Ecosystem Restoration

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Aquatic Ecosystems

 Communities of organisms and their physical, chemical, and biological environments





Ecosystem Services

- Provisioning food, energy, industry
- *Regulating* climate, waste, nutrients
- Supporting water quality, pest control
- Cultural recreation, inspiration
- Preserving species diversity





Damages to Aquatic Ecosystems

- Land use changes
- Hydromodification
- Pollution
- Invasive species
- Extreme climate







Damages to Aquatic Ecosystems









Ecosystem Restoration

 Activities that initiate or accelerate the recovery of ecosystem health, integrity, and sustainability (SER, 2004).





Survey Says: 9 out of 10 people are excited about ecosystem restoration







Outcomes of Ecosystem Restoration

- Habitats
- Water quality
- Natural flow regimes
- Recreation & aesthetics

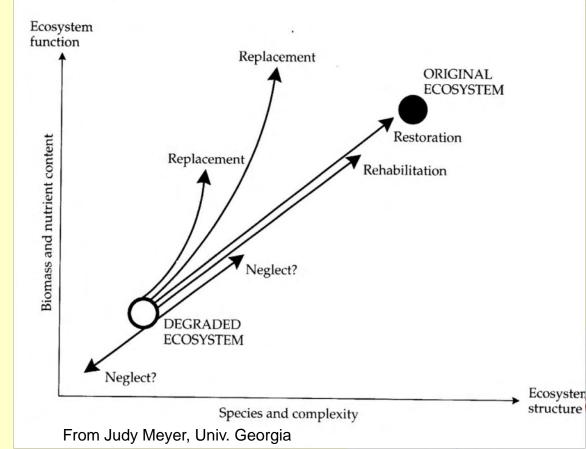




Successful Ecosystem Restoration

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 Returns an ecosystem to its historic trajectory or altered trajectory with improved health and integrity under current constraints



Successful Ecosystem Restoration

 Ecosystem will sustain itself structurally and functionally with resilience to normal ranges of environmental stress and disturbance







Multi-disciplinary Efforts

- Engineering
- Ecology

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Geology & soil science



- Hydrology & environmental science
- Landscape architecture
- Economics & social sciences



Ecological Engineering

 Design and management of sustainable ecosystems that integrate human activities with the natural environment







Goals of Ecological Engineering

- Restore damaged ecosystems
- Develop new sustainable ecosystems that have human and ecological values







Reference Ecosystems

- Historic data and/or comparable intact ecosystems with similar boundary conditions
- Studying and modeling to determine ranges of morphology, hydrology, soils, plants, animals, and environmental conditions





Dam Removal – Ecosystem Restoration by Removing a Disturbance

- Restore organism migration from upstream and from the floodplain
- Restore upstream and downstream habitats
- Restore species composition

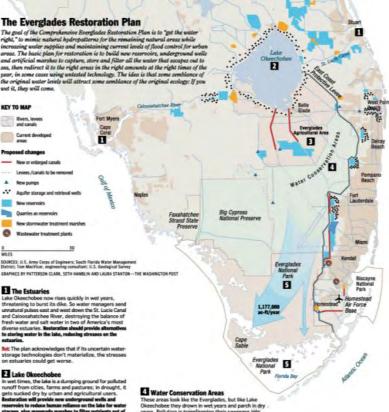


Re-construction of Wetlands, Streams, & Floodplains

 Reference ecosystems used to design geomorphic, hydrologic, and environmental parameters under the current conditions

Florida Everglades Restoration





Wetland Restoration

- Disconnect drainage networks
- Plant native wetland plants
- Grade land surface to optimize structure and functions (micro-habitats)

Photos from Mike Burchell, NCSU



Wetland Restoration – North River, NC



Photos from Mike Burchell, NCSU

April, 2008

May, 2003

Tidal Creek Restoration – North River



Photos from Mike Burchell, NCSU





Tidal Creek Restoration – North River



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Photos from Mike Burchell, NCSU



CCEC Wetland Carteret Co, NC



Urban Streams: Assets or Liabilities?







