### § 3015.93 Significant developments.

Events may occur between the scheduled performance reporting dates which have significant impact upon the grant or subgrant supported activity. In such cases, the recipient shall inform the awarding agency as soon as the following types of conditions become known:

- (a) Problems, delays, or adverse conditions which will materially impair the ability to meet the objective of the award. This disclosure shall include a statement of the action taken, or contemplated, and any assistance needed to resolve the situation.
- (b) Favorable developments which enable meeting time schedules and goals sooner or at less cost than anticipated or producing more beneficial results than originally planned.

#### § 3015.94 Site visits.

The awarding agency shall make site visits as frequently as practicable to:

- (a) Review program accomplishments and manage control systems.
- (b) Provide such technical assistance as may be required.

# § 3015.95 Waivers, extensions and enforcement actions.

- (a) Reports from recipients. USDA may waive any performance report required by this subpart if not needed.
- (b) Reports from subrecipients. The recipient may waive any performance report from a subrecipient when not needed. The recipient may extend the due date for any performance report from a subrecipient if the recipient will still be able to meet its performance reporting obligations to the USDA awarding agency.

# **Subpart L—Payment Requirements**

## § 3015.100 Scope.

This subpart prescribes the basic standards and methods under which a USDA awarding agency will make grant payments to recipients, and recipients will make subgrant payments to their subrecipients.

# §3015.101 General.

Methods and procedures for making payments to recipients shall minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds and the recipient's disbursements.

### § 3015.102 Payment methods.

- (a) *Non-construction.* (1) Letters of credit will be used to pay USDA recipients when all the following conditions exist:
- (i) There is or will be a continuing relationship between the recipient and the USDA awarding agency for at least a 12 month period and the total amount of advances to be received within that period from the awarding agency is \$120,000 or more per year.
- (ii) The recipient has established or demonstrated to the USDA awarding agency the willingness and ability to establish procedures that will minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds from the Treasury and their disbursement by the recipient.
- (iii) The recipient's financial management system meets the standards for fund control and accountability prescribed in Subpart H of this part.
- (2) Advances by Treasury check will be used, in accordance with Treasury Circular No. 1075, when the recipient does not meet the requirements in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section but does meet the requirements in paragraphs (a)(1) (ii) and (iii) of this section
- (3) Reimbursement by Treasury check shall be the preferred method when the recipient does not meet the requirements specified in either paragraph (a)(1)(ii) or paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section. This method may also be used when USDA financial assistance makes up only a minor portion of the program and where the major portion of the program is accomplished through private financing or Federal loans.
- (b) Construction. (1) Reimbursement by Treasury check shall be the preferred method when the recipient does not meet the requirements specified in §3015.102(a)(1) (ii) or (iii), and may be used for any USDA construction grant unless USDA has entered into an agreement with the recipient to use a letter of credit for all USDA grants, including construction grants.