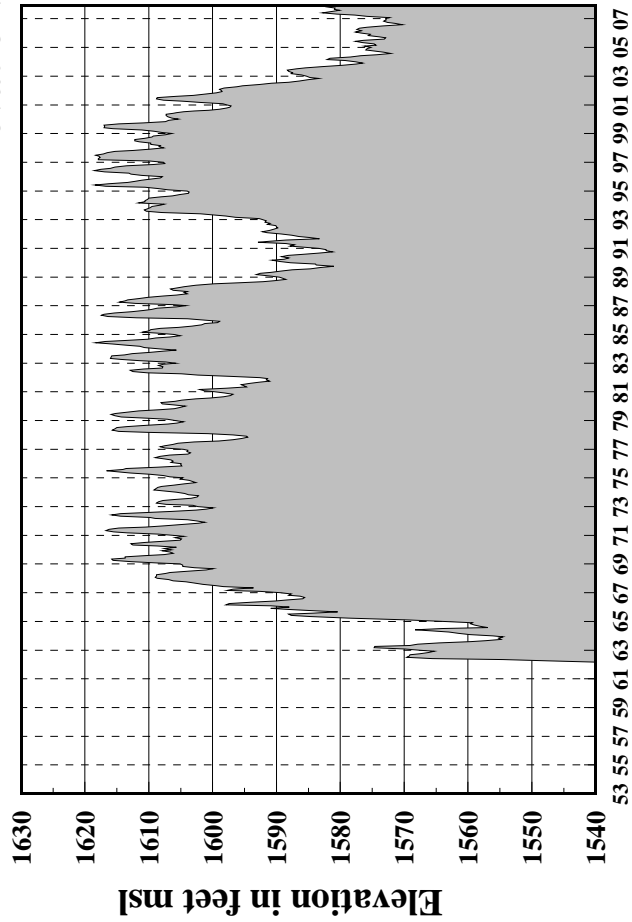


# Garrison

## Elevations and Releases

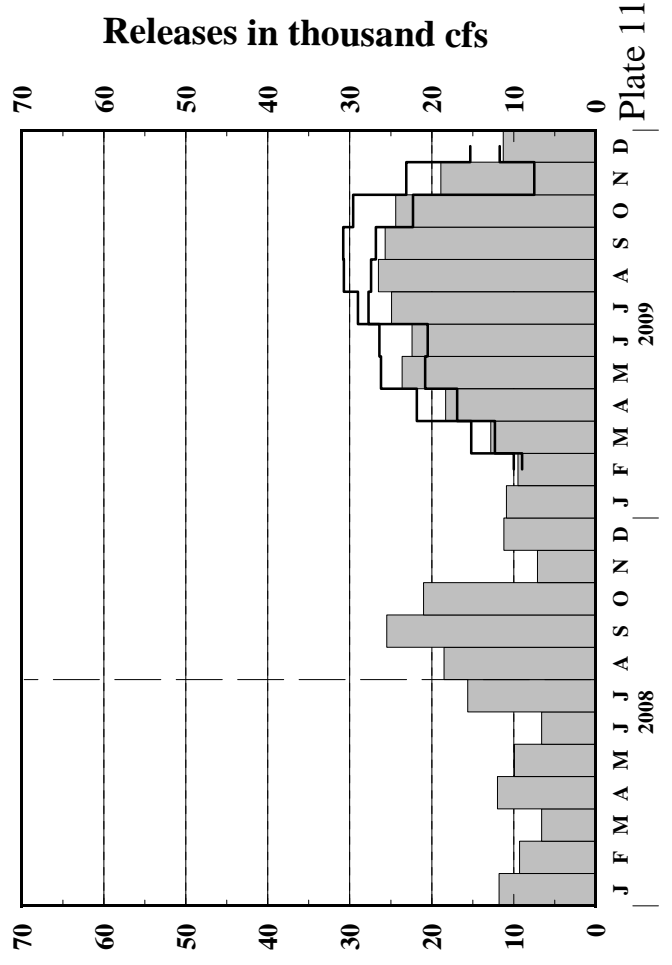
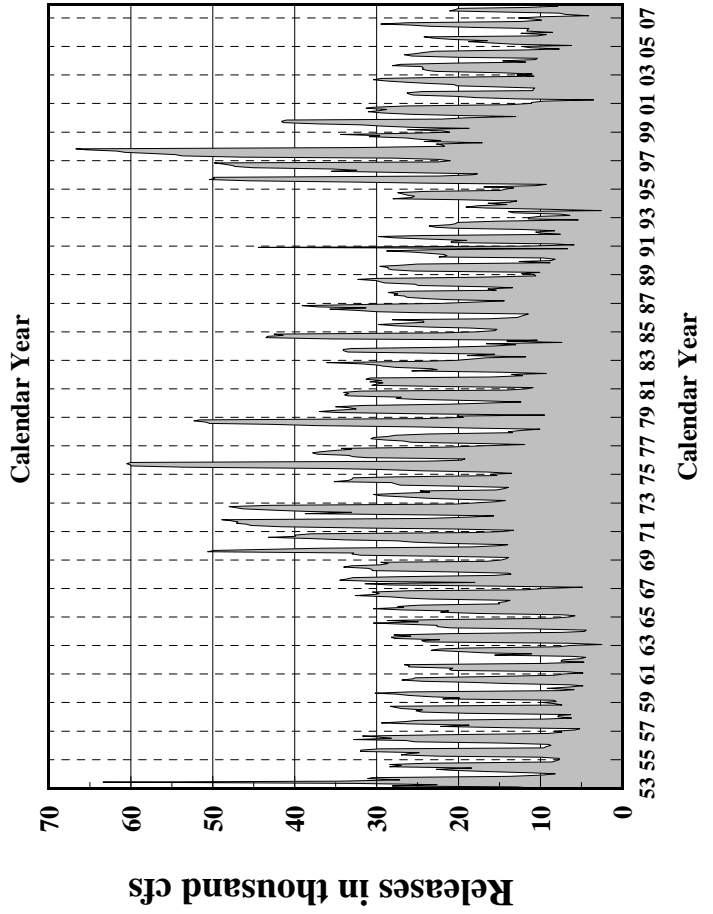
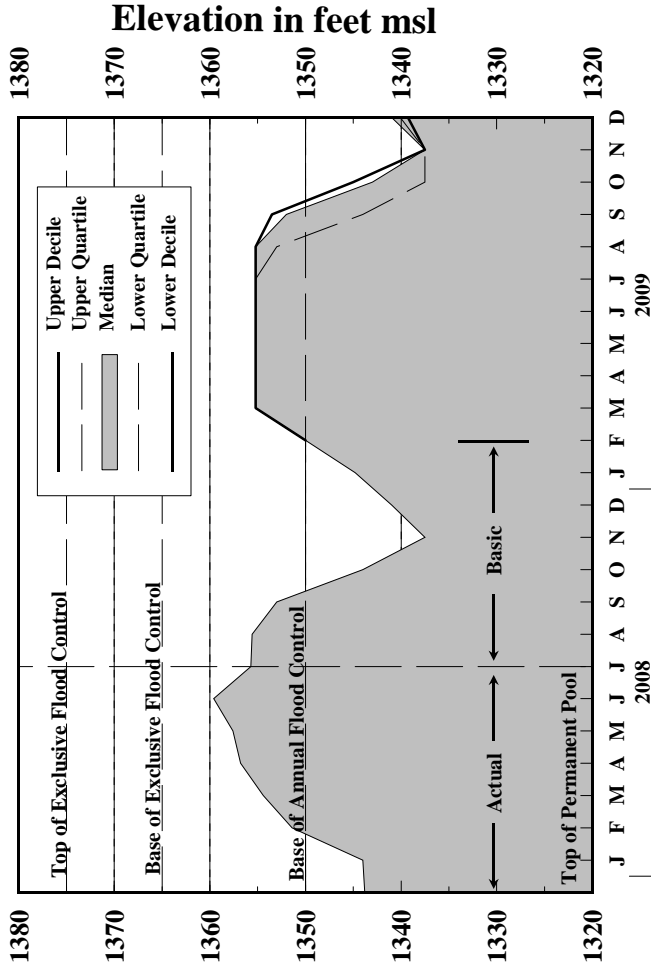
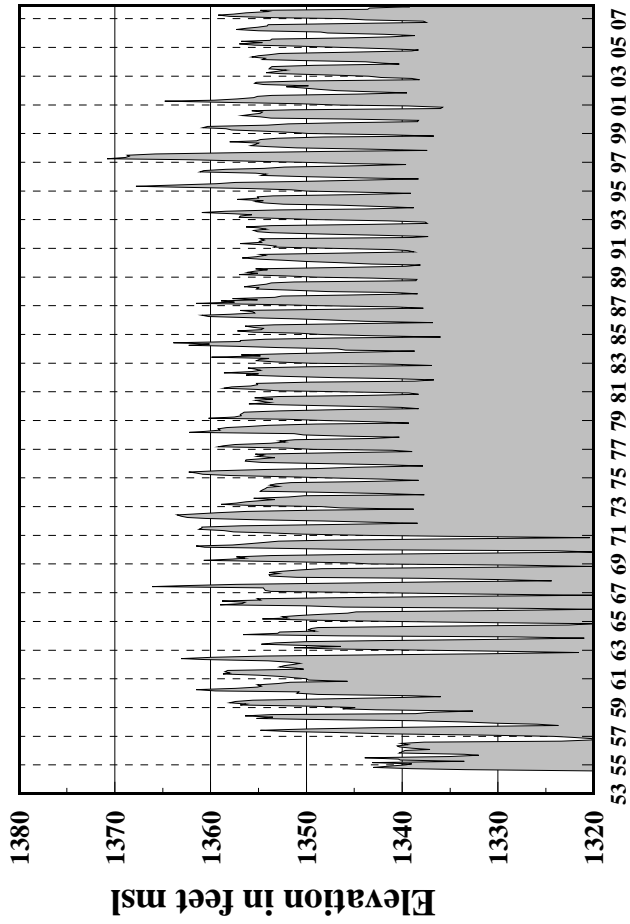


