### § 3015.103

(2) When the reimbursement by Treasury check method is not used, §3015.102(a) (1) and (2) shall apply to the construction grants. Implementing procedures under §3015.102(a) (1) and (2) will be the same for construction grants as for nonconstruction grants awarded to the same recipient, insofar as possible.

(3) USDA awarding agencies will not use the percentage-of-completion method to pay its construction grants. The recipient may use that method to pay its construction contractor, but if it does, USDA payments to the recipient will nevertheless be based on the recipient's actual rate of disbursements.

### § 3015.103 Withholding payments.

(a) Unless otherwise required by Federal statute, payments for proper charges incurred by recipients will not be withheld at any time during the grant period unless (1) the recipient has failed to comply with the program objectives, grant award conditions, or Federal reporting requirements, or (2) the recipient is indebted to the United States and collection of the indebtedness will not impair accomplishment of the objectives of any grant program sponsored by the United States, or (3) the grant is suspended pursuant to Subpart N of this part.

(b) Payments withheld for failure of a recipient to comply with reporting requirements, but without suspension of the grant, will be released to the recipient upon subsequent compliance. When a grant is suspended, payment adjustments will be made in accordance with Subpart N of this part. When a debt is to be collected, USDA awarding agencies may withhold payments or require appropriate accounting adjustments to recorded cash balances for which the recipient is accountable to the Federal government, in order to liquidate the indebtedness.

# § 3015.104 Requesting advances or reimbursements.

(a) Advances. If advance payments are by Treasury check and are not prescheduled, the recipient shall submit its payment requests at least monthly. Less frequent requests are not permitted for they result in advances covering excessive periods of time. Recipient requests for advances shall not be made in excess of the Federal share of reasonable estimates of outlays for the month covered. These estimates shall be made on a cash basis, even if the recipient uses an accrual accounting system.

- (b) Reimbursements. If payments are made through reimbursement or by Treasury check:
- (1) Requests for reimbursements may be submitted monthly or more frequently if authorized to do so by the awarding agency. Ordinarily, payment will be made within 30 days after receipt of a proper request for reimbursement.
- (2) The recipient shall not request reimbursement for the Federal share of amounts withheld from contractors to ensure satisfactory completion of work until after it makes those payments.
- (c) *Forms.* The forms for requesting advances or reimbursements are identified in Subpart J of this part.

## $\S\,3015.105\quad Payments\ to\ subrecipients.$

Recipients shall observe the requirements of this subpart in making (or withholding) payments to subrecipients, with the following exceptions:

- (a) Advance payment by Treasury check may be used instead of letter of credit;
- (b) The forms specified in Subpart J of this part for requesting advances and reimbursements are not required to be used by subrecipients; and
- (c) The reimbursement by check method may be used to pay any construction subgrant.

# Subpart M—Programmatic Changes and Budget Revisions

### §3015.110 Scope and applicability.

- (a) *Scope.* This subpart deals with prior approval requirements for postaward programmatic changes and budget revisions by recipients.
- (b) Exemption of mandatory or formula grants. Sections 3015.113 through 3015.115 do not apply to programmatic changes or budget revisions made by recipients under State plans or other grants which the awarding agency is

required by law to award if the applicant meets all applicable requirements for entitlement.

(c) Exemption of certain subgrants. Sections 3015.113 through 3015.115 do not apply to subgrants from States to their local governments under a mandatory or formula grant, if the local government is not required to apply for the subgrant on a project basis. Generally, such exempt subgrants will occur under a State plan which provides for local administration of a State-wide program under State supervision.

### § 3015.111 Cost principles.

- (a) The cost principles prescribed by subpart T of this part require prior approval of certain types of costs. Except when waived, those prior approval requirements apply to all grants and subgrants, whether or not §§ 3015.113 through 3015.115 apply.
- (b) Procedures for prior approvals required by the cost principles are in §3015.196. Procedures for prior approvals required by this subpart are in §3015.112.

### § 3015.112 Approval procedures.

- (a) For grants or cooperative agreements. When requesting a prior approval required by this subpart, recipients shall address their requests to the responsible official of the awarding agency. Approvals shall not be valid unless they are in writing and signed by either the responsible officer, the head of the awarding agency, or the head of the awarding agency's regional office.
- (b) For subgrants. Recipients shall be responsible for reviewing requests from their subrecipients for the approvals required by this subpart and for giving or denying the approval. A recipient shall not approve any action which is inconsistent with the purpose or terms of the Federal grant or cooperative agreement. If an action by a subrecipient will result in a change in the overall grant project or budget requiring approval from the awarding agency, the recipient shall obtain that approval before giving its approval to the subrecipient. Approvals shall not be valid unless they are in writing and

signed by an authorized official of the recipient organization.

(c) Timing. Within 30 days from the date of receipt of a request for approval, the approval authority shall review the request and notify the recipient of its decision. If the request for approval is still under consideration at the end of 30 days, the approval authority shall inform the recipient in writing as to when to expect the decision.

### §3015.113 Programmatic changes.

- (a) *Scope.* This section contains requirements for prior approval of departures, other than budget revisions, from approved project plans. In addition to the requirements in this section, awarding agencies may require prior approval for other kinds of programmatic changes to an approved cooperative agreement, grant, or subgrant project.
- (b) Changes to project scope or objectives. The recipient shall obtain prior approval for any change to the scope or objectives of the approved project. (For construction projects, any material change in approved space utilization or functional layout shall be considered a change in scope).
- (c) Changes in key people. This section applies to grants, subgrants, and cooperative agreements for research. This section does not apply to other types of grants, subgrants, or cooperative agreements unless other terms of the award make it apply. The recipient shall obtain prior approval:
- (1) To continue the project during any continuous period of more than three months without the active direction of an approved project director or principal investigator;
- (2) For its selection of a replacement for the project director of principal investigator;
- (3) For its selection of a replacement for any other persons named and expressly designated as key project people in the grant, subgrant, or cooperative agreement award document; or
- (4) To permit the project director or principal investigator (or anyone covered by paragraph (c)(3) of this section) to devote substantially less effort to the project than was anticipated when the award was made.