## § 3017.525

#### §3017.525 Whom do I ask if I have questions about a person in the EPLS?

If you have questions about a person in the EPLS, ask the point of contact for the Federal agency that placed the person's name into the EPLS. You may find the agency point of contact from the EPLS.

# § 3017.530 Where can I find the EPLS?

- (a) You may access the EPLS through the Internet, currently at http:// epls.arnet.gov.
- (b) As of November 26, 2003, you may also subscribe to a printed version. However, we anticipate discontinuing the printed version. Until it is discontinued, you may obtain the printed version by purchasing a yearly subscription from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, or by calling the Government Printing Office Inquiry and Order Desk at (202) 783-3238.

# Subpart F—General Principles Relating to Suspension and Debarment Actions

## §3017.600 How do suspension and debarment actions start?

When we receive information from any source concerning a cause for suspension or debarment, we will promptly report and investigate it. We refer the question of whether to suspend or debar you to our suspending or debarring official for consideration, if appropriate.

### §3017.605 How does suspension differ from debarment?

Suspension differs from debarment in that-

A suspending official	A debarring official
(a) Imposes suspension as a temporary status of ineligi- bility for procurement and nonprocurement trans- actions, pending comple- tion of an investigation or	Imposes debarment for a specified period as a final determination that a person is not presently responsible.

legal proceedings.

#### (b) Must-(1) Have adequate evidence that there may be a cause for debarment of a person; and.

(2) Conclude that immediate action is necessary to protect the Federal interest.

A suspending official . . .

(c) Usually imposes the suspension first, and then promptly notifies the suspended person, giving the person an opportunity to contest the suspension and have it lifted.

Must conclude, based on a preponderance of the evidence, that the person has engaged in conduct that warrants debarment.

A debarring official . . .

Imposes debarment after giving the respondent notice of the action and an opportunity to contest the proposed debarment.

## §3017.610 What procedures does the Department of Agriculture use in suspension and debarment actions?

In deciding whether to suspend or debar you, we handle the actions as informally as practicable, consistent with principles of fundamental fairness.

- (a) For suspension actions, we use the procedures in this subpart and subpart G of this part.
- (b) For debarment actions, we use the procedures in this subpart and subpart H of this part.

#### § 3017.615 How does the Department of Agriculture notify a person of a suspension or debarment action?

- (a) The suspending or debarring official sends a written notice to the last known street address, facsimile number, or e-mail address of-
  - (1) You or your identified counsel; or
- (2) Your agent for service of process, or any of your partners, officers, directors, owners, or joint venturers.
- (b) The notice is effective if sent to any of these persons.

### §3017.620 Do Federal agencies coordinate suspension and debarment actions?

Yes, when more than one Federal agency has an interest in a suspension or debarment, the agencies may consider designating one agency as the lead agency for making the decision. Agencies are encouraged to establish methods and procedures for coordinating their suspension and debarment actions.