

Implementing PAT – Industry Example

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Summary



Why did Aventis pursue PAT?

How does Aventis see PAT?

What is our PAT Pilot?

How did we handle the communication with the FDA?

What are the opportunities in PAT?

Personal Learnings

Background – The PAT Journey at Aventis

2000 – Integration of HMR and RPR.

2001 – Fixing broken processes.

- Trying to fix manufacturing processes without knowing the science behind it.

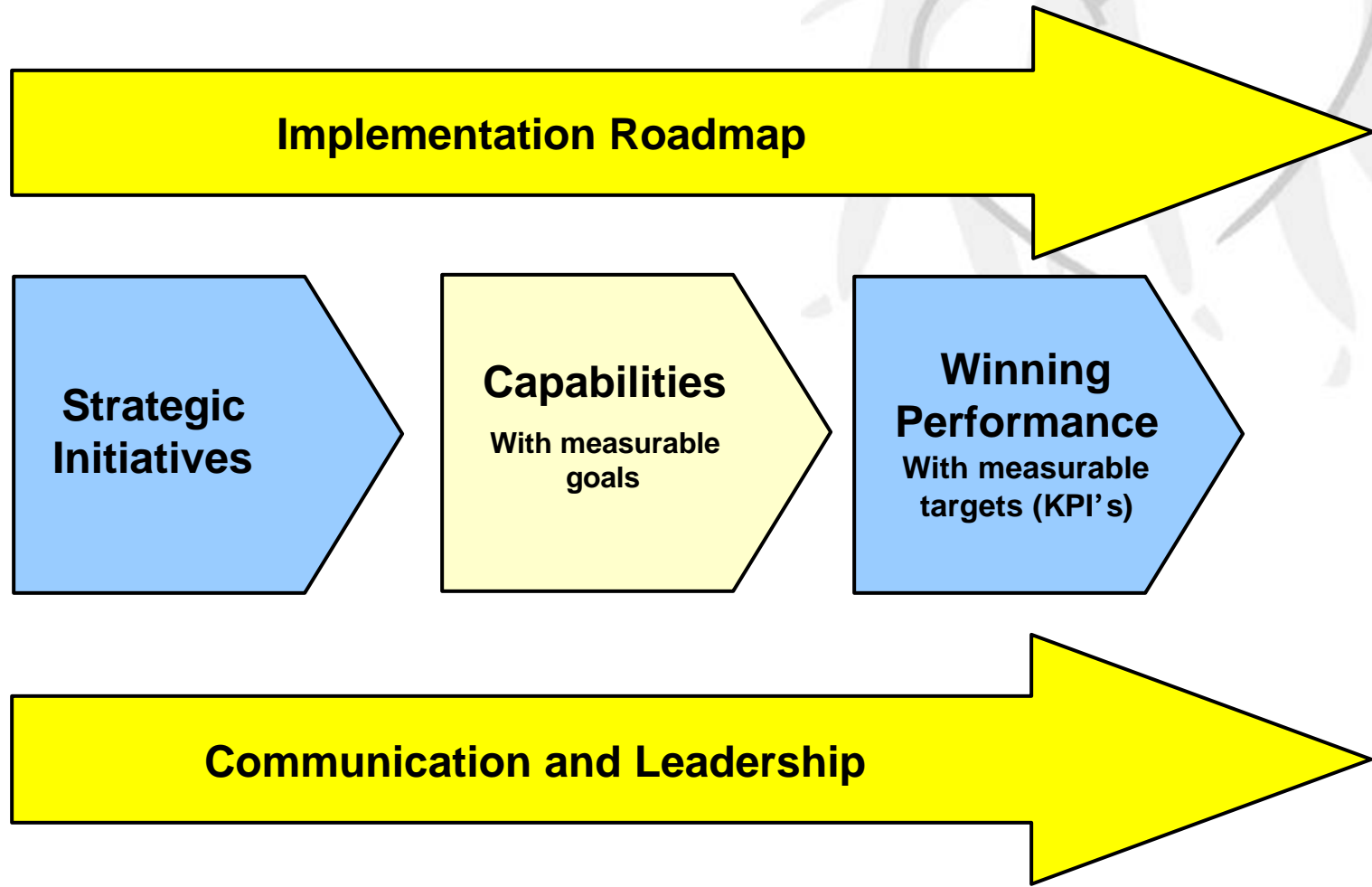
2001 – Industrial Operations strategy identified and agreed

- Need an opportunity to improve manufacturing processes.
- Industrial Excellence roadmap identified.
- Process robustness and statistical evaluation of finished product quality attributes.

2002 – PAT not well defined.

- October 2002: decision to proceed as Strategic Initiative and to engage with FDA.
- Create environment conducive to mentality change.

Strategic Initiatives Create Winning Performances



PAT Environment



Strategic motivation – achieve measurable business results

- **Integral to Manufacturing Excellence**
- **Priority – supported by top Industrial Operations Management**