# Oahe Elevations and Releases



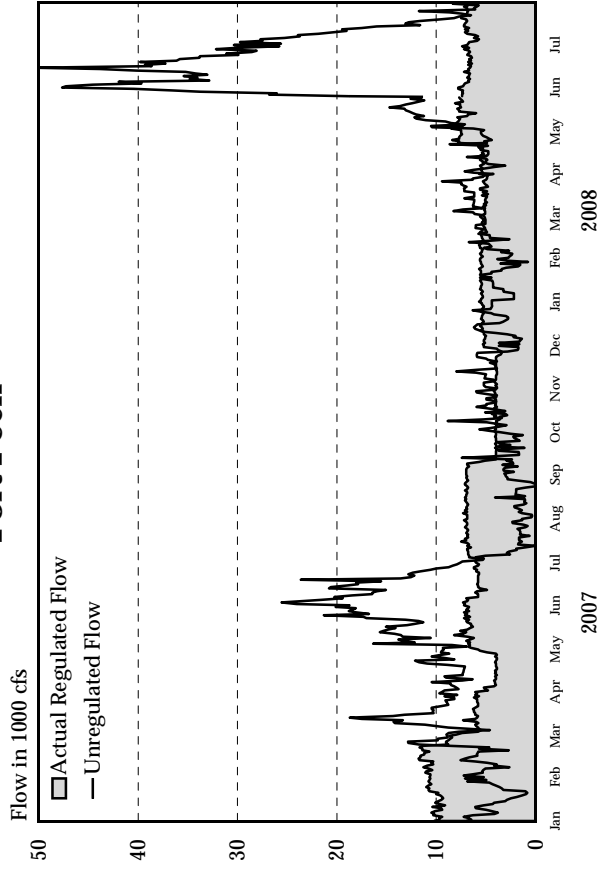


# Fort Randall Elevations and Releases

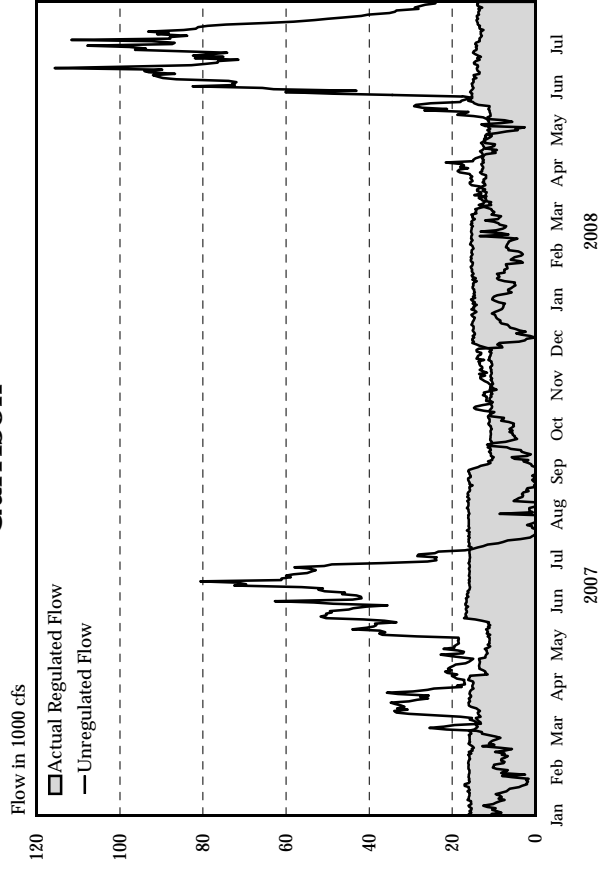


# Reservoir Release and Unregulated Flow

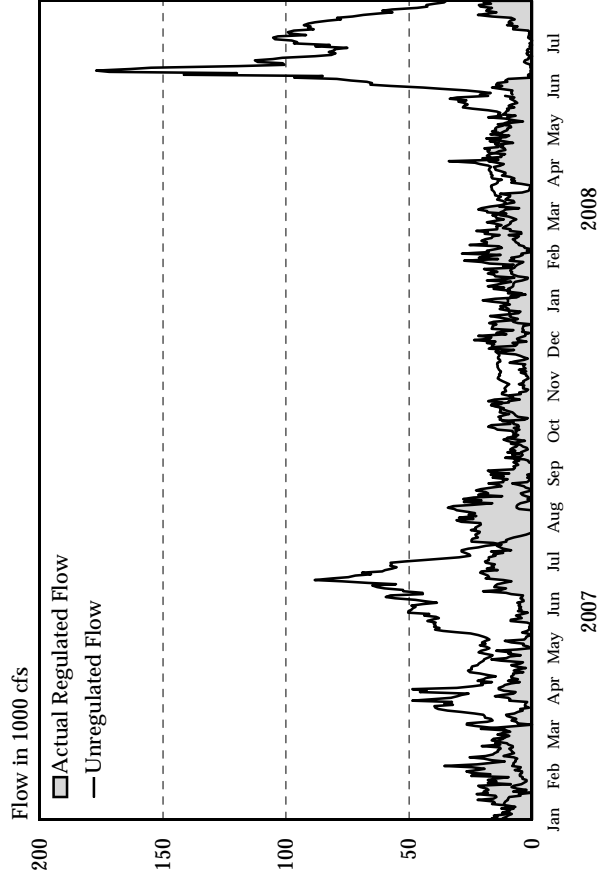
## Fort Peck



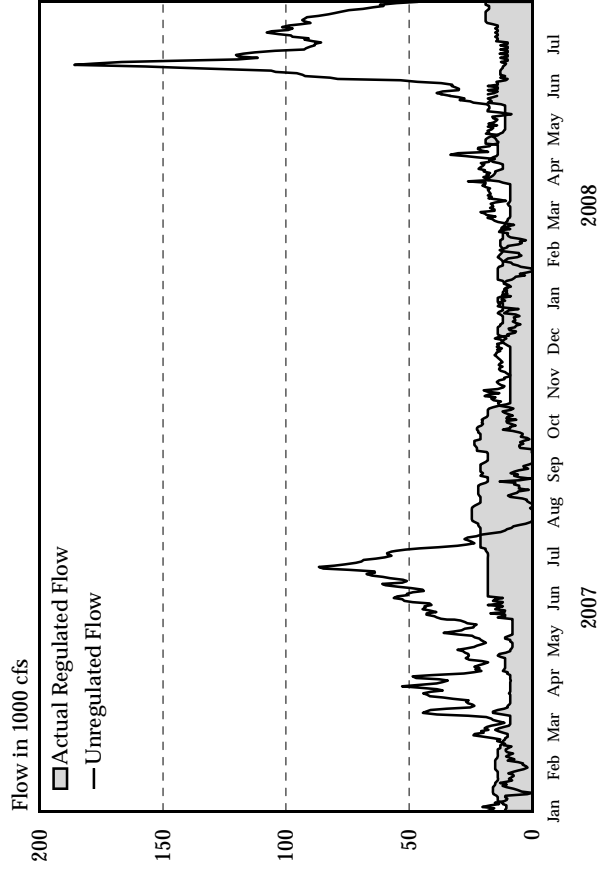
## Garrison



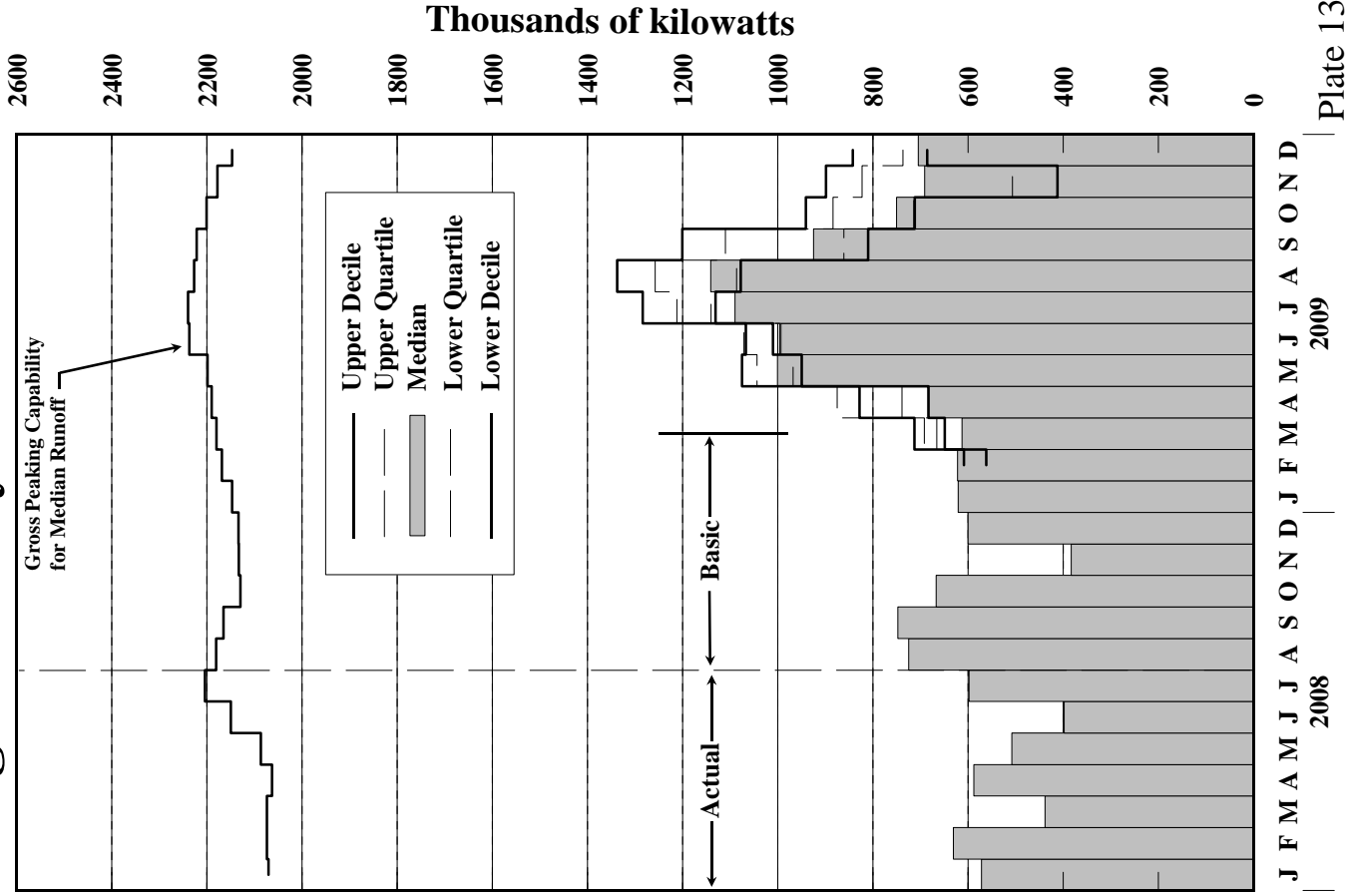
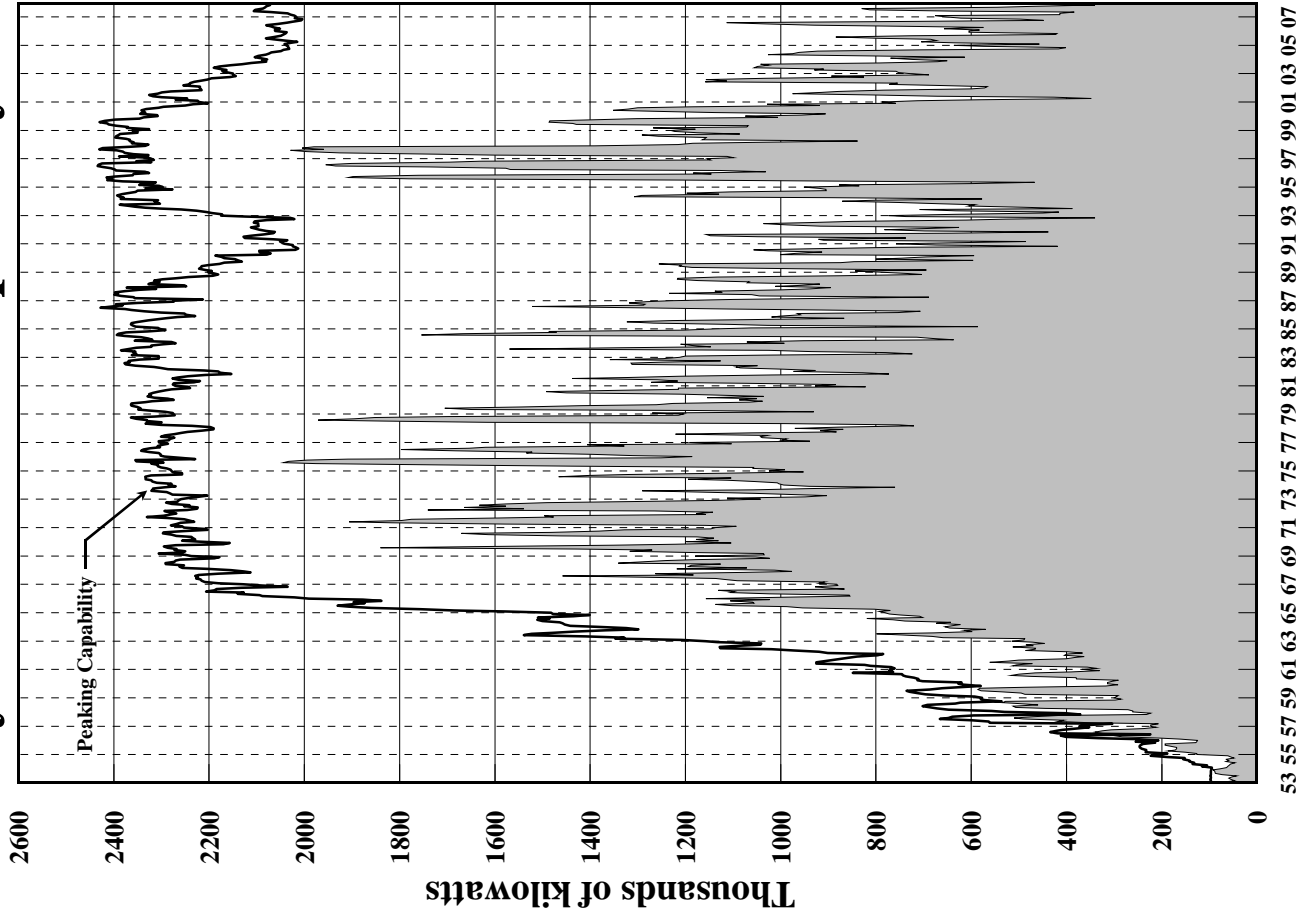
## Oahe



## Gavins Point

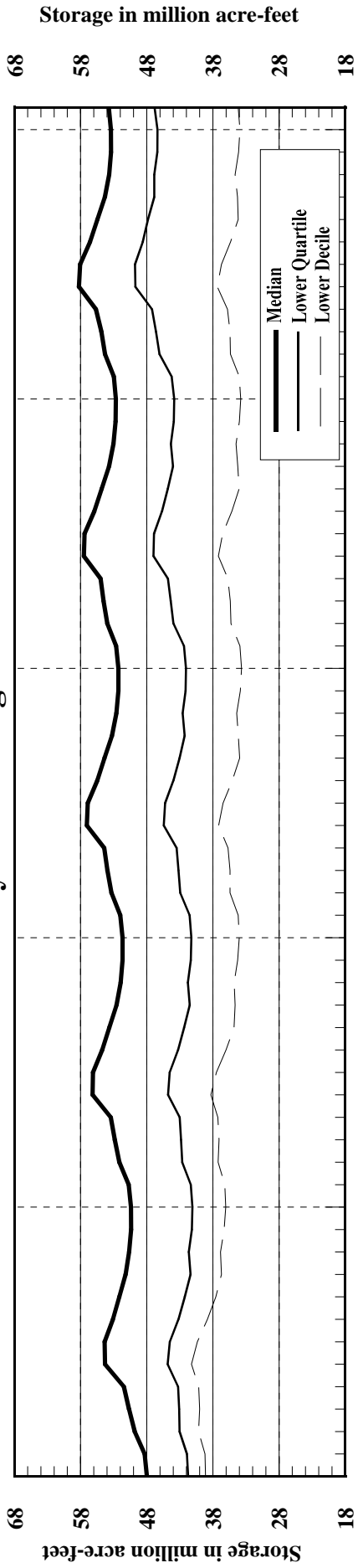


# System Gross Capability and Average Monthly Generation

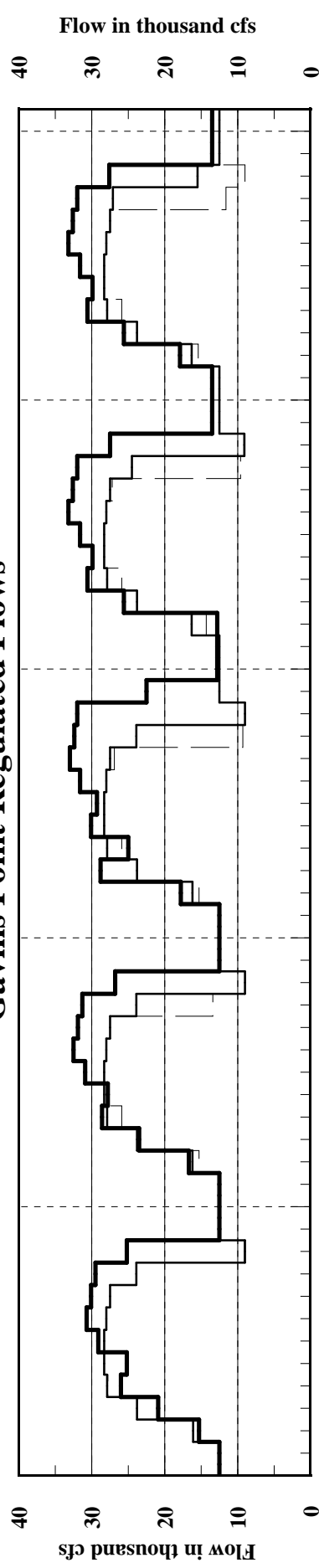


# Tentative Five Year Extensions of 2008-2009 AOP

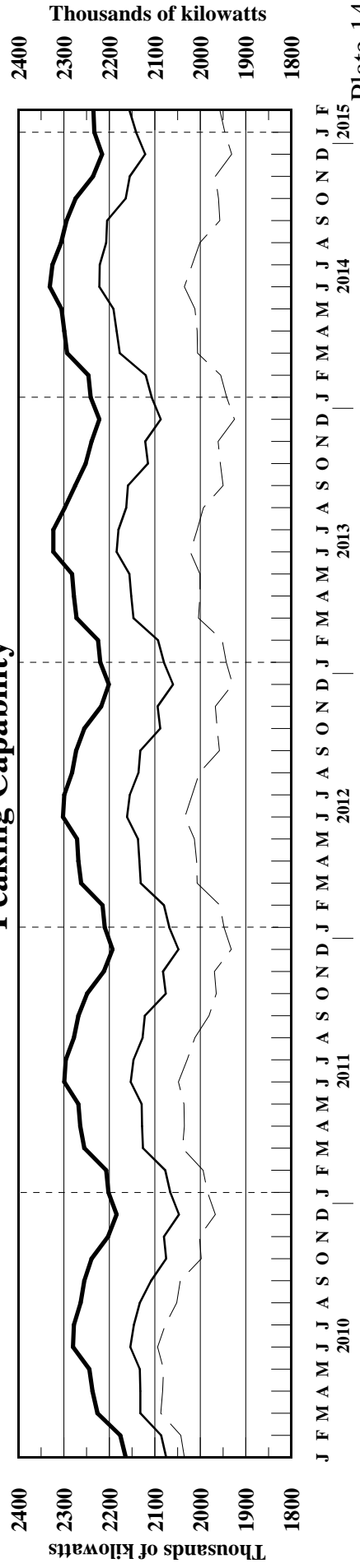
## System Storage



## Gavins Point Regulated Flows

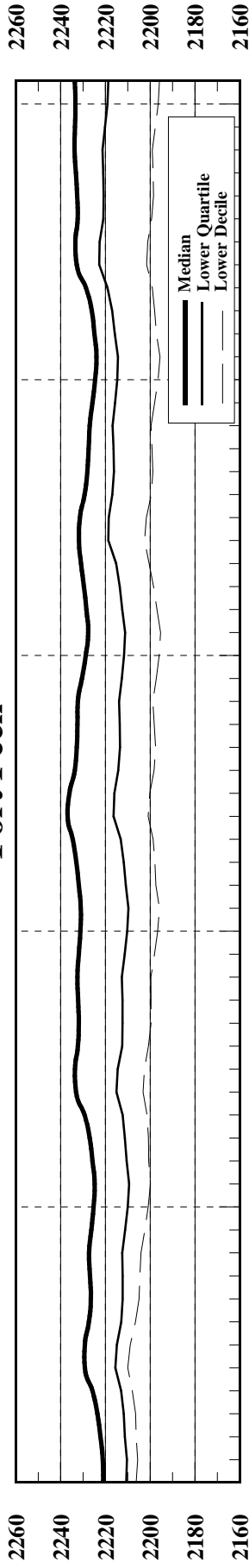


## Peaking Capability

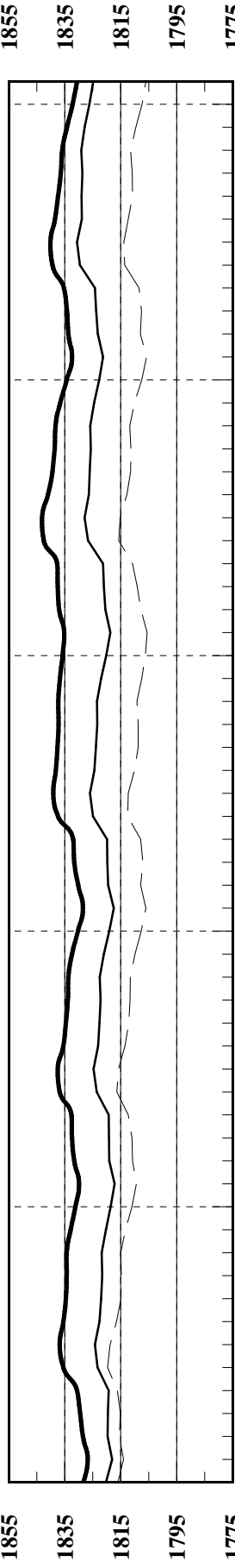


# Tentative Five Year Extensions of 2008-2009 AOP

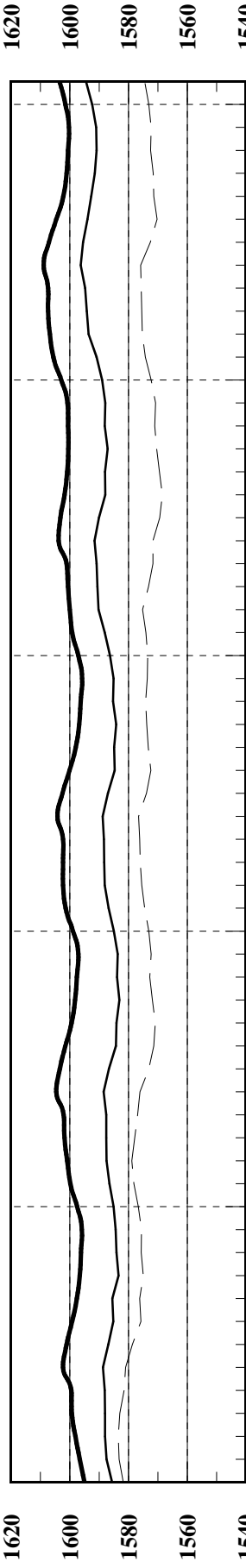
## Fort Peck



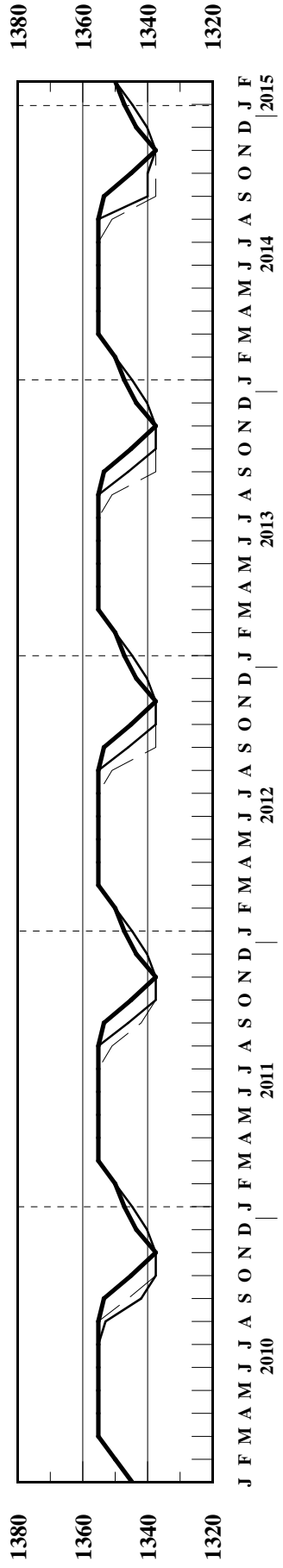
## Garrison



## Oahe

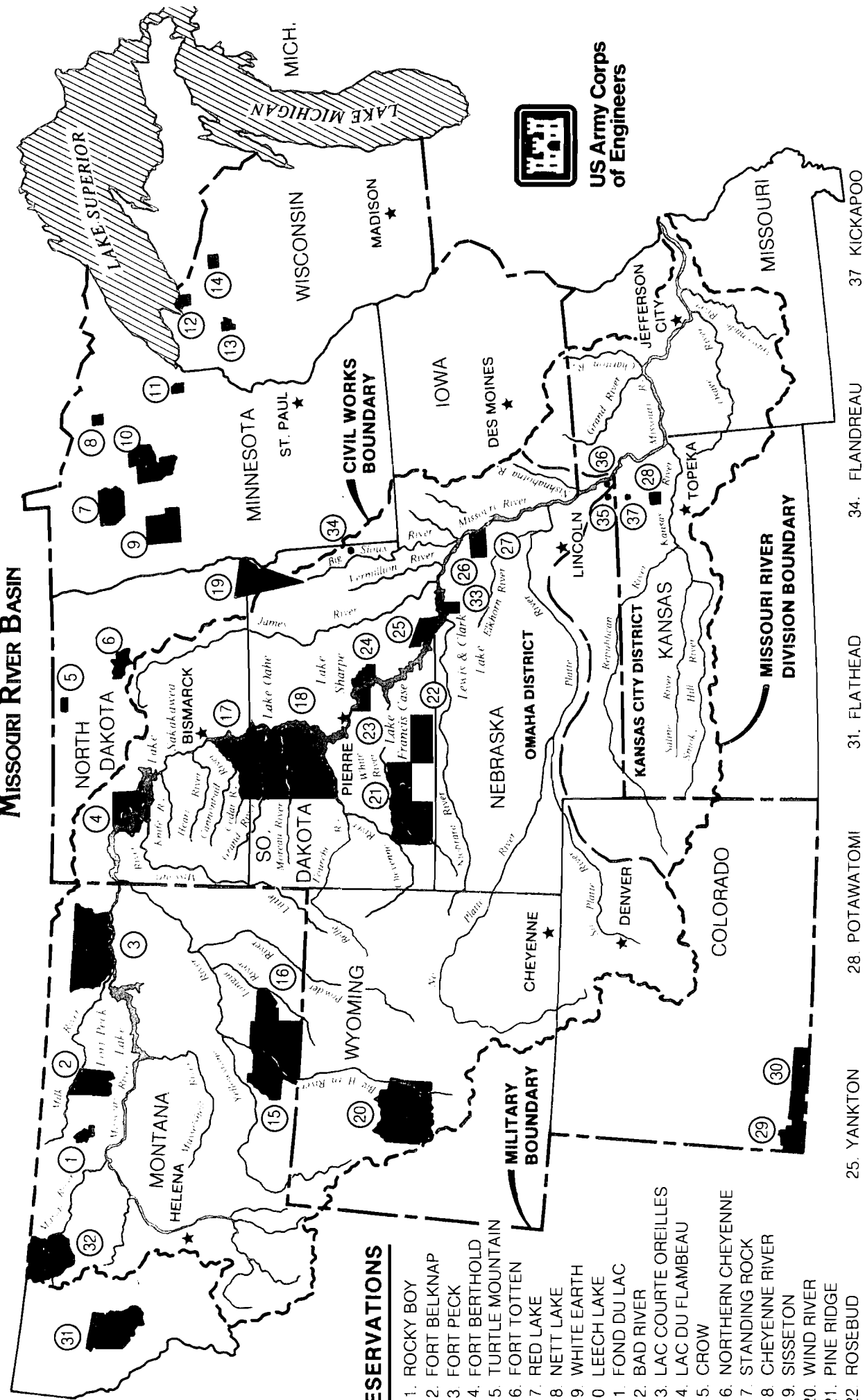


## Fort Randall



# AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATIONS

## Missouri River Basin



US Army Corps of Engineers

### RESERVATIONS

1. ROCKY BOY
2. FORT BELKNAP
3. FORT PECK
4. FORT BERTHOLD
5. TURTLE MOUNTAIN
6. FORT TOTTEN
7. RED LAKE
8. NETT LAKE
9. WHITE EARTH
10. LEECH LAKE
11. FOND DU LAC
12. BAD RIVER
13. LAC COURTE OREILLES
14. LAC DU FLAMBEAU
15. CROW
16. NORTHERN CHEYENNE
17. STANDING ROCK
18. CHEYENNE RIVER
19. SISSETON
20. WIND RIVER
21. PINE RIDGE
22. ROSEBUD
23. LOWER BRULE
24. CROW CREEK
25. YANKTON
26. WINNEBAGO
27. OMAHA
28. POTAWATOMI
29. UTE MOUNTAIN
30. SOUTHERN UTE
31. FLATHEAD
32. BLACKFEET
33. SANTEE
34. FLANDREAU
35. IOWA
36. SAC AND FOX
37. KICKAPOO

For illustrative purposes. No legal boundaries are implied.