Liabilities

- Erosion
- Water quality
- Habitat loss
- Land loss
- Safety
- Infrastructure damage
- Flooding
- Aesthetics













Why?

- Straightening
- Dredging
- Floodplain filling
- Sedimentation
- Stormwater
- Utilities
- Culverts
- Buffer removal

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• Disdain & neglect















WARNING

NO TRESPASSING! CONTAMINATED AREA AVOID CONTACT WITH SOIL AND WATER

FOR INFORMATION (850) 891-8850 or 556-5106



ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

Turning Liabilities into Assets

- Channel morphology & floodplain connection
- In-stream structures
- Streambank bioengineering
- Riparian buffers
- Habitat enhancements
- Stormwater management
- Stream crossings

- Monitoring & maintenance
- Public access & education





Have a plan before you start digging







Channel Morphology & Floodplain Connection

Priority 1. Raise channel to existing valley and construct new meandering channel





Town Creek Tributary





Town Creek Tributary

2008

Channel Morphology & Floodplain Connection

2007

Priority 2. Excavate lower floodplain and construct new meandering channel



Cary Walnut Creek Tributary

2008

Cary Walnut Creek Tributary

2008





Channel Morphology & Floodplain Connection

2000

Priority 2. Excavate lower floodplain and construct new meandering channel



Wilmington Hewletts Creek Trib

2001

Wilmington Hewletts Creek Tributary

and in

Ret F

2003

2001

Channel Morphology & Floodplain Connection

Priority 2. Excavate lower floodplain and construct new meandering channel



2005

NCSU Rocky Branch

2007



NCSU Rocky Branch

T.S. Fay 27Aug08

T.S. Alberto 15Jun06

Channel Morphology & Floodplain Connection

Priority 3. Excavate floodplain benches and add structures to maintain straight channel





NCSU Rocky Branch

2001



NCSU Rocky Branch

2008

Floodplain hazards



In-stream Structures (rocks & logs)

- Grade control
- Streambank protection
- Habitat enhancement



Newland N Toe R

Asheville Swannanoa R



Successful Structures

- Properly designed and located
- Low profile
- Constructed to withstand stress
- Excellent vegetation





Streambank Bioengineering

Integrating living woody and herbaceous materials to increase strength and structure of the soil (i.e. increase critical shear)



Newland N Toe R

NCSU Rocky Branch

Newland Kentucky Creek

Streambank Bioengineering



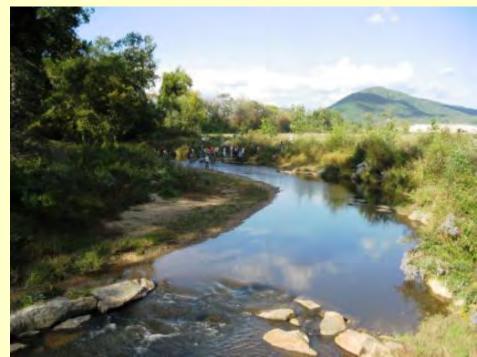


Fletcher Cane Creek

Streambank Bioengineering







Successful Streambank Stabilization

- Low streambanks
- Dense vegetation
- Temporary biodegradable matting
- Bioengineering in high-stress areas
- Proper channel morphology



Riparian Car-door?





Riparian Buffers

- Temporary ground covers
- Permanent grasses
- Wetland plants
- Shrubs and trees



Riparian Buffer

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Vegetative zone near edge of water that protects water quality and improves habitat



NORTH CAROLINA WWW.CSE.Org WWW.CSE.Org REGULATIONS

CSE'S WARNING: Taxes are dangerous to your wallet.

www.cse.org

Citizens For a Sound Economy CS 1-888-JOIN-CSE



Temporary & Permanent Grasses





Live Stakes (willows, dogwoods, elderberry, birch, ninebark, etc)

- G.