Six Sigma mentality – Process Robustness

History of new product transfers through multifunctional Tech Transfer Teams

External partnerships – CAMP

Pilot Objectives

Demonstrate ability and establish capabilities - industrial scale

Understand what it takes

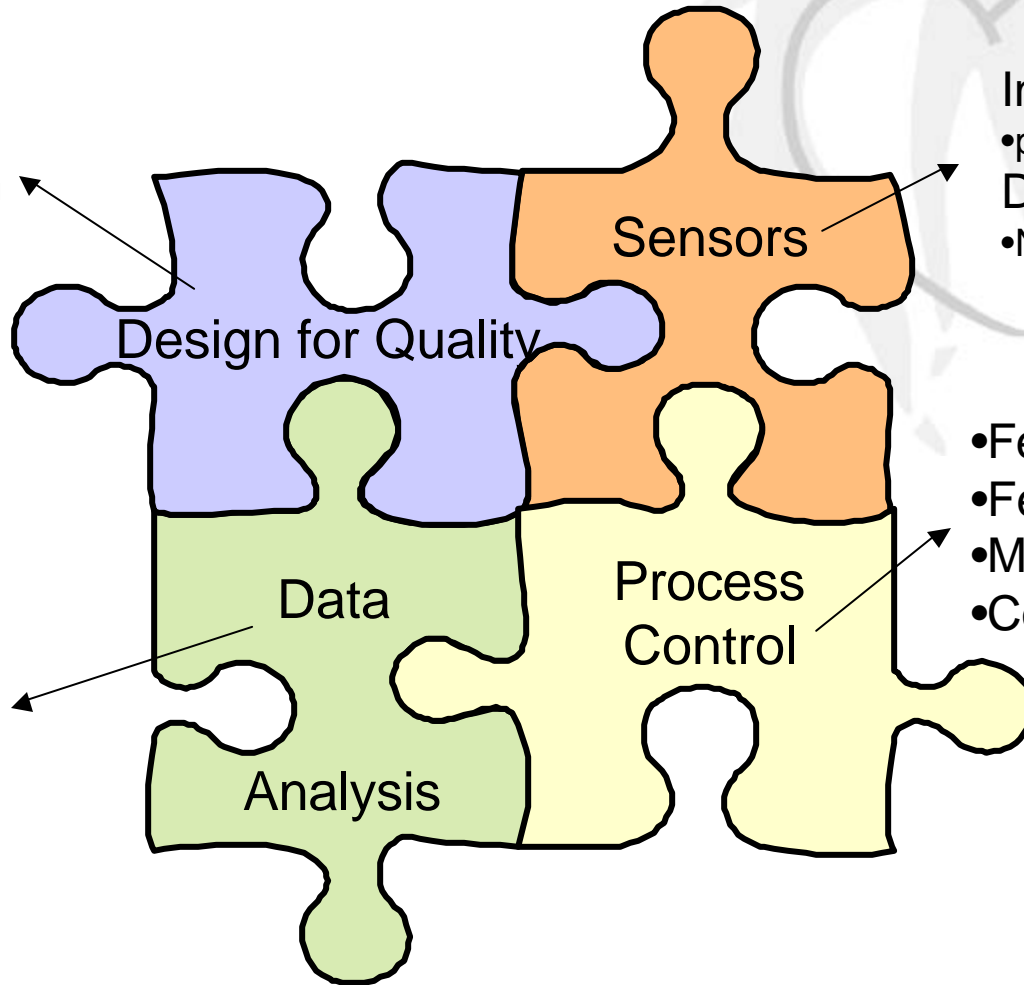
- competencies needed
- connect multiple functions
- learning - what needs to be addressed

Pilot regulatory strategies



What is PAT? – Aventis View

- DOE
- FMEA
- Qualification
- Validation



- Inferential
 - pH, pressure, temp
- Direct
 - NIR, Raman, NMR

- Feed-Forward
- Feedback
- Multivariate Control
- Continuous Processes

- Univariate
- Multivariate
- Real-Time
- On Location

Pilot Approach

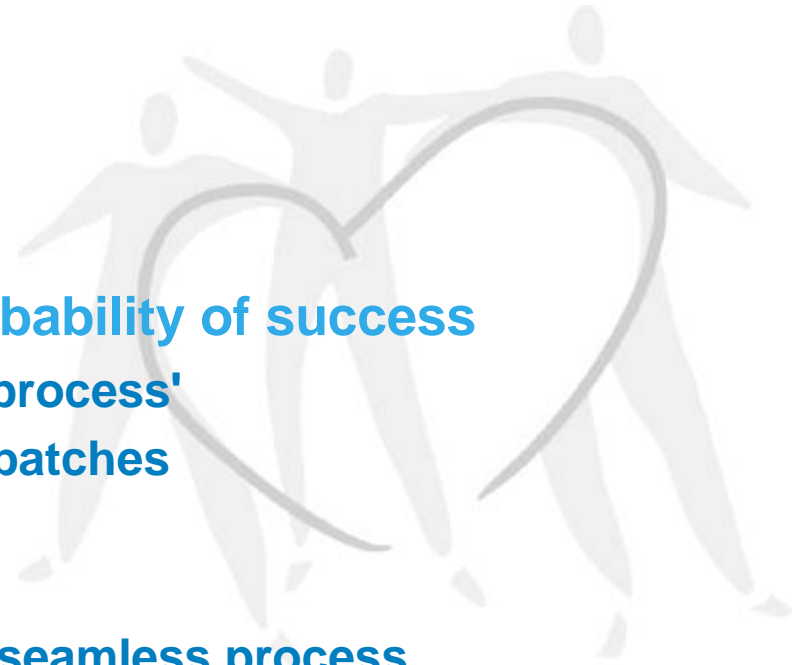
Go for high impact and high probability of success

- Select a 'safe and robust pilot process'
- High volume, large number of batches

