# How-To Child Support for Federal Agencies



Federal Office of Child Support Enforcement

#### Introduction

- Course objectives
- Course agenda
- Course materials
- Audience profile

# Why do we have a child support enforcement program?







# Our changing society has increased...

- Divorce rates
- Out-of-wedlock births
- Single parent families
- Children living in poverty
- Public assistance costs
- ...until welfare reform in 1996.

# What am I doing here?

#### **Executive Order 12953**

The Federal Government, through its civilian employees and Uniformed Services members, is the Nation's largest single employer and as such should set an example of leadership and encouragement in ensuring that all children are properly supported.

# Module 2 Objectives - Child Support Basics

- State origins and general description of the Child Support Enforcement Program
- Identify 4 primary child support services
- Identify 4 requirements for employers

## **Child Support Basics**

- Definition of "child support"
- Definition of "medical support"



# Magnitude of the Child Support Program

- Caseload
  - 1976 2 million cases
  - 2007 15.8 million cases
- Collections
  - FY 1992 \$ 8 billion
  - FY 2007 \$25 billion



# Child Support Enforcement Program

Established 1975

AFDC (now TANF) only; later, all applicants

Federal, state and local levels

#### Federal Level - OCSE

- Program standards, policy & regulations
- Program funding
- Audits state & local programs
- Technical assistance & training
- Federal Parent Locator
   Service (FPLS)



New Hire data from Federal Agencies & States

**FPLS** 

Child Support State Case Registries

National
Directory
of
New Hires

Federal Case Registry

Quarterly Wage data from Federal Agencies & States

#### State Level

- Central administration
- Operates statewide automated system
- Maintains registry of all cases in state
- Maintains database of new hires

#### **Local Level**

- Regional and county agency offices
- Provides direct services

### 4 Basic Child Support Services

- Locate
- 2. Establish paternity
- 3. Establish child support orders
- 4. Collect child support

# Employer's 4 Basic Steps in Child Support

- Report new hires & respond to verification requests
- 2. Withhold income, premiums
- 3. Disburse payments
- 4. Report terminations



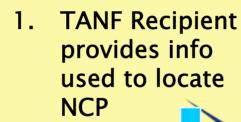
#### Scenario 1

#### \$ to CP & kids



\$ to IV-D agency

4. Order enforced with Order/Notice to Withhold Income to employer





Paternity established



3. Child support order established



# Module 3 Objectives - New Hire Reporting

- Name the purpose and benefits of the New Hire Reporting program
- Identify 6 data elements required
- Identify the primary method of reporting for federal agencies

## New Hire Reporting

- What
- Why
- How
- When





# New Hire Reporting

- 6 Required Data Elements:
- Employee name
- Employee SSN
- Employee address
- Employer name
- Employer FEIN
- Employer address

New Hire data from Federal Agencies & States

**FPLS** 

Child Support
State Case
Registries

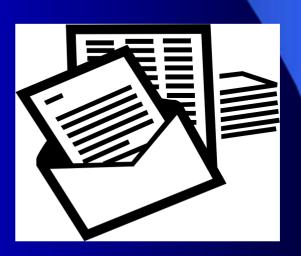
National
Directory
of
New Hires

Federal Case Registry

Quarterly Wage data from Federal Agencies & States

# **Employment Verifications**

- What
- Why
- How



#### New Hire/Verifications SUMMARY

- New Hire Reporting requirements (W-4 data)
- Importance of the New Hire Reporting program
- Honor verification requests from child support agencies

# Module 4 Objectives - Income Withholding

- Calculate child support withholding
- Calculate allowable disposable income
- Prioritize withholdings
- Describe medical support requirements
- Determine when child support comes first

- What: garnishment for child support owed
- Why: single most effective collection tool



 Income: "any periodic form of payment due to an individual, regardless of source, including wages and salaries, commissions, bonuses, workers' compensation, disability, payments pursuant to a pension or retirement program, and interest."

- Federal benefits considered income:
- 1. Periodic benefits
- 2. Retirement benefits
- 3. Retirement contribution refunds
- 4. Worker compensation
- 5. Compensation for death
- 6. Other benefits

- How
  - usually issued by child support agency
  - standardized "Income Withholding for Support" form or IWO



#### Order/Notice to Withhold

- Top identifying information
- Order information how much to withhold, type of support



#### Order/Notice to Withhold

- Remittance information:
  - When to withhold
  - When to remit
  - How to allocate
  - Administrative fee
  - Maximum that can be withheld (law of official duty station state)

Where: from any state

When: within 7 days OR LESS

• Why: over 70% of all collections

• How: may be sent to federal agency

by regular or certified mail per state law or elWO

## Federal Addresses for Withholding

- Agency agent contact information published once a year in Federal Register
- Notify OPM by end of calendar year to make changes
- See OCSE web site at <u>http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cse/newhire/contacts/iw\_fedcontacts.htm</u>



# Complying with the Order

- Document date of receipt
- Copy to employee
- "Regular on its face?"
- Follow the terms



#### Exercise

- Withholding order received 5/6/08
- Next payday is 5/16/08
- \$100 weekly support due, \$800 weekly gross pay
- Withhold \$\_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_ and send in by \_\_\_\_\_?