TIME OF STUDY 08:57:33

SH NV SS 30 DAYS, Unbal FP -3.6 GR +1.8 OA +0.6  
VALUES IN 1000 AF EXCEPT AS INDICATED

STUDY NO 1

	31JUL08	2008		2009						
	INI-SUM	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB
--FORT PECK--										
NAT INFLOW	2260	360	290	330	160	75	85	280	315	365
DEPLETION	-614	-1	-87	-57	-39	-18	-21	-131	-154	-107
EVAPORATION	329	67	84	73	33	16	18	39		
MOD INFLOW	2545	294	293	314	165	77	88	372	469	472
RELEASE	2313	430	327	246	119	56	63	369	369	333
STOR CHANGE	233	-136	-34	68	46	22	25	3	100	139
STORAGE	10568	10432	10398	10466	10512	10534	10558	10562	10662	10801
ELEV FTMSL	2210.0	2209.2	2209.0	2209.4	2209.7	2209.8	2210.0	2210.0	2210.6	2211.4
DISCH KCFS	6.8	7.0	5.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
POWER										
AVE POWER MW		86	68	49	50	50	50	74	74	75
PEAK POW MW		138	138	138	139	139	139	139	140	141
ENERGY GWH	346.4	64.3	48.8	36.8	17.8	8.3	9.5	55.3	55.4	50.2
--GARRISON--										
NAT INFLOW	2615	625	390	430	170	79	91	210	260	360
DEPLETION	-463	60	-135	-19	-96	-45	-51	-83	-63	-32
CHAN STOR	8	-2	16	16				-21		
EVAPORATION	405	82	103	90	41	19	22	47		
REG INFLOW	4994	912	765	620	344	160	183	594	692	725
RELEASE	5443	861	726	676	312	146	167	799	922	833
STOR CHANGE	-448	51	39	-56	31	15	17	-206	-230	-108
STORAGE	14677	14728	14766	14710	14741	14756	14772	14567	14337	14229
ELEV FTMSL	1825.4	1825.6	1825.8	1825.6	1825.7	1825.7	1825.8	1825.0	1824.2	1823.7
DISCH KCFS	13.6	14.0	12.2	11.0	10.5	10.5	10.5	13.0	15.0	15.0
POWER										
AVE POWER MW		162	141	127	122	122	122	150	172	171
PEAK POW MW		425	425	424	425	425	425	422	419	418
ENERGY GWH	758.5	120.2	101.6	94.7	43.7	20.4	23.4	111.6	127.9	115.0
--OAHE--										
NAT INFLOW	450	100	115	70	33	15	17		10	90
DEPLETION	192	103	26	-8	2	1	1	15	20	32
CHAN STOR	-7	-2	8	6	2			-12	-9	
EVAPORATION	388	79	100	86	39	18	21	45		
REG INFLOW	5306	777	724	674	306	142	162	728	903	891
RELEASE	5824	930	862	926	211	109	123	906	903	855
STOR CHANGE	-518	-153	-139	-252	96	33	39	-178	0	36
STORAGE	15006	14853	14714	14462	14558	14591	14630	14452	14452	14488
ELEV FTMSL	1594.0	1593.4	1592.8	1591.9	1592.2	1592.4	1592.5	1591.8	1591.8	1592.0
DISCH KCFS	9.8	15.1	14.5	15.1	7.1	7.8	7.7	14.7	14.7	15.4
POWER										
AVE POWER MW		181	173	179	84	93	92	175	174	183
PEAK POW MW		635	633	628	630	630	631	628	628	628
ENERGY GWH	840.0	134.9	124.8	133.4	30.4	15.7	17.7	130.4	129.8	122.8
--BIG BEND--										
EVAPORATION	97	20	25	22	10	5	5	11		
REG INFLOW	5727	910	838	904	201	104	117	895	903	855
RELEASE	5737	920	838	904	201	104	117	895	903	855
STORAGE	1631	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621
ELEV FTMSL	1420.2	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0
DISCH KCFS	9.3	15.0	14.1	14.7	6.8	7.5	7.4	14.5	14.7	15.4
POWER										
AVE POWER MW		71	70	74	34	38	38	73	72	74
PEAK POW MW		518	538	538	538	538	538	538	538	529
ENERGY GWH	341.5	52.6	50.1	55.2	12.3	6.4	7.2	54.3	53.8	49.6
--FORT RANDALL--										
NAT INFLOW	180	40	40	10	5	2	3	10	20	50
DEPLETION	34	15	7	1	1	0	1	3	3	3
EVAPORATION	99	25	28	20	8	4	4	10		
REG INFLOW	5785	920	843	894	198	102	115	892	920	902
RELEASE	6245	1138	1516	1289	198	102	115	689	670	528
STOR CHANGE	-460	-218	-673	-395	0	0	0	203	250	374
STORAGE	3583	3365	2692	2296	2296	2296	2296	2499	2749	3123
ELEV FTMSL	1355.6	1353.0	1344.0	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1341.0	1344.8	1350.0
DISCH KCFS	15.6	18.5	25.5	21.0	6.6	7.4	7.3	11.2	10.9	9.5
POWER										
AVE POWER MW		156	203	157	49	54	53	83	84	76
PEAK POW MW		349	314	285	285	285	285	301	319	339
ENERGY GWH	590.9	115.9	146.4	116.5	17.6	9.1	10.2	61.9	62.3	51.0
--GAVINS POINT--										
NAT INFLOW	790	115	110	120	60	28	32	100	100	125
DEPLETION	27	10	-5	1	5	2	3	10	1	
CHAN STOR	11	-6	-13	8	27	-1	0	-7	1	3
EVAPORATION	36	7	9	8	4	2	2	4		
REG INFLOW	6983	1231	1609	1408	276	125	143	767	770	655
RELEASE	6995	1230	1583	1408	276	125	143	767	770	694
STOR CHANGE	-12	1	26							-39
STORAGE	370	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358
ELEV FTMSL	1206.5	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0
DISCH KCFS	16.3	20.0	26.6	22.9	9.3	9.0	9.0	12.5	12.5	12.5
POWER										
AVE POWER MW		70	92	81	33	32	32	44	44	44
PEAK POW MW		115	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	114
ENERGY GWH	297.4	51.8	66.6	59.9	11.9	5.4	6.2	33.0	33.1	29.6
--GAVINS POINT - SIOUX CITY--										
NAT INFLOW	560	150	95	75	38	18	20	45	35	85
DEPLETION	118	35	23	10	6	3	3	12	13	14
REGULATED FLOW AT SIOUX CITY										
KAF	7437	1345	1655	1473	308	140	160	800	792	765
KCFS		21.9	27.8	24.0	10.3	10.1	10.1	13.0	12.9	13.8
--TOTAL--										
NAT INFLOW	6855	1390	1040	1035	465	217	248	645	740	1075
DEPLETION	-706	222	-171	-72	-121	-56	-64	-174	-180	-90
CHAN STOR	14	-9	11	30	30	-1	0	-40	-9	3
EVAPORATION	1353	279	348	300	135	63	72	156		
STORAGE	45835	45370	44589	43952	44125	44194	44275	44098	44217	44620
SYSTEM POWER										
AVE POWER MW		725	748	667	372	389	387	600	621	622
PEAK POW MW		2181	2165	2130	2133	2134	2135	2145	2160	2169
ENERGY GWH	3174.7	539.7	538.3	496.5	133.8	65.3	74.2	446.4	462.1	418.3
DAILY GWH		17.4	17.9	16.0	8.9	9.3	9.3	14.4	14.9	14.9
INI-SUM		31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB

	31JUL08 INI-SUM	31AUG	2008 30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB	2009
<b>--FORT PECK--</b>											
NAT INFLOW	2712	432	348	396	192	90	102	336	378	438	
DEPLETION	-688	-5	-112	-56	-39	-18	-21	-153	-172	-112	
EVAPORATION	225	50	63	56	13	6	7	30			
MOD INFLOW	3175	387	397	396	218	102	116	459	550	550	
RELEASE	2313	430	327	246	119	56	63	369	369	333	
STOR CHANGE	862	-44	59	150	99	46	53	91	181	217	
STORAGE	10568	10524	10594	10744	10843	10889	10942	11032	11213	11430	
ELEV FTMSL	2210.0	2209.7	2210.2	2211.1	2211.7	2211.9	2212.3	2212.8	2213.9	2215.1	
DISCH KCFs	6.8	7.0	5.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	
POWER											
AVE POWER MW		87	68	50	50	50	50	75	76	76	
PEAK POW MW		139	139	140	141	141	142	142	144	145	
ENERGY GWH	349.7	64.4	49.0	37.0	18.0	8.4	9.6	56.0	56.2	51.0	
<b>--GARRISON--</b>											
NAT INFLOW	3138	750	468	516	204	95	109	252	312	432	
DEPLETION	-486	66	-125	-103	-48	-55	-100	-82	-39		
CHAN STOR	8	-2	16	16	2	2	1	15	20	32	
EVAPORATION	279	62	79	69	16	8	9	36			
REG INFLOW	5666	1051	857	709	410	191	218	664	763	804	
RELEASE	5443	861	726	676	312	146	167	799	922	833	
STOR CHANGE	224	190	131	32	97	45	52	-136	-159	-29	
STORAGE	14677	14867	14998	15030	15127	15173	15224	15089	14929	14901	
ELEV FTMSL	1825.4	1826.2	1826.7	1826.8	1827.1	1827.3	1827.5	1827.0	1826.4	1826.3	
DISCH KCFs	13.6	14.0	12.2	11.0	10.5	10.5	10.5	13.0	15.0	15.0	
POWER											
AVE POWER MW		162	142	128	123	123	123	152	174	174	
PEAK POW MW		427	428	429	430	431	431	430	427	427	
ENERGY GWH	765.7	120.4	102.1	95.4	44.1	20.6	23.6	112.9	129.7	116.9	
<b>--OAHHE--</b>											
NAT INFLOW	540	120	138	84	39	18	21		12	108	
DEPLETION	192	103	26	-8	2	1	1	15	20	32	
CHAN STOR	-6	-2	8	6	2	2	1	-11	-9		
EVAPORATION	267	60	75	66	16	7	8	35			
REG INFLOW	5517	816	771	708	336	156	178	738	905	909	
RELEASE	5559	885	875	830	185	97	109	1043	888	647	
STOR CHANGE	-41	-69	-105	-122	151	59	69	-305	17	262	
STORAGE	15006	14937	14832	14710	14862	14921	14990	14685	14702	14965	
ELEV FTMSL	1594.0	1593.7	1593.3	1592.8	1593.4	1593.7	1593.9	1592.7	1592.8	1593.8	
DISCH KCFs	9.8	14.4	14.7	13.5	6.2	7.0	6.9	17.0	14.4	11.6	
POWER											
AVE POWER MW		173	176	161	75	84	83	203	172	140	
PEAK POW MW		637	635	633	636	637	638	632	632	638	
ENERGY GWH	805.6	128.6	127.0	120.2	26.8	14.1	15.9	151.1	128.2	93.8	
<b>--BIG BEND--</b>											
EVAPORATION	66	15	19	16	4	2	2	9			
REG INFLOW	5493	870	857	814	181	95	107	1035	888	647	
RELEASE	5503	880	857	814	181	95	107	1035	888	647	
STORAGE	1631	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	
ELEV FTMSL	1420.2	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	
DISCH KCFs	9.3	14.3	14.4	13.2	6.1	6.8	6.7	16.8	14.4	11.6	
POWER											
AVE POWER MW		68	71	67	31	35	34	83	70	56	
PEAK POW MW		518	538	538	538	538	538	538	538	529	
ENERGY GWH	326.4	50.3	51.0	49.7	11.1	5.8	6.6	61.9	52.4	37.6	
<b>--FORT RANDALL--</b>											
NAT INFLOW	216	48	48	12	6	3	3	12	24	60	
DEPLETION	34	15	7	1	1	0	1	3	3	3	
EVAPORATION	69	19	21	15	3	1	2	8			
REG INFLOW	5617	895	877	810	183	96	108	1036	909	704	
RELEASE	6076	1113	1492	1263	183	96	108	670	652	500	
STOR CHANGE	-460	-218	-615	-453	0	0	0	366	257	204	
STORAGE	3583	3365	2750	2297	2297	2296	2296	2662	2919	3123	
ELEV FTMSL	1355.6	1353.0	1344.8	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1343.5	1347.2	1350.0	
DISCH KCFs	15.6	18.1	25.1	20.5	6.2	6.9	6.8	10.9	10.6	9.0	
POWER											
AVE POWER MW		152	201	154	45	51	50	82	83	73	
PEAK POW MW		349	318	285	285	285	285	313	330	339	
ENERGY GWH	578.7	113.3	144.6	114.6	16.3	8.5	9.6	60.9	61.9	48.9	
<b>--GAVINS POINT--</b>											
NAT INFLOW	948	138	132	144	72	34	38	120	120	150	
DEPLETION	27	10	-5	1	5	-2	3	10	1		
CHAN STOR	12	-5	-13	8	27	-1	0	-8	1	3	
EVAPORATION	24	5	7	6	1	1	1	3			
REG INFLOW	6985	1231	1609	1408	276	125	143	769	771	653	
RELEASE	6997	1230	1583	1408	276	125	143	769	771	692	
STOR CHANGE	-12	1	26							-39	
STORAGE	370	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358	
ELEV FTMSL	1206.5	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0	
DISCH KCFs	16.3	20.0	26.6	22.9	9.3	9.0	9.0	12.5	12.5	12.5	
POWER											
AVE POWER MW		70	92	81	33	32	32	44	45	44	
PEAK POW MW		115	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	114	
ENERGY GWH	297.5	51.8	66.6	59.9	11.9	5.4	6.2	33.1	33.2	29.5	
<b>--GAVINS POINT - SIOUX CITY--</b>											
NAT INFLOW	672	180	114	90	45	21	24	54	42	102	
DEPLETION	118	35	23	10	6	3	3	12	13	14	
REGULATED FLOW AT SIOUX CITY											
KAF	7551	1375	1674	1488	315	143	164	811	800	780	
KCFs		22.4	28.1	24.2	10.6	10.3	10.3	13.2	13.0	14.0	
<b>--TOTAL--</b>											
NAT INFLOW	8226	1668	1248	1242	558	260	298	774	888	1290	
DEPLETION	-803	224	-186	-52	-129	-60	-69	-213	-217	-102	
CHAN STOR	14	-9	11	29	30	-1	0	-40	-9	3	
EVAPORATION	930	210	264	228	54	25	29	120			
STORAGE	45835	45685	45192	44800	45147	45297	45471	45486	45782	46398	
SYSTEM POWER											
AVE POWER MW		711	750	641	356	374	372	640	620	562	
PEAK POW MW		2185	2176	2141	2147	2149	2151	2172	2188	2192	
ENERGY GWH	3123.6	528.9	540.3	476.8	128.3	62.8	71.4	475.9	461.5	377.7	
DAILY GWH		17.1	18.0	15.4	8.6	9.0	8.9	15.4	14.9	13.5	
INI-SUM		31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB	





DATE OF STUDY 12/28/08

2008-2009 AOP UPPER DECILE RUNOFF SIMULATION

99001 9901 9901 PAGE 1

TIME OF STUDY 09:40:47

SHTN NAV SEAS 0 DAYS, SP MAR 5 MAY 16.0  
VALUES IN 1000 AF EXCEPT AS INDICATED

STUDY NO 4

	28FEB09	15MAR	2009 22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	2010 30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB
--FORT PECK--																	
NAT INFLOW	9500	315	147	189	790	1590	2465	1205	450	375	525	208	97	111	345	295	395
DEPLETION	358	-34	-16	-20	47	280	594	197	-51	-114	-83	-30	-14	-16	-131	-155	-97
EVAPORATION	303							20	63	80	70	17	8	9	37		
MOD INFLOW	8839	348	163	209	743	1310	1871	988	438	409	538	220	103	117	439	450	492
RELEASE	5537	179	69	89	357	523	536	553	553	434	369	179	83	95	523	523	472
STOR CHANGE	3302	170	93	120	386	787	1335	435	-116	-25	169	42	19	22	-84	-73	20
STORAGE	11430	11600	11693	11813	12199	12986	14322	14756	14641	14616	14785	14826	14846	14868	14784	14712	14732
ELEV FTMSL	2215.1	2216.1	2216.6	2217.3	2219.5	2223.8	2230.7	2232.9	2232.3	2232.2	2233.0	2233.2	2233.3	2233.4	2233.0	2232.6	2232.7
DISCH KCF5	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	8.5	9.0	9.0	9.0	7.3	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	8.5	8.5	8.5
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		76	64	64	77	111	120	122	122	99	82	82	82	82	116	115	115
PEAK POW MW		146	147	147	150	154	160	161	161	161	161	162	162	162	161	161	161
ENERGY GWH	898.3	27.5	10.7	13.8	55.7	82.6	86.4	90.6	90.8	71.3	60.7	29.4	13.7	15.7	86.0	85.9	77.5
--GARRISON--																	
NAT INFLOW	14000	528	246	316	1355	1840	3425	2715	835	570	645	258	120	137	270	325	415
DEPLETION	984	6	3	3	-83	82	899	579	70	-109	-106	-106	-49	-56	-108	-94	-53
CHAN STOR	-26		10		-10	-26	-5			17	13				-24		0
EVAPORATION	360							23	76	95	83	20	9	11	44		
REG INFLOW	18167	700	323	402	1785	2255	3056	2666	1243	1035	944	522	243	278	833	942	940
RELEASE	15266	476	222	286	1131	1414	1517	1568	1176	861	417	194	222	222	1230	1568	1416
STOR CHANGE	2901	224	101	117	654	841	1539	1098	-325	-141	83	105	49	56	-397	-626	-476
STORAGE	14901	15125	15226	15342	15996	16837	18376	19474	19149	19008	19091	19196	19245	19301	18904	18278	17802
ELEV FTMSL	1826.3	1827.1	1827.5	1827.9	1830.3	1833.2	1838.4	1841.8	1840.8	1840.4	1840.6	1840.9	1841.1	1841.3	1840.0	1838.0	1836.5
DISCH KCF5	15.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	19.0	23.0	25.5	25.5	25.5	19.8	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	20.0	25.5	25.5
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		186	187	187	224	275	312	321	322	250	177	177	177	178	253	319	315
PEAK POW MW		430	431	433	442	453	471	484	480	478	479	480	481	481	477	470	464
ENERGY GWH	2284.3	66.9	31.3	40.4	161.1	204.6	225.0	238.6	239.9	179.8	131.8	63.8	29.8	34.1	188.1	237.2	211.9
--OAHE--																	
NAT INFLOW	3800	358	167	215	545	360	1265	215	110	150	95	108	50	57	-45	25	125
DEPLETION	652	23	11	14	48	69	138	164	109	27	-9	1	0	1	12	17	27
CHAN STOR	-46	-5			-13	-17	-10			23	23				-25	-23	
EVAPORATION	339							23	73	90	77	18	9	10	40		
REG INFLOW	18028	806	378	486	1614	1688	2634	1596	1496	1232	911	505	236	269	1108	1553	1514
RELEASE	14473	347	211	267	583	1069	1483	1724	1851	1656	1180	528	281	320	1050	1282	1042
STOR CHANGE	3555	459	167	220	1031	619	1551	-128	-355	-424	-269	-24	-45	-50	58	272	472
STORAGE	14965	15424	15592	15811	16843	17462	19013	18885	18530	18106	17837	17813	17768	17718	17776	18048	18520
ELEV FTMSL	1593.8	1595.6	1596.2	1597.1	1600.8	1602.9	1608.1	1607.7	1606.5	1605.1	1604.2	1604.1	1604.0	1603.8	1604.0	1604.9	1606.5
DISCH KCF5	11.6	11.7	15.2	14.9	9.8	17.4	18.2	28.0	30.1	27.8	19.2	17.8	20.2	20.1	17.1	20.8	18.8
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		141	184	182	121	218	233	362	387	355	244	226	256	255	217	265	240
PEAK POW MW		646	649	653	673	684	711	709	703	695	690	690	689	688	689	694	702
ENERGY GWH	2225.6	50.7	31.0	39.3	87.3	162.3	167.6	269.2	287.8	255.8	181.7	81.2	43.1	49.0	161.1	197.0	161.4
--BIG BEND--																	
EVAPORATION	71							5	15	19	16	4	2	2	9		
REG INFLOW	14403	347	211	267	583	1069	1083	1719	1837	1637	1164	525	279	317	1041	1282	1042
RELEASE	14403	347	211	267	583	1069	1083	1719	1837	1637	1164	525	279	317	1041	1282	1042
STORAGE	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621
ELEV FTMSL	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0
DISCH KCF5	11.6	11.7	15.2	14.9	9.8	17.4	18.2	28.0	29.9	27.5	18.9	17.6	20.1	20.0	16.9	20.8	18.8
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		55	71	70	46	81	85	131	140	130	93	89	101	100	85	102	90
PEAK POW MW		517	509	509	509	509	509	509	509	517	538	538	538	538	538	538	529
ENERGY GWH	834.5	19.9	11.9	15.1	33.0	60.6	61.4	97.3	104.0	93.9	69.1	31.9	16.9	19.3	63.4	76.1	60.9
--FORT RANDALL--																	
NAT INFLOW	1500	148	69	89	425	220	150	90	85	80	30	20	9	11	15		60
DEPLETION	79	1	1	1	3	9	12	18	15	7	1	1	0	1	3	3	3
EVAPORATION	81							6	19	24	18	4	2	2	7		
REG INFLOW	15743	493	279	354	1005	1280	1221	1785	1888	1687	1174	540	286	326	1046	1279	1099
RELEASE	15742	202	145	354	1005	1280	1221	1785	1888	1833	1817	861	402	352	944	929	725
STOR CHANGE	1	292	134					0	0	-146	-643	-321	-116	-26	103	350	374
STORAGE	3123	3415	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3403	2760	2439	2323	2297	2400	2750	3124
ELEV FTMSL	1350.0	1353.6	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1353.5	1345.0	1340.0	1338.0	1337.5	1339.3	1344.8	1350.0
DISCH KCF5	9.0	6.8	10.4	19.8	16.9	20.8	20.5	29.0	30.7	30.8	29.6	28.9	29.0	22.2	15.3	15.1	13.1
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		56	89	168	143	176	174	245	258	257	237	218	212	161	113	115	104
PEAK POW MW		351	356	356	356	356	356	356	356	350	319	296	287	285	293	319	339
ENERGY GWH	1550.8	20.3	14.9	36.3	103.2	131.1	125.1	181.9	192.2	185.3	176.1	78.6	35.6	30.9	83.9	85.3	70.0
--GAVINS POINT--																	
NAT INFLOW	2300	121	56	73	225	345	290	215	185	135	155	70	33	37	90	105	165
DEPLETION	112	0	0	0	4	19	24	39	10	-5	1	5	2	3	10	1	
CHAN STOR	-9	4	-7	-18	6	-8	1	-16	-3	0	2	1	0	13	13	0	4
EVAPORATION	26							2	5	7	6	1	1	1	3		
REG INFLOW	17895	327	195	409	1232	1599	1488	1943	2054	1966	1968	925	432	398	1033	1033	894
RELEASE	17895	327	195	409	1232	1599	1488	1943	2041	1940	1968	925	432	398	1033	1033	933
STOR CHANGE								13	26								-39
STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358
ELEV FTMSL	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0
DISCH KCF5	12.5	11.0	14.0	22.9	20.7	26.0	25.0	31.6	33.2	32.6	32.0	31.1	31.1	25.1	16.8	16.8	16.8
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		39	49	79	71	89	86	105	109	109	108	106	106	88	59	59	59
PEAK POW MW		114	114	114	114	114	114	114	115	117	117	117	117	117	78	78	76
ENERGY GWH	736.8	13.9	8.2	17.0	51.4	66.1	61.6	77.8	80.8	78.3	80.6	38.2	17.8	16.9	44.2	44.2	39.6
--GAVINS POINT - SIOUX CITY--																	
NAT INFLOW	3200	165	77	99	515	915	395	265	210	155	80	48	22	25	60	35	135
DEPLETION	258	6	3	4	21	35	31	38	36	23	10	6	3	3	12	14	14
REGULATED FLOW AT SIOUX CITY																	
KAF	20837	486	269														









