

# The North American Drought Monitor *Status in Canada*

Presented by: E. G. (Ted) O'Brien  
To The North American Drought Monitor Workshop  
Mexico City, Mexico  
October 18, 2006



# Objectives of the Presentation

The primary objective of this presentation is to update you on the advances, challenges and directions of the NADM work in Canada:

- Team building
- Data sourcing and access
- Indicators
- Authorship
- Future Directions

# Team building

- Departmental Climate Risk Committee meets bi-weekly throughout the growing season.
- National Land and Water Information Service (NLWIS)
- Maintained existing relationships with provincial contacts.



# What is the National Land and Water Information Service?

- Easy and timely access to detailed geospatial data, information, tools, applications and GIS infrastructure.
- Capability to integrate land, soil, water, climate and biodiversity data from different sources using GIS technology and provide assistance to access the information through the enterprise NLWIS-GIS.
- Service to Agriculture nationally and will collaborate with other federal government departments, provincial, territorial and municipal governments, NGOs and the private sector.

# NLWIS will provide:

- **Applications** that meet user needs to support decision making.
- **Data** that is current, accurate and at an appropriate scale.
- **Collaboration** with other governments, industries and farm groups that have a need for and ownership of land and water information.
- **IM/IT infrastructure** built on GeoConnections principles. This will be a network of independent computers and databases accessible through the Internet which are housed at AAFC and its many partner agencies.
- **Expertise** that includes knowledge management, the capacity to interpret the information and to collect data, and maintain the land and water information service.

# Service Matrix

"Products"	1. Self-Service	2. Assisted	3. Custom
A. Data	Existing formatted data, known quality, with free use	Restricted use; only available to 3 <sup>rd</sup> party with license	Data held by others;
B. Information	maps, tables, graphs etc (Drought map)	Specialized processed data Specialized maps e.g. land claims	Needs intervention e.g. Avian flu
C. Tools	Easy, self-use on the internet, no assistance	User intervention e.g. variables need to be entered	Custom designed specialized tools E.g. Red River
D. Expertise	Automated on-line Video training	Help desk contact lists for easy questions	Custom projects by agreement

# Automated Real Time/ Near Real Time Quality Assurance /Quality Control (QAQC)

- An automated real time/near real time QA/QC system
- Identify suspicious records
- Automatic correction and missing records filling as well as manual inspection



# Data sources

- Environment Canada
- NRCan's Canadian Forestry Service & Provincial Forestry station data
- Other Provincial networks
- Crop Insurance

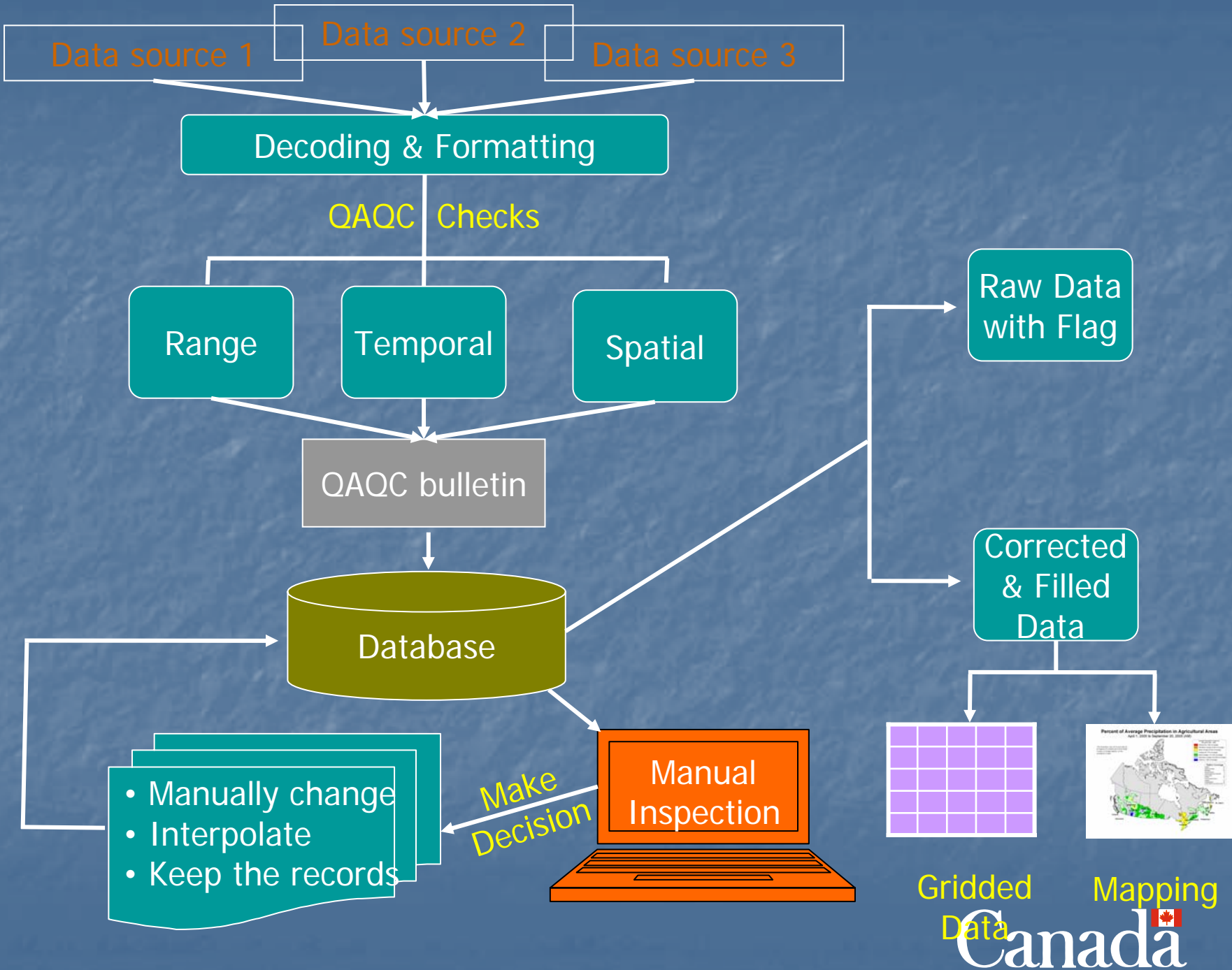


# QA/QC Components

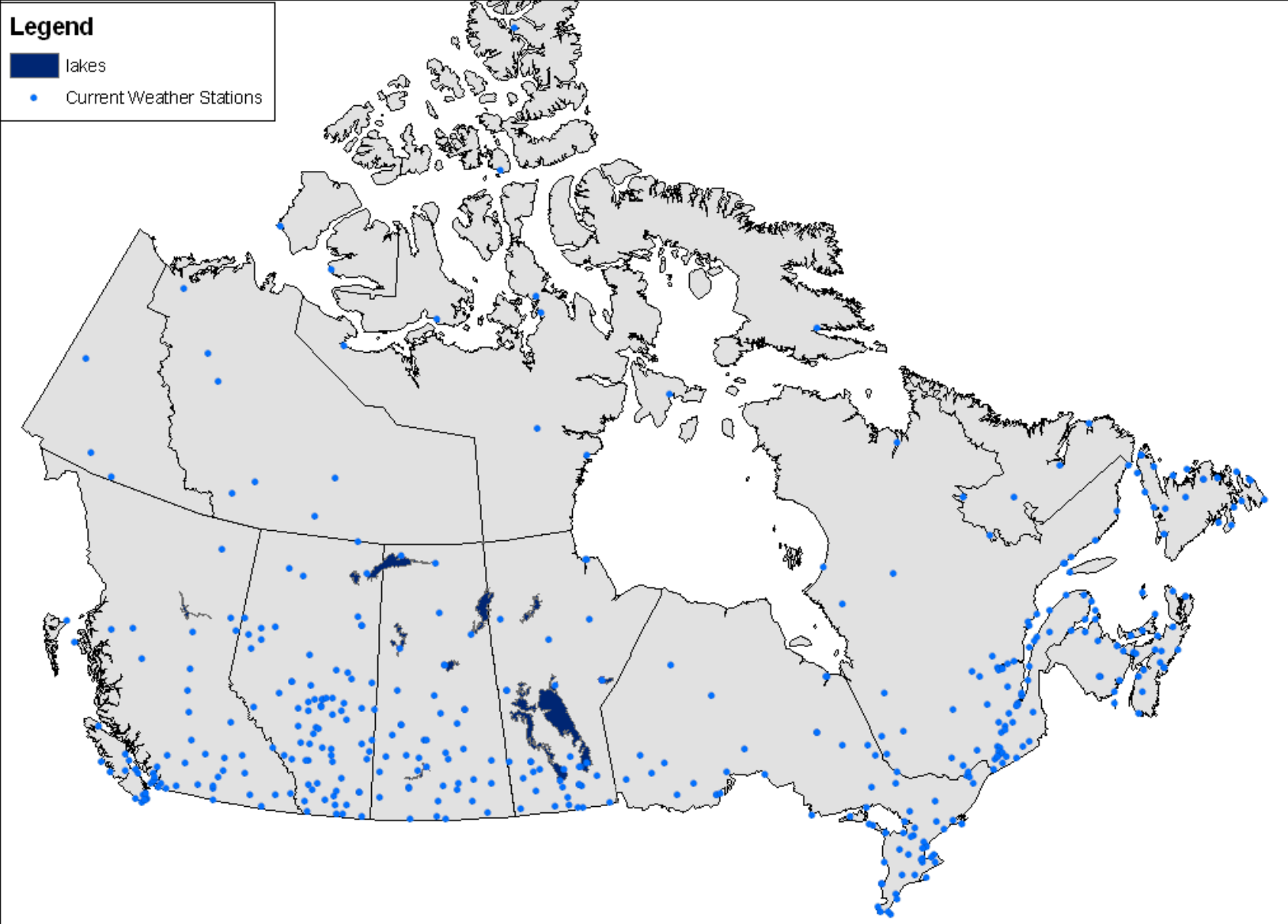
- **Range Check:** to check if the values are within the acceptable range limits
- **Temporal Check:** to check if the rate of changes are within the acceptable limits
- **Spatial Check:** to check if a value is too distinct from surrounding values