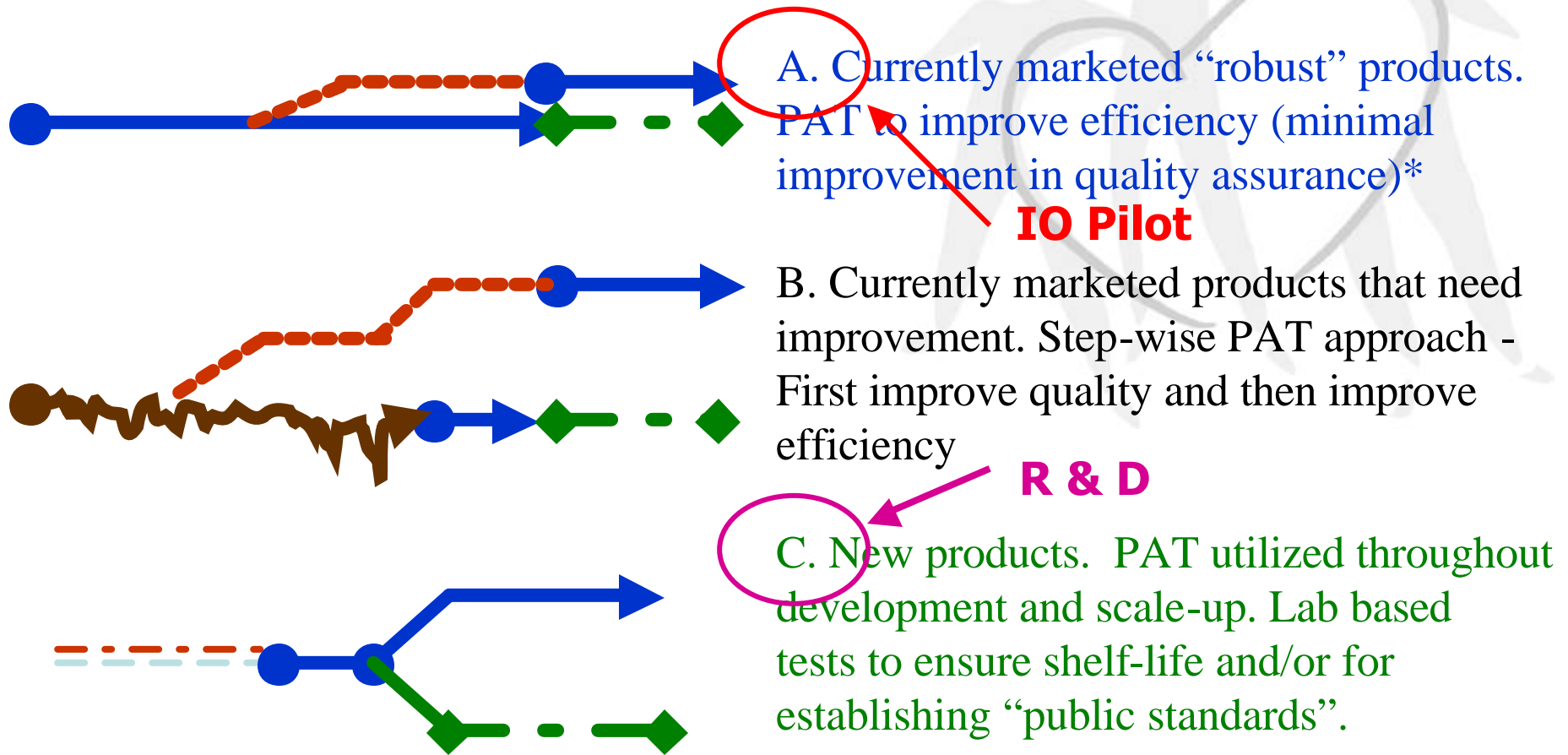
Focus on whole process

- Integration of API and DP as a seamless process

Allow time



Options for Introducing PAT



* Note that a step-by-step approach, one unit operation at a time similar to option B, is also an option.

Organization and Structure

Driven by top-management

- **Head of Quality is the sponsor**
- **Industrial Operations in leading role**
- **R&D involvement with longer time window**
- **Dedicated PAT Strategic Initiative leader**
 - ┌ "Make it happen" - multifunctional approach, focus existing approaches, work with site organization, etc.



Work with the Manufacturing Sites



Team building

- Key expertises – chemometry, computer systems, control systems, process etc.

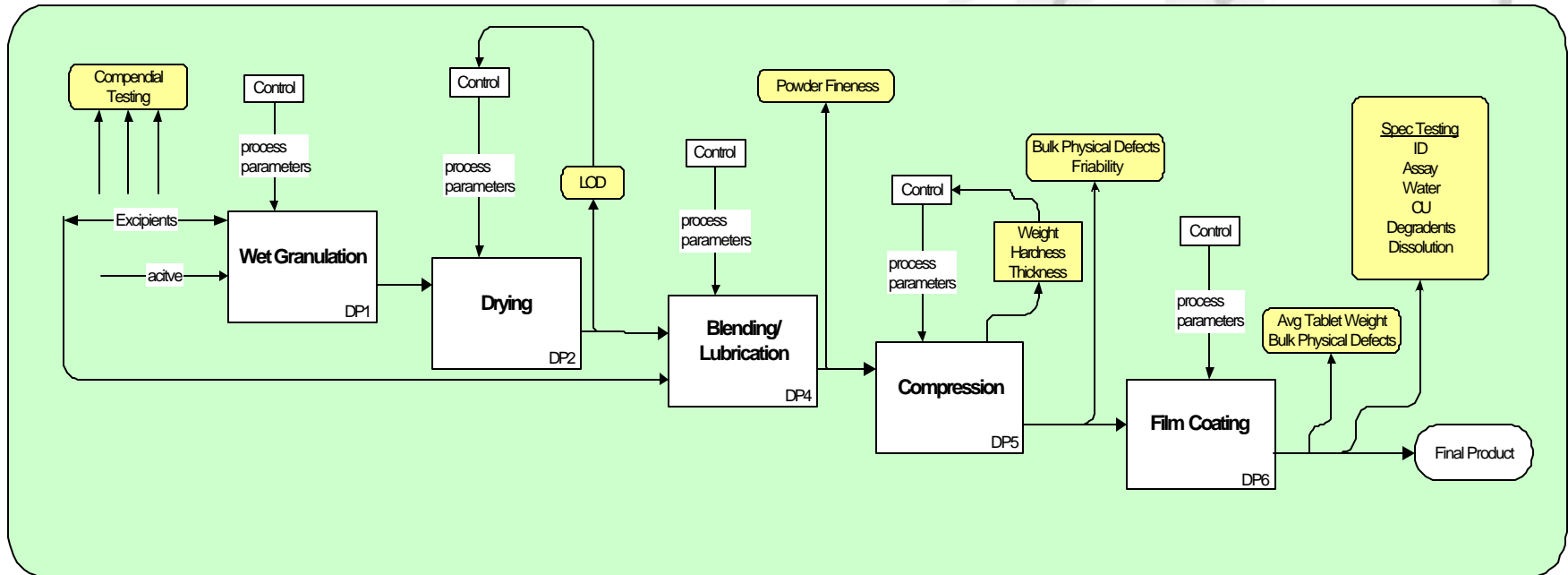
Establish infrastructure

- Scale-down lab (API) ~ transfer scenario
- Lab /DP (scale-down possibilities) ~ work directly integrated in manufacturing