TIME OF STUDY 08:57:33 SHTN NAV SEAS 0 DAYS, SP MAR 5 MAY 15.0 STUDY NO 9

	28FEB10	15MAR	2010 22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	2011 30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB
--FORT PECK--																	
NAT INFLOW	7200	230	107	138	600	1180	1810	840	315	295	430	180	84	96	300	250	345
DEPLETION	437	-28	-13	-17	-15	285	591	227	-1	-99	-38	-42	-19	-22	-133	-146	-94
EVAPORATION	411						25	79	98	86	39	18	21	45			
MOD INFLOW	6352	257	120	154	615	895	1219	588	237	296	382	183	85	97	388	396	439
RELEASE	5684	179	69	89	357	492	565	584	584	463	307	149	69	79	584	584	528
STOR CHANGE	668	79	51	65	258	403	654	4	-347	-167	75	34	16	18	-196	-188	-89
STORAGE	12497	12576	12626	12692	12950	13353	14006	14010	13663	13495	13570	13604	13620	13638	13442	13254	13165
ELEV FTMSL	2221.2	2221.6	2221.9	2222.2	2223.6	2225.8	2229.2	2229.2	2227.4	2226.5	2226.9	2227.1	2227.2	2227.3	2226.3	2225.3	2224.8
DISCH KCF5	7.5	6.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	9.5	9.5	9.5	7.8	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	9.5	9.5	9.5
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		78	65	66	79	106	127	127	127	104	67	67	67	67	126	126	126
PEAK POW MW		152	152	153	154	156	159	159	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	156	155
ENERGY GWH	914.5	28.2	11.0	14.2	56.8	78.8	91.3	94.8	94.6	74.7	49.7	24.0	11.2	12.8	94.1	93.8	84.5
--GARRISON--																	
NAT INFLOW	10800	460	214	276	870	1325	3095	1860	595	460	495	195	91	104	180	260	320
DEPLETION	1070	-6	-3	-3	-2	198	850	611	73	-138	-17	-117	-54	-62	-114	-90	-56
CHAN STOR	-20	16	10		-10	-21	-15			17	28			0	-45		
EVAPORATION	479						29	93	115	100	45	21	24	52			
REG INFLOW	14914	660	297	368	1219	1598	2795	1804	1014	963	747	415	194	221	781	934	904
RELEASE	14061	417	194	250	952	1291	1369	1414	1414	1206	861	417	194	222	1168	1414	1277
STOR CHANGE	853	243	103	119	267	307	1426	390	-401	-243	-113	-1	-1	-1	-387	-480	-374
STORAGE	15042	15285	15388	15506	15773	16080	17506	17896	17495	17252	17139	17138	17137	17136	16749	16269	15895
ELEV FTMSL	1826.8	1827.7	1828.1	1828.5	1829.5	1830.6	1835.5	1836.8	1835.5	1834.6	1834.3	1834.3	1834.3	1834.3	1832.9	1831.2	1829.9
DISCH KCF5	22.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	16.0	21.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	20.3	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	19.0	23.0	23.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		163	164	165	189	249	277	283	283	248	171	171	171	171	230	276	273
PEAK POW MW		432	434	435	439	443	461	466	461	458	456	456	456	456	451	445	440
ENERGY GWH	2051.7	58.8	27.6	35.5	135.8	184.9	199.6	210.4	210.4	178.4	127.4	61.6	28.7	32.8	171.4	205.0	183.4
--OAHE--																	
NAT INFLOW	2300	232	108	139	405	195	780	160	75	95	35	30	14	16	-80		95
DEPLETION	666	24	11	14	49	70	142	169	112	27	-10	1	0	1	12	17	27
CHAN STOR	-4	36			-9	-22	-9			12	28			0	-22	-18	
EVAPORATION	444						28	87	107	92	41	19	22	47			
REG INFLOW	15247	661	292	375	1299	1395	1998	1377	1290	1179	841	404	189	216	1007	1379	1345
RELEASE	14368	406	228	299	946	1337	1223	1704	1825	1614	1113	503	233	198	1087	953	701
STOR CHANGE	879	254	64	76	353	58	775	-326	-535	-435	-271	-99	-44	18	-80	427	645
STORAGE	15686	15941	16005	16081	16434	16492	17266	16940	16405	15970	15698	15599	15556	15574	15494	15920	16565
ELEV FTMSL	1596.6	1597.5	1597.8	1598.1	1599.3	1599.5	1602.3	1601.1	1599.2	1597.6	1596.6	1596.3	1596.1	1596.2	1595.9	1597.5	1599.8
DISCH KCF5	15.7	13.7	16.4	16.7	15.9	21.7	20.6	27.7	29.7	27.1	18.1	16.9	16.8	12.5	17.7	15.5	12.6
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		167	201	205	196	269	256	346	367	333	221	206	204	152	215	189	156
PEAK POW MW		656	657	658	665	666	680	674	664	656	651	650	649	649	648	656	667
ENERGY GWH	2140.3	60.1	33.7	44.4	141.2	199.9	184.4	257.3	273.2	239.4	164.5	74.1	34.2	29.1	159.6	140.5	104.6
--BIG BEND--																	
EVAPORATION	103						6	20	25	22	10	5	5	11			
REG INFLOW	14265	406	228	299	946	1337	1223	1697	1806	1589	1091	494	228	193	1075	953	701
RELEASE	14265	406	228	299	946	1337	1223	1697	1806	1589	1091	494	228	193	1075	953	701
STORAGE	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621
ELEV FTMSL	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0
DISCH KCF5	15.7	13.7	16.4	16.7	15.9	21.7	20.6	27.6	29.4	26.7	17.7	16.6	16.4	12.1	17.5	15.5	12.6
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		65	77	78	74	102	96	129	137	127	87	83	83	61	86	75	61
PEAK POW MW		517	509	509	509	509	509	509	509	517	538	538	538	538	538	538	529
ENERGY GWH	822.9	23.3	12.9	16.9	53.6	75.7	69.3	96.1	102.2	91.1	64.8	30.0	13.9	11.8	64.3	56.1	40.7
--FORT RANDALL--																	
NAT INFLOW	900	119	55	71	155	140	135	70	65	30		10	5	5	5	-10	45
DEPLETION	79	1	1	1	3	9	12	18	15	7	1	1	0	1	3	3	3
EVAPORATION	118							8	25	31	25	10	4	4	10		
REG INFLOW	14969	523	282	369	1098	1468	1346	1741	1830	1581	1066	493	228	193	1067	940	743
RELEASE	14969	232	148	369	1098	1468	1346	1741	1830	1725	1701	798	373	216	701	683	539
STOR CHANGE	0	291	134		0	0	0	0	-144	-635	-305	-145	-23	366	257	204	
STORAGE	3124	3415	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3405	2770	2465	2320	2297	2663	2920	3124
ELEV FTMSL	1350.0	1353.6	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1353.5	1345.1	1340.4	1337.9	1337.5	1343.5	1347.2	1350.0
DISCH KCF5	9.7	7.8	10.7	20.7	18.5	23.9	22.6	28.3	29.8	29.0	27.7	26.8	26.9	13.6	11.4	11.1	9.7
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		65	90	175	156	202	191	239	251	242	222	203	197	100	86	87	78
PEAK POW MW		351	356	356	356	356	356	356	356	350	320	298	287	285	313	330	339
ENERGY GWH	1487.1	23.3	15.2	37.8	112.6	150.1	137.7	177.5	186.5	174.6	165.1	73.2	33.1	19.1	63.7	64.8	52.7
--GAVINS POINT--																	
NAT INFLOW	1500	104	49	62	145	160	175	100	90	95	120	60	28	32	80	85	115
DEPLETION	112	0	0	0	4	19	24	39	10	-5	1	5	2	3	10	1	
CHAN STOR	-1	4	-6	-19	4	-10	2	-11	-3	1	2	0	0	25	4	1	3
EVAPORATION	38						2	7	9	8	4	2	2	4			
REG INFLOW	16317	340	191	413	1244	1599	1500	1789	1901	1817	1814	851	397	268	771	767	656
RELEASE	16317	340	191	413	1244	1599	1500	1789	1888	1791	1814	851	397	268	771	767	695
STOR CHANGE							13	26									-39
STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358
ELEV FTMSL	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0
DISCH KCF5	12.5	11.4	13.8	23.1	20.9	26.0	25.2	29.1	30.7	30.1	29.5	28.6	28.6	16.9	12.5	12.5	12.5
POWER																	

	28FEB11	15MAR	2011 22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	2012 30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	29FEB
--FORT PECK--																	
NAT INFLOW	7200	230	107	138	600	1180	1810	840	315	295	430	180	84	96	300	250	345
DEPLETION	452	-25	-12	-15	16	302	547	234	4	-99	-40	-41	-19	-22	-131	-144	-104
EVAPORATION	443							27	85	106	93	42	20	22	49		
MOD INFLOW	6305	255	119	153	584	878	1263	579	226	288	377	179	83	95	382	394	449
RELEASE	5091	179	69	89	357	430	476	492	492	367	307	149	69	79	523	523	489
STOR CHANGE	1214	76	49	63	227	448	787	87	-266	-79	70	30	14	16	-140	-129	-40
STORAGE	13165	13241	13291	13354	13581	14029	14815	14903	14637	14558	14628	14658	14672	14688	14548	14419	14379
ELEV FTMSL	2224.8	2225.2	2225.5	2225.8	2227.0	2229.3	2233.1	2233.6	2232.3	2231.9	2232.2	2232.4	2232.5	2232.5	2231.9	2231.2	2231.0
DISCH KCF5	9.5	6.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	6.2	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	8.5	8.5	8.5
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		80	66	66	80	94	108	109	109	84	68	68	68	68	115	115	115
PEAK POW MW		156	156	156	157	159	162	162	161	161	161	161	161	161	161	160	160
ENERGY GWH	832.0	28.6	11.2	14.4	57.6	69.7	77.8	81.0	80.9	60.3	50.5	24.5	11.4	13.0	85.7	85.5	79.9
--GARRISON--																	
NAT INFLOW	10800	460	214	276	870	1325	3095	1860	595	460	495	195	91	104	180	260	320
DEPLETION	1041	-7	-3	-4	-5	181	851	619	78	-140	-22	-120	-56	-64	-114	-90	-62
CHAN STOR	10	36	10		-10	-10	-10			18	12			0	-35		0
EVAPORATION	479							30	93	115	100	45	21	24	52		
REG INFLOW	14382	681	297	369	1222	1564	2710	1703	916	871	737	419	195	223	730	873	871
RELEASE	14782	417	194	250	1012	1506	1458	1506	1506	1154	922	446	208	238	1107	1476	1381
STOR CHANGE	-400	265	103	119	210	58	1252	197	-591	-283	-186	-27	-13	-15	-377	-603	-510
STORAGE	15895	16160	16263	16383	16593	16651	17903	18099	17509	17225	17039	17012	16999	16985	16608	16005	15495
ELEV FTMSL	1829.9	1830.9	1831.2	1831.6	1832.4	1832.6	1836.8	1837.5	1835.5	1834.6	1833.9	1833.8	1833.8	1833.7	1832.4	1830.3	1828.5
DISCH KCF5	23.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	17.0	24.5	24.5	24.5	24.5	19.4	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	18.0	24.0	24.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		167	167	168	204	294	298	303	302	237	183	183	183	183	218	286	282
PEAK POW MW		444	445	447	449	450	466	468	461	457	455	455	455	454	450	442	435
ENERGY GWH	2164.6	60.0	28.1	36.3	147.1	218.8	214.7	225.4	224.4	170.8	136.2	65.8	30.7	35.0	161.9	212.8	196.5
--OAHE--																	
NAT INFLOW	2300	232	108	139	405	195	780	160	75	95	35	30	14	16	-80		95
DEPLETION	681	24	11	14	49	71	145	173	116	28	-10	1	0	1	12	18	28
CHAN STOR	-5	39			-13	-32				22	19				-13	-27	
EVAPORATION	456							29	90	110	94	42	20	22	48		
REG INFLOW	15940	664	292	375	1355	1599	2093	1465	1376	1132	892	433	202	231	953	1431	1448
RELEASE	15480	406	258	360	1099	1497	1378	1813	1936	1721	1224	557	258	216	1080	953	726
STOR CHANGE	460	258	34	15	256	102	715	-348	-560	-589	-332	-124	-55	16	-127	479	722
STORAGE	16565	16823	16857	16872	17127	17229	17944	17596	17036	16447	16116	15992	15937	15952	15825	16304	17025
ELEV FTMSL	1599.8	1600.7	1600.8	1600.9	1601.8	1602.1	1604.6	1603.4	1601.5	1599.4	1598.2	1597.7	1597.5	1597.6	1597.1	1598.9	1601.4
DISCH KCF5	12.6	13.6	18.5	20.2	18.5	24.3	23.2	29.5	31.5	28.9	19.9	18.7	18.6	13.6	17.6	15.5	12.6
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		170	231	251	231	305	292	372	394	358	245	230	227	167	215	190	157
PEAK POW MW		672	673	673	678	680	693	686	676	665	659	657	656	656	654	662	676
ENERGY GWH	2331.9	61.1	38.8	54.3	166.3	226.7	210.4	277.1	293.2	258.0	182.4	82.7	38.2	32.0	159.9	141.6	109.3
--BIG BEND--																	
EVAPORATION	103							6	20	25	22	10	5	5	11		
REG INFLOW	15377	406	258	360	1099	1497	1378	1806	1916	1696	1202	547	253	210	1069	953	726
RELEASE	15377	406	258	360	1099	1497	1378	1806	1916	1696	1202	547	253	210	1069	953	726
STORAGE	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621
ELEV FTMSL	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0
DISCH KCF5	12.6	13.6	18.5	20.2	18.5	24.3	23.2	29.4	31.2	28.5	19.5	18.4	18.2	13.3	17.4	15.5	12.6
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		65	87	95	86	114	108	137	146	135	96	92	92	67	86	75	61
PEAK POW MW		517	509	509	509	509	509	509	509	517	538	538	538	538	538	538	529
ENERGY GWH	886.5	23.3	14.6	20.4	62.3	84.8	78.0	102.3	108.5	97.3	71.3	33.2	15.4	12.8	63.9	56.1	42.2
--FORT RANDALL--																	
NAT INFLOW	900	119	55	71	155	140	135	70	65	30		10	5	5	5	-10	45
DEPLETION	79	1	1	1	3	9	12	18	15	7	1	1	0	1	3	3	3
EVAPORATION	118							8	25	31	25	10	4	4	10		
REG INFLOW	16080	523	312	431	1251	1628	1501	1850	1941	1688	1176	547	253	211	1061	940	768
RELEASE	16080	232	178	431	1251	1628	1501	1850	1941	1832	1811	852	398	234	695	683	564
STOR CHANGE	0	291	134					0	0	-144	-635	-305	-145	-23	366	257	204
STORAGE	3124	3415	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3405	2770	2465	2320	2297	2663	2920	3124
ELEV FTMSL	1350.0	1353.6	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1353.5	1345.1	1340.4	1337.9	1337.5	1343.5	1347.2	1350.0
DISCH KCF5	9.7	7.8	12.8	24.1	21.0	26.5	25.2	30.1	31.6	30.8	29.5	28.6	28.7	14.8	11.3	11.1	9.8
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		65	109	204	178	223	213	253	266	257	236	217	210	108	85	87	79
PEAK POW MW		351	356	356	356	356	356	356	356	350	320	298	287	285	313	330	339
ENERGY GWH	1597.2	23.3	18.2	44.0	128.1	166.2	153.3	188.5	197.5	185.2	175.7	78.0	35.3	20.7	63.2	64.8	55.1
--GAVINS POINT--																	
NAT INFLOW	1500	104	49	62	145	160	175	100	90	95	120	60	28	32	80	85	115
DEPLETION	112	0	0	0	4	19	24	39	10	-5	1	5	2	3	10	1	
CHAN STOR	-2	4	-10	-22	6	-10	2	-9	-3	1	2	0	0	26	6	0	2
EVAPORATION	38							2	7	9	8	4	2	2	4		
REG INFLOW	17429	340	217	472	1398	1759	1654	1900	2011	1924	1925	904	422	287	767	767	681
RELEASE	17429	340	217	472	1398	1759	1654	1900	1998	1898	1925	904	422	287	767	767	720
STOR CHANGE								13	26								-39
STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358
ELEV FTMSL	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0
DISCH KCF5	12.5	11.4	15.6	26.4	23.5	28.6	27.8	30.9	32.5	31.9	31.3	30.4	30.4	18.1	12.5	12.5	12.5
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		40	54	90	81	97	95	103	107	107	107	105	105	64	44	44	44
PEAK POW MW		114	114	114	114	114	114	114	115	117	117	117	117	117	78	78	76
ENERGY GWH	718.7	14.4	9.2	19.5	58.0	72.4	68.2	76.6	79.7	77.2	79.4	37.7	17.6	12.3	33.0	33.0	30.7
--GAVINS POINT - SIOUX CITY--																	
NAT INFLOW	1700	138	64	83	325	295	150	180	120	105	55	30	14	16	25	25	75
DEPLETION	266	7	3	4	22	36	31	39	36	24	11	6	3	3	13	14	14
REGULATED FLOW AT SIOUX CITY																	
KAF	18863	471	278	550	1701	2018	1773	2041	2082	1979	1969	928	433	300	779	778	781
KCF5		15.8	20.1	30.8	28.6	32.8	29.8	33.2	33.9	33.3	32.0	31.2	31.2	18.9	12.7	12.7	13.6
--TOTAL--																	
NAT INFLOW	24400	1283	598	769	2500	3295	6145	3210	1260	1080	1135	505	236	269	510	610	995
DEPLETION	2631</																