# Quality States

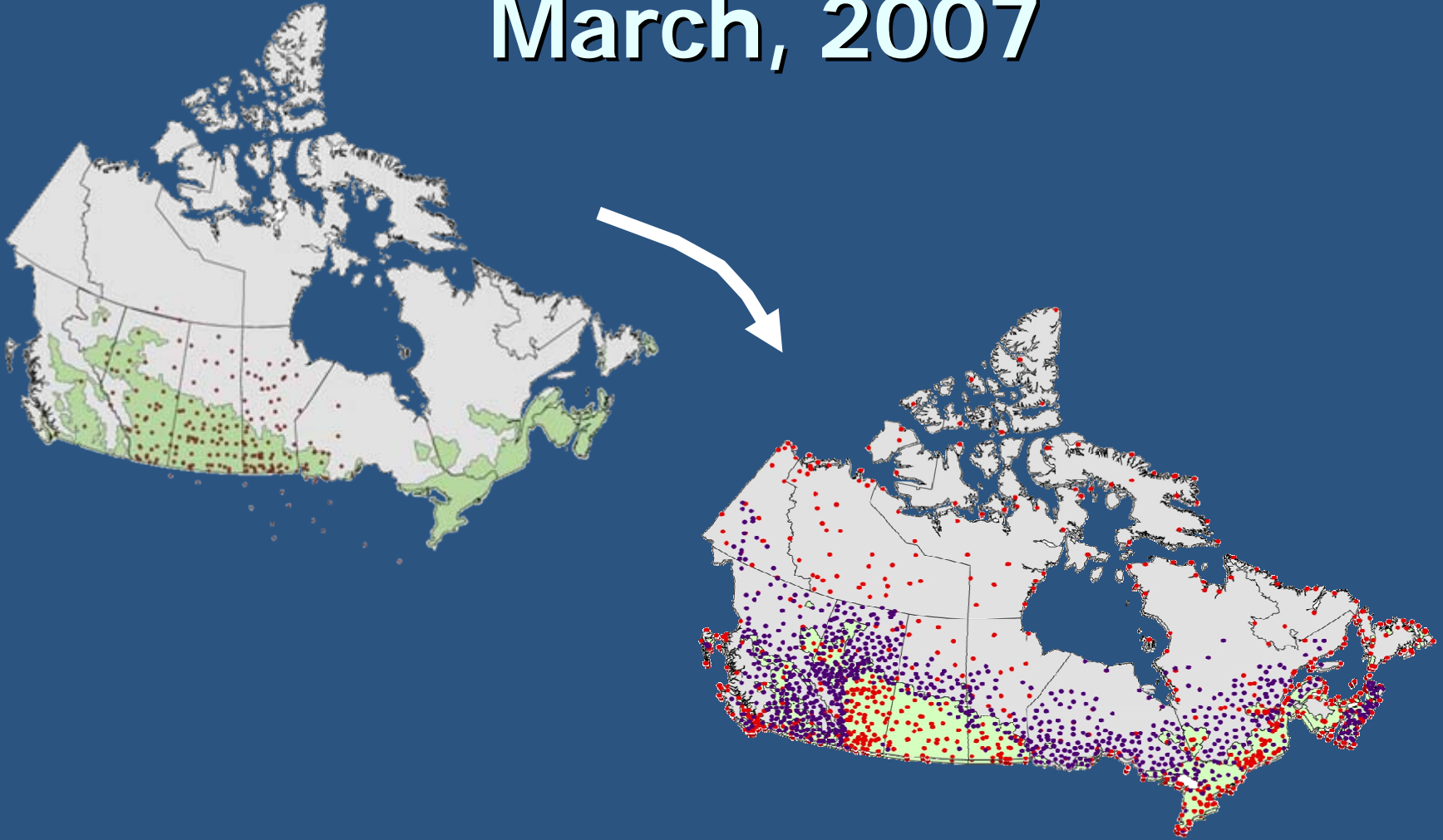
- Valid
  - rarely checked by a human
- Suspect (2 Levels of Suspect Data )
  - Needs to be validated or filled
- Invalid
  - needs to be filled
- Missing
  - needs to be filled