Global co-ordination – consistent approaches, define rules

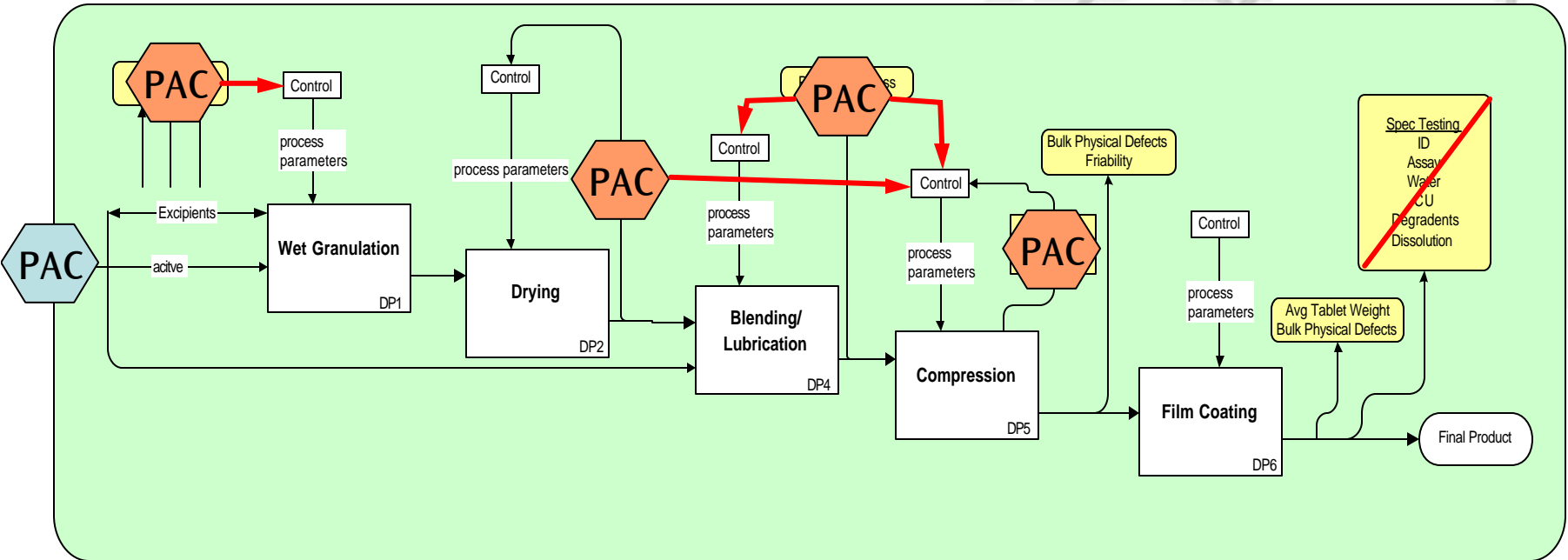
Site functions support

An Example of Tablet Manufacturing – Current State



- Fixed process conditions
- Limited confirmation of quality during processing
- Limited sample sizes

An Example of Tablet Manufacturing – Through PAT



With real-time analysis

- Rapid information
- Useful for process control
- Potential to adjust the process to achieve target quality and reduce variation
- Replace costly, time consuming off-line, laboratory based testing

Links between API and DP

Focus on physical properties is a core element of PAT

— Look on API physical quality attributes

- What was the reason to set specs as they are ?

— Look on drug product performance specifications

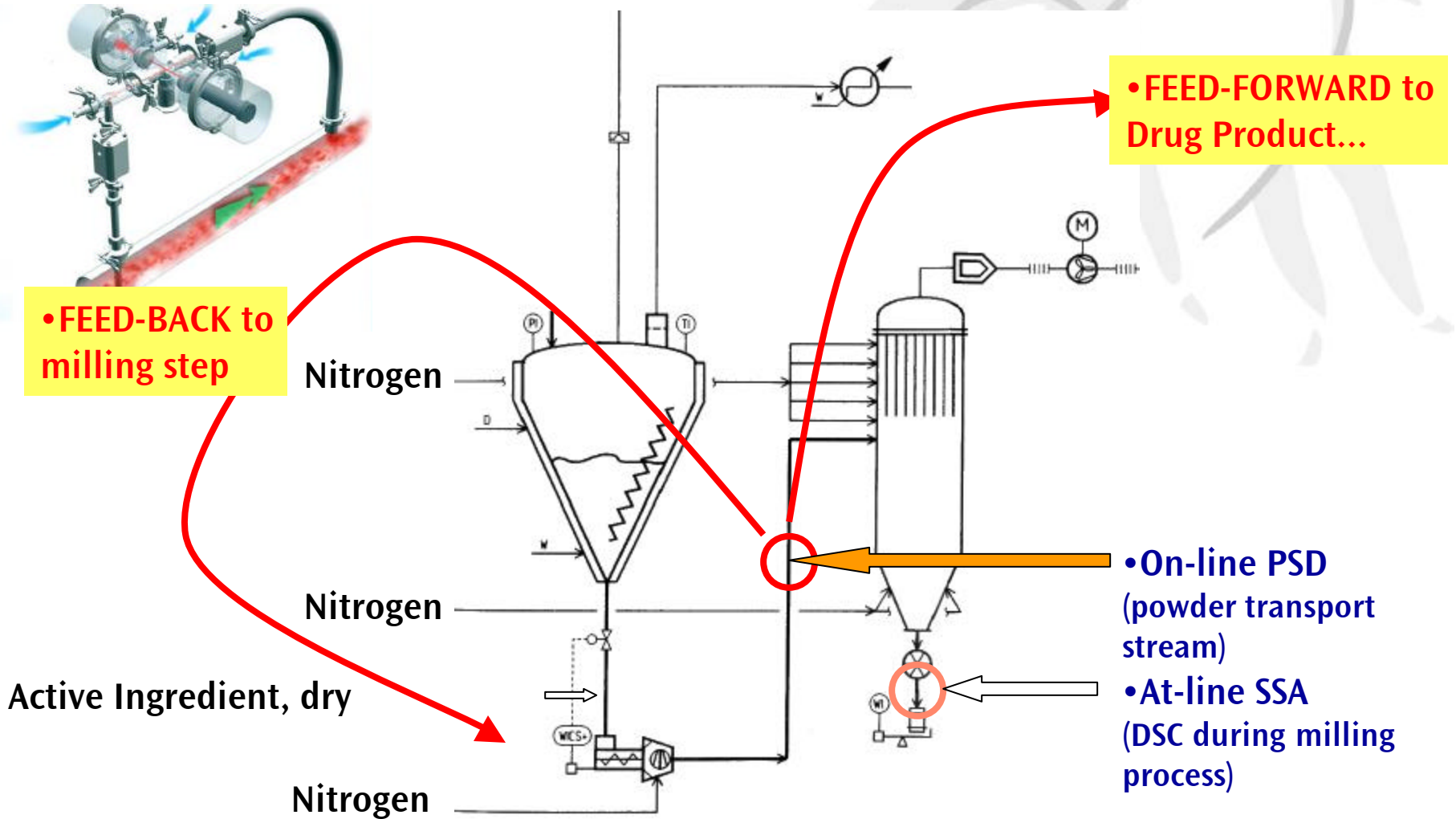
- Processability
- Operator's observations