TIME OF STUDY 08:57:33

SHT NV 0, SP MR 5 MY 14.7, GARR +3.0 OAHE -3.0 STUDY NO 11

	2012												2013				
	28FEB12 INI-SUM	15MAR	22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB
<b>--FORT PECK--</b>																	
NAT INFLOW	7200	230	107	138	600	1180	1810	840	315	295	430	180	84	96	300	250	345
DEPLETION	468	-24	-11	-14	15	303	552	241	8	-100	-41	-43	-20	-23	-134	-147	-94
EVAPORATION	447						28	86	107	93	42	20	22	48			
MOD INFLOW	6285	254	118	152	585	877	1258	571	221	288	378	181	84	97	386	397	439
RELEASE	6954	179	69	89	357	553	762	738	738	479	430	208	97	111	738	738	666
STOR CHANGE	-669	75	49	63	228	324	496	-167	-517	-192	-53	-27	-13	-15	-352	-341	-227
STORAGE	14379	14454	14503	14566	14794	15117	15614	15447	14930	14738	14685	14658	14645	14631	14279	13938	13710
ELEV FTMSL	2231.0	2231.4	2231.6	2231.9	2233.0	2234.6	2236.9	2236.1	2233.7	2232.8	2232.5	2232.4	2232.3	2232.3	2230.5	2228.8	2227.7
DISCH KCF5	8.5	6.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	9.0	12.8	12.0	12.0	8.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
<b>POWER</b>																	
AVE POWER MW		81	68	68	82	123	163	161	159	110	95	95	95	95	157	156	154
PEAK POW MW		160	160	161	162	163	164	164	162	161	161	161	161	161	160	158	158
ENERGY GWH	1115.1	29.2	11.4	14.6	58.7	91.2	117.7	119.5	118.6	78.9	70.7	34.2	16.0	18.2	116.7	115.7	103.8
<b>--GARRISON--</b>																	
NAT INFLOW	10800	460	214	276	870	1325	3095	1860	595	460	495	195	91	104	180	260	320
DEPLETION	1063	-7	-3	-4	-4	182	861	636	84	-143	-26	-124	-58	-66	-117	-92	-57
CHAN STOR	-36	26	10		-10	-31	-39	8		39	10			0	-50		
EVAPORATION	500						30	97	120	105	47	22	25	54			
REG INFLOW	16155	671	297	369	1221	1666	2957	1940	1152	1001	857	480	224	256	931	1090	1043
RELEASE	14230	417	194	250	833	1537	1369	1414	1414	1185	984	476	222	254	1107	1353	1222
STOR CHANGE	1924	254	103	119	388	129	1588	525	-262	-184	-126	4	2	2	-176	-263	-178
STORAGE	15495	15749	15852	15972	16359	16488	18076	18602	18340	18156	18029	18033	18035	18037	17861	17598	17419
ELEV FTMSL	1828.5	1829.4	1829.8	1830.2	1831.6	1832.0	1837.4	1839.1	1838.2	1837.6	1837.2	1837.2	1837.3	1837.3	1836.7	1835.8	1835.2
DISCH KCF5	24.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	25.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	19.9	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	18.0	22.0	22.0
<b>POWER</b>																	
AVE POWER MW		165	166	166	167	299	280	287	287	248	199	199	199	199	223	271	270
PEAK POW MW		438	440	441	446	448	468	474	471	469	467	467	467	467	465	462	460
ENERGY GWH	2112.9	59.5	27.9	35.9	120.5	222.2	201.8	213.2	213.7	178.5	148.1	71.6	33.4	38.2	166.0	201.5	181.1
<b>--OAHE--</b>																	
NAT INFLOW	2300	232	108	139	405	195	780	160	75	95	35	30	14	16	-80		95
DEPLETION	696	24	11	15	50	72	148	178	119	29	-11	1	0	1	13	18	28
CHAN STOR	8	42				-46	8			13	17				-9	-18	0
EVAPORATION	448						29	89	108	92	41	19	22	47			
REG INFLOW	15395	667	291	375	1188	1614	2009	1368	1282	1156	955	464	217	247	957	1317	1289
RELEASE	16033	406	285	404	1187	1589	1467	1854	1966	1751	1267	578	267	225	1099	971	717
STOR CHANGE	-639	261	6	-30	2	25	-542	-487	-685	-595	-312	-114	-51	23	-141	346	571
STORAGE	17025	17286	17293	17263	17265	17290	17831	17345	16660	16065	15753	15639	15588	15611	15470	15815	16387
ELEV FTMSL	1601.4	1602.3	1602.4	1602.3	1602.3	1602.3	1604.2	1602.5	1600.1	1598.0	1596.8	1596.4	1596.2	1596.3	1595.8	1597.1	1599.2
DISCH KCF5	12.6	13.6	20.5	22.6	19.9	25.8	24.7	30.2	32.0	29.4	20.6	19.4	19.3	14.2	17.9	15.8	12.9
<b>POWER</b>																	
AVE POWER MW		171	258	284	250	324	311	380	398	362	252	236	234	172	217	192	159
PEAK POW MW		681	681	680	680	681	691	682	669	658	652	650	649	650	647	654	664
ENERGY GWH	2406.5	61.7	43.3	61.4	180.3	241.0	223.8	282.4	296.0	260.5	187.3	85.1	39.3	33.1	161.4	143.0	106.8
<b>--BIG BEND--</b>																	
EVAPORATION	103						6	20	25	22	10	5	5	11			
REG INFLOW	15930	406	285	404	1187	1589	1467	1848	1947	1726	1245	568	263	220	1088	971	717
RELEASE	15930	406	285	404	1187	1589	1467	1848	1947	1726	1245	568	263	220	1088	971	717
STORAGE	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621
ELEV FTMSL	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0
DISCH KCF5	12.6	13.6	20.5	22.6	19.9	25.8	24.7	30.1	31.7	29.0	20.3	19.1	18.9	13.8	17.7	15.8	12.9
<b>POWER</b>																	
AVE POWER MW		65	96	106	93	121	115	141	148	137	99	96	95	70	87	77	62
PEAK POW MW		517	509	509	509	509	509	509	517	538	538	538	538	538	538	538	529
ENERGY GWH	918.2	23.3	16.1	22.9	67.2	90.0	83.1	104.6	110.2	99.0	73.9	34.5	16.0	13.4	65.0	57.2	41.7
<b>--FORT RANDALL--</b>																	
NAT INFLOW	900	119	55	71	155	140	135	70	65	30		10	5	5	5	-10	45
DEPLETION	79	1	1	1	3	9	12	18	15	7	1	1	0	1	3	3	3
EVAPORATION	118						8	25	31	25	10	4	4	10			
REG INFLOW	16634	523	340	474	1339	1720	1590	1892	1971	1717	1220	567	263	221	1079	958	759
RELEASE	16634	232	206	474	1339	1720	1590	1892	1971	1862	1855	872	408	243	713	701	555
STOR CHANGE	0	291	134				0	0	-144	-635	-305	-145	-23	366	257	204	
STORAGE	3124	3415	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3405	2770	2465	2320	2297	2663	2920	3124
ELEV FTMSL	1350.0	1353.6	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1353.5	1345.1	1340.4	1337.9	1337.5	1343.5	1347.2	1350.0
DISCH KCF5	9.8	7.8	14.8	26.6	22.5	28.0	26.7	30.8	32.1	31.3	30.2	29.3	29.4	15.3	11.6	11.4	10.0
<b>POWER</b>																	
AVE POWER MW		65	125	224	190	236	225	259	270	261	242	222	215	112	87	89	81
PEAK POW MW		351	356	356	356	356	356	356	356	350	320	298	287	285	313	330	339
ENERGY GWH	1651.9	23.3	21.0	48.4	136.9	175.4	162.3	192.6	200.6	188.2	179.8	79.9	36.2	21.5	64.8	66.5	54.3
<b>--GAVINS POINT--</b>																	
NAT INFLOW	1500	104	49	62	145	160	175	100	95	120	60	28	32	80	85	115	
DEPLETION	112	0	0	0	4	19	24	39	10	-5	1	5	2	3	10	1	
CHAN STOR	-2	4	-13	-23	8	-11	2	-8	-2	1	2	0	26	7	0	3	
EVAPORATION	38						2	7	9	8	4	2	2	4			
REG INFLOW	17983	340	241	515	1487	1851	1744	1943	2042	1954	1968	925	432	297	786	785	673
RELEASE	17983	340	241	515	1487	1851	1744	1943	2029	1928	1968	925	432	297	786	785	712
STOR CHANGE							13	26									-39
STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358
ELEV FTMSL	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0	
DISCH KCF5	12.5	11.4	17.4	28.8	25.0	30.1											

	28FEB13	15MAR	2013 22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	2014 30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB
--FORT PECK--																	
NAT INFLOW	7200	230	107	138	600	1180	1810	840	315	295	430	180	84	96	300	250	345
DEPLETION	477	-25	-12	-15	15	304	556	248	12	-100	-43	-44	-20	-23	-135	-147	-95
EVAPORATION	418							26	82	100	87	39	18	21	45		
MOD INFLOW	6305	255	119	153	585	876	1254	566	221	295	386	184	86	98	390	397	440
RELEASE	6995	179	83	107	357	615	1083	646	526	492	238	111	127	615	615	555	
STOR CHANGE	-689	76	35	46	228	261	171	-80	-424	-232	-106	-54	-25	-28	-225	-218	-115
STORAGE	13710	13786	13822	13867	14095	14357	14528	14448	14023	13792	13686	13632	13608	13579	13354	13137	13021
ELEV FTMSL	2227.7	2228.1	2228.2	2228.5	2229.6	2230.9	2231.8	2231.4	2229.3	2228.1	2227.5	2227.3	2227.1	2227.0	2225.8	2224.6	2224.0
DISCH KCFS	12.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	10.0	18.2	10.5	10.5	8.8	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		80	80	80	81	134	160	141	140	119	107	107	107	107	133	132	132
PEAK POW MW		158	158	158	159	160	160	160	159	158	157	157	157	157	156	155	154
ENERGY GWH	1068.8	28.9	13.5	17.4	58.1	100.0	115.0	104.6	104.1	85.4	79.6	38.5	17.9	20.5	98.7	98.3	88.5
--GARRISON--																	
NAT INFLOW	10800	460	214	276	870	1325	3095	1860	595	460	495	195	91	104	180	260	320
DEPLETION	1074	-7	-3	-4	-4	182	871	652	89	-146	-32	-127	-59	-68	-119	-93	-58
CHAN STOR	19	60				-40	-81	75		16	8				-20		
EVAPORATION	518							33	102	125	107	48	22	26	55		
REG INFLOW	16221	705	301	387	1231	1718	3226	1896	1050	1023	920	512	239	273	839	968	933
RELEASE	17051	417	194	250	1071	1660	1666	1722	1722	1538	1168	565	264	301	1353	1660	1500
STOR CHANGE	-830	289	107	137	160	58	1560	174	-672	-515	-248	-53	-25	-28	-513	-692	-566
STORAGE	17419	17708	17815	17952	18112	18170	19729	19903	19231	18716	18468	18414	18389	18361	17848	17155	16589
ELEV FTMSL	1835.2	1836.2	1836.5	1837.0	1837.5	1837.7	1842.5	1843.1	1841.0	1839.4	1838.6	1838.5	1838.4	1838.3	1836.6	1834.3	1832.4
DISCH KCFS	22.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	18.0	27.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	25.9	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	22.0	27.0	27.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		173	173	174	223	334	352	356	354	325	238	238	237	237	273	330	325
PEAK POW MW		463	465	466	468	469	495	498	481	475	472	472	471	471	465	456	449
ENERGY GWH	2570.0	62.1	29.1	37.5	160.9	248.8	253.4	264.8	263.7	234.3	177.3	85.5	39.9	45.6	203.0	245.4	218.7
--OAHE--																	
NAT INFLOW	2300	232	108	139	405	195	780	160	75	95	35	30	14	16	-80		95
DEPLETION	709	24	11	15	50	73	151	182	122	30	-11	1	0	1	13	18	29
CHAN STOR	-21	35			-17	-38	-4			9	29				-13	-21	
EVAPORATION	466							29	90	112	97	44	20	23	51		
REG INFLOW	18156	659	291	375	1409	1744	2291	1671	1585	1501	1146	551	257	294	1196	1621	1566
RELEASE	16291	406	286	406	1223	1620	1503	1853	1979	1763	1267	578	267	228	1142	1014	756
STOR CHANGE	1864	253	5	-31	186	124	788	-182	-394	-262	-120	-27	-10	65	54	607	809
STORAGE	16387	16640	16645	16614	16800	16924	17712	17530	17135	16874	16753	16726	16716	16781	16835	17442	18251
ELEV FTMSL	1599.2	1600.1	1600.1	1600.0	1600.6	1601.1	1603.8	1603.2	1601.8	1600.9	1600.5	1600.4	1600.3	1600.6	1600.8	1602.9	1605.6
DISCH KCFS	12.9	13.6	20.6	22.7	20.6	26.3	25.3	30.1	32.2	29.6	20.6	19.4	19.3	14.4	18.6	16.5	13.6
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		169	256	282	255	328	317	380	403	369	256	241	239	179	231	207	173
PEAK POW MW		669	669	668	672	674	688	685	678	673	671	670	670	671	672	683	698
ENERGY GWH	2462.9	60.9	43.0	60.9	183.8	243.7	228.2	282.4	299.8	265.6	190.7	86.9	40.2	34.4	172.1	153.9	116.4
--BIG BEND--																	
EVAPORATION	103							6	20	25	22	10	5	5	11		
REG INFLOW	16188	406	286	406	1223	1620	1503	1847	1959	1738	1245	568	263	223	1131	1014	756
RELEASE	16188	406	286	406	1223	1620	1503	1847	1959	1738	1245	568	263	223	1131	1014	756
STORAGE	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621
ELEV FTMSL	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0
DISCH KCFS	12.9	13.6	20.6	22.7	20.6	26.3	25.3	30.0	31.9	29.2	20.2	19.1	18.9	14.1	18.4	16.5	13.6
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		65	97	106	96	123	118	141	149	138	99	96	95	71	91	80	65
PEAK POW MW		517	509	509	509	509	509	509	509	517	538	538	538	538	538	538	529
ENERGY GWH	933.0	23.3	16.2	23.0	69.3	91.7	85.1	104.6	110.9	99.6	73.9	34.5	16.0	13.6	67.6	59.8	43.9
--FORT RANDALL--																	
NAT INFLOW	900	119	55	71	155	140	135	70	65	30		10	5	5	5	-10	45
DEPLETION	79	1	1	1	3	9	12	18	15	7	1	1	0	1	3	3	3
EVAPORATION	118							8	25	31	25	10	4	4	10		
REG INFLOW	16892	523	341	476	1375	1751	1626	1891	1984	1729	1219	567	263	224	1122	1001	798
RELEASE	16892	232	207	476	1375	1751	1626	1891	1984	1873	1854	872	408	247	756	744	594
STOR CHANGE	0	291	134					0	0	-144	-635	-305	-145	-23	366	257	204
STORAGE	3124	3415	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3405	2770	2465	2320	2297	2663	2920	3124
ELEV FTMSL	1350.0	1353.6	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1353.5	1345.1	1340.4	1337.9	1337.5	1343.5	1347.2	1350.0
DISCH KCFS	10.0	7.8	14.9	26.7	23.1	28.5	27.3	30.7	32.3	31.5	30.2	29.3	29.4	15.6	12.3	12.1	10.7
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		65	126	225	195	240	230	259	271	263	242	222	215	114	92	95	86
PEAK POW MW		351	356	356	356	356	356	356	356	350	320	298	287	285	313	330	339
ENERGY GWH	1676.8	23.3	21.1	48.6	140.6	178.5	165.9	192.5	201.9	189.4	179.8	79.9	36.2	21.8	68.7	70.6	58.0
--GAVINS POINT--																	
NAT INFLOW	1500	104	49	62	145	160	175	100	95	120	60	28	32	32	80	85	115
DEPLETION	112	0	0	0	4	19	24	39	10	-5	1	5	2	3	10	1	
CHAN STOR	-3	4	-14	-23	7	-10	2	-7	-3	1	2	0	26	6	0	3	
EVAPORATION	38							2	7	9	8	4	2	2	4		
REG INFLOW	18239	341	242	516	1523	1882	1779	1943	2054	1966	1968	925	432	300	828	828	712
RELEASE	18239	341	242	516	1523	1882	1779	1943	2041	1960	1968	925	432	300	828	828	751
STOR CHANGE								13	26								-39
STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358
ELEV FTMSL	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0	
DISCH KCFS	12.8	11.5	17.4	28.9	25.6	30.6	29.9	31.6	33.2</								