## Stations Currently Mapped

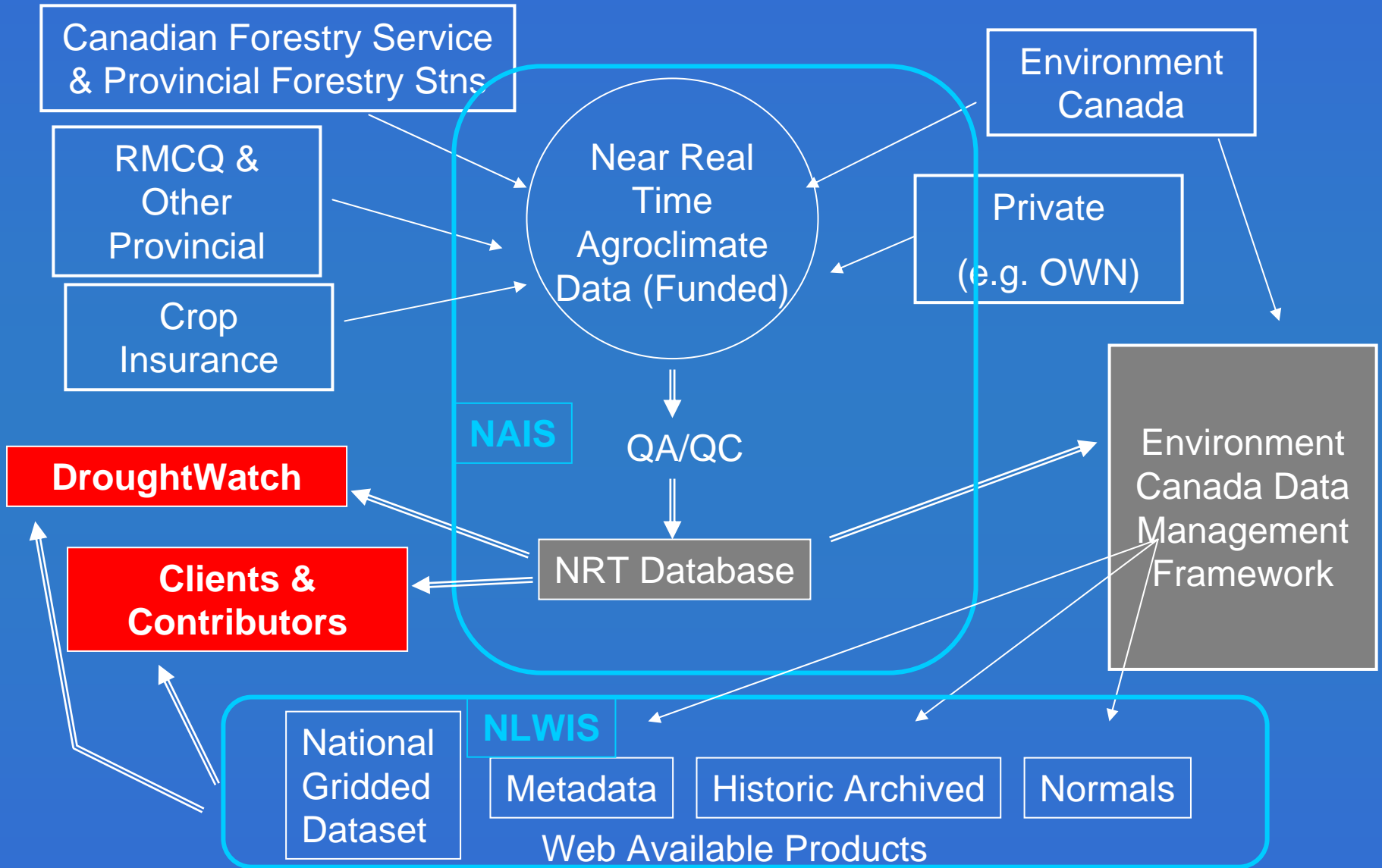


# Moving to National Coverage: March, 2007



# Canadian National Agroclimate Network

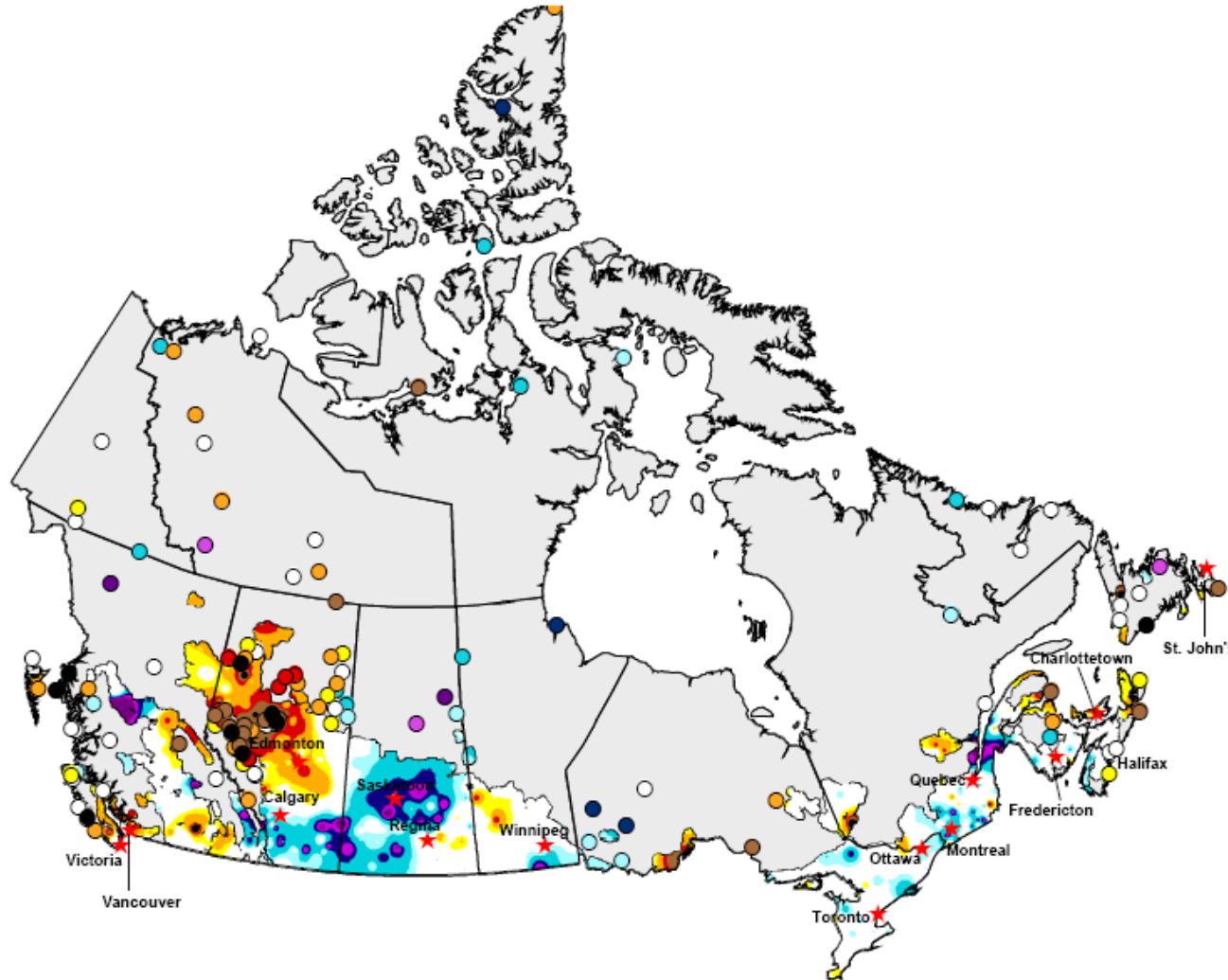
AACF-NAIS vision for a unified source of climate data for agriculture





## 60 Month - Standard Precipitation Index (SPI)

September 2006



### SPI

- $\leq -2.00$
- $-1.99$  -  $-1.60$
- $-1.59$  -  $-1.30$
- $-1.29$  -  $-0.80$
- $-0.79$  -  $-0.51$
- $-0.50$  -  $0.50$
- $0.51$  -  $0.79$
- $0.80$  -  $1.29$
- $1.30$  -  $1.59$
- $1.60$  -  $1.99$
- $> 2.00$

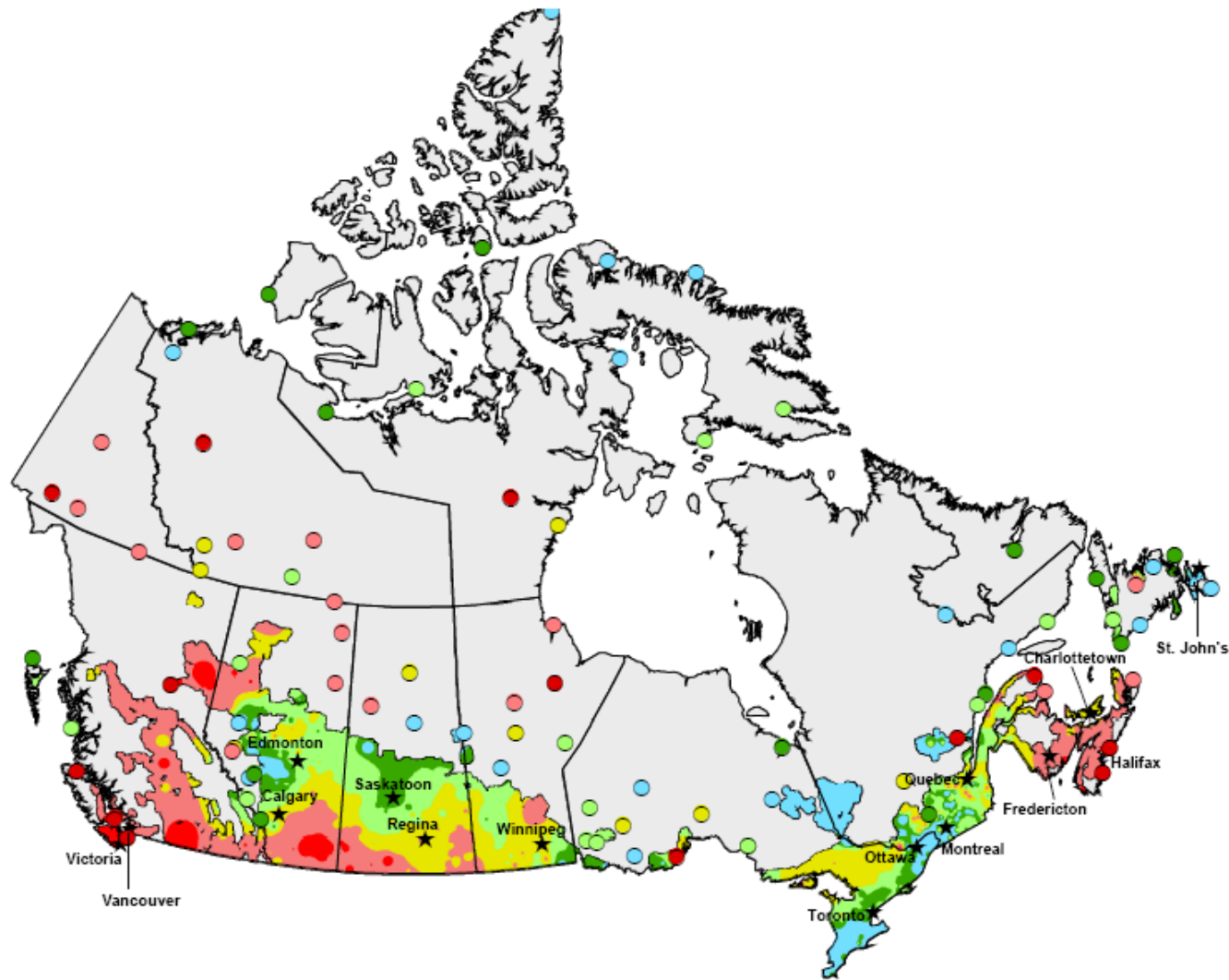
□ Extent of Agricultural Land

Produced using near real-time data that has undergone initial quality control. The map may not be accurate for all regions due to data availability and data errors.