— Design measurements capable of taking up relevant parameters

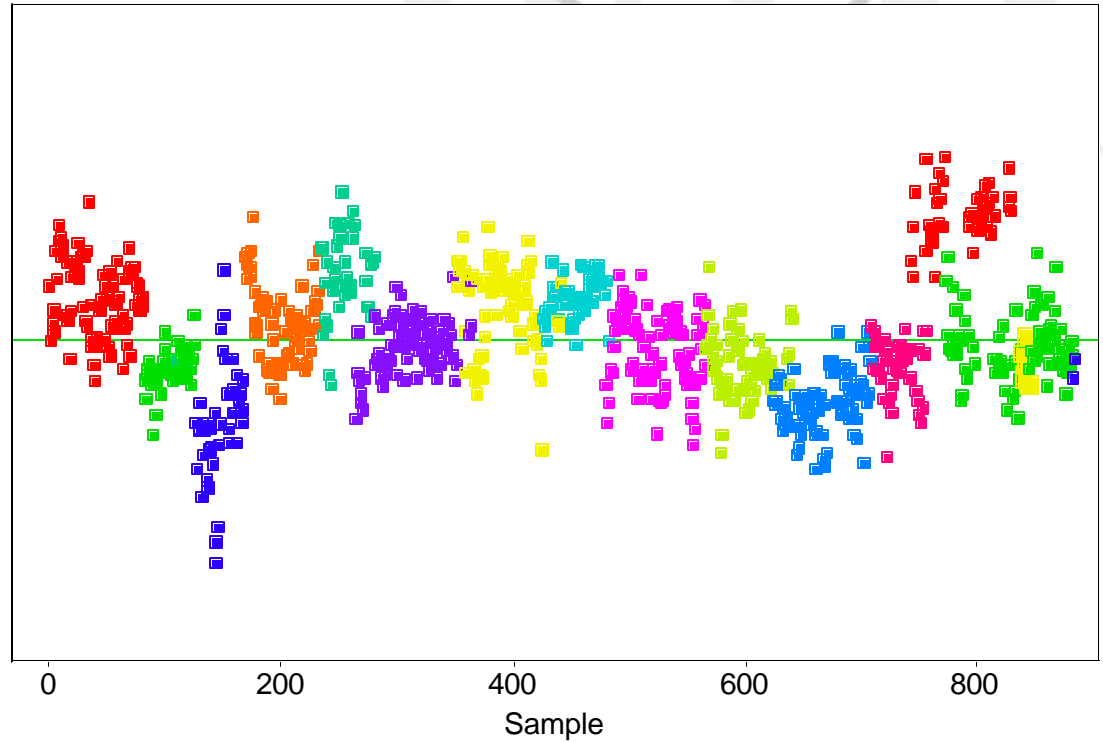
- Learn from data → correlation & evaluation
- Built understanding how parameters are interrelated



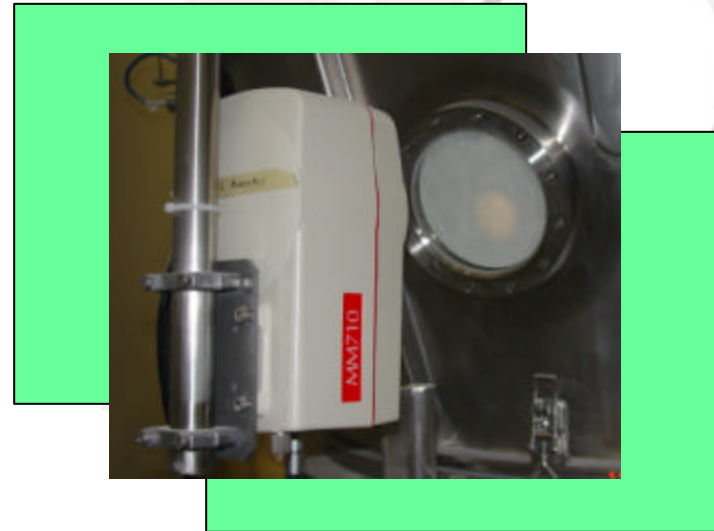
API On-line PSD



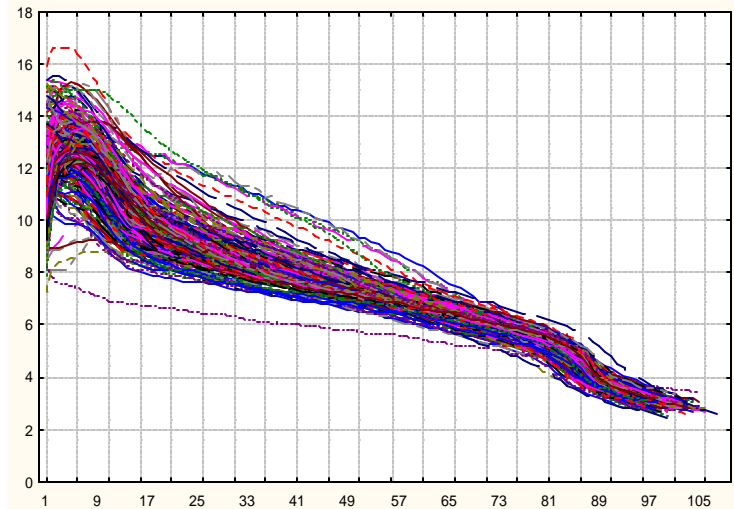
At-line Raw Materials Evaluation at Dispensing