TIME OF STUDY 08:57:33

SHT NV 0, SP MR 5 MY 13.7, FTPK +4.2 GARR -3.0  
VALUES IN 1000 AF EXCEPT AS INDICATED STUDY NO 13

	28FEB14		2014			2015											
	INI-SUM	15MAR	22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB
--FORT PECK--																	
NAT INFLOW	7200	230	107	138	600	1180	1810	840	315	295	430	180	84	96	300	250	345
DEPLETION	488	-25	-12	-15	15	305	560	255	17	-100	-45	-44	-21	-23	-136	-148	-95
EVAPORATION	446						27	85	106	94	43	20	23	49			
MOD INFLOW	6266	255	119	153	585	875	1250	558	213	289	381	181	85	97	387	398	440
RELEASE	4358	179	83	107	357	369	417	430	430	253	246	119	56	63	430	430	389
STOR CHANGE	1907	77	36	46	228	506	833	128	-217	36	135	62	29	33	-44	-32	51
STORAGE	13021	13098	13133	13179	13407	13913	14747	14875	14657	14693	14829	14891	14920	14954	14910	14877	14929
ELEV FTMSL	2224.0	2224.4	2224.6	2224.9	2226.1	2228.7	2232.8	2233.4	2232.4	2232.6	2233.2	2233.5	2233.6	2233.8	2233.6	2233.4	2233.7
DISCH KCF5	10.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		79	79	80	80	80	95	95	95	58	54	55	55	55	95	95	95
PEAK POW MW		155	155	155	156	158	161	162	161	161	162	162	162	162	162	162	162
ENERGY GWH	713.1	28.6	13.3	17.2	57.4	59.7	68.1	70.8	70.8	41.5	40.5	19.6	9.2	10.5	71.0	70.9	64.1
--GARRISON--																	
NAT INFLOW	10800	460	214	276	870	1325	3095	1860	595	460	495	195	91	104	180	260	320
DEPLETION	728	-6	-3	-4	-3	-182	881	668	95	-149	-36	-131	-61	-70	-120	-93	-58
CHAN STOR	30	41					-10			27	2				-30		
EVAPORATION	498						31	98	121	104	46	22	25	53			
REG INFLOW	13962	685	301	387	1230	1876	2621	1591	833	768	676	399	186	213	648	783	767
RELEASE	14467	476	222	286	1101	1537	1369	1353	1092	984	476	222	254	1168	1353	1222	1222
STOR CHANGE	-505	209	79	101	129	339	1252	239	-520	-324	-308	-77	-36	-41	-521	-569	-455
STORAGE	16589	16798	16877	16978	17107	17446	18698	18936	18416	18092	17784	17707	17671	17630	17109	16540	16085
ELEV FTMSL	1832.4	1833.1	1833.4	1833.7	1834.2	1835.3	1839.4	1840.1	1838.5	1837.4	1836.4	1836.2	1836.1	1835.9	1834.2	1832.2	1830.6
DISCH KCF5	27.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	18.5	25.0	23.0	22.0	22.0	18.4	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	19.0	22.0	22.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		193	194	194	225	304	285	277	276	229	198	198	197	197	232	266	263
PEAK POW MW		452	453	454	456	460	475	478	472	468	464	463	463	462	456	449	443
ENERGY GWH	2150.2	69.6	32.6	42.0	161.9	226.4	205.1	205.8	205.3	164.7	147.7	71.2	33.2	37.9	173.0	197.6	176.4
--OAHE--																	
NAT INFLOW	2300	232	108	139	405	195	780	160	75	95	35	30	14	16	-80		95
DEPLETION	724	25	12	15	-10	75	154	187	125	30	-12	1	0	1	13	19	29
CHAN STOR	20	45					8	4		15	10				-13	-13	0
EVAPORATION	477						31	94	115	98	44	20	23	51			
REG INFLOW	15586	728	319	410	1445	1631	2003	1299	1208	1057	943	461	215	246	1012	1321	1288
RELEASE	16209	406	286	406	1248	1638	1527	1852	1979	1763	1267	578	267	223	1093	965	712
STOR CHANGE	-623	322	33	4	197	-7	476	-553	-771	-705	-324	-117	-52	23	-81	356	576
STORAGE	18251	18574	18606	18610	18807	18801	19276	18723	17952	17247	16923	16806	16754	16777	16696	17052	17628
ELEV FTMSL	1605.6	1606.7	1606.8	1606.8	1607.4	1607.4	1608.9	1607.1	1604.6	1602.2	1601.1	1600.7	1600.5	1600.6	1600.3	1601.5	1603.5
DISCH KCF5	13.6	13.6	20.6	22.7	21.0	26.6	25.7	30.1	32.2	29.6	20.6	19.4	19.3	14.1	17.8	15.7	12.8
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		175	265	292	270	343	332	389	410	373	258	242	240	175	221	196	162
PEAK POW MW		703	704	704	707	707	715	706	692	680	674	672	671	671	670	676	687
ENERGY GWH	2494.8	63.1	44.5	63.2	194.6	255.4	239.1	289.4	305.4	268.6	191.7	87.1	40.3	33.6	164.5	145.7	108.6
--BIG BEND--																	
EVAPORATION	103						6	20	25	22	10	5	5	11			
REG INFLOW	16106	406	286	406	1248	1638	1527	1846	1959	1738	1245	568	263	218	1081	965	712
RELEASE	16106	406	286	406	1248	1638	1527	1846	1959	1738	1245	568	263	218	1081	965	712
STORAGE	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621
ELEV FTMSL	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0
DISCH KCF5	13.6	13.6	20.6	22.7	21.0	26.6	25.7	30.0	31.9	29.2	20.2	19.1	18.9	13.7	17.6	15.7	12.8
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		65	97	106	98	125	120	140	149	138	99	96	95	69	87	76	62
PEAK POW MW		517	509	509	509	509	509	509	509	517	538	538	538	538	538	538	529
ENERGY GWH	928.0	23.3	16.2	23.0	70.7	92.8	86.5	104.5	111.0	99.6	73.9	34.5	16.0	13.3	64.7	56.9	41.3
--FORT RANDALL--																	
NAT INFLOW	900	119	55	71	155	140	135	70	65	30		10	5	5	5	-10	45
DEPLETION	79	1	1	1	3	9	12	18	15	7	1	1	0	1	3	3	3
EVAPORATION	118						8	25	31	25	10	4	4	10			
REG INFLOW	16810	523	341	476	1400	1769	1650	1890	1984	1729	1219	567	263	219	1073	952	754
RELEASE	16810	232	207	476	1400	1769	1650	1890	1984	1873	1854	872	408	242	707	695	550
STOR CHANGE	0	291	134				0	0	-144	-635	-305	-145	-23	366	257	204	
STORAGE	3124	3415	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3405	2770	2465	2320	2297	2663	2920	3124
ELEV FTMSL	1350.0	1353.6	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1353.5	1345.1	1340.4	1337.9	1337.5	1343.5	1347.2	1350.0
DISCH KCF5	10.7	7.8	14.9	26.7	23.5	28.8	27.7	30.7	32.3	31.5	30.2	29.3	29.4	15.2	11.5	11.3	9.9
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		65	126	225	199	242	234	259	271	263	242	222	215	111	86	89	80
PEAK POW MW		351	356	356	356	356	356	356	356	350	320	298	287	285	313	330	339
ENERGY GWH	1669.6	23.3	21.1	48.6	143.1	180.3	168.3	192.4	201.9	189.4	179.8	79.9	36.2	21.3	64.3	66.0	53.7
--GAVINS POINT--																	
NAT INFLOW	1500	104	49	62	145	160	175	100	95	120	60	28	32	80	85	115	
DEPLETION	112	0	0	0	4	19	24	39	10	-5	1	5	2	3	10	1	
CHAN STOR	0	6	-14	-23	6	-10	2	-6	-3	1	2	0	26	7	0	3	
EVAPORATION	38						2	7	9	8	4	2	2	4			
REG INFLOW	18160	342	242	516	1547	1900	1803	1943	2054	1966	1968	925	432	295	780	779	667
RELEASE	18160	342	242	516	1547	1900	1803	1943	2041	1940	1968	925	432	295	780	779	706
STOR CHANGE							13	26									-39
STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358
ELEV FTMSL	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0	
DISCH KCF5	13.5	11.5	17.4	28.9	26.0	30.9	30.3	31.6	33.2	32.6	32.0	31.1	31.1	18.6	12.7	12.7	12.7
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		40	60	98	89	103	102	105	109	109	108	106	106	66	45	45	45
PEAK POW MW		114	114	114	114	114	114	114	115	117	117	117	117	117	78	78	76
ENERGY GWH	743.1	14.5	10.2	21.2	63.9	76.6	73.2	77.8	80.8	78.3	80.6	38.2	17.8	12.6	33.5	33.5	30.1
--GAVINS POINT - SIOUX CITY--																	
NAT INFLOW	1700	138	64	83	325	295	150	180	120	105	55	30	14	16	25	25	75
DEPLETION	276	7	3	4	23	36	32	39	38	25	11	7	3	3	14	15	15
REGULATED FLOW AT SIOUX CITY																	
KAF	19584	473	303	595	1849	2159	1921	2084	2123	2020	2012	949	443	308	791	789	766
KCF5		15.9	21.8	33.3	31.1	35.1	32.3	33.9	34.5	33.9	32.7	31.9	31.9	19.4	12.9	12.8	13.8
--TOTAL--																	
NAT INFLOW	24400	1283	598	769	2500	3295	6145	3210	1260	1080	1135	505	236	269	510	610	995

	VALUES IN 1000 AF EXCEPT AS INDICATED														STUDY NO 14			
	2010														2011			
	28FEB10	15MAR	22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB	
-- FORT PECK --																		
NAT INFLOW	6100	207	96	124	493	971	1505	676	290	259	346	168	78	89	264	224	310	
DEPLETION	469	-12	-6	-7	48	286	528	219	-9	-112	-50	-38	-18	-20	-119	-132	-89	
EVAPORATION	448							28	86	107	94	42	20	23	49			
MOD INFLOW	5183	219	102	131	445	685	977	429	213	264	302	163	76	87	334	356	399	
RELEASE	5361	149	69	89	357	492	536	553	351	307	149	69	79	553	553	500		
STOR CHANGE	-178	70	33	42	88	193	441	-124	-340	-87	-5	14	7	8	-219	-197	-101	
STORAGE	10640	10710	10743	10785	10873	11066	11507	11383	11043	10956	10951	10965	10972	10980	10760	10563	10462	
ELEV FTMSL	2210.4	2210.9	2211.1	2211.3	2211.8	2213.0	2215.6	2214.9	2212.9	2212.3	2212.4	2212.4	2212.4	2212.5	2211.2	2210.0	2209.4	
DISCH KCFS	7.5	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	5.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		62	62	62	75	100	114	114	113	74	63	63	63	63	112	111	111	
PEAK POW MW		140	140	141	141	143	145	145	142	142	142	142	142	142	140	139	138	
ENERGY GWH	811.5	22.4	10.5	13.5	53.9	74.4	81.7	84.8	84.3	53.3	46.6	22.6	10.5	12.0	83.4	82.9	74.6	
-- GARRISON --																		
NAT INFLOW	9338	430	200	258	716	1127	2674	1609	513	396	426	168	78	89	152	223	279	
DEPLETION	987	7	3	4	15	132	775	598	87	-134	-117	-54	-62	-116	-90	-61		
CHAN STOR	-16	27			-11	-21	-11			33	10			0	-42			
EVAPORATION	-521									100	125	109	49	23	26	57		
REG INFLOW	13175	599	267	343	1047	1465	2424	1533	879	789	634	384	179	205	722	866	840	
RELEASE	13384	387	180	232	1071	1537	1428	1291	1291	949	738	357	167	190	1107	1291	1166	
STOR CHANGE	-209	212	86	111	-24	-72	996	241	-412	-161	-104	26	12	14	-385	-425	-326	
STORAGE	12800	13012	13098	13209	13185	13114	14109	14351	13939	13778	13674	13701	13713	13727	13342	12918	12591	
ELEV FTMSL	1818.1	1818.9	1819.3	1819.7	1819.6	1819.3	1823.3	1824.2	1822.6	1822.0	1821.6	1821.7	1821.7	1821.8	1820.3	1818.6	1817.2	
DISCH KCFS	23.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	18.0	25.0	24.0	21.0	21.0	16.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	18.0	21.0	21.0	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		143	144	144	199	275	267	238	238	180	135	135	135	135	201	231	229	
PEAK POW MW		400	401	403	403	402	416	419	414	411	410	410	410	411	405	399	394	
ENERGY GWH	1804.2	51.5	24.1	31.1	143.3	204.6	192.6	177.3	176.9	129.5	100.6	48.6	22.7	26.0	149.5	172.1	153.8	
-- OAHE --																		
NAT INFLOW	1369	214	100	128	190	137	290	147	68	79	16	13	6	7	-95	-10	79	
DEPLETION	666	24	11	14	49	70	142	169	112	27	-10	1	0	1	12	17	27	
CHAN STOR	9	49			-24	-34	5	14		25	20				-30	-15		
EVAPORATION	470									91	113	98	44	21	23	51		
REG INFLOW	13627	626	269	346	1188	1570	1581	1254	1157	913	686	325	152	173	919	1249	1218	
RELEASE	13840	421	279	404	1195	1541	1435	1697	1536	858	1165	226	121	136	928	1014	884	
STOR CHANGE	-213	205	-9	-58	-7	29	146	-443	-379	55	-479	100	30	37	-9	235	334	
STORAGE	13389	13594	13585	13526	13519	13549	13694	13252	12872	12927	12448	12548	12578	12615	12606	12842	13176	
ELEV FTMSL	1587.5	1588.3	1588.3	1588.0	1588.0	1588.1	1588.7	1586.9	1585.2	1585.5	1583.4	1583.8	1584.0	1584.1	1584.1	1585.1	1586.5	
DISCH KCFS	16.0	14.1	20.1	22.6	20.1	25.1	24.1	27.6	25.0	14.4	18.9	7.6	8.7	8.6	15.1	16.5	15.9	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		164	233	263	233	290	280	319	286	165	215	86	99	98	171	188	183	
PEAK POW MW		610	610	609	609	609	612	603	594	595	584	586	587	588	588	593	601	
ENERGY GWH	1925.1	59.1	39.2	56.7	167.7	215.9	201.6	237.2	212.7	118.8	160.1	31.0	16.7	18.7	127.5	139.6	122.6	
-- BIG BEND --																		
EVAPORATION	129							8	24	31	27	12	6	7	14			
REG INFLOW	13711	421	279	404	1195	1541	1435	1690	1511	827	1138	213	116	130	914	1014	884	
RELEASE	13711	421	279	404	1195	1541	1435	1690	1511	827	1138	213	116	130	914	1014	884	
STORAGE	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	
ELEV FTMSL	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	
DISCH KCFS	16.0	14.1	20.1	22.6	20.1	25.1	24.1	27.5	24.6	13.9	18.5	7.2	8.3	8.2	14.9	16.5	15.9	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		67	94	106	94	117	113	129	116	69	93	36	42	41	75	81	76	
PEAK POW MW		517	510	509	509	509	509	509	519	538	538	538	538	538	538	538	529	
ENERGY GWH	796.0	24.1	15.8	22.9	67.7	87.3	81.3	95.7	86.5	50.0	69.2	13.1	7.1	8.0	55.7	60.3	51.3	
-- FORT RANDALL --																		
NAT INFLOW	480	77	36	46	96	69	133	37	27		-21	-8	-4	-4	-32	-16	43	
DEPLETION	79	1	1	1	3	9	12	18	15	7	1	1	0	1	3	3	3	
EVAPORATION	131							10	31	34	24	10	5	5	12			
REG INFLOW	13982	497	314	450	1288	1601	1556	1699	1492	786	1092	196	107	119	866	995	924	
RELEASE	13982	223	179	433	1288	1601	1556	1699	1677	1587	1360	196	107	119	713	695	550	
STOR CHANGE	0	274	135	17				-184	-800	-268	0	0	0	0	153	300	374	
STORAGE	3123	3397	3532	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3365	2565	2297	2296	2296	2296	2449	2749	3123	
ELEV FTMSL	1350.0	1353.4	1355.0	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1353.0	1342.0	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1340.2	1344.8	1350.0	
DISCH KCFS	10.0	7.5	12.9	24.3	21.6	26.0	26.2	27.6	27.3	26.7	22.1	6.6	7.7	7.5	11.6	11.3	9.9	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		62	109	205	183	220	221	233	228	211	164	48	56	55	86	86	79	
PEAK POW MW		350	355	356	356	356	356	356	349	305	285	285	285	285	297	319	339	
ENERGY GWH	1374.2	22.4	18.3	44.2	131.8	163.4	158.9	173.3	169.5	151.8	121.8	17.4	9.5	10.6	63.8	64.3	53.2	
-- GAVINS POINT --																		
NAT INFLOW	1318	89	41	53	127	142	152	86	76	81	112	53	25	28	76	76	101	
DEPLETION	112	0	0	0	4	19	24	39	10	-5	1	5	2	3	10	1		
CHAN STOR	-1	5	-10	-22	5	-8	0	-3	1	1	8	29	-2	0	-8	1	3	
EVAPORATION	47							3	9	11	10	5	2	2	5			
REG INFLOW	15140	317	210	465	1416	1716	1684	1740	1735	1662	1470	268	125	143	766	770	653	
RELEASE	15140	317	210	465	1416	1716	1684	1740	1722	1636	1470	268	125	143	766	770	692	
STOR CHANGE	0							13	26	26							-39	
STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358	
ELEV FTMSL	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0	
DISCH KCFS	12.5	10.7	15.1	26.0	23.8	27.9	28.3	28.3	28.0	27.5	2							

TIME OF STUDY 09:14:30

SHTN NAV SEAS 30 DAYS, SP MAR 5 MAY 9 6  
VALUES IN 1000 AF EXCEPT AS INDICATED

STUDY NO 15

	28FEB11 INI-SUM	15MAR	2011 22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	2012 30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	29FEB
-- FORT PECK --																	
NAT INFLOW	6345	215	100	129	513	1010	1565	703	301	270	360	175	81	93	275	233	322
DEPLETION	453	-26	-12	-15	22	288	559	228	-5	-112	-52	-38	-18	-20	-118	-131	-98
EVAPORATION	447							27	86	107	94	42	20	23	49		
MOD INFLOW	5445	241	112	144	491	722	1006	448	220	275	318	170	79	90	344	364	420
RELEASE	5388	149	69	89	357	553	536	553	298	307	149	69	79	79	553	553	518
STOR CHANGE	57	92	43	55	134	169	470	-106	-333	-23	11	21	10	11	-209	-189	-98
STORAGE	10462	10554	10597	10652	10786	10954	11425	11319	10986	10963	10974	10994	11004	11015	10806	10616	10519
ELEV FTMSL	2209.4	2209.9	2210.2	2210.5	2211.3	2212.3	2215.1	2214.5	2212.5	2212.4	2212.4	2212.6	2212.6	2212.7	2211.4	2210.3	2209.7
DISCH KCFS	9.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		62	62	62	75	112	113	114	113	63	63	63	63	63	112	112	111
PEAK POW MW		139	139	140	141	142	145	144	142	142	142	142	142	142	141	139	139
ENERGY GWH	814.7	22.3	10.4	13.4	53.7	83.4	81.5	84.7	84.1	45.3	46.7	22.6	10.5	12.1	83.5	83.1	77.4
-- GARRISON --																	
NAT INFLOW	9674	445	208	267	741	1167	2771	1667	531	410	442	174	81	93	158	231	289
DEPLETION	1042	-1	0	-1	4	194	788	615	94	-136	-2	-120	-56	-64	-116	-90	-67
CHAN STOR	0	43			-11	-32				42	0			0	-42		
EVAPORATION	525							32	101	126	110	50	23	26	57		
REG INFLOW	13496	638	278	357	1083	1494	2519	1573	890	760	642	393	183	209	728	874	874
RELEASE	13427	387	180	232	1071	1476	1428	1291	893	738	357	167	190	1107	1353	1265	1265
STOR CHANGE	69	251	97	125	12	19	1090	282	-402	-133	-96	36	17	19	-379	-478	-392
STORAGE	12591	12843	12940	13064	13077	13095	14186	14468	14066	13933	13837	13873	13890	13909	13530	13052	12660
ELEV FTMSL	1817.2	1818.2	1818.6	1819.1	1819.2	1819.3	1823.6	1824.7	1823.1	1822.6	1822.2	1822.4	1822.4	1822.5	1821.0	1819.1	1817.5
DISCH KCFS	21.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	18.0	24.0	24.0	21.0	21.0	15.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	18.0	22.0	22.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		142	143	143	198	264	268	239	239	170	136	136	136	136	202	243	240
PEAK POW MW		398	399	401	401	401	417	421	415	413	412	413	413	413	408	401	395
ENERGY GWH	1812.8	51.2	24.0	31.0	142.8	196.1	192.7	177.8	177.5	122.4	101.0	48.8	22.8	26.1	150.2	181.0	167.3
-- OAHE --																	
NAT INFLOW	1547	242	113	145	214	155	327	167	77	89	18	15	7	8	-107	-12	89
DEPLETION	681	24	11	14	49	71	145	173	116	28	-10	1	0	1	12	18	28
CHAN STOR	5	39			-24	-29		14		30	15				-30	-20	
EVAPORATION	466							29	90	111	97	44	20	23	51		
REG INFLOW	13822	644	282	363	1212	1531	1610	1270	1162	873	684	327	153	174	907	1303	1326
RELEASE	13752	408	271	395	1175	1524	1408	1687	1714	939	903	226	121	136	933	1011	902
STOR CHANGE	71	236	11	-32	37	7	202	-417	-551	-66	-219	102	32	39	-26	292	424
STORAGE	13176	13413	13424	13392	13428	13435	13637	13220	12669	12603	12384	12486	12518	12556	12530	12822	13247
ELEV FTMSL	1586.5	1587.6	1587.6	1587.5	1587.6	1587.6	1588.5	1586.7	1584.3	1584.1	1583.1	1583.5	1583.7	1583.9	1583.7	1585.0	1586.8
DISCH KCFS	15.9	13.7	19.5	22.1	19.7	24.8	23.7	27.4	27.9	15.8	14.7	7.6	8.7	8.6	15.2	16.4	15.7
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		158	226	256	228	286	274	317	318	179	166	86	99	97	172	187	180
PEAK POW MW		606	606	606	607	607	611	602	589	588	583	585	586	587	586	593	603
ENERGY GWH	1908.1	57.0	38.0	55.2	164.4	213.0	197.4	235.6	236.3	129.0	123.7	30.9	16.6	18.7	127.9	139.0	125.3
-- BIG BEND --																	
EVAPORATION	129							8	24	31	27	12	6	7	14		
REG INFLOW	13623	408	271	395	1175	1524	1408	1680	1689	908	876	213	115	129	919	1011	902
RELEASE	13623	408	271	395	1175	1524	1408	1680	1689	908	876	213	115	129	919	1011	902
STORAGE	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621
ELEV FTMSL	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0
DISCH KCFS	15.9	13.7	19.5	22.1	19.7	24.8	23.7	27.3	27.5	15.3	14.2	7.2	8.3	8.2	14.9	16.4	15.7
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		65	92	104	92	116	111	128	129	75	72	36	42	41	75	81	75
PEAK POW MW		517	510	509	509	509	509	509	509	538	538	538	538	538	538	538	529
ENERGY GWH	788.5	23.4	15.4	22.4	66.6	86.3	79.8	95.1	95.7	53.8	53.5	13.1	7.1	7.9	56.0	60.1	52.4
-- FORT RANDALL --																	
NAT INFLOW	560	91	42	54	112	81	155	44	31		-25	-10	-4	-5	-37	-19	50
DEPLETION	79	1			3	9	12	18	15	7	1	1	0	1	3	3	3
EVAPORATION	136							10	32	36	25	10	5	5	12		
REG INFLOW	13969	497	313	448	1284	1596	1551	1696	1673	864	824	194	106	118	866	989	949
RELEASE	13969	223	178	431	1284	1596	1551	1696	1674	1584	1357	194	106	118	713	689	575
STOR CHANGE	0	274	135	17				0	0	-719	-533	0	0	0	153	300	374
STORAGE	3123	3397	3532	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	2297	2297	2297	2296	2296	2449	2749	3123
ELEV FTMSL	1350.0	1353.4	1355.0	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1346.0	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1340.2	1344.8	1350.0
DISCH KCFS	9.9	7.5	12.8	24.2	21.6	26.0	26.1	27.6	27.2	26.6	22.1	6.5	7.6	7.5	11.6	11.2	10.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		62	108	204	183	219	220	232	229	216	166	48	56	55	86	86	80
PEAK POW MW		350	355	356	356	356	356	356	356	324	284	285	285	285	297	319	339
ENERGY GWH	1380.7	22.4	18.2	44.1	131.4	162.9	158.4	173.0	170.7	155.6	123.8	17.2	9.4	10.5	63.8	63.7	55.6
-- GAVINS POINT --																	
NAT INFLOW	1361	91	42	55	131	147	157	89	79	84	115	55	26	29	78	78	105
DEPLETION	112	0	0	0	4	19	24	39	10	-5	1	5	2	3	10	1	
CHAN STOR	-1	5	-10	-22	5	-8	0	-3	1	8	29	-2	0	0	-8	1	2
EVAPORATION	47							3	9	11	10	5	2	2	5		
REG INFLOW	15169	319	210	465	1416	1716	1684	1740	1735	1662	1470	268	125	143	768	766	682
RELEASE	15169	319	210	465	1416	1716	1684	1740	1722	1636	1470	268	125	143	768	766	721
STOR CHANGE								13	26	39	397	397	397	397	397	397	-39
STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358
ELEV FTMSL	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0
DISCH KCFS	12.5	10.7	15.2	26.0	23.8	27.9	28.3	28.3	28.0	27.5	23.9	9.0	9.0	9.0	12.5	12.5	12.5
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		38	53	89	82	95	96	96	96	95	84	32	32	32	44	44	44
PEAK POW MW		114	114	114	114	114	114	114	115	117	117	117	117	117	78	78	76
ENERGY GWH	634.3	13.5	8.9	19.2	58.7	70.7	69.3	71.6	71.3	68.7	62.5	11.6	5.4	6.2	33.0	32.9	30.8
-- GAVINS POINT - SIOUX CITY --																	
NAT INFLOW	1212	140	65	84	162	196	104	121	87	69	40	29	14	15	11	23	52
DEPLETION	266	7	3	4	22	36	31	39	36	24	11	6	3	3	13	14	14
REGULATED FLOW AT SIOUX CITY																	
KAF	16115	452	272	544	1556	1876	1757	1822	1773	1681	1499	291	136	155	766	775	759
KCFS		15.2	19.6	30.5	26.1	30.5	29.5	29.6	28.8	28.3	24.4	9.8	9.8	9.8	12.5	12.6	13.2
-- TOTAL --																	
NAT INFLOW	20699	1224	571	734	1873	2756	5079	2791	1106	922	950	438	204	233	378	534	907
DEPLETION	2633	5</															