## Total Soil Moisture (Drought Model)

Computed as of September 30, 2006



### Total Soil Moisture (mm)

- ≤ 25.00
- 25.01 - 50.00
- 50.01 - 75.00
- 75.01 - 100.00
- 100.01 - 125.00
- > 125.00

Extent of Agricultural Land

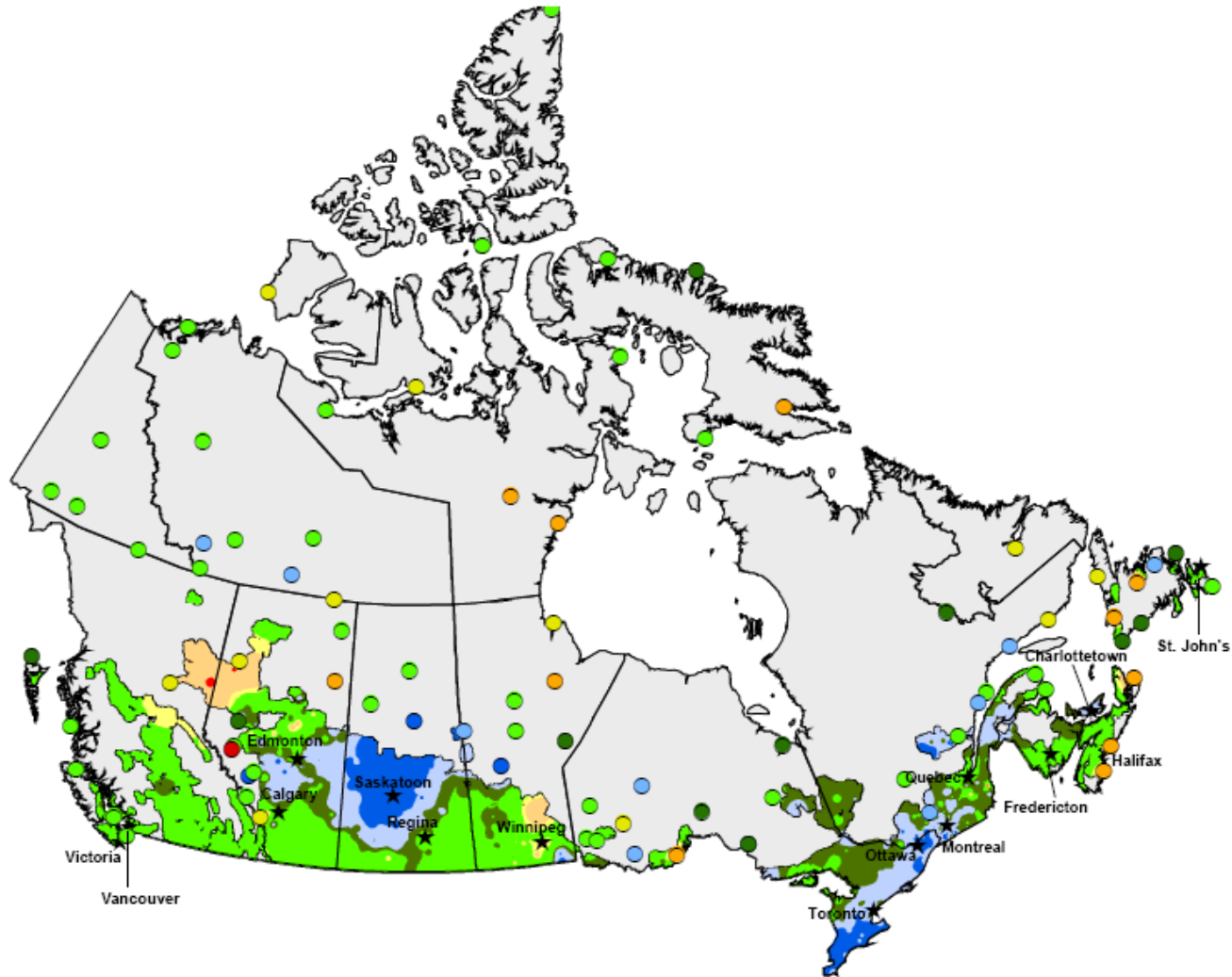
Produced using near real-time data that has undergone initial quality control. The map may not be accurate for all regions due to data availability and data errors.





# Difference from Normal Soil Moisture (Drought Model)

Computed as of September 30, 2006



## Difference from Normal Soil Moisture (mm)

- <= -50.00
- -49.99 - -25.00
- -24.99 - -15.00
- -14.99 - 15.00
- 15.01 - 25.00
- 25.01 - 50.00
- > 50.00

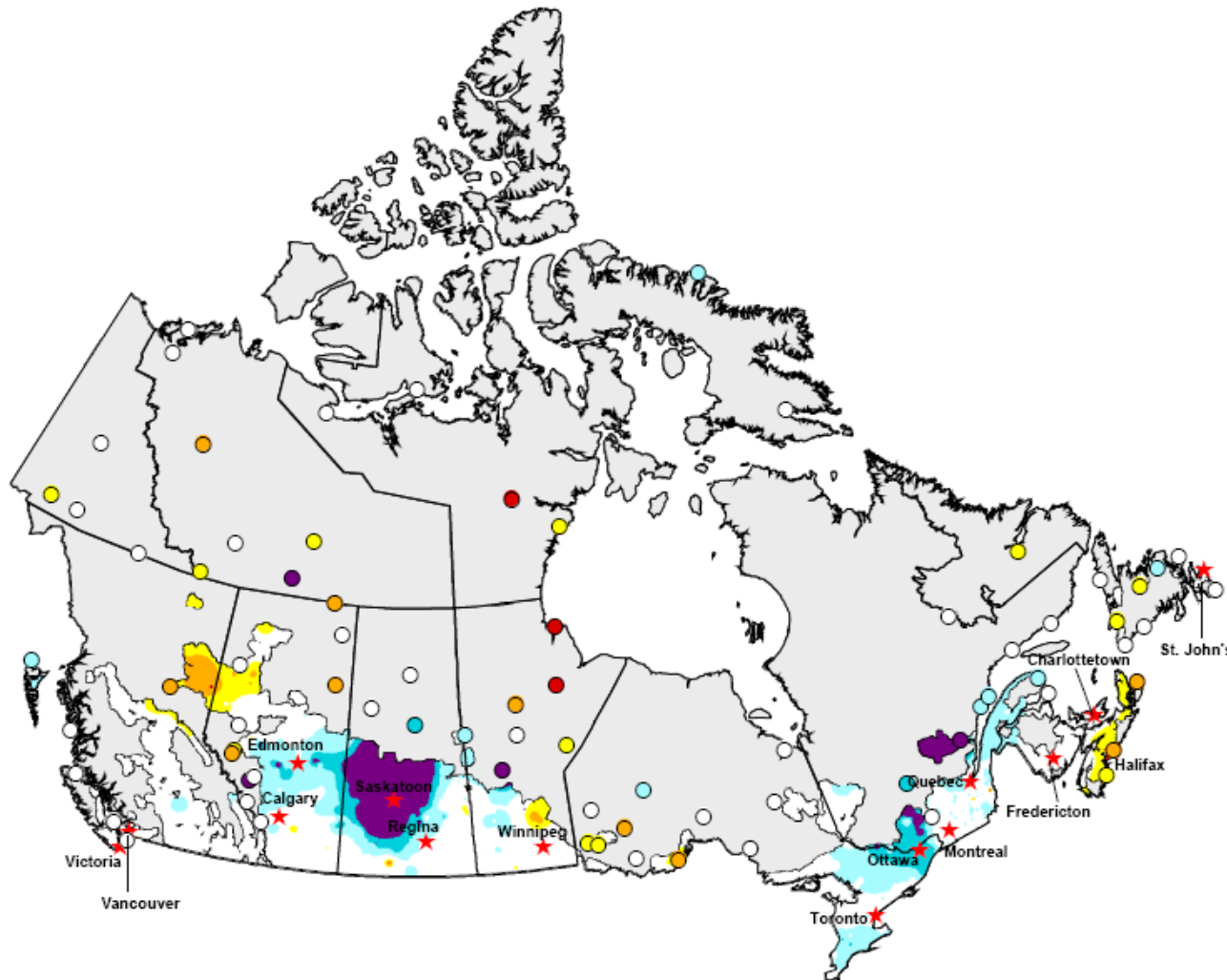
Extent of Agricultural Land

Produced using near real-time data that has undergone initial quality control. The map may not be accurate for all regions due to data availability and data errors.