## Calculating Disposable Income

#### What

- Disposable income
- Allowable disposable income (CCPA)

#### Why

 Child support can only be withheld from allowable disposable income

#### How

- Take mandatory deductions
- Apply CCPA percentage



### Calculating Disposable Income

- Mandatory deductions for Federal employees
  - Monies owed to US Government
  - Fed employment taxes, fines, forfeitures ordered by court martial
  - Fed, state, local income taxes (including FICA & Medicare)
  - Retirement contributions (including OASDI)
  - Health insurance premiums
  - Life insurance premiums

### Calculating Disposable Income

- Federal Consumer Credit Protection Act limits:
  - -50% 2<sup>nd</sup> family, no arrears or < 12 wks
  - -55% 2<sup>nd</sup> family, 12+ wks in arrears
  - -60% single, no arrears or < 12 wks
  - -65% single, 12+ wks in arrears

#### Exercise: Disposable Income

- Jacob's gross biweeklypay \$1600.00
- Less mandatory deductions -350.00
- Jacob's disposable income \$1,250.00

#### Exercise: Allowable Disposable Income

Biweekly disposable

\$1,250.00

Apply CCPA limit

x 65%

Allowable disposable income

\$ 812.50

Current support Arrears Admin. fee \$200 50

(2 weeks)

<u>5</u> \$255

### Imputed Income

- What: non-cash fringe benefits
- How:
  - Deduct before calculating allowable disposable income



#### Exercise: Imputed Income

Gross pay
Imputed income
Taxable income:
Deduct taxes

Net pay:

\$800 +200 \$1,000 - 220 \$780

Subtract imputed
Disposable income:

<u>- 200</u> \$580

(for child support purposes)

## Withholding for Medical Support

#### What

- 1. CP provides coverage
- 2. NCP provides coverage
- 3. NCP provides coverage through private plan
- 4. Child enrolled in plan solely for children
- 5. Child enrolled in state CHIP
- 6. Either or both parents provide cash

## Withholding for Medical Support

- When
  - Your employee is eligible
- How
  - NMSN (or QMCSO)
  - Disregard "open enrollment" season
  - You withhold child's premiums per plan administrator



## Withholding for Medical Support

- Qualified Medical Child Support Orders (QMCSO) have been replaced by National Medical Support Notice (NMSN) for child support agencies
- Private attorneys may use NMSN or QMCSO

#### National Medical Support Notice

The NMSN is actually 4 different documents plus instructions to the employer and the plan administrator:

- 1. Part A- Notice to Withhold for Health Care Coverage
- 2. Employer Response (if cannot withhold)
- 3. Part B- Medical Support Notice to Plan Administrator
- 4. Plan Administrator Response to agency Plan administrator tells employer how much to withhold

NMSN is considered a QMCSO

#### How the NMSN works

#### Important note:

Withholdings for both cash child support and medical support are subject to CCPA limits set by the employee's principal place of employment state.

## When the Employee is Not Working

#### When

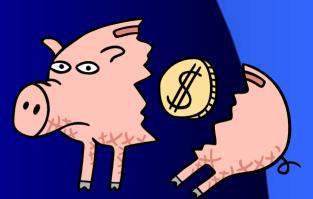
- Receiving annual or sick leave, or worker's compensation
- On "leave without pay" status

#### What

Child support must be withheld from income

### Not Enough Money!

- What: amount due exceeds allowable disposable income
- When
  - Multiple child support orders
  - Other garnishments
  - Other involuntary deductions
- How
  - Percentage allocation OR
  - Divided equally



#### Percentage Method of Allocation

```
$90.00 \div $227 = 39.65\%
Order A
Order B $75.00 \div $227 = 33.04\%
Order C $62.00 \div $227 = 27.31\%
         227.00
                        100.00 %
          $180 \times 39.65\% = $71.37
Order A
Order B
          $180 x 33.04% = $59.47
          $180 \times 27.31\% = $49.16
Order C
                         180.00
```



### Equal Method of Allocation

```
Order A $90.00
```

**Order B** \$75.00

**Order C** \$62.00

\$227.00 but only have \$180

 $$180 \div 3 = $60 \text{ to each order}$ 

### Multiple Child Support Orders

- By Federal law, some money must be paid to each order for current support
- Follow the state law of your employee's official duty station
- NOT "first come, first served"

## Child Support with Other Garnishments

- Pay child support <u>first!</u>
- Withhold for child support, then check to see if withheld amount is greater than the limits set for the garnishment (25% rule).



#### Example: Child Support + Other Garnishments

Tony owes \$90/week for child support.
Sears garnishment for \$1000.