VALUES IN 1000 AF EXCEPT AS INDICATED

	28FEB12 INI-SUM	15MAR	2012 22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	2013 30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB
--FORT PECK--																	
NAT INFLOW	6537	222	103	133	528	1041	1613	724	310	278	370	180	84	96	283	240	332
DEPLETION	471	-25	-12	-15	22	289	564	234	234	-113	-53	-39	-18	-21	-120	-133	-90
EVAPORATION	453						28	87	108	95	43	20	23	49			
MOD INFLOW	5613	246	115	148	506	752	1049	462	223	283	328	176	82	94	354	373	422
RELEASE	5366	149	69	89	357	523	506	523	416	307	149	69	79	553	553	500	500
STOR CHANGE	247	98	45	58	149	229	543	-60	-300	-133	21	27	13	15	-200	-180	-78
STORAGE	10519	10616	10662	10720	10869	11099	11642	11581	11282	11148	11169	11197	11209	11224	11024	10844	10766
ELEV FTMSL	2209.7	2210.3	2210.6	2210.9	2211.8	2213.2	2216.4	2216.0	2214.3	2213.5	2213.6	2213.8	2213.8	2213.9	2212.7	2211.7	2211.2
DISCH KCFS	9.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	7.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		62	62	62	75	106	107	108	108	88	63	63	63	63	113	112	112
PEAK POW MW		139	140	140	141	143	146	146	144	143	143	143	143	144	142	141	140
ENERGY GWH	815.9	22.3	10.4	13.4	53.9	79.1	77.4	80.5	80.1	63.5	46.9	22.7	10.6	12.1	84.1	83.6	75.2
--GARRISON--																	
NAT INFLOW	9933	457	213	274	761	1198	2845	1711	545	421	454	178	83	95	162	238	297
DEPLETION	1063	0	0	0	5	195	799	632	99	-139	-7	-124	-58	-66	-119	-92	-62
CHAN STOR	0	43			-11	-27	0	0	16	21	19	0	0	0	-42		
EVAPORATION	531						32	102	128	111	50	23	27	58			
REG INFLOW	13705	650	283	364	1102	1499	2552	1569	866	864	678	400	187	213	735	883	859
RELEASE	13405	387	180	232	1041	1476	1250	1291	1291	1002	799	387	180	206	1107	1353	1222
STOR CHANGE	300	263	102	132	61	23	1302	278	-425	-138	-121	13	6	7	-372	-469	-363
STORAGE	12660	12923	13025	13157	13218	13241	14543	14821	14396	14259	14138	14151	14157	14164	13792	13323	12960
ELEV FTMSL	1817.5	1818.6	1819.0	1819.5	1819.8	1819.9	1824.9	1826.0	1824.4	1823.9	1823.4	1823.4	1823.5	1823.5	1822.0	1820.2	1818.7
DISCH KCFS	22.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	17.5	24.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	16.8	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	18.0	22.0	22.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		143	143	144	194	265	236	241	241	192	148	148	148	148	203	245	242
PEAK POW MW		399	400	402	403	404	422	426	420	418	416	417	417	417	411	405	399
ENERGY GWH	1822.8	51.3	24.1	31.1	139.3	196.9	170.0	179.4	179.1	138.3	110.3	53.3	24.9	28.4	151.3	182.4	162.8
--OAHE--																	
NAT INFLOW	1698	265	124	159	235	170	359	183	85	98	20	17	8	9	-118	-13	98
DEPLETION	696	24	11	15	50	72	148	178	119	29	-11	1	0	1	13	18	28
CHAN STOR	1	44			-22	-31	14	14	21	19	19	0	0	0	-25	-20	0
EVAPORATION	471						29	90	112	98	44	21	24	52			
REG INFLOW	13937	672	293	377	1205	1542	1475	1267	1167	979	751	358	167	191	899	1302	1292
RELEASE	13630	397	265	387	1159	1511	1385	1680	1708	937	903	225	121	136	938	1013	865
STOR CHANGE	307	275	28	-11	46	31	90	-413	-541	43	-151	133	46	55	-38	289	427
STORAGE	13247	13521	13549	13538	13584	13615	13705	13292	12751	12794	12642	12775	12821	12876	12838	13127	13554
ELEV FTMSL	1586.8	1588.0	1588.1	1588.1	1588.3	1588.4	1588.8	1587.0	1584.7	1584.9	1584.2	1584.8	1585.0	1585.3	1585.1	1586.3	1588.1
DISCH KCFS	15.7	13.3	19.1	21.7	19.5	24.6	23.3	27.3	27.8	15.7	14.7	7.6	8.7	8.5	15.3	16.5	15.6
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		155	222	251	226	285	271	316	317	179	167	86	100	98	174	189	180
PEAK POW MW		609	609	609	610	611	613	603	591	592	589	592	593	594	593	600	609
ENERGY GWH	1899.2	55.7	37.3	54.3	162.8	212.0	194.8	235.0	235.9	129.2	124.4	31.1	16.7	18.8	129.7	140.4	121.1
--BIG BEND--																	
EVAPORATION	129						8	24	31	27	12	6	7	14			
REG INFLOW	13501	397	265	387	1159	1511	1385	1673	1683	906	876	213	115	129	924	1013	865
RELEASE	13501	397	265	387	1159	1511	1385	1673	1683	906	876	213	115	129	924	1013	865
STOR CHANGE	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621
ELEV FTMSL	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0
DISCH KCFS	15.7	13.3	19.1	21.7	19.5	24.6	23.3	27.2	27.4	15.2	14.2	7.2	8.3	8.1	15.0	16.5	15.6
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		63	90	102	91	115	109	127	128	75	72	36	42	41	76	81	75
PEAK POW MW		517	510	509	509	509	509	509	509	538	538	538	538	538	538	538	529
ENERGY GWH	781.5	22.8	15.1	21.9	65.7	85.6	78.5	94.7	95.3	53.7	53.5	13.1	7.1	7.9	56.3	60.3	50.2
--FORT RANDALL--																	
NAT INFLOW	627	101	47	61	125	91	174	49	35		-28	-11	-5	-6	-42	-21	56
DEPLETION	79	1	1	1	3	9	12	18	15	7	1	1	0	1	3	3	3
EVAPORATION	136						10	32	36	25	10	5	5	5	12		
REG INFLOW	13913	497	312	447	1281	1593	1547	1694	1671	862	821	192	105	118	866	989	918
RELEASE	13913	223	177	430	1281	1593	1547	1694	1672	1582	1354	192	105	118	713	689	544
STOR CHANGE	0	274	135	17	0	0	0	0	-719	-533	0	0	0	0	153	300	374
STORAGE	3123	3397	3532	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	2297	2297	2297	2296	2296	2449	2749	3123
ELEV FTMSL	1350.0	1353.4	1355.0	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1346.0	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1340.2	1344.8	1350.0
DISCH KCFS	10.0	7.5	12.7	24.1	21.5	25.9	26.0	27.5	27.2	26.6	22.0	6.5	7.6	7.4	11.6	11.2	9.8
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		62	108	203	182	219	219	232	229	216	166	47	56	54	86	86	78
PEAK POW MW		350	355	356	356	356	356	356	356	324	284	285	285	285	297	319	339
ENERGY GWH	1375.3	22.4	18.1	43.9	131.1	162.6	158.0	172.8	170.5	155.4	123.5	17.1	9.3	10.4	63.8	63.7	52.6
--GAVINS POINT--																	
NAT INFLOW	1394	93	44	56	134	150	161	91	81	86	118	57	26	30	80	80	107
DEPLETION	112	0	0	0	4	19	24	39	10	-5	1	5	2	3	10	1	
CHAN STOR	-1	5	-10	-22	5	-8	0	-3	1	8	29	-2	0	0	-8	1	3
EVAPORATION	47						3	9	11	10	5	2	2	2	5		
REG INFLOW	15147	322	211	464	1416	1716	1684	1740	1735	1662	1470	268	125	143	770	768	654
RELEASE	15147	322	211	464	1416	1716	1684	1740	1722	1636	1470	268	125	143	770	768	693
STOR CHANGE									13	26	39	39	39	39	39	39	-39
STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358
ELEV FTMSL	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0
DISCH KCFS	12.5	10.8	15.2	26.0	23.8	27.9	28.3	28.3	28.0	27.5	23.9	9.0	9.0	9.0	12.5	12.5	12.5
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		38	53	89	82	95	96	96	96	95	84	32	32	32	44	44	44
PEAK POW MW		114	114	114	114	114	114	114	115	117	117	117	117	117	78	78	76
ENERGY GWH	633.4	13.7	8.9	19.2	58.7	70.7	69.3	71.6	71.3	68.7	62.5	11.6	5.4	6.2	33.1	33.0	29.6
--GAVINS POINT - SIOUX CITY--																	
NAT INFLOW	1311	151	70	91	175	212	112	131	94	75	44	31	14	17	13	25	56
DEPLETION	268	7	3	4	22	36	31	39	37	24	11	6	3	3	13	14	15
REGULATED FLOW AT SIOUX CITY																	
KAF	16190	466	278	551	1569	1892	1765	1832	1779	1687	1503	293	137	156	770	779	734
KCFS	15.7	20.0	30.9	26.4	30.8	29.7	29.8	28.9	28.9	28.4	24.4	9.8	9.8	9.8	12.5	12.7	13.2
--TOTAL--																	
NAT INFLOW	21500	1290	602	774	1958	2862	5264	2889	1150	958	978	452	211	241	378	549	946

Table with columns for months (INI-SUM, 15MAR, 22MAR, 31MAR, 30APR, 31MAY, 30JUN, 31JUL, 31AUG, 30SEP, 31OCT, 15NOV, 22NOV, 30NOV, 31DEC, 31JAN, 28FEB) and rows for various hydrological parameters (NAT INFLOW, DEPLETION, EVAPORATION, MOD INFLOW, RELEASE, STOR CHANGE, STORAGE, ELEV FTMSL, DTSCH KCFS, POWER, AVE POWER MW, PEAK POW MW, ENERGY GWH) for different locations like FORT PECK, GARRISON, OAHE, BIG BEND, FORT RANDALL, GAVINS POINT, and SIoux CITY.

DATE OF STUDY 12/28/08		2008-2009 AOP EXTENSIONS, LOWER QUANTILE RUNOFF SIMULATION 99001 9901 9901 PAGE 1															
TIME OF STUDY 09:14:30		SHTN NAV SEAS 12 DAYS, SP MAR 5 MAY 10.4															
		VALUES IN 1000 AF EXCEPT AS INDICATED															
		STUDY NO 18															
28FEB14		2014												2015			
INI-SUM	15MAR	22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB	
--FORT PECK--																	
NAT INFLOW	7200	244	114	146	582	1146	1776	798	342	306	408	198	92	106	312	264	366
DEPLETION	486	-26	-12	-16	21	290	572	248	8	-114	-57	-41	-19	-22	-122	-134	-91
EVAPORATION	481						29	92	115	101	46	21	24	53			
MOD INFLOW	6233	270	126	162	561	856	1204	521	242	305	364	193	90	103	381	398	457
RELEASE	5472	149	69	89	357	492	536	553	311	338	164	76	87	584	584	528	
STOR CHANGE	761	121	57	73	204	364	668	-33	-311	7	26	29	14	16	-203	-186	-71
STORAGE	11301	11422	11479	11551	11755	12119	12788	12755	12444	12437	12463	12493	12506	12522	12319	12133	12062
ELEV FTMSL	2214.4	2215.1	2215.4	2215.8	2217.0	2219.1	2222.8	2222.6	2220.9	2221.0	2221.0	2221.1	2221.2	2221.3	2220.2	2219.1	2218.7
DISCH KCFS	9.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	5.2	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		63	64	64	77	103	117	118	117	68	72	72	72	72	123	123	122
PEAK POW MW		145	145	146	147	149	153	153	151	151	152	152	152	152	151	149	149
ENERGY GWH	858.0	22.8	10.7	13.8	55.2	76.5	84.3	87.8	87.4	49.1	53.4	25.8	12.1	13.8	91.8	91.4	82.3
--GARRISON--																	
NAT INFLOW	10800	497	232	298	828	1303	3093	1861	593	458	493	194	90	103	176	258	323
DEPLETION	1073				6	194	818	664	110	-145	-16	-131	-61	-70	-128	-99	-69
CHAN STOR	-5	43			-11	-21	-11			39	3		0	0	-41		
EVAPORATION	567						34	108	136	119	54	25	29	62			
REG INFLOW	14627	688	301	387	1168	1580	2800	1716	928	817	726	434	203	232	785	941	920
RELEASE	13728	446	194	250	1012	1476	1369	1414	781	799	387	180	206	1107	1414	1277	
STOR CHANGE	899	242	107	137	157	104	1431	302	-486	36	-74	48	22	25	-322	-473	-358
STORAGE	13613	13855	13962	14099	14256	14360	15792	16093	15607	15643	15569	15617	15639	15665	15343	14870	14512
ELEV FTMSL	1821.3	1822.3	1822.7	1823.2	1823.8	1824.2	1829.6	1830.6	1828.9	1829.0	1828.7	1828.9	1829.0	1829.1	1827.9	1826.2	1824.8
DISCH KCFS	22.0	15.0	14.0	14.0	17.0	24.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	13.1	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	18.0	23.0	23.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		169	158	159	193	272	266	272	271	155	153	153	154	154	211	267	264
PEAK POW MW		412	414	416	418	420	439	443	437	437	436	437	437	437	433	427	422
ENERGY GWH	1928.7	60.7	26.6	34.3	139.1	202.7	191.8	202.4	201.9	111.7	114.2	55.2	25.8	29.5	157.2	198.4	177.3
--OAHE--																	
NAT INFLOW	2300	360	168	216	318	230	486	248	115	133	27	22	10	12	-159	-18	133
DEPLETION	724	25	12	15	51	75	154	187	125	30	-12	1	0	1	13	19	29
CHAN STOR	-5	33	5		-14	-32	5			45	1				-23	-23	
EVAPORATION	520						32	101	126	108	48	23	26	56			
REG INFLOW	14779	814	355	451	1265	1599	1705	1443	1303	804	731	359	168	192	855	1354	1381
RELEASE	13860	485	124	339	1094	1460	1297	1653	1688	1151	1035	496	98	139	950	1016	836
STOR CHANGE	919	329	231	111	171	139	408	-210	-385	-347	-305	-137	70	53	-94	338	546
STORAGE	14224	14553	14784	14896	15066	15205	15613	15403	15019	14672	14367	14231	14300	14353	14259	14597	15143
ELEV FTMSL	1590.9	1592.2	1593.1	1593.6	1594.2	1594.8	1596.3	1595.5	1594.0	1592.7	1591.5	1590.9	1591.2	1591.4	1591.0	1592.4	1594.5
DISCH KCFS	15.3	16.3	8.9	19.0	18.4	23.7	21.8	26.9	27.4	19.3	16.8	16.7	7.1	8.8	15.4	16.5	15.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		193	107	227	221	285	264	325	330	231	200	197	84	104	183	196	180
PEAK POW MW		630	634	636	640	642	650	646	639	632	626	623	625	626	624	630	641
ENERGY GWH	2007.6	69.5	17.9	49.1	158.8	212.2	189.7	241.8	245.4	166.5	148.8	71.0	14.1	19.9	135.9	145.7	121.1
--BIG BEND--																	
EVAPORATION	129						8	24	31	27	12	6	7	14			
REG INFLOW	13731	485	124	339	1094	1460	1297	1645	1663	1120	1008	484	93	132	935	1016	836
RELEASE	13731	485	124	339	1094	1460	1297	1645	1663	1120	1008	484	93	132	935	1016	836
STOR CHANGE	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621
ELEV FTMSL	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0
DISCH KCFS	15.3	16.3	8.9	19.0	18.4	23.7	21.8	26.8	27.0	18.8	16.4	16.3	6.7	8.3	15.2	16.5	15.0
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		76	42	89	86	111	102	125	127	91	83	82	34	42	77	81	72
PEAK POW MW		510	509	509	509	509	509	509	509	532	538	538	538	538	538	538	529
ENERGY GWH	795.4	27.5	7.0	19.2	62.0	82.7	73.5	93.2	94.2	65.4	61.4	29.5	5.7	8.1	57.0	60.4	48.5
--FORT RANDALL--																	
NAT INFLOW	900	145	68	87	180	130	250	70	50		-40	-15	-7	-8	-60	-30	80
DEPLETION	79	1	1	1	3	9	12	18	15	7	1	0	1	1	3	3	3
EVAPORATION	140						10	32	37	27	11	5	5	5	13		
REG INFLOW	14412	629	191	426	1271	1581	1535	1687	1667	1075	939	457	81	118	860	983	913
RELEASE	14412	220	174	426	1271	1581	1535	1687	1667	1575	1548	600	81	119	707	683	539
STOR CHANGE	0	409	17				0	0	-500	-609	-143	0	0	153	300	374	
STORAGE	3123	3532	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3049	2440	2297	2297	2296	2449	2749	3123
ELEV FTMSL	1350.0	1355.0	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1349.0	1340.0	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1340.2	1344.8	1350.0
DISCH KCFS	9.7	7.4	12.5	23.8	21.4	25.7	25.8	27.4	27.1	26.5	25.2	20.2	5.9	7.5	11.5	11.1	9.7
POWER																	
AVE POWER MW		62	107	201	181	217	218	231	229	218	194	148	43	55	85	85	78
PEAK POW MW		355	356	356	356	356	356	356	356	336	296	285	285	285	297	319	339
ENERGY GWH	1424.9	22.3	17.9	43.5	130.1	161.4	156.8	172.1	170.0	156.8	144.4	53.3	7.2	10.5	63.3	63.2	52.1
--GAVINS POINT--																	
NAT INFLOW	1500	101	47	60	144	162	173	98	86	92	127	61	28	32	87	87	115
DEPLETION	112	0	0	0	4	19	24	39	10	-5	1	5	2	3	10	1	
CHAN STOR	-1	4	-10	-22	5	-8	0	-3	1	1	2	9	27	-3	-7	1	3
EVAPORATION	47						3	9	11	10	5	2	2	5			
REG INFLOW	15752	326	211	464	1416	1716	1684	1740	1735	1662	1666	661	132	143	771	769	656
RELEASE	15752	326	211	464	1416	1716	1684	1740	1722	1636	1666	661	132	143	771	769	695
STOR CHANGE	0	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	26	397	397	397	397	397	397	-39
STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358
ELEV FTMSL	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0
DISCH KCFS	12.5	10.9	15.2	26.0	23.8	27.9	28.3	28.									