## Palmer Z-Index (Drought Model)

(from August 2006 to September 2006)



### PDI - Z

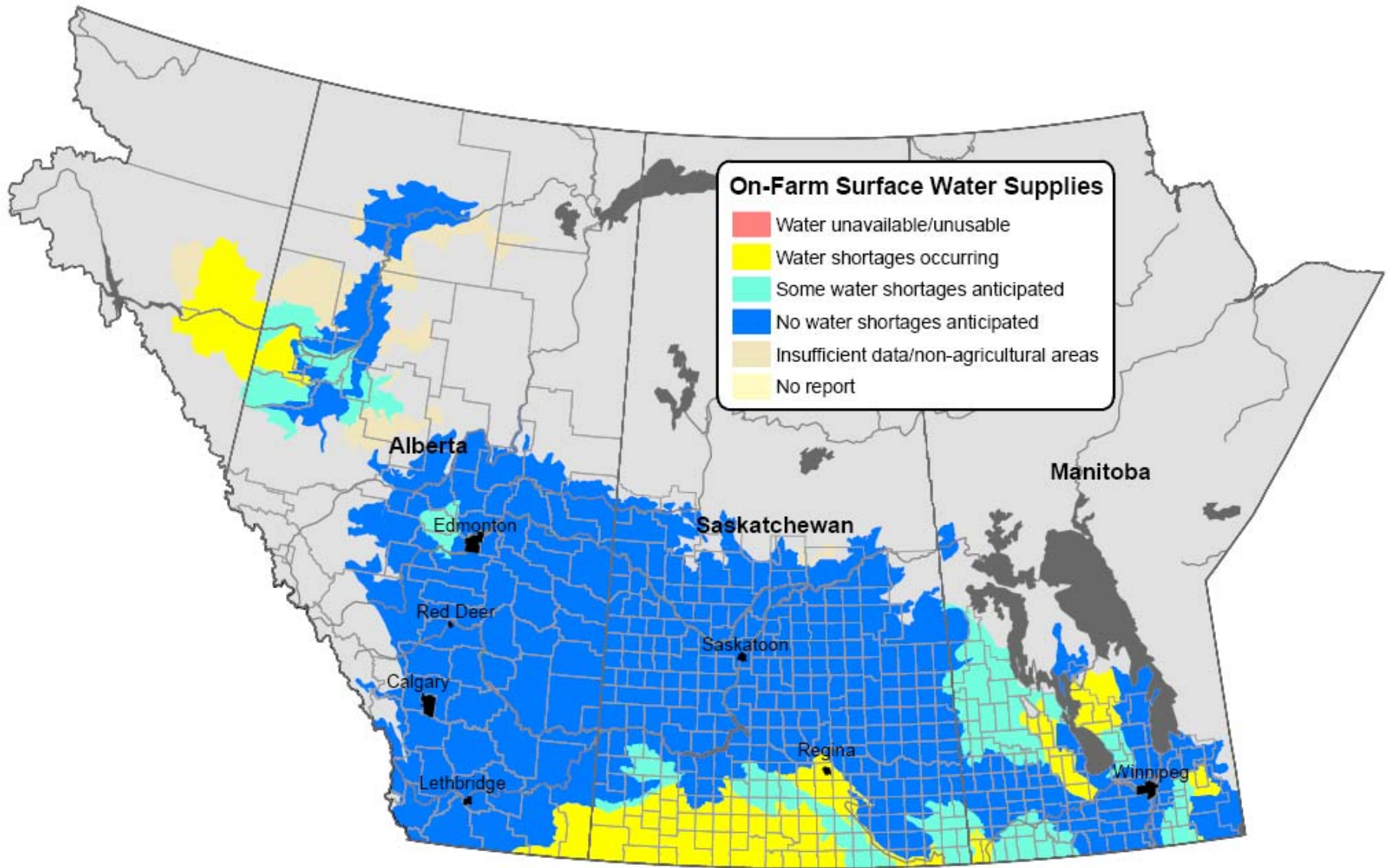
- $\leq -2.75$
- $-2.74 - -2.00$
- $-1.99 - -1.25$
- $-1.24 - 0.99$
- $1.00 - 2.49$
- $2.50 - 3.49$
- $> 3.50$

□ Extent of Agricultural Land

Produced using near real-time data that has undergone initial quality control. The map may not be accurate for all regions due to data availability and data errors.

# On-Farm Surface Water Supplies

October 1, 2006



[www.agr.gc.ca/pfra/drought](http://www.agr.gc.ca/pfra/drought)



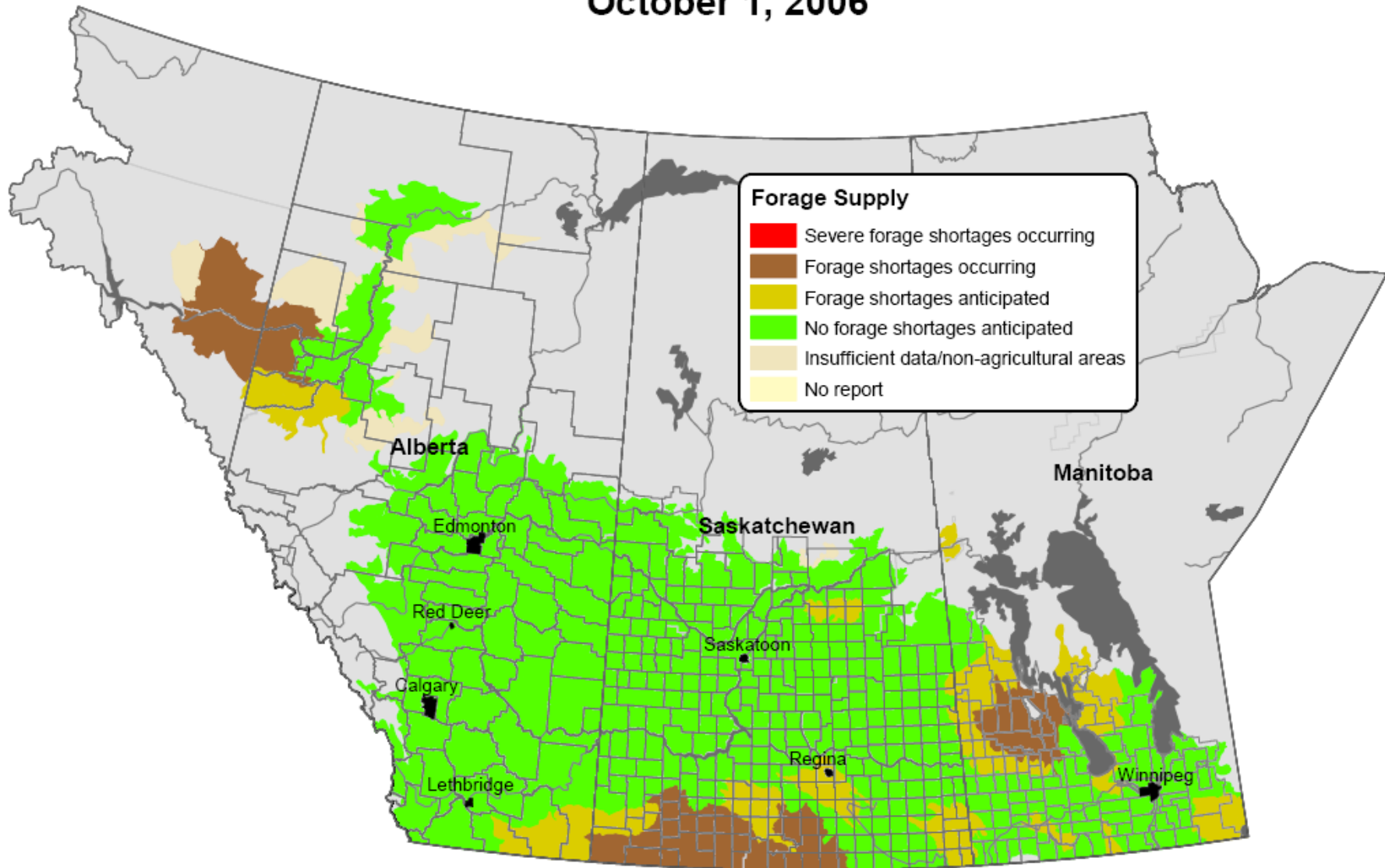
Agriculture and  
Agri-Food Canada

Agriculture et  
Agroalimentaire Canada

Canada

# Forage Supply

October 1, 2006



[www.agr.gc.ca/pfra/drought](http://www.agr.gc.ca/pfra/drought)