Biweekly disposable \$700

60% of disposable \$420

Withhold full (2 wks) \$180

700 - 393 = 307 25% x 700 = 175 is lesser BUT 175 - 180 = Nothing to withhold for Sears



## Example 2: Child Support + Other Garnishments

Tony owes \$70/week for child support.
Sears garnishment for \$1000.

```
Biweekly disposable $1,000
```

```
60% of disposable $ 600
```

Withhold full (2 wks) \$ 140

```
1000 - 393 = 607
25\% \times 1000 = 250 is lesser
250 - 140 = 110 can be deducted for Sears.
```

## Child Support vs. Other Involuntary Deductions

- IRS tax levy served prior to underlying child support must be paid first
- What to do:

If levy came first, call child support agency
If withholding order came first, call IRS



## Child Support vs. Other Involuntary Deductions

- Child support still owed even if bankruptcy is declared
- Chapter 7 or 13 continue to withhold unless instructed otherwise by the bankruptcy court trustee
- Follow bankruptcy court instructions

## Child Support vs. Other Involuntary Deductions

- Involuntary deductions that <u>never</u> take precedence over child support:
  - Nontax federal debt
  - State and local tax levies
  - Creditor garnishment

## Common Concerns about Income Withholding

- Need to void paycheck/wrong amount withheld
- Employee protests
- Not sure when to stop withholding
- Multiple withholding orders

### Income Withholding SUMMARY

- Income withholding
- Calculating the amount to withhold
- Imputed income, or fringe benefits (deduct)

### Income Withholding SUMMARY

- Medical support (new NMSN)
- Accrual of arrears (State will determine)
- Special situations (not enough \$, other garnishments)

### Income Withholding SUMMARY

- CHILD SUPPORT COMES FIRST!
  - Exception: IRS tax levy served prior or bankruptcy, if so ordered by trustee



## Module 5 Objectives - Payment Disbursement

- List where, when and how withholding should be sent
- Define SDU and its purpose
- Name benefits of electronic payments
- List standard elements needed on Treasury checks for child support

### Payment Disbursements

- All payments withheld by employers should go to the State Disbursement Unit (SDU)
- Pre-1994 orders & Tribal orders may be payable to another party



### Payment Disbursements

- Redirecting payments
- EFT/EDI
- Remittance deadline

### Benefits of Electronic Payments

- Gets \$ to children faster
- Reduced check processing costs
- Eliminates postage
- Fewer phone calls from CPs
- More accurate
- Safer



# Proper Identification of U.S. Treasury Checks

#### Always include:

- Name of NCP/employee
- SSN of NCP
- Remittance identifier
- Amount of payment
- Date of payment
- Name and address where check should be sent



## Payment Disbursements SUMMARY

- Send withheld payment to payee in IWO & include proper identifying information
- SDU is predominant payee
- E-payments are the preferred method
- Send payments within 7 business days or less
- Identifying elements on Treasury checks

## Module 6 Objectives - Reporting Terminations

- Name employer's responsibilities when NCP terminates
- Explain what to do for rehires and retirees

### Reporting Terminations

- What
  - Notify agency/court if employee (NCP only) leaves
- Why
  - Need to issue a new IWO
- When
  - ASAP
- How
  - IWO Form, final page; NMSN, per instructions



### Reporting Terminations

- Special Requirements
  - Retain IWO in case of rehire
  - Report termination to issuing agency with a copy of notice required for health insurance continuation

### When the Employee is Retired

#### When

 Retired and receiving some type of benefits (CSRS, FERS, etc.)

#### What

 Federal agency stops withholding; notifies state child support agency of termination

State agency issues new withholding to

**OPM** 

OPM begins withholding from retirement benefits

### Reporting Terminations

- Rehire after termination
  - Submit another new hire report
  - Reactivate IWO
  - Reactivate medical support as appropriate

#### **Terminations SUMMARY**

- Report terminated employees who owe child or medical support
- Reporting requirements vary from state to state
- Withhold child support for retired employees when a new IWO is received at OPM
- Reactivate child/medical support for rehires, too

#### **COURSE SUMMARY**

- 4 basic responsibilities of employers
- New Hire reporting
- Calculating the correct amount to withhold
- Medical support

#### **COURSE SUMMARY**

- Special situations
- Remitting the child support payments
- When child support withholding takes precedence

#### **COURSE SUMMARY**

Importance of your cooperation with the Child Support Enforcement Program:

- Employers collect over 70%
- You save taxpayers' money
- You prevent and reduce fraud
- You lower UI premiums

#### Where to Get More Information

- Questions? <a href="mailto:employerservices@acf.hhs.gov">employerservices@acf.hhs.gov</a>
- Website of the Federal Office of Child Support Enforcement:
  - www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cse/index.html
    - Links to 50 states and territories
    - Employer information (matrices of contacts)

## Thank you from the children of America!



