

Wayfaring-tree Viburnum Iantana

Native Origin: Europe and western Asia

Description: A deciduous multi-steamed shrub in the honeysuckle family (Caprifoliaceae) reaching 10 to 15 feet in height and having a somewhat rounded shape. Leathery leaves (2 to 5 inches long) are opposite, simple, ovate with cordate or rounded bases and uniform serrations. The dark green to gray-green leaves turn a purplish-red color fall. Buds are naked, gray, and fuzzy. Small white flowers with yellow stamens, form flat-topped clusters (3 to 5 inches across), and bloom in mid-May. Flowers can have an unpleasant fishy odor. Berries are held in flat clusters with colors that change from green to red to blue-black in late summer to early autumn and are eaten by birds. It reproduces vegetatively or by seeds. Roots are fibrous.

Habitat: Wayfaring-tree grows in full sun to partial shade with fertile, well-drained, loamy soils. It can tolerate calcareous (containing calcium or lime) and dry soils. It is urban tolerant and often planted

for hedges, borders, or as a deciduous screen shrub. It can also be found in moist forest habitats.





Distribution: This species is reported from states shaded on Plants Database map. It is reported invasive in IL, PA, and WI.

Ecological Impacts: It has a vigorous growth that over reaches intentional planting space and crowds out native species. Basal suckers grow beneath other species and quickly outgrow the area.

Control and Management:



- Manual- Girdle remove bark and phloem layer from 10 cm band around trunk; cut stems with shears, chain saw and apply herbicides
- Chemical- It can be effectively controlled using any of several readily available general use herbicides such as glyphosate or triclopyr. Monitor and retreat regrowth or suckers. Follow label and state requirements.

References: http://plants.usda.gov, www.nps.gov/plants/alien,

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http://www.hcs.ohio-state.edu/hcs/TMI/Plantlist/vi_ntana.html, http://ispb.univ-

lyon1.fr/cours/botanique/photos_dicoty/dico%20Q%20a%20Z/Viburnum%20lantana.jpg,

http://www.colostate.edu/Depts/CoopExt/4DMG/Trees/Shrubs/vlantana.htm,

http://www.rbg.ca/cbcn/en/projects/invasives/i_shrub2.html