Agriculture and  
Agri-Food Canada

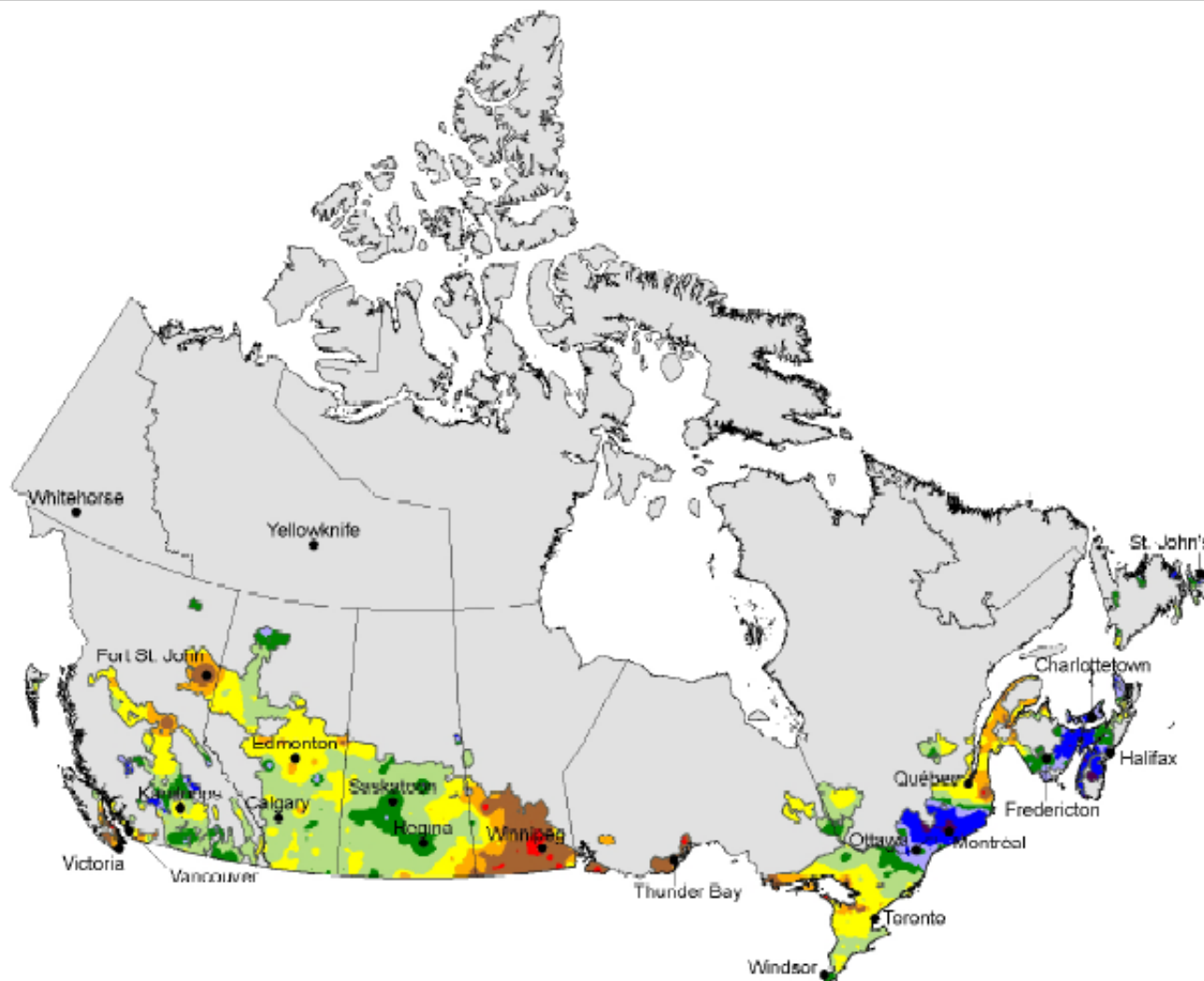
Agriculture et  
Agroalimentaire Canada

Canada



## Precipitation Compared to Historical Distribution (National)

April 1, 2006 to August 31, 2006



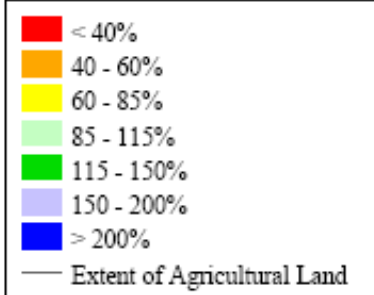
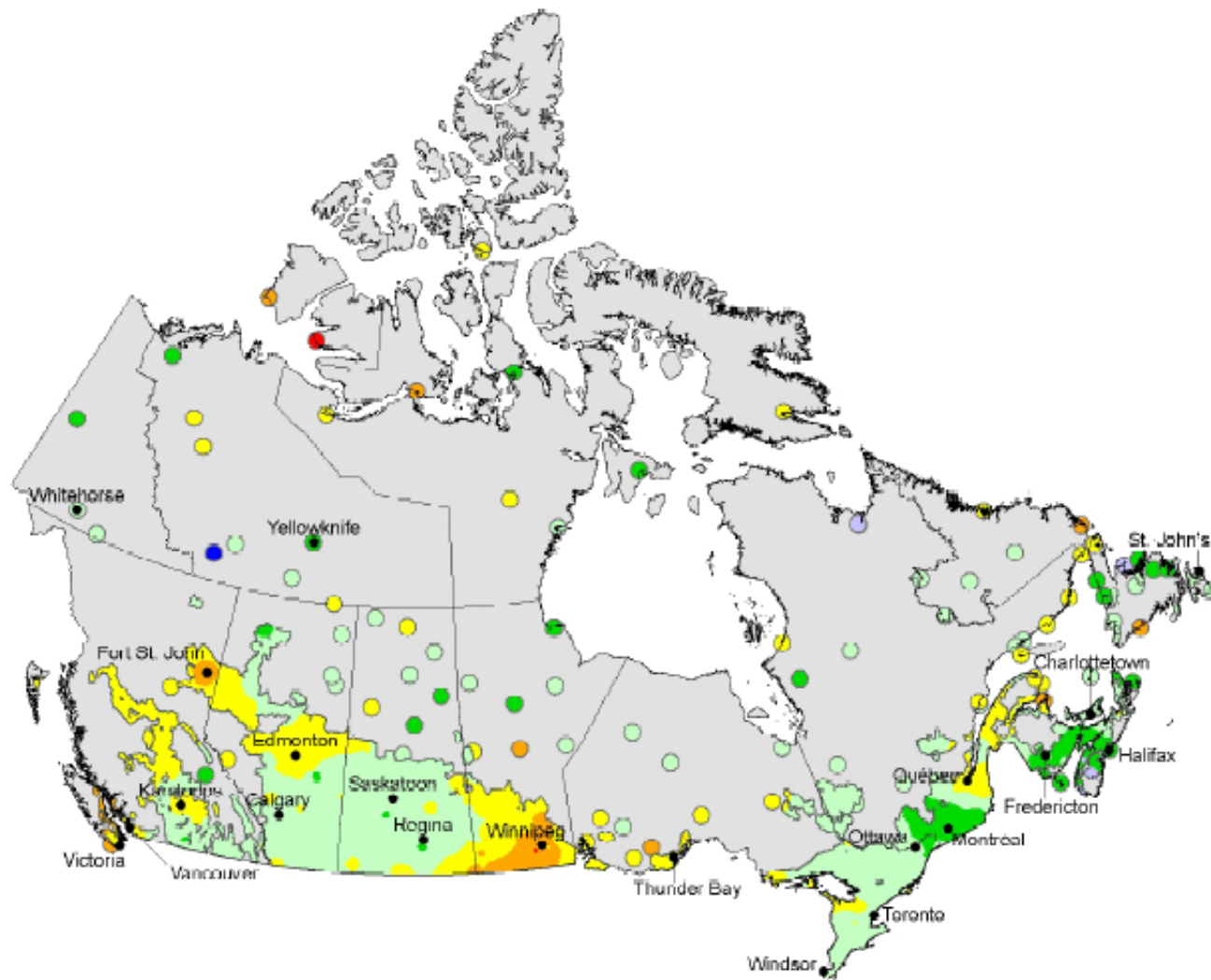
- Record Dry
- Extremely Low (0-10)
- Very Low (10-20)
- Low (20-40)
- Mid-Range (40-60)
- High (60-80)
- Very High (80-90)
- Extremely High (90-100)
- Record Wet
- Extent of Agricultural Land

Produced using near real-time data that has undergone initial quality control. The map may not be accurate for all regions due to data availability and data errors.