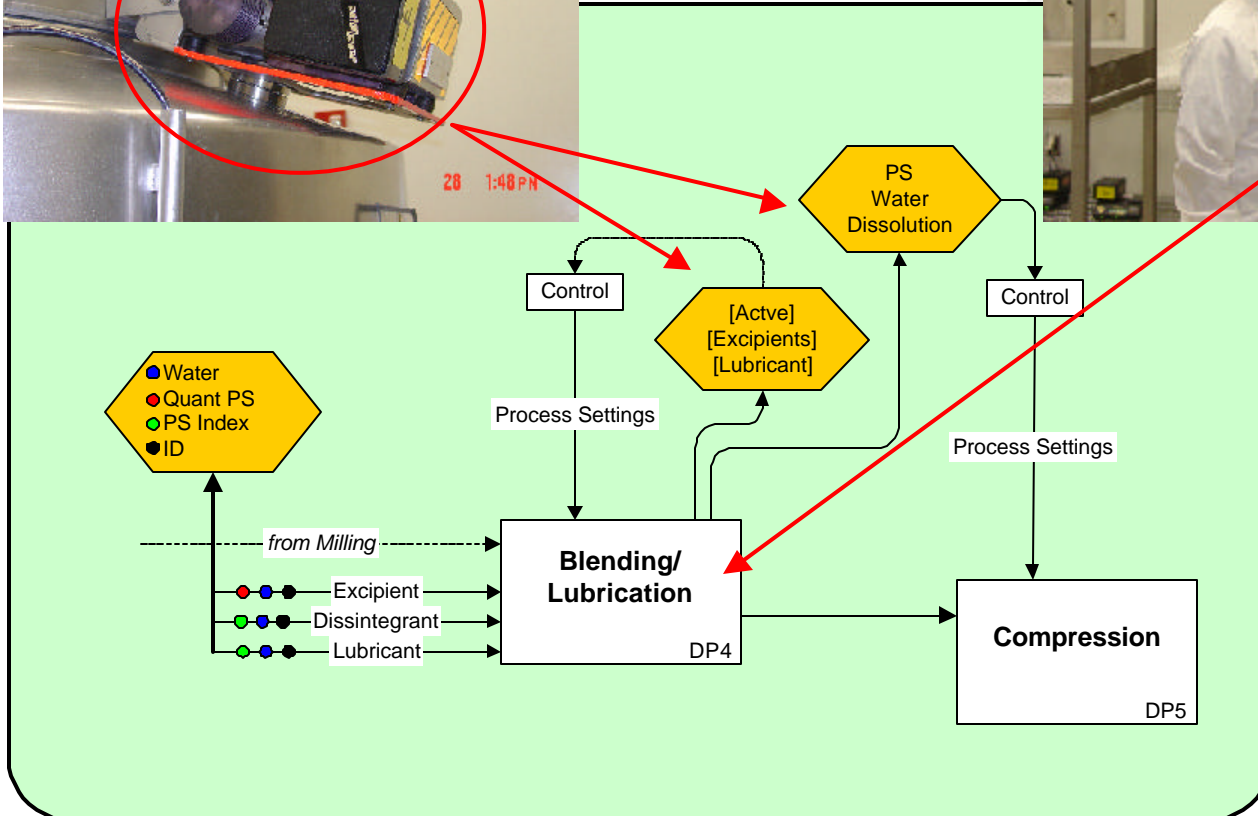
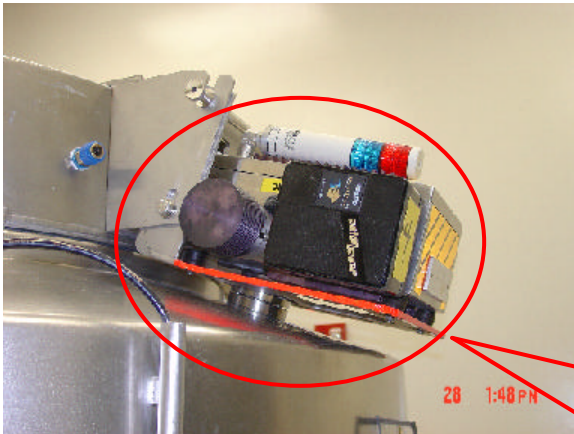
On-line Moisture Monitoring – Drying



