

Designating Additions to the Current List of Tropical Diseases in the FDA Amendments Act

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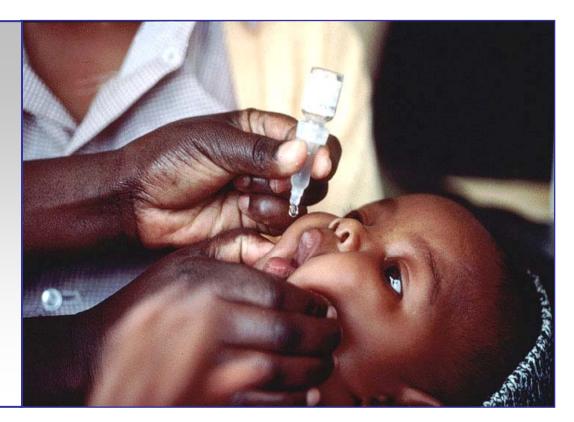


BVGH Mission

BIO Ventures for Global Health, a non-profit organization, harnesses the resources of the biotechnology industry to create new medicines for neglected diseases of the developing world.

Our mission:

- To break down barriers that hinder product innovation for global health
- To catalyze R&D investment through new market-based solutions.





Focus of Presentation

- Expansion of diseases covered
 - What diseases should be added
 - Framework for evaluating the statutory criteria
- Major issue for implementation

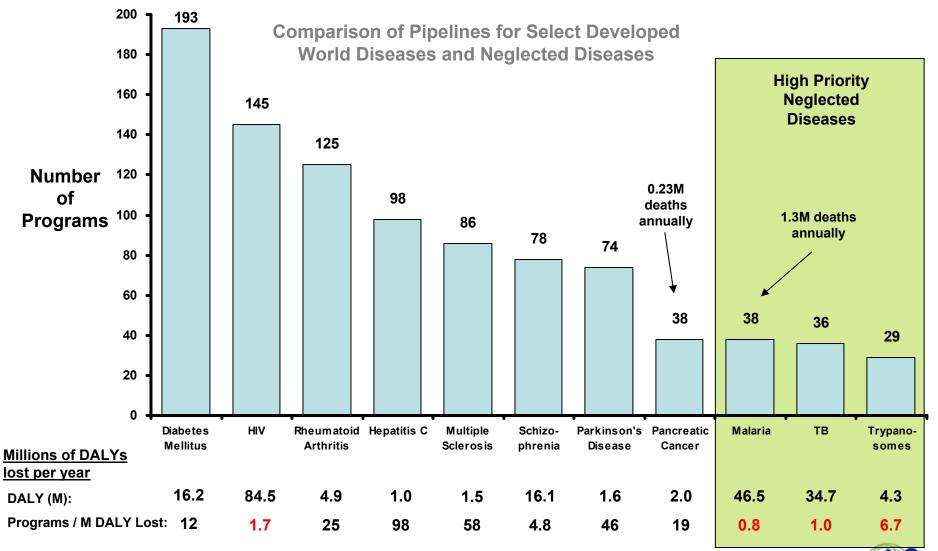


The Problem

- Developing world needs new medical products to prevent and treat infectious diseases
 - Over 10M deaths in developing countries from top 5 infectious diseases
 - Millions of others suffer from debilitating NTDs
- New innovation needed
 - Existing medicines inadequate
 - Current pipelines will not fully address needs



Pipeline Insufficient to Meet Need





Importance of Priority Review Vouchers (PRVs)

- Congress recognized exceptional humanitarian interest in addressing health needs of world's poorest populations
- Opportunity to incentivize development of drugs and vaccines that otherwise wouldn't be developed
- If program works well, can reduce burden of disease for millions of people



BVGH Role

- Helping companies + investors clarify the opportunity to encourage new investment
- Coordinating stakeholder input
- Launched PRV website
 - Comprehensive source of info on PRVs
 - Will track vouchers
 - Will measure impact of program

www.prvinfo.org



16 Diseases Covered

- Tuberculosis
- Malaria
- Blinding trachoma
- Buruli ulcer
- Cholera
- Dengue
- Guineaworm disease
- Fascioliasis
- Human African trypanosomiasis (African Sleeping Sickness)

- Leishmaniasis
- Leprosy
- Lymphatic filariasis
- Onchocerciasis
- Schistosomiasis
- Soil transmitted helmithiasis
- Yaws

 \rightarrow FDA can expand list of diseases via new regulations



Expansion of Program to Other NTDs

- FDA can expand the list of PRV-eligible diseases to any infectious disease:
 - For which there is no significant market in developed nations and
 - That disproportionately affects poor and marginalized populations
- Our approach to evaluating criteria
 - Easily implementable
 - Sufficiently flexible to allow for lack of reliable data
 - Narrow enough to keep out those not intended by Congress



Evaluation of Other Infectious Diseases

Diseases to Add

Chagas' disease

Disproportionately affects poor and marginalized populations and rarely found endemic in developed countries

Diseases with sufficient markets

- Influenza
- Hepatitis C

High incidence in developing world, but also have "sufficient markets" in developed world

Additional Diseases/Pathogens to Consider

- Japanese Encephalitis
- Entertoxigenic e-coli (ETEC)
- Shigella
- Typhoid

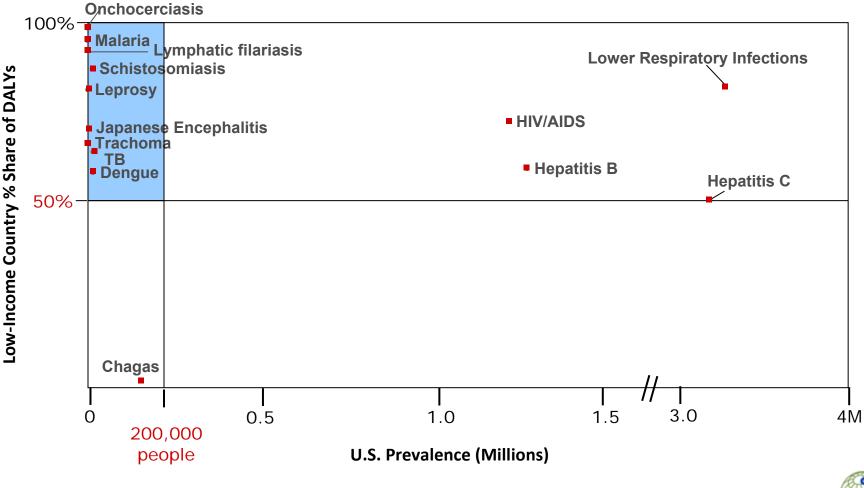


Recommendations for Adding Diseases

- Allow for flexibility in how the statutory criteria are defined given the lack of reliable data
 - No universally-agreed definition for either criterion
 - Best available data may be indirect measures
 - May need to consider different measures depending on the disease and where it occurs
- Take into account qualitative, but scientifically informed, measures
- Form an Advisory Committee of tropical disease specialists to make recommendations
- Once a disease has been added, it should not be removed



Low Income Country Share of Burden vs. U.S. Prevalence, 2005





General: Key Issue for Implementation

- Developers need transparency and clarity when deciding whether to undertake risky R&D
- Suggest that FDA provide sponsors an early determination on eligibility for priority review
 - Must qualify for priority review to get a voucher
 - When sponsor notified has significant implications for program's success
 - If determination not made until after submission of the application, may limit program's impact
 - Without certainty, sponsor unlikely to take the risk



BIO Ventures for Global Health

Building biotech solutions for diseases of the developing world

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