## Percent of Average Precipitation (National)

April 1, 2006 to August 31, 2006

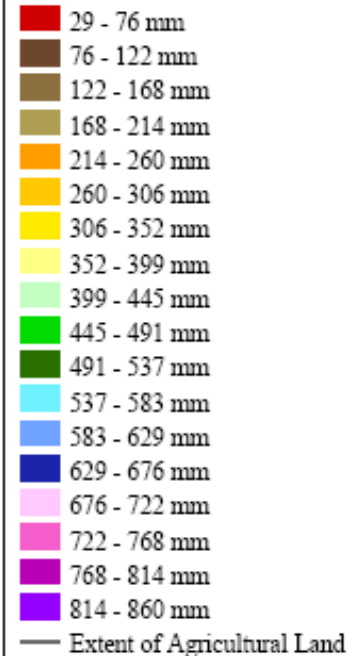
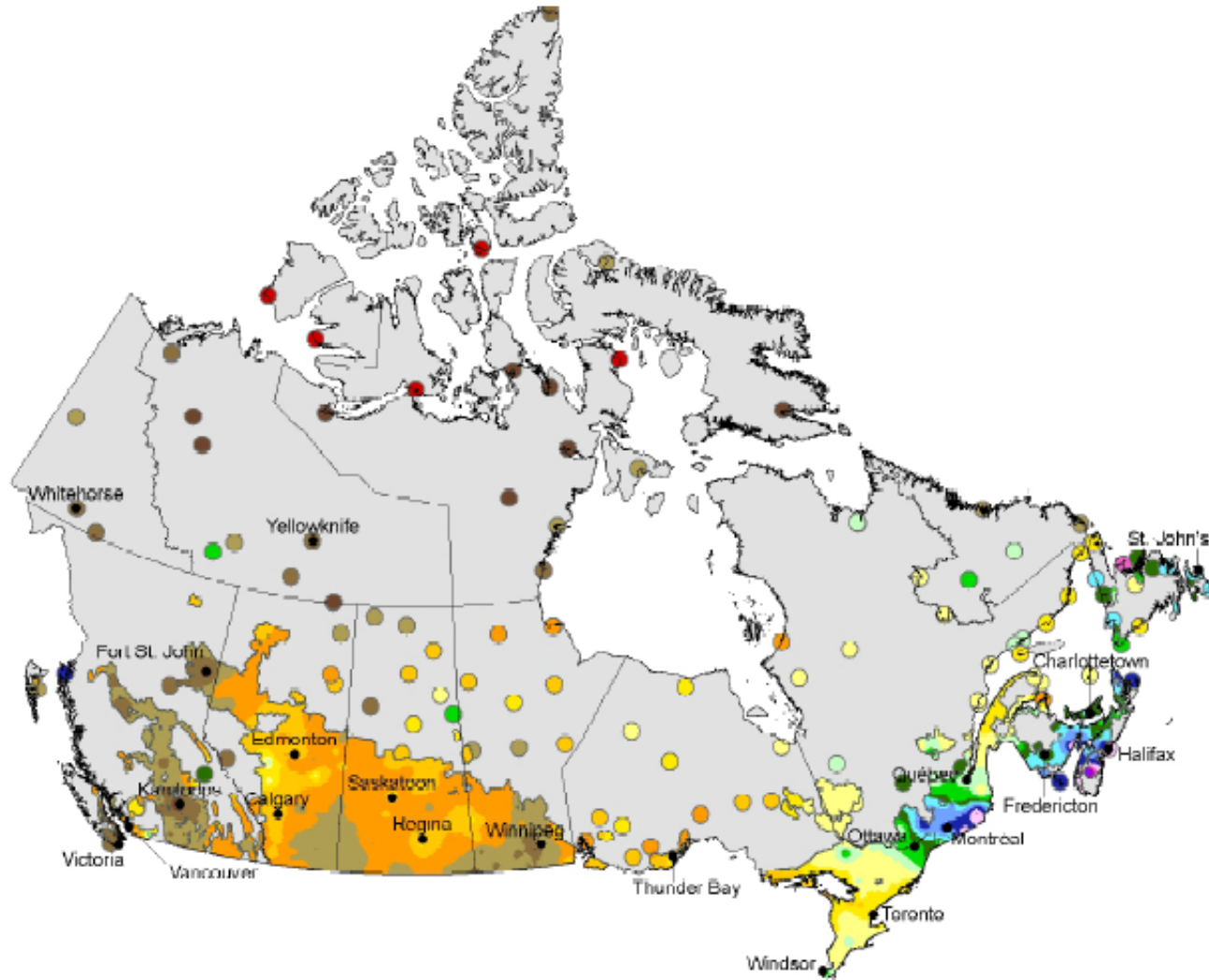


Produced using near real-time data that has undergone initial quality control. The map may not be accurate for all regions due to data availability and data errors.



## Accumulated Precipitation (National)

April 1, 2006 to August 31, 2006



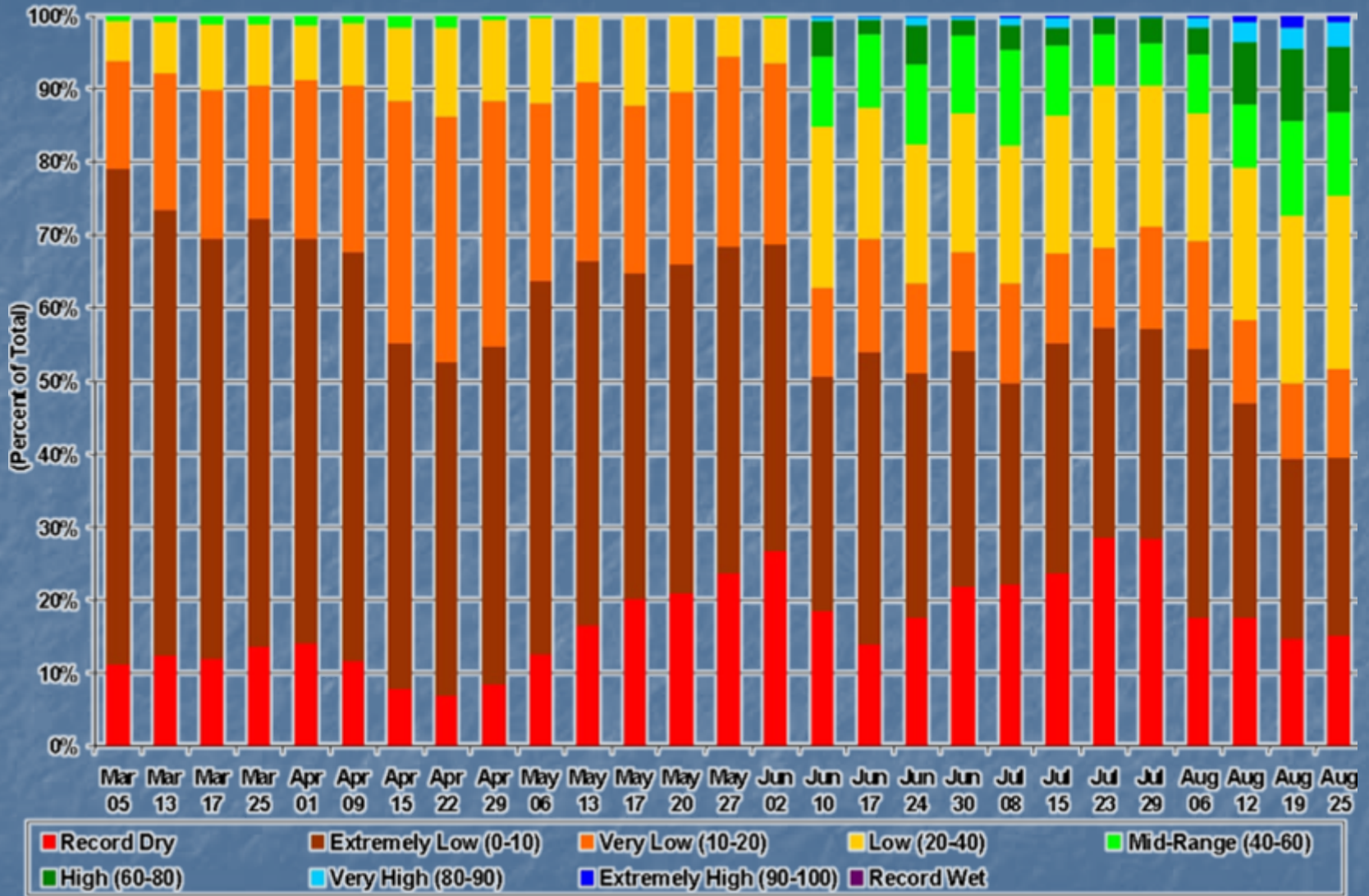
Produced using near real-time data that has undergone initial quality control. The map may not be accurate for all regions due to data availability and data errors.