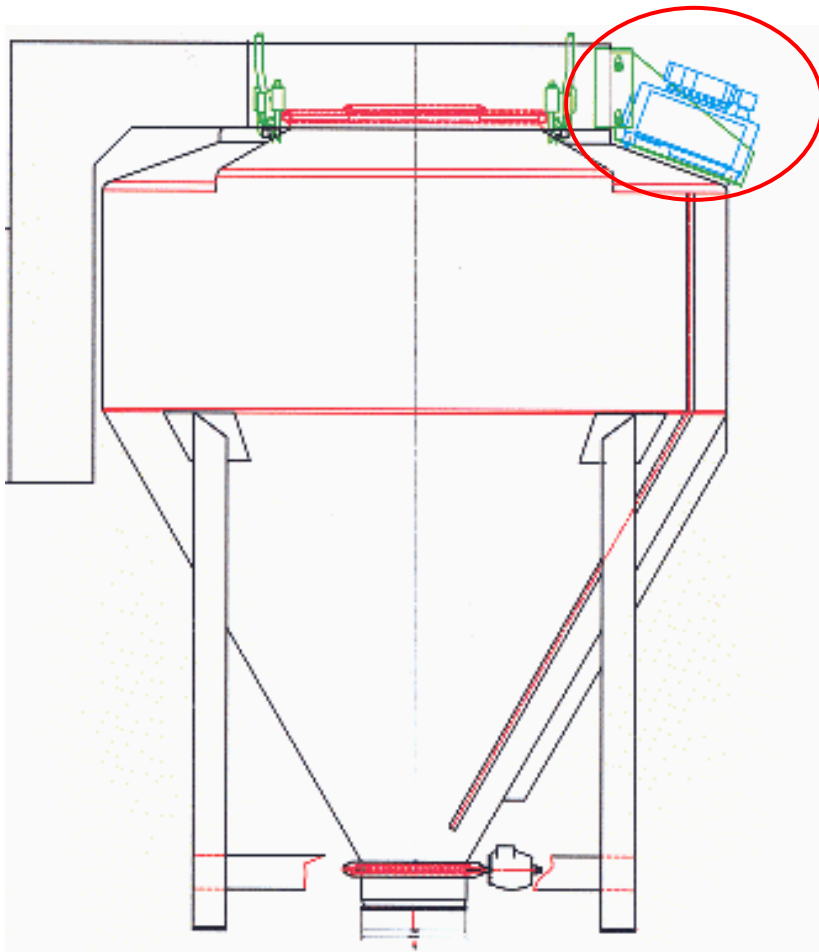
Example Drying Curves via NIR



On-line Blending and Lubrication Monitoring and Control

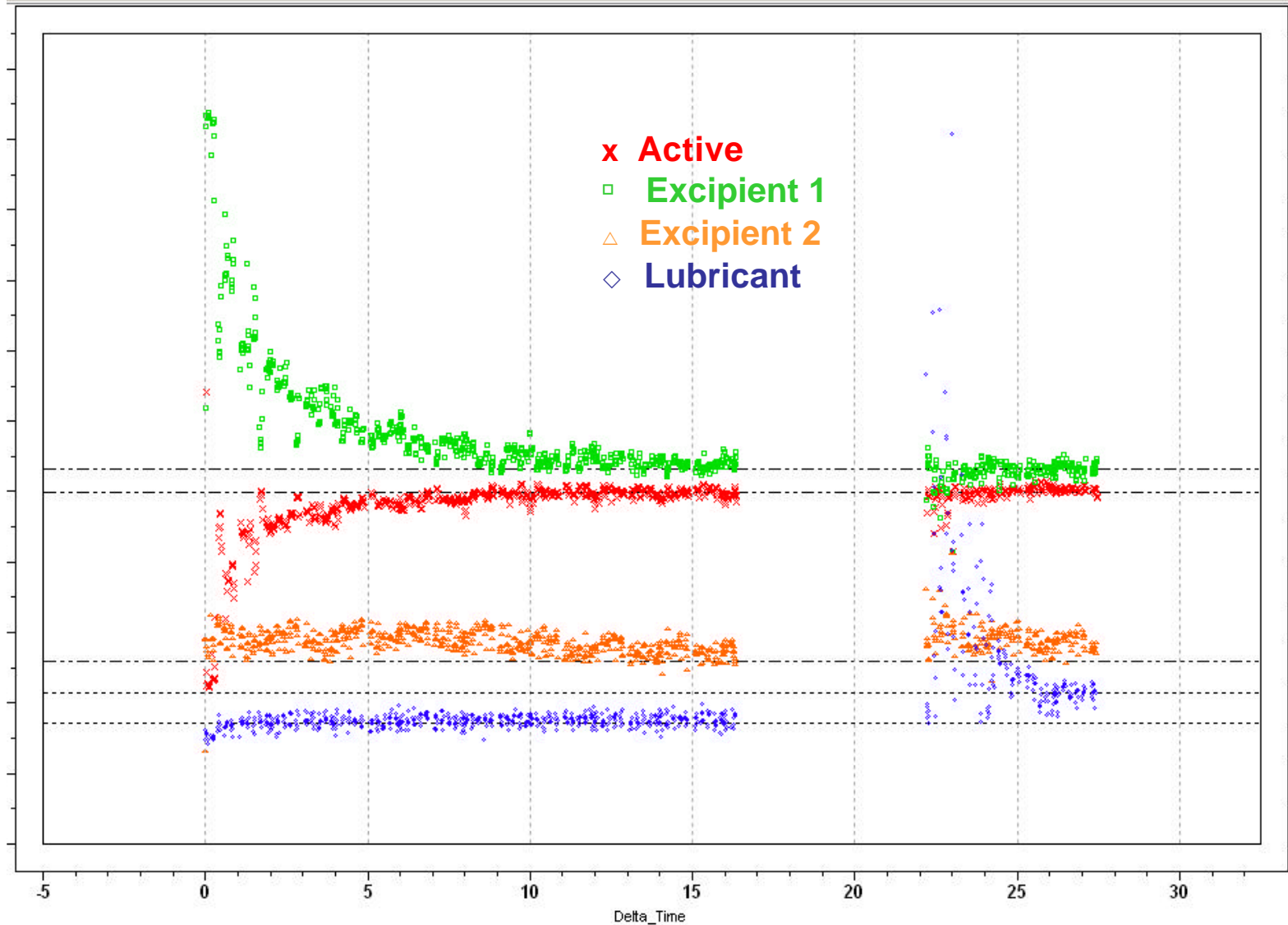


Wireless NIR Blend Monitor

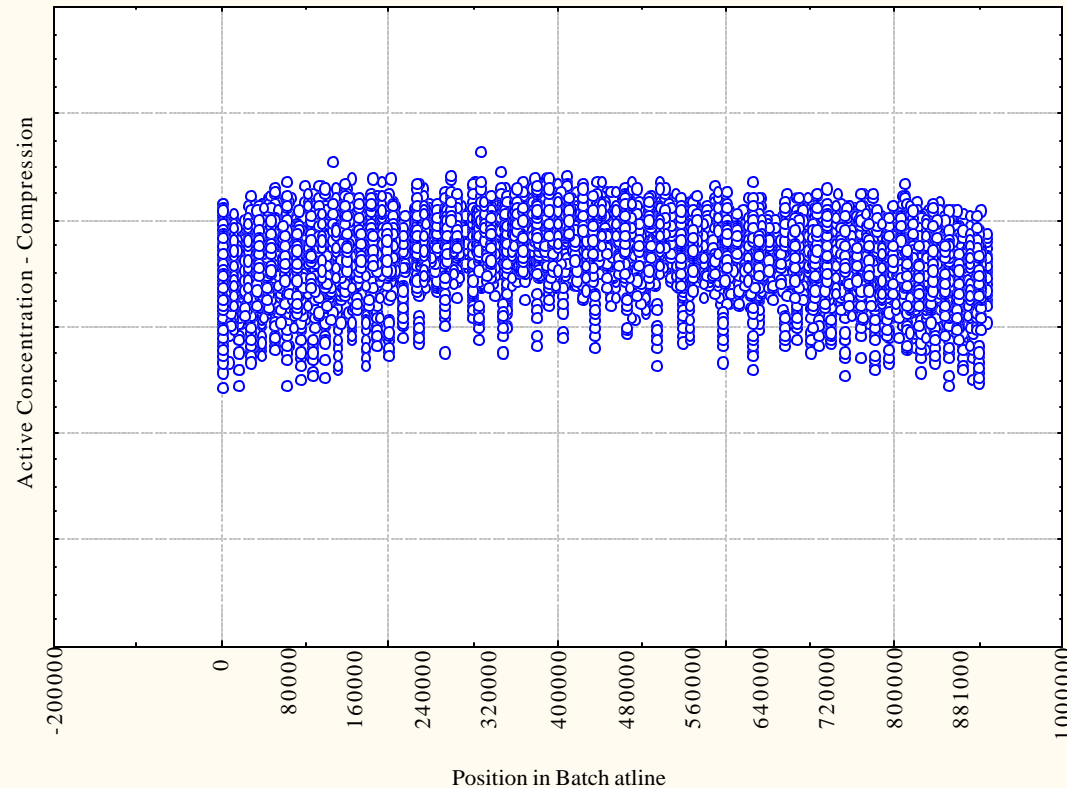
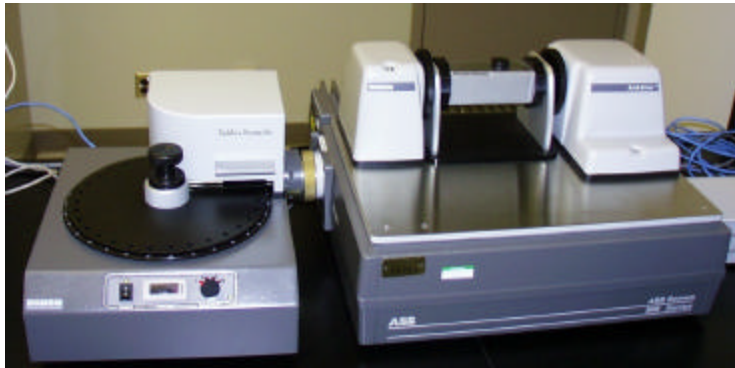
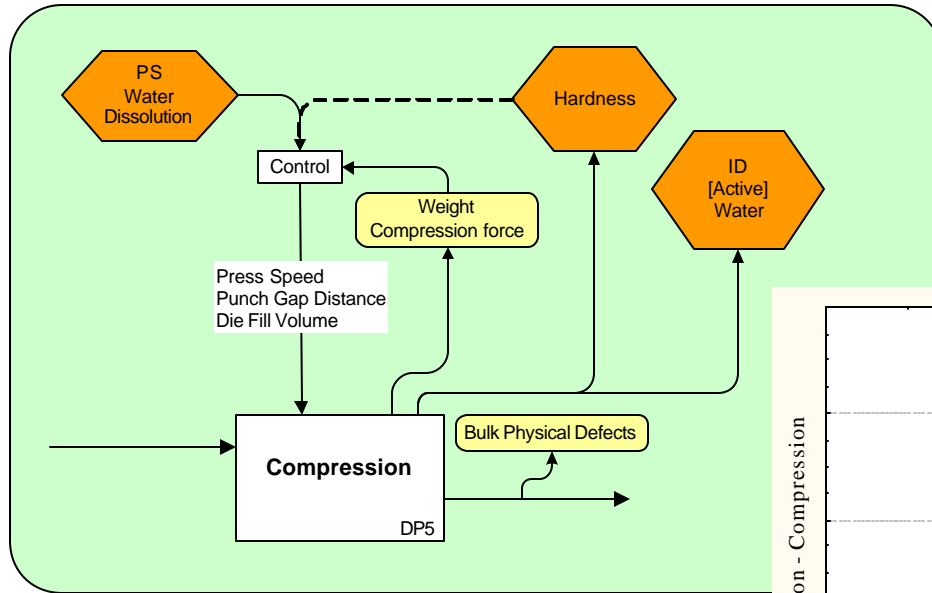