Transplants, Bare roots, & Containers

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Purlear Creek before restoration



Purlear Creek after restoration

2006

2004



Myrtle Beach, SC

2005





Successful Vegetation

- Natives only
- Quality plants
- Installed correctly
- Watered and fertilized if needed



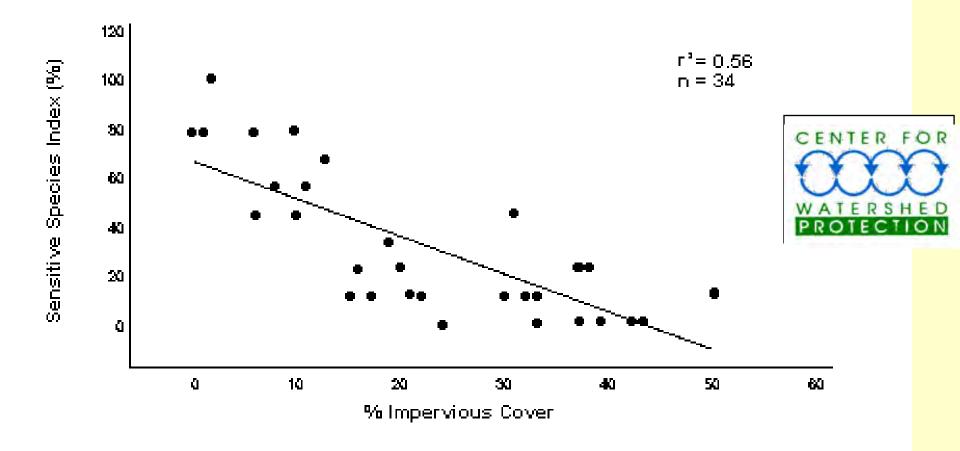
Habitat Enhancements

- Food sources
- Cover
- Scour pools
- Flow diversity



Impervious Cover Impacts on Aquatic Biota (Sensitive Species)

(Source: Maxted and Shaver, 1997)



NC STATE UNIVERSITY Stream Restoration Program

Heron in Charlotte Sugar Creek





Stormwater Management

- Energy dissipation
- Floodplain retention
- Channel protection
- Water quality treatment





Floodplain stormwater retention and treatment

Integrating habitat with stormwater



Stream Crossings

- Aquatic organism passage
- Minimize geomorphic impacts
- Pass flood flows







Monitoring & Maintenance

- Projects are most vulnerable early
- Natural adjustments to hydrologic & habitat conditions







Public Access & Education

- Greenways & paths
- Signs
- Events









Newland: Handicapped Fishing Access

Fletcher: Nature Trail with Signs

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Charlotte-Mecklenburg: Little Sugar Creek www.charmeck.org/Departments/StormWater/Projects



February 2008

May 2008





Stream Enhancement & Restoration

- Channel morphology & floodplain connection
- In-stream structures
- Streambank bioengineering
- Riparian buffers
- Habitat enhancements
- Stormwater management
- Stream crossings
- Monitoring & maintenance
- Public access & education





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Urban Streams: Turning Liabilities into Assets

- Build community support
- Use local media
- Take advantage of grants
- Treat streams as valuable resources
- Be a maverick!

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Know your Limitations

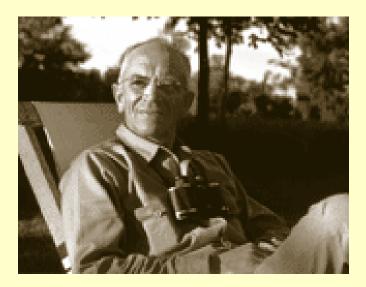






"That the situation appears hopeless should not prevent us from doing our best."

-Aldo Leopold







Thank You and Enjoy the Ride!



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