# 2006 Census will update impact assessments.

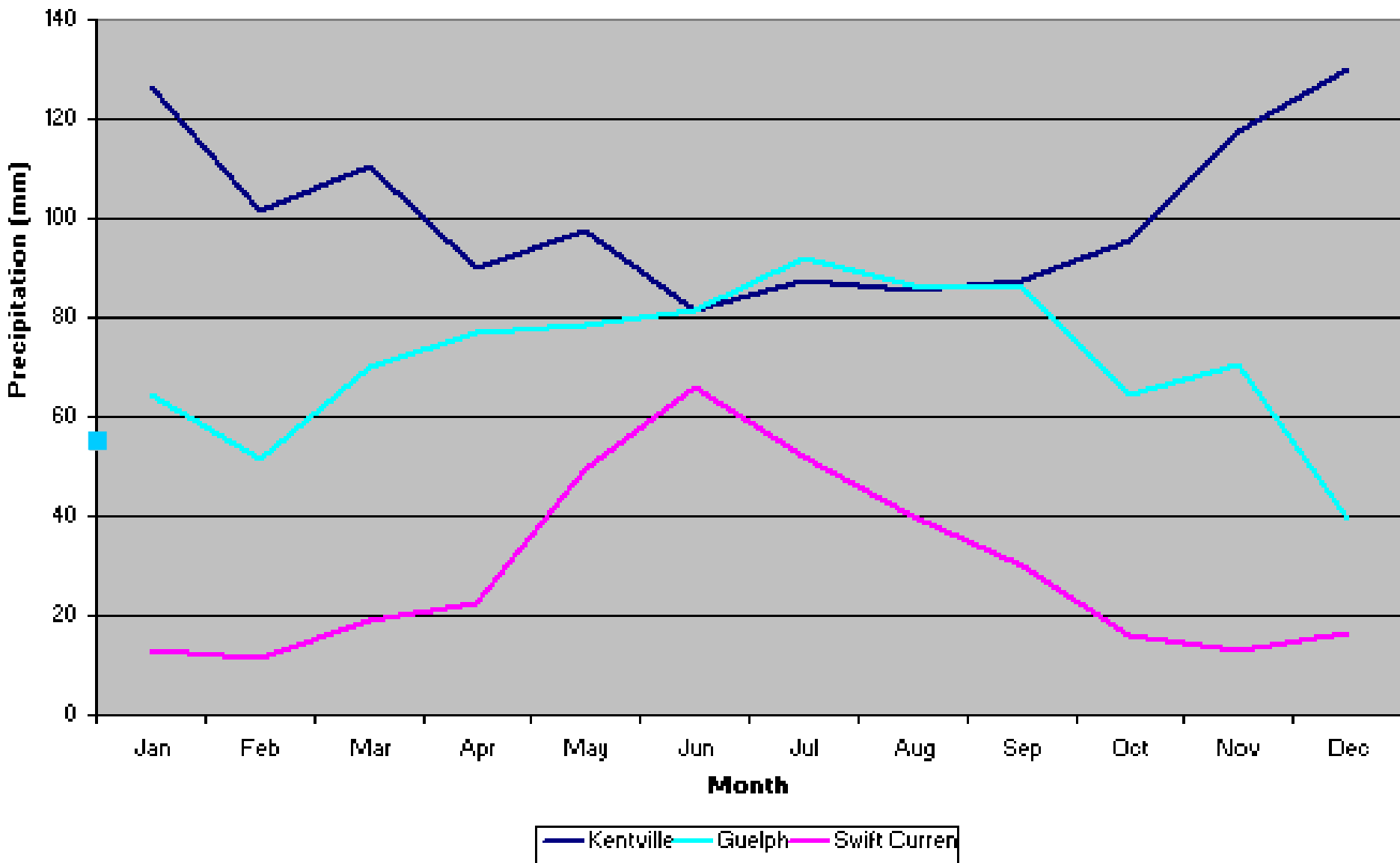
July 19, 2001	Farms	Cattle Farms	Pasture-ha	Cropland-ha
Record Dry	1,370	338	385,113	916,018
Extremely Low	30,332	14,645	7,584,878	16,901,683



# PRAIRIE FARMS and ANNUAL PRECIPITATION



## Comparing Precipitation Normals



# North American Drought Monitor

July 31, 2006

Released: Friday, August 18, 2006

<http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/nadm.html>

Analysts:  
 Canada - Trevor Hadwen  
 Dwayne Chobanik  
 Mexico - Miguel Cortez  
 David Hinkus  
 U.S.A. - Liz Love-Strak  
 Ned Guttman\*

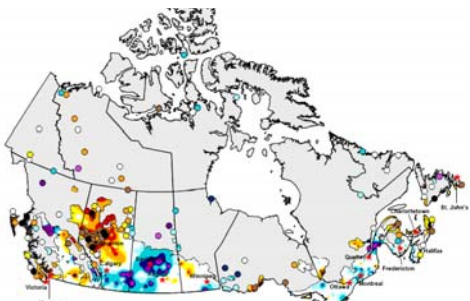
\* Responsible for collecting analysts  
 (not as assembling the NA DM map)

### Intensity:

- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Drought - Moderate
- D2 Drought - Severe
- D3 Drought - Extreme
- D4 Drought - Exceptional

### Drought Impact Types:

- ~ Delineates dominant impacts
- A = Agriculture
- H = Hydrological (Water)



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text for a general summary.

Depiction for Canada is Experimental



# Monitor de Sequía de América del Norte

Agosto 31, 2006

Liberado: viernes, 15 de septiembre de 2006

<http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/nadm.html>

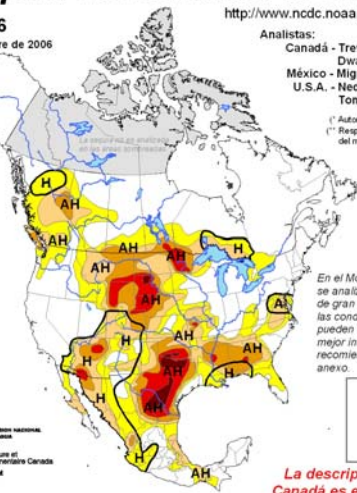
Analistas:  
 Canadá - Trevor Hadwen\*  
 Dwayne Chobanik\*\*  
 México - Miguel Cortez  
 U.S.A. - Ned Guttman  
 Tom Heddinghaus

\* Autor líder  
 \*\* Responsable de la integración del mapa

### Intensidad de la Sequía:

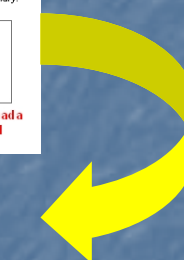
- D0 Anormalmente Seco
- D1 Sequía - Moderada
- D2 Sequía - Severa
- D3 Sequía - Extrema
- D4 Sequía - Exceptional

- ~ Delimita impactos dominantes
- A = Agrícola
- H = Hidrológica



En el Monitor de Sequía se analizan condiciones de gran escala, por lo que las condiciones locales pueden variar. Para una mejor interpretación se recomienda ver el texto anexo

La descripción para Canadá es experimental



Internet  
 Map  
 Server



Canada

# Components of Canada's National Drought Strategy

- **Drought Research**
- **Drought Monitoring and Reporting**
- **Drought Education and Preparedness**
- **Drought Response**

Reference: Draft Framework for a National AAFC Drought Strategy



*Questions?*