TIME OF STUDY 09:30:05

SHTN NAV SEAS 30 DAYS, SP MAR 0 MAY 9.0  
VALUES IN 1000 AF EXCEPT AS INDICATED

STUDY NO 19

Table with columns for months (28FEB10, 15MAR, 22MAR, 31MAR, 30APR, 31MAY, 30JUN, 31JUL, 31AUG, 30SEP, 31OCT, 15NOV, 22NOV, 30NOV, 31DEC, 31JAN, 28FEB) and rows for various hydrological parameters (NAT INFLOW, DEPLETION, EVAPORATION, etc.) for different study areas like FORT PECK, GARRISON, OAH, BIG BEND, FORT RANDALL, GAVINS POINT, and SIoux CITY.

		VALUES IN 1000 AF EXCEPT AS INDICATED																
		2011														2012		
28FEB11		15MAR	22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	29FEB	
INI-SUM																		
--FORT PECK--																		
NAT INFLOW	5589	200	93	120	486	875	1237	631	280	254	331	163	76	87	238	217	300	
DEPLETION	526	-2	-1	-1	75	294	487	208	-16	-126	-64	-25	-12	-13	-91	-105	-81	
EVAPORATION	400							25	77	96	83	38	18	20	43			
REG INFLOW	4663	203	95	122	411	581	750	398	219	284	312	150	70	80	286	322	381	
RELEASE	5251	149	69	89	387	492	476	492	466	307	149	69	79	523	523	489		
STOR CHANGE	-588	54	25	32	24	89	274	-94	-273	-182	4	1	1	1	-237	-201	-108	
STORAGE	8985	9039	9064	9096	9121	9210	9484	9390	9117	8935	8939	8941	8941	8942	8705	8504	8396	
ELEV FTMSL	2199.9	2200.3	2200.5	2200.7	2200.8	2201.4	2203.2	2202.6	2200.8	2199.6	2199.6	2199.6	2199.6	2199.7	2198.1	2196.7	2195.9	
DISCH KCFS	9.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.5	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.8	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		59	59	59	77	95	95	95	95	92	59	59	59	59	99	98	98	
PEAK POW MW		128	128	129	129	129	131	131	129	127	127	127	127	127	125	123	122	
ENERGY GWH	746.6	21.2	9.9	12.8	55.3	70.3	68.5	71.0	70.5	66.3	43.7	21.2	9.9	11.3	73.8	73.1	67.9	
--GARRISON--																		
NAT INFLOW	7910	391	182	234	615	1128	2357	1154	385	171	417	158	74	84	144	144	273	
DEPLETION	1051	21	10	13	51	109	717	578	106	-128	-5	-103	-48	-55	-98	-71	-46	
CHAN STOR	6	45			-17	-17				2	31				-39		0	
EVAPORATION	466							29	91	112	97	44	20	23	50			
REG INFLOW	11650	563	242	311	934	1494	2116	1039	680	655	664	366	171	195	676	738	808	
RELEASE	12366	387	180	232	893	1199	1160	1199	1199	979	769	372	174	198	1045	1230	1150	
STOR CHANGE	-716	176	61	79	42	295	956	-160	-519	-324	-6	-3	-3	-369	-492	-342		
STORAGE	10793	10969	11030	11109	11150	11445	12401	12241	11722	11397	11293	11287	11284	11280	10911	10419	10076	
ELEV FTMSL	1809.4	1810.2	1810.5	1810.8	1811.0	1812.3	1816.4	1815.8	1813.5	1812.1	1811.7	1811.6	1811.6	1811.6	1809.9	1807.7	1806.0	
DISCH KCFS	21.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	15.0	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	16.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	17.0	20.0	20.0	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		134	135	135	156	203	207	210	208	173	131	131	131	131	176	204	201	
PEAK POW MW		368	369	371	371	376	391	388	380	375	374	373	373	373	367	359	353	
ENERGY GWH	1563.5	48.3	22.7	29.2	112.4	151.3	149.4	156.3	154.7	124.9	97.7	47.2	22.0	25.2	131.2	151.6	139.6	
--OAHE--																		
NAT INFLOW	1196	204	95	122	177	119	265	130	52	68	5	8	4	4	-104	-21	68	
DEPLETION	682	24	11	14	49	71	145	173	116	28	-10	1	0	1	12	18	29	
CHAN STOR	6	42			-10	-24				17	22				-25	-17		
EVAPORATION	387							24	74	92	81	37	17	20	43			
REG INFLOW	12499	609	264	340	1010	1223	1280	1132	1061	944	725	342	160	182	862	1174	1189	
RELEASE	13232	456	240	368	1213	1426	1456	1711	1391	1040	523	258	125	142	945	1020	920	
STOR CHANGE	-733	153	25	-28	-203	-202	-176	-579	-329	-96	203	84	35	41	-83	154	269	
STORAGE	11332	11485	11510	11482	11279	11077	10901	10321	9992	9896	10099	10182	10217	10258	10175	10329	10598	
ELEV FTMSL	1578.2	1578.9	1579.0	1578.9	1577.9	1576.9	1576.1	1573.1	1571.4	1570.9	1571.9	1572.4	1572.6	1572.8	1572.3	1573.1	1574.5	
DISCH KCFS	16.1	15.3	17.3	20.6	20.4	23.2	24.5	27.8	22.6	17.5	8.5	8.7	9.0	8.9	15.4	16.6	16.0	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		168	190	226	223	252	264	297	238	183	89	92	95	95	162	175	170	
PEAK POW MW		561	561	561	556	551	546	530	521	519	524	527	527	529	526	531	538	
ENERGY GWH	1713.1	60.5	31.9	48.9	160.7	187.5	190.3	220.6	177.0	131.8	66.5	33.1	16.0	18.2	120.9	130.6	118.6	
--BIG BEND--																		
EVAPORATION	129							8	24	31	27	12	6	7	14			
REG INFLOW	13104	456	240	368	1213	1426	1456	1703	1366	1010	495	246	119	135	931	1020	920	
RELEASE	13104	456	240	368	1213	1426	1456	1703	1366	1010	495	246	119	135	931	1020	920	
STORAGE	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	
ELEV FTMSL	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	
DISCH KCFS	16.1	15.3	17.3	20.6	20.4	23.2	24.5	27.7	22.2	17.0	8.1	8.3	8.6	8.5	15.1	16.6	16.0	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		73	81	97	95	109	115	130	106	85	41	42	43	43	76	82	77	
PEAK POW MW		517	510	509	509	509	509	509	525	538	538	538	538	538	538	538	529	
ENERGY GWH	760.5	26.1	13.6	20.9	68.7	80.8	82.5	96.5	78.7	60.9	30.4	15.1	7.3	8.3	56.7	60.7	53.4	
--FORT RANDALL--																		
NAT INFLOW	378	73	34	44	92	65	124	27	16	-11	-32	-14	-6	-7	-43	-22	38	
DEPLETION	79	1	1	3	9	12	18	15	7	1	1	1	0	1	3	3	3	
EVAPORATION	130							10	30	33	24	10	5	5	12			
REG INFLOW	13272	527	273	411	1302	1482	1568	1702	1337	959	438	221	107	122	873	995	955	
RELEASE	13271	232	160	394	1302	1482	1568	1702	1686	1596	704	221	107	122	719	695	581	
STOR CHANGE	1	295	113	17	0	0	0	0	-349	-637	-266	0	0	0	153	300	374	
STORAGE	3123	3419	3532	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3200	2563	2297	2297	2297	2297	2450	2750	3124	
ELEV FTMSL	1350.0	1353.7	1355.0	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1351.0	1342.0	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1340.2	1344.8	1350.0		
DISCH KCFS	10.0	7.8	11.5	22.1	21.9	24.1	26.4	27.7	27.4	26.8	11.4	7.4	7.7	7.7	11.7	11.3	10.1	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		65	97	187	185	204	222	233	227	210	85	55	57	56	87	86	81	
PEAK POW MW		351	355	356	356	356	356	356	342	305	285	285	285	285	297	319	339	
ENERGY GWH	1307.0	23.3	16.3	40.3	133.2	151.5	160.1	173.6	169.0	151.3	63.5	19.7	9.5	10.8	64.4	64.3	56.2	
--GAVINS POINT--																		
NAT INFLOW	1233	85	40	51	118	134	144	82	67	72	103	49	23	26	72	72	97	
DEPLETION	112	0	0	0	4	19	24	39	10	5	1	5	2	3	10	1		
CHAN STOR	-1	4	-7	-20	0	-4	-4	-3	1	28	7	-1	0	-7	-1	2		
EVAPORATION	47							3	9	11	10	5	2	2	5			
REG INFLOW	14344	321	192	425	1416	1593	1684	1740	1735	1662	824	268	125	143	769	767	680	
RELEASE	14344	321	192	425	1416	1593	1684	1740	1722	1636	824	268	125	143	769	767	719	
STOR CHANGE	1	295	113	17	0	0	0	0	-349	-637	-266	0	0	0	153	300	374	
STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	397	397	397	397	397	2450	2750	3124	
ELEV FTMSL	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0	
DISCH KCFS	12.5	10.8																

Table with columns for months (28FEB12, 15MAR, 22MAR, 31MAR, 30APR, 31MAY, 30JUN, 31JUL, 31AUG, 30SEP, 31OCT, 15NOV, 22NOV, 30NOV, 31DEC, 31JAN, 28FEB) and rows for various hydrological parameters (NAT INFLOW, DEPLETION, EVAPORATION, etc.) for different study areas like FORT PECK, GARRISON, OAHE, BIG BEND, FORT RANDALL, GAVINS POINT, and SIoux CITY.

28FEB13		2013															2014	
INI-SUM		15MAR	22MAR	31MAR	30APR	31MAY	30JUN	31JUL	31AUG	30SEP	31OCT	15NOV	22NOV	30NOV	31DEC	31JAN	28FEB	
--FORT PECK--																		
NAT INFLOW	5983	214	100	129	521	936	1324	676	299	271	355	175	81	93	255	233	321	
DEPLETION	503	-17	-8	-10	62	283	479	222	-8	-126	-68	-27	-13	-14	-97	-107	-47	
EVAPORATION	397							24	76	95	83	38	18	20	43			
MOD INFLOW	5083	232	108	139	459	653	845	430	231	302	340	164	76	87	309	340	368	
RELEASE	5058	119	56	71	238	369	536	553	553	411	277	134	62	71	553	553	500	
STOR CHANGE	25	113	53	68	221	284	309	-124	-323	-109	63	30	14	16	-245	-213	-132	
STORAGE	8324	8437	8490	8557	8778	9062	9372	9248	8925	8816	8879	8909	8923	8939	8694	8481	8349	
ELEV FTMSL	2195.4	2196.2	2196.6	2197.0	2198.5	2200.5	2202.5	2201.7	2199.5	2198.8	2199.2	2199.4	2199.5	2199.6	2198.0	2196.5	2195.6	
DISCH KCFS	8.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	6.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	6.9	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	9.0	9.0	9.0	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		46	46	46	47	70	106	107	106	81	53	53	53	53	105	104	103	
PEAK POW MW		123	123	124	126	128	131	130	127	126	127	127	127	127	125	123	122	
ENERGY GWH	715.4	16.6	7.8	10.0	33.6	52.4	76.6	79.4	78.8	58.2	39.3	19.0	8.9	10.2	78.1	77.3	69.3	
--GARRISON--																		
NAT INFLOW	9140	452	211	271	710	1303	2723	1334	444	198	482	182	85	97	167	167	315	
DEPLETION	1074	6	3	3	15	185	777	616	117	-143	-30	-124	-58	-66	-104	-75	-49	
CHAN STOR	-5	51				-22	-33			23	27				-50			
EVAPORATION	464							29	90	111	96	44	20	23	50			
REG INFLOW	12655	616	263	339	933	1465	2448	1242	790	664	719	396	185	211	725	795	864	
RELEASE	12617	387	167	196	655	1107	1309	1353	1353	958	738	357	167	190	1107	1353	1222	
STOR CHANGE	38	229	97	142	278	358	1139	-110	-563	-294	-19	39	18	21	-382	-557	-358	
STORAGE	9985	10214	10311	10453	10732	11090	12229	12118	11556	11262	11243	11282	11300	11321	10939	10381	10023	
ELEV FTMSL	1805.6	1806.7	1807.2	1807.8	1809.1	1810.8	1815.7	1815.2	1812.8	1811.5	1811.4	1811.6	1811.7	1811.8	1810.1	1807.5	1805.8	
DISCH KCFS	17.0	13.0	12.0	11.0	11.0	18.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	16.1	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	18.0	22.0	22.0	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		130	121	112	113	185	232	236	233	169	126	126	126	126	187	224	220	
PEAK POW MW		356	357	360	364	370	388	387	378	373	373	373	374	374	368	358	352	
ENERGY GWH	1585.1	46.9	20.4	24.1	81.1	137.9	166.9	175.3	173.4	121.7	93.5	45.3	21.1	24.2	139.0	166.5	147.8	
--OAHE--																		
NAT INFLOW	1295	221	103	132	192	130	287	141	56	73	6	9	4	5	-113	-23	73	
DEPLETION	709	24	11	15	50	73	151	182	122	30	-11	1	0	1	13	18	29	
CHAN STOR	-27	22	5	5		-38	-22			34	23				-33	-22	0	
EVAPORATION	374							23	70	89	79	36	17	19	42			
REG INFLOW	12802	605	264	320	797	1125	1423	1289	1217	946	699	329	153	175	905	1289	1266	
RELEASE	12762	352	254	359	1191	1408	1426	1702	1387	754	546	265	124	141	947	1024	882	
STOR CHANGE	40	253	10	-39	-394	-282	-3	-413	-171	193	153	63	30	34	-41	266	384	
STORAGE	10504	10757	10767	10727	10333	10051	10048	9634	9464	9656	9809	9873	9902	9936	9894	10160	10544	
ELEV FTMSL	1574.1	1575.3	1575.4	1575.2	1573.2	1571.7	1571.7	1569.4	1568.5	1569.5	1570.4	1570.7	1570.9	1571.1	1570.8	1572.3	1574.3	
DISCH KCFS	15.9	11.8	18.3	20.1	20.0	22.9	24.0	27.7	22.6	12.7	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9	15.4	16.7	15.9	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		127	197	216	213	241	251	287	232	131	93	93	93	94	161	175	169	
PEAK POW MW		542	542	541	531	523	523	511	506	512	516	518	519	520	519	526	537	
ENERGY GWH	1619.6	45.7	33.0	46.6	153.6	179.4	180.8	213.8	172.8	94.3	68.9	33.6	15.7	18.0	119.9	130.1	113.3	
--BIG BEND--																		
EVAPORATION	129							8	24	31	27	12	6	7	14			
REG INFLOW	12633	352	254	359	1191	1408	1426	1694	1363	723	519	253	118	135	933	1024	882	
RELEASE	12633	352	254	359	1191	1408	1426	1694	1363	723	519	253	118	135	933	1024	882	
STORAGE	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	1621	
ELEV FTMSL	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	1420.0	
DISCH KCFS	15.9	11.8	18.3	20.1	20.0	22.9	24.0	27.6	22.2	12.1	8.4	8.5	8.5	8.5	15.2	16.7	15.9	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		56	86	94	94	107	112	129	106	61	43	43	43	43	76	82	76	
PEAK POW MW		518	510	509	509	509	509	509	525	538	538	538	538	538	538	538	529	
ENERGY GWH	733.4	20.2	14.4	20.3	67.4	79.7	80.8	96.0	78.5	44.2	31.8	15.5	7.2	8.3	56.8	60.9	51.2	
--FORT RANDALL--																		
NAT INFLOW	447	87	40	52	108	77	147	32	19	-13	-38	-16	-7	-9	-51	-26	45	
DEPLETION	79	1	1	1	3	9	12	18	15	7	1	1	0	1	3	3	3	
EVAPORATION	126							10	30	31	22	10	5	5	12			
REG INFLOW	12870	437	294	410	1296	1476	1561	1698	1337	667	458	226	105	120	866	995	924	
RELEASE	12870	173	149	393	1296	1476	1561	1698	1683	1573	458	226	105	120	713	695	550	
STOR CHANGE	0	265	144	17	0	0	0	0	-346	-906	0	0	0	0	153	300	374	
STORAGE	3123	3388	3532	3549	3549	3549	3549	3549	3203	2296	2296	2296	2296	2296	2449	2749	3123	
ELEV FTMSL	1350.0	1353.3	1355.0	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1355.2	1351.0	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1337.5	1340.1	1344.8	1350.0	
DISCH KCFS	9.9	5.8	10.8	22.0	21.8	24.0	26.2	27.6	27.4	26.4	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.6	11.6	11.3	9.9	
POWER																		
AVE POWER MW		48	91	186	184	203	221	233	227	203	55	56	56	56	86	86	79	
PEAK POW MW		350	355	356	356	356	356	356	342	284	285	285	285	285	297	319	339	
ENERGY GWH	1266.0	17.4	15.3	40.2	132.6	150.9	159.4	173.2	168.7	146.3	40.7	20.1	9.4	10.7	63.8	64.3	53.2	
--GAVINS POINT--																		
NAT INFLOW	1297	89	42	53	124	140	151	86	70	76	108	52	24	27	76	76	103	
DEPLETION	112	0	0	0	4	19	24	39	10	-5	1	5	2	3	10	1		
CHAN STOR	-1	8	-9	-22	0	-4	-4	3	0	2	35	0	0	0	-7	1	3	
EVAPORATION	47							3	9	11	10	5	2	2	5			
REG INFLOW	14007	270	182	425	1416	1593	1684	1740	1735	1645	590	268	125	143	767	770	655	
RELEASE	14007	270	182	425	1416	1593	1684	1740	1722	1619	590	268	125	143	767	770	694	
STOR CHANGE	0	265	144	17	0	0	0	0	13	26	0	0	0	0	-39			
STORAGE	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	358	371	397	397	397	397	397	397	397	358	
ELEV FTMSL	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.0	1206.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1207.5	1206.0	
DISCH KCFS	12.5	9.1	13.1	23.8	23.8	25.9	28.3	28.3	28.0	27.2	9.6	9.0	9.0	9.0	12.5			