- AOTF NIR
- Battery Operated
- Wireless
- Real-time transfer of spectra to host PC
- Mounted off-axis in conservative location
- NIR beam focused through sapphire viewport

Blend Monitoring – Full Scale Batch Example



At-Line Tablet Analysis - Compression



Working with FDA

Shared vision - 'partnership' for common good

Building trust and mutual understanding

Communication non-inspectional but science and technology based

Communication to assure consistent views

- relentlessly open
- had to be learned – regulatory, science
- concerns ... legal ...



FDA Dialogue Chronology

Q3/Q4 2002 - PAT laboratories organization defined and pilot projects selected

January 2003 – Project kick-off meeting

May 2003

- Full project presentation to FDA (Rockville, MD)
- PATRIOT member visits API PAT laboratory

July 2003

- PAT team staffing completed
- Investment capital approved

August 2003 – Follow-up with PATRIOT

FDA Dialogue Chronology (cont')

September 2003 – FDA PAT Guidance draft

Q4 2003 to Q1 2004 – Ongoing review and adjustment of project detail plans based on early learnings and shifts in FDA guidance

November 2003 to July 2004 – Aventis shares several draft CP versions with PATRIOT

August 2004 – FDA pre-operational site visits

October – PAT CP submission

FDA Pre-Operational Visit (POV)

Tablet manufacturing and API production

FDA visit team

- Rebecca Rodriguez,
Office of Regulatory Affairs/SJN-DO (Inspector)
- Albinus D'Sa,
CDER (Compliance Officer)
- Vibhakar Shah,
CDER (Reviewer)
- KC District Representative (DP Only)

FDA POV - Aventis Objectives

Building confidence on PAT implementation approach.

Confirm a consistent understanding (science, technology, regulatory).

Understand submission and approval process.

Discuss future quality system adaptations.

Establish communication mechanism.

FDA POV - Scope

Science and technology.

- Measurement systems, models for data assessment, etc.

Implementation / industrialization aspects.

- Data architecture and software, vendor issues, etc.

Thought processes, rationales.

- Process Understanding, risk evaluation, etc.

Approaches.

- Measurement system performance verification, etc.

FDA POV - Approach

Approach, focus, and style → 'new way'

- Process Understanding → learnings, rationales, approaches, and processes.
- Not inspectional - science & technology , and rationales that support quality decisions
- Comparability Protocol details, filing mechanism

Building trust / reciprocal - mutual understanding of needs



Comparability Protocol

How to convey Process Understanding ?

When to submit ?

- Draft documents during all project stages
- Final CP reflects deployment stage (systems operable on industrial scale)

Content

- Project status and rationales
- Plan for remaining steps up to complete implementation
- A scientific document - not a 'normal CP'

'Comparability' – Scope and Focus

Measurement and sampling systems,

Models and data systems to evaluate, store, and retrieve data,

Enhanced understanding of processes

- variabilities and their impact on processability and critical quality attributes,
- correlation and causation with processability and critical quality attributes between drug product and API quality parameters

Process monitoring and control strategies.

Conclusion

Positive work with FDA

- Dialogue focussed on science and technology – not inspectional.

Need to rethink approaches

- Quality systems, e.g. validation
- QA/QC tasks and deployment



Learnings



Things I would do the same again...

- Think outside the box
- Drive from factory floor
- Don't go in with any assumptions
- Be relentless

Things I would do differently...

- Deploy more rapidly
- Evaluate historical data in greater depth prior to initiating project
- Push more activities to vendors (custom code)

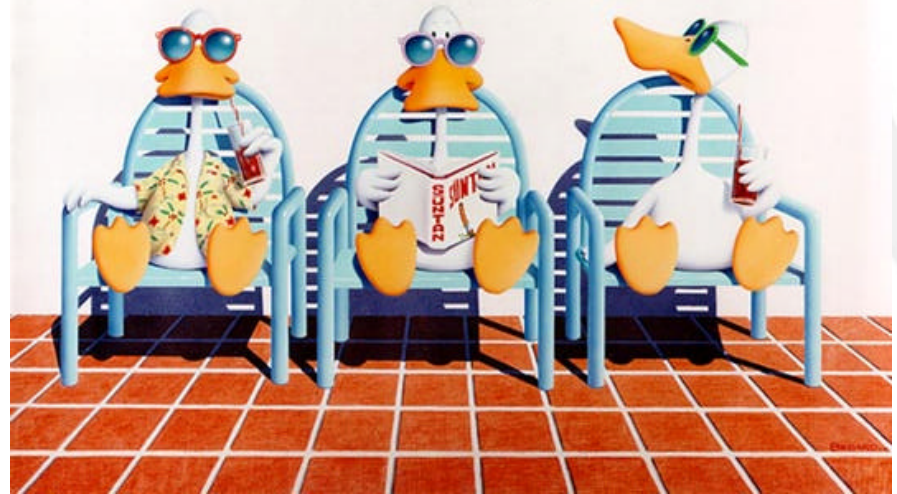
Acknowledgements

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The PAT Groups
Kansas City
Frankfurt



“The reasonable man adapts himself to the world; the unreasonable one persists in trying to adapt the world to himself. Therefore, all progress depends on the unreasonable man.”

George Bernard Shaw

Irish dramatist & socialist (1856 - 1